"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Increasingly cloudy, followed by rain today; tomorrow rain; fresh east winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXV...NO. 21,069. ... NEW YORK, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1915.— TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. { Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

BONDS OF ALLIES TO PUBLIC AT 96¼

But Only to Investors Who Participate in Underwriting the Big Loan.

ONE MAN TO GET $30,000,000

John D. or Wm. Rockefeller or H. C. Frick May Be the Buyer of the Allies' Notes.

$5,000,000 TO GUGGENHEIMS

City Bank Has a $5,000,000 and a $3,000,000 Order—First May Be for James Stillman.

J. P. Morgan & Co. were deluged yesterday with applications from banks and individuals eager to participate in underwriting the Anglo-French $500,000,000 loan. At the close of the day Mr. Morgan said the aggregate had not been computed, and he was not prepared to say when the syndicate would be closed.

The flood of applications confirmed members of the syndicate in the belief that the underwriting of the huge credit would be found to be oversubscribed when all the applications were in. The London Times says that this is the largest exterior loan ever floated in any country.

Under rules adopted by the syndicate managers yesterday investors may obtain the 5 per cent. joint notes of Great Britain and France on a basis that will yield about 5.85 per cent., and a large demand from the investing public is expected.

One Investor Wants $30,000,000.

It was learned that a single subscription from one of the richest men in the United States had been received for more than $30,000,000 of the issue. Members of the Morgan firm, beyond admitting the fact, would not discuss this subscription or give any hint as to the identity of the man making it. One banker reported on Wednesday that he knew of investors who had pledged themselves to take more than $100,000,000.

Wall Street had a number of guesses as to the lone investor who could put $30,000,000 into a single class of paper. The three names heard most often were those of John D. Rockefeller, Sr., William Rockefeller, and Henry C. Frick. There are many other millionaires whose wealth would permit them to take that much of the new loan if it were not for the disturbance it would cause their other investments. In this class are J. P. Morgan, George F. Baker, Andrew Carnegie, Vincent Astor, Otto H. Kahn, Hetty Green, William A. Clark, and Charles M. Schwab. The latter was picked by a number of persons as the most likely purchaser of such a huge block. Samuel Untermyer could pay for $30,000,000 worth of bonds if he were to realize on all of his holdings at the present market values.

The Guggenheims Want $5,000,000.

M. Guggenheim's Sons, consisting of five of the Guggenheim brothers, have agreed to take $5,000,000 of the loan. It is understood that their application for this amount was made several days ago and was in fact one of the first received.

Two other large individual subscriptions were reported from the National City Bank. One of these is for $5,000,000, and the other for $3,000,000. There was a rumor in Wall Street that the $5,000,000 application was made in the name of James Stillman, but this could not be verified.

All of the banks taking part in the offering and many bond houses received a large number of applications yesterday, although few persons had had an opportunity to study the syndicate agreement.

Concession to Investors.

It developed yesterday that while individuals desiring to take small blocks in the offerings cannot become syndicate members direct, they can get the new bonds at the syndicate price, even though subscribing for a single $100 bond, by placing their subscription with one of the syndicate banks to be grouped with other applications and forwarded to the syndicate managers.

Purchases by investors in this way are to be handled as follows: Having subscribed for the underwriting, they can withdraw their bonds from the syndicate by payment or 98, the public offering price, and after the expiration of the syndicate agreement in sixty days, they will receive as a "commission" at least 1¾ per cent., making the net cost to them 96¼ or less. This ¼ above the price of 96 which Great Britain and France receive for the bonds is to cover the cost of the extensive advertising and circularizing of the loan and other minor expenses of the syndicate, the total of which will be below one-quarter of 1 per cent. on the full amount.

Terms of the Syndicate.

The terms of the syndicate formed to underwrite the loan are as follows:

(1) Participations to be given to all classes of institutions, investors, dealers, &c., without restrictions;

(2) Syndicate to have right to repurchase up to 10 per cent. of total underwriting;

(3) Selling commission to be ¾ per cent. from which (a) ½ per cent. will be allowed other dealers and institutions with bond departments not in syndicate and (b) commissions not to be paid until syndicate is closed;

(4) Withdrawals to be allowed at 98 and interest, and not less than 1¾ per cent. will be rebated on bonds withdrawn after the syndicate is closed. Not to exceed ¼ per cent. of 1 per cent. reserved to cover expenses;

(5) Temporary receipts will be delivered at once in the form of direct obligation of the two Governments;

(6) Duration of syndicate sixty days;

(7) Withdrawn bonds shall not be resold during the life of syndicate and withdrawing participants shall be responsible for their numbers;

(8) Any incorporated bank gets a deposit equal to its participation on which it allows interest at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum, and

(9) Any participant withdrawing his full participation is relieved from any further syndicate liability.

More New York Underwriters.

In addition to the list of institutions in the New York group participating in the loan, as made public yesterday, J. P. Morgan & Co. announced the following yesterday:

Bank of Manhattan, Hanover National Bank, Columbia Trust Company, United States Mortgage and Trust Company,

Continued on Page 2.

LONDON ANNOUNCES HOLD-UP ON CABLES

48 Hours' Delay on All Messages to Neutral Nations and to Russia for Military Reasons.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The Postmaster General announced today that, pending further notice, telegrams for all neutral countries in Europe, for Russia via Great Northern Lines, and for Siberia will be subject to forty-eight hours' delay.

A Berne dispatch says telegraph communications between Switzerland and Italy are interrupted.

Private telegrams sent from France to Swiss destinations are momentarily held up. Private telegrams passing through France, destined for Albania, Bulgaria, Denmark, Spain, Greece, Montenegro, Norway, Holland, Portugal, Rumania, Serbia, Sweden, North, South and Central America, will be subject to forty-eight hours' delay.

These restrictions do not apply to official telegrams and telegrams destined for newspapers and telegraphic agencies.

Western Union Telegraph Company officials announced yesterday that the French Government had notified them that on account of military necessities the acceptance of private messages destined to Switzerland had been provisionally suspended and that messages for the Continent via France would be subject to a delay of forty-eight hours.

BRITISH NEAR BAGDAD; MANY TURKS CAPTURED

Town of Kut-el-Amara Abandoned —Fleeing Ottomans Are Being Pursued.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—J. Austen Chamberlain, Secretary of State for India, last evening gave out additional details of the British success against the Turks in Mesopotamia. The previous report said that the Ottoman forces were in full retreat toward Bagdad, with the British in hot pursuit.

Last night's statement says the British cavalry entered Kut-el-Amara (ninety miles southeast of Bagdad) on Wednesday. The town was found to be deserted and the Turks in flight toward Bagdad by road and river. Along the river gunboats and steamers with an Indian brigade aboard started in pursuit. An aeroplane dropped bombs on one of the Turkish steamers.

"The total prisoners captured aggregate 1,650," says the statement, "but more are coming in. The Turkish force, which is commanded by Nureddin Pasha, is estimated at some 8,000 regular troops, who are assisted by a considerable number of tribesmen.

"The captured positions showed that the trenches had been constructed with remarkable thoroughness, having communication trenches extending for miles and a system of contact mines."

CAN'T GIVE NUMBER OF U-BOATS SUNK

Results of Attacks Too Indefinite, Balfour Explains to Commons— Story of Portsmouth Round-up.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A desire for absolute precision was advanced by Arthur J. Balfour, First Lord of the Admiralty, in the House of Commons this afternoon as the reason for not making public figures on German submarine losses. Mr. Balfour expressed great sympathy with the desire for such information, but said that the difficulty of satisfying curiosity on the subject was from "the inevitable margin of doubt which attached to any attempt to estimate the number of enemy submarines destroyed, and the consequent impossibility of giving accurate statistics.

"We have every graduation," he added, "from absolute certainty, through practical assurance, down to faint possibility. Facts like these are not fitted for statistical statements. Should the Admiralty confine itself to cases of absolute certainty we undoubtedly would be understating the truth. If we included all cases of reasonable possibility we might be exaggerating, and no defensible line can be drawn between these two degrees."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 30, (Dispatch to The London Daily Mail.)—I learn from Berlin that in well-informed naval circles no news has been received during the last few months from forty-seven German submarines. These are, therefore, supposed to be lost. The Admiralty has hitherto announced only seven losses in order not to disquiet the people, but the real number is said to be fifty-four.

Two German submarines were discovered in Portsmouth Harbor, England's chief naval depot, on Sept. 6, according to a correspondent at Southsea, a nearby watering place.

Destroyers succeeded in sinking one of the submarines and capturing the other, which turned out to be one of the latest and largest of the German U-boats. After placing the officers and crew ashore under guard, the submarine was docked and inspected. While the machinery was entirely different from that of England's undersea boats, the difficulties were overcome. The giant submarine is now fully manned by British, according to the correspondent, and has set out from Portsmouth on duty against the Germans.

ASKS BERNSTORFF'S AID TO PREVENT MASSACRES

State Department Makes Informal Request to Ambassador in Behalf of Armenians.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The State Department has placed an informal request before Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, asking that he use his influence with the German Government to interfere in behalf of the Armenians in Turkey.

The request, it became known today, was made some time ago, and as yet has not been directly answered by the Ambassador except with the text of a German consular dispatch, which stated that conditions among the Armenians had been exaggerated. Officials here stated that no formal representations on the subject had been directed to the Berlin Foreign Office and no such steps were now contemplated by the Government.

State Department advices have shown that, while so far there has been no violation of American rights which would make a basis for formal protest, evidence from unofficial sources indicate that American lives and property have been threatened.

Ambassador Morgenthau at Constantinople today sent a telegram to the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, urging that contributions toward the fund for Armenian relief work be increased.

WIRELESS WAFTS VOICE 4,600 MILES

Messages Spoken in Washington Are Distinctly Heard at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

WILL CHANGE TELEPHONY

Likely to Take the Place of Trunk Lines Between Large Cities.

SCIENTISTS ARE IN DISPUTE

T. N. Vail Says His Engineers Worked Out the Problem—Nally Tells of Marconi's Tests.

While over all the world was being flashed the news yesterday morning that the human voice had been sent by wireless telephony 2,500 miles through the air—from Washington to California—a lone operator in a frame hut at the foot of a towering mast on the shore of Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, knew that the human voice had been heard almost twice that distance, for he had listened to words spoken in Washington 4,600 miles away.

That man was Lloyd Espenchied, an engineer for the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, who had been sent to the far-off Pacific island by President Theodore N. Vail to await the test, which came as a climax of more than a year's preparation. Espenchied carried with him only a receiving instrument and was therefore unable to talk back to the United States naval wireless station at Arlington, Va. It was hours before he could get wireless telegraph connection with Mare Island, Cal., and tell J. J. Carty, chief engineer of the telephone company, that a miracle had been wrought. The news was relayed to Mr. Vail and the announcement of the accomplishment was made from the offices of the telephone company at 15 Dey Street at noon yesterday.

Exceeds Distance to North Pole.

The distance over which Espenchied heard naval officers at Arlington talk is greater than the distance from New York to the North Pole, which is 3,435 miles.

The American Telephone and Telegraph Company yesterday made the following announcement:

"Wireless telephone communication from the Atlantic seaboard to Hawaii, a distance of 4,600 miles, is an accomplished fact. A message from the navy wireless station at Arlington, just outside of Washington, was sent last night to the United States naval station at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii, near Honolulu. The special wireless developments which resulted in this feat were made by engineers of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and the Western Electric Company.

"The distance over which this wireless communication was held is greater than the distance from New York to London, New York to Paris, or from New York to many other important points such as Rome, Vienna, and Berlin.

"That transatlantic wireless communication is assured as soon as the disturbed conditions in Europe will permit of tests from this country is obvious when it is remembered that it is much more difficult to send wireless telephone communication across land than across water. This wonderful wireless message from Washington to Hawaii had to pass over the width of the entire United States before it encountered the more simple wireless conditions of sending over water. For the purpose of this test the sending was done from Arlington and the receiving was done on small special antennae erected by engineers of the telephone company by special permission of the United States Navy, at Pearl Harbor, Hawaii.

"The message at Honolulu was received by Lloyd Espenchied, an engineer of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, who had been sent there by J. J. Carty, its chief engineer, to take charge of the observations, the successful results of which we are now able to report."

Following the receipt of Mr. Carty's telegram announcing the feat of talking through 4,600 miles of air, President Vail sent this telegram to his chief engineer at Mare Island:

Carty, I want to congratulate you on yesterday's climax in the way of achievements, the greatest in intercommunication that the world has ever seen. To you and the wonderful staff created by you the world owes a debt.

To throw your voice directly, without the aid of wires, from Washington to Hawaii—nearly 5,000 miles—a greater distance than from New York to Paris, Berlin, Vienna, or Petrograd, and greater than that between Seattle and Tokio or Yokohama, was wonderful, but to send the recognized voice part way over wire and part through the air was still more wonderful and was the demonstration of the chiefest use that probably will attach to the wireless as amplifying and supplementing, not substituting, the wire system and bring into conversational communication ships, islands, and places which cannot be reached.

Your work has indeed brought us one long step nearer our "ideal"—a "universal system."

THEO. N. VAIL.

Worked a Year Before Test.

Bancroft Gherardi, engineer of plant of the telephone company, who assisted Mr. Carty in the development of the wireless telephone, told last night of the painstaking work of more than a year preceding the achievement of talking 4,600 miles through air. Early in the Spring of this year, as a result of work already done, the engineers of the company talked over a distance of about 250 miles, using an experimental tower erected at Montauk Point, L. I., and a small tower in Wilmington, Del. Soon after this they talked 1,000 miles, from Montauk Point to St. Simon's Island, Ga.

Then Mr. Vail approached Secretary of the Navy Daniels and obtained permission to try experiments by the use of navy wireless stations. Mr. Daniels readily consented, and tests were started looking to transatlantic, and even transpacific, telephony.

"Another interesting feature of the tests yesterday," said Mr. Gherardi, "was that in a practical way the ability to connect wireless telephone systems with wire telephones was shown. Mr.

Continued on Page 3.

Russian Mine Destroys American Ship; Captain of Vincent and Three Others Hurt

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The American sailing ship Vincent was blown up by a mine off Cape Orloff, on the White Sea coast of Russia, near Archangel, on Sept. 27, and is a total loss, according to messages received at the State Department today from American Ambassador Marye at Petrograd and the Consul General at Archangel. Captain Amberman and three other men were injured and were taken to the naval hospital at Archangel; the rest of the crew were uninjured. The messages did not state whether the Vincent struck a mine that had become detached or ran too close to one of the Russian mine fields.

The Vincent was a freighter of 1,804 gross and 1,776 net tons, and was built in 1894. Until recently she flew the British flag and was owned by Charles Edgar Kelley. Under the act of Congress of Aug. 18, 1914, which admits foreign-built vessels to American registry under certain conditions, the Vincent was sold to Harris, Irby & Vose of New York, and was by them transferred to the American flag.

This is the fourth ship in which Mr. Harris and Mr. Irby were interested that has been lost since the outbreak of the war in Europe. Two others were lost off the Dutch coast by striking mines, and the fourth, the Leelanaw, was struck by a German submarine on July 25 last off the Orkney Islands while bound from Archangel for Belfast with a cargo of flax, listed as contraband by the Germans.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The Captain, first mate, second mate, and carpenter were injured in the fire which destroyed the Vincent.

The loss of the Vincent was made known here in a dispatch from London Wednesday, which said the vessel had been burned. No details were given.

William L. Harris of the Harris-Irby Cotton Company of 15 William Street, owner of the Vincent, received a cablegram yesterday from Captain J. C. Amberman giving particulars of the disaster.

"The message was sent Sept. 29," said Mr. Harris, "the Vincent having hit a floating mine Sept. 27. The Captain and two or three of the crew of twenty-two men were struck by pieces of metal, but no one was seriously hurt. After the Vincent struck the mine she caught fire and became a total loss, the Captain stated. The ship was on her way from Archangel to England with 1,200 standards of railroad ties, and must have left port about a week ago."

CITY ASKS TAXES ON $12,000,000,000

Personalty Assessment Is Increased Twelvefold, Realty by $100,000,000.

BOOKS TO BE OPEN TODAY

Land Values Not Raised—Increase Is on New Buildings and Improvements.

When the tax books showing the 1916 assessments on all personal property and real estate in the city are opened at 9 o'clock this morning at the Tax Department in the Hall of Records, the assessment rolls will present a big surprise, it was said last night. It is understood that the personal assessments will aggregate between $3,500,000,000 to $4,000,000,000, and that the increase in the total tentative assessment on real estate will be more than $100,000,000 in the entire city.

This increase, it was said, will all be on new buildings and improvements mostly in the suburban districts, and the land values will remain about the same. While some of the tax officials expected there would be an enormous increase in the assessments on personal property this year, few believed that it would reach anything like the figure indicated a few weeks ago, when the amount was put at $4,000,000,000. The final assessment on personal property for 1915 was $340,256,560.

Realty Increase $100,000,000.

The assessed valuation of real estate in the city in 1915 was $8,049,855,912. It was expected that the amount would remain practically the same for 1916, or if it was decreased, the slump in real estate values in certain parts of Manhattan would be offset by the increase in new buildings, but instead of this being true, the slump in Manhattan values has been very small. It has been greatest in the Twenty-third Street district. In many other parts of Manhattan where a slump in values was expected, there has been a rise in values in new buildings and improvements on old buildings, particularly in the outlying districts, and this rise has jumped the assessment $100,000,000 more than the present amount.

The tax books showing assessments on real estate will be open until Nov. 15. Until then owners of real estate may make application to the department to have their assessments decreased. The personal property tax books will not close until Nov. 30.

The difficulties the city will encounter in the collection of a large tax assessment were outlined yesterday by Henry M. Powell, counsel to the Mills Legislative Tax Committee, which is soon to hold public hearings in this city. Mr. Powell said there were two opposing theories as to the effect this enormous increase in valuations will have. Some people, he said, believe it will result in a large increase in the payment of personal taxes which will lighten the burden on the already overtaxed real estate taxpayer, while others believe that instead of helping the real estate taxpayer, it will add to his troubles by increasing the amount of uncollected taxes.

Uncollected Taxes No Asset.

In this event, instead of there being an increase in the amount of the taxes at the end of the swearing-off period, there will be a decrease which will result in a large amount of uncollected taxes appearing on the State's books as assets of the city, whereas in fact they will be a liability.

Past experience has shown, Mr. Powell said, that whenever the assessment rolls have been increased, notwithstanding the increase in population and increase in wealth, there has been a corresponding decrease in the personal tax list. In 1896 the personal tax valuation was $13,374,239, and in 1914 it was $6,083,311.

The Federal income tax, Mr. Powell said, is based on a person's income for the entire year, but the liability to pay a personal tax is based on a person's wealth for a single day, namely, Oct. 1. No matter what personal property a person may have on Sept. 30, the day before, or Oct. 2, the day after, if the person has no personal taxable property on Oct. 1, that person is not liable to pay a personal tax for that year.

"When a much-heralded increase in the personal tax assessments is announced, the prudent citizen hastens to place his taxable assets on that day in such a shape that he escapes liability."

The four largest items of personal property which are exempt or can be made exempt from assessment for local purposes are:

1. Savings bank deposits are not taxable as the savings banks, nor can the deposits be assessed to the depositors.

2. Stock in corporations are not taxable to the owners.

3. Owners of mortgages secured by real estate are not liable to taxation for local purposes if the mortgagees have paid the mortgage registration tax.

4. Owners of bonds secured by property outside of the State are not taxable if they pay the State tax on secured debts nor are owners of debenture bonds liable to a local tax if the secured debts tax is paid.

There is a mass of other property that is not taxable, such as imported goods in original packages, municipal bonds, United States Government bonds, State bonds, patent rights, copyrights, goods outside of the State, stock exchange

Continued on Page 4.

SUDDEN FORTUNES MADE IN WALL ST.

Speculators in War Stocks Gain Rapid Wealth as Prices Go Soaring.

$500,000 ON $650 START

Investor Who Put $18,000 Into Bethlehem for His Baby Has $364,000 for Youngster.

Riches are coming so fast in Wall Street that families are being endowed from the profits in war stocks, and one baby, whose parents are very much in society, is wealthy without knowing it, according to stories flying about there.

J. Robinson Duff, who less than a year ago was just about able to buy 50 shares of Electric Boat at 13, has set aside $250,000 for Mrs. Duff and the youngsters, and yesterday he rented a new office at 61 Broadway to take the place of his desk room. How much more he has he doesn't know, but all in all he is worth more than $500,000, according to all accounts, and he admits he has that much and some more.

Considering that it took only $650 to buy his start in Electric Boat, J. Robinson Duff is doing very well, and so are many others. As the cigar store man remarked looking out in Broad Street: "There are more millionaires than clerks in the Street."

Mr. Duff, who is a curb broker, made his first purchase when the war was well under way. He traded in and out of the market for a few weeks and at the first of this year he was pyramiding his gains and enjoying life. That worn look such as he used to have when he was trying to turn a few dollars with Ford Starters faded from his face. Electric Boat kept speeding up, its revolutions increasing every day the fortunes of J. R. Duff, now J. Robinson Duff. When it reached 500 he felt that the going was so good that he might as well unload ballast. That is why he set the quarter of a million aside for his wife, thus giving her an income of about $17,500 a year.

Mr. Duff, in the offices of James H. Oliphant & Co. at 61 Broadway, where he has been anchoring his electric boat to a mahogany rolltop, said he expected to move very soon into his more commodious quarters. For ten years he was an engineer with the Edison Electric Company, and that is how he got such an insight into the possibilities of what magnetically propelled craft might do. His ancestors came here in the Mayflower, and he expects to go away some time in a yacht. Many of his friends have congratulated him on his good fortune, for in the last four or five years he has had his ups and downs, especially in that era of the blue funk which settled over the Street before the battle of the Marne.

There is another case of sudden wealth which is known to the Street and also to the clubs. It pertains to the considerate fathers who bought for the baby 1,000 shares of Bethlehem Steel at 18 a little more than a year ago. The stock had been even lower than that. He did not need the money, so he just put the stock aside until the youngster should become of age. He had an idea that under the management of Mr. Schwab Bethlehem would improve. Then came the demand for shrapnel and munitions and the general activities of war time.

The stock was quoted yesterday at 364. If it keeps to its record for the next few years, there will be something like a million-dollar melon to hand over to the young person when he reaches his majority.

Everywhere there are signs of exuberant rejoicing down at Broad and Wall, but there was also joy in Havemeyer and Cos Cob, for the general public has shared in the profits in many a transaction in these stocks which the war has boosted.

Only the other day a man who last October was wearing his straw hat and dining at the Cafes des Enfants and glad of the chance, made a $50,000 killing in a week and gave a party at Long Beach that was certainly a function.

It is not unusual to hear of speculators clearing up $10,000 and $25,000 at a time, and some of them, judging by the way they spend money for automobiles, have money in the bank.

TWO DIE IN AUTO WRECK.

Yonkers Man and His Mother Killed In Accident.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Allen H. Seaman of Searsdale Avenue, Yonkers, and his mother, Mrs. Mary Seaman, were instantly killed and Mr. Seaman's wife was probably fatally injured in an automobile accident this morning.

Seaman, who was an inexperienced driver, lost control of his car while riding on the State Road and suddenly swerved to one side and rolled down an embankment.

Seaman and the women were buried under the wreckage. They were hurried to the Thrall Hospital, where the older woman died without regaining consciousness. Mrs. Allen Seaman is suffering from internal injuries and lacerations. The automobile was wrecked.

Mr. Seaman, with his wife and mother, left their home in Yonkers early yesterday morning for Milford, Penn., where they were to have spent a few days with friends.

Mr. Seaman, who was about 48 years of age, was well known throughout Westchester County. He was the proprietor of The Eastchester Citizen Bulletin, a weekly newspaper.

BOSCA ITALIAN SPARKLING WINES. The Wines for the Connoisseurs.—Advt.

FRENCH MAKE NEW GAINS IN CHAMPAGNE, PIERCING THE SECOND GERMAN LINE; BERLIN ADMITS LOSS OF IMPORTANT HILL

Serious Nature of the Allies' Drive Being Impressed Upon the German People

AMSTERDAM, Friday, Oct. 1, (via London.)—The fighting on the western front occupies large space in the German press. The Lokal Anzeiger says:

"It cannot be denied that the new offensive of the enemy is of the greatest importance. The enemy obviously is making repeated efforts to gain at last a decisive success. How long he will be able to maintain his efforts is uncertain, but we must expect that the heavy fighting will continue."

The Vossische Zeitung says:

"The severe fighting has reached the sixth day without slackening. This confirms the opinion already expressed that this time we have to do with extraordinary efforts.

"In view of the bitterness and indefatigable severity of the daily repeated attacks, we must come to the conclusion that this offensive surpasses all previous operations of the kind. It shows methodical and careful preparation, which can only be explained by a firm determination to force a decision."

BERLIN, Sept. 30, (by Wireless to Sayville, L. I.)—"German newspapers all point out the importance of the battle now in progress on the western front," says the Overseas News Agency. "The struggle is being carried on tenaciously, and up to the present time all the violent attacks of the enemy have failed. The losses of the enemy have been gigantic, but the fighting is still under way and a final decision has not been reached.

"The newspapers say it is useless to minimize the importance of the struggle, but they point out that the German Nation can well look into the future with confidence and trust in the bravery of the German Army, which is resisting heroically the enemy's well-organized efforts."

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 30, (via London.)—"News of the offensive on the western front is taken very seriously here," says the Berlin correspondent of the Politiken. "The Tageblatt remarks that nothing would be more foolish than to overlook the terrible seriousness of the recent battles in the west, and that it would be equally wrong for Germans not to have fullest confidence in their troops and leaders.

GENEVA, Sept. 30, (via Paris.)—The Pan-German Strassburger in commenting on the British victory in Northern France says:

"We must not underestimate the bravery of this adversary.

"In the Champagne, also, our losses unhappily have been heavy, notably in prisoners. In trench warfare captures are unavoidable when men remain to the end. It is not known if the French figures are exact, but they may be correct. Our losses are painful, but are compensated for by results."

DRIVING GERMANS BACK ON VILNA

Russians Gain 25 Miles in One Attack and 8 Miles in Another.

LOSE BATTLE AT SMORGON

Czar's Troops Are Hammering Heavily on the Austro-German Front in Galicia.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—While Field Marshal von Hindenburg claims to have made some progress in his operations against Dvinsk and the official German report mentions that his cavalry had the best of engagements in the region of Postawy, it appears from Petrograd advices that the Germans were driven back 25 miles to the station of Postawy from the terminal station at Glubokoi on the Svienteyany-Glubokoi Railroad. This is a military supply vein running east from the Vilna-Dvinsk road and Postawy is about equi-distant from Glubokoi and the Vilna-Dvinsk artery. Its possession would greatly facilitate the attempt to flank the fortress of Dvinsk.

Further south, in the district west and south of Molodechno, the Russians say they have thrown Hindenburg's right wing back eight miles across the Lida-Molodechno Railway beyond the village of Krewo, so that General Ruszky seems to be driving the invaders upon Vilna again.

West of Molodechno, on the railroad from that junction to Vilna, however, the Berlin official report says that the Germans have broken through the Russian position at Smorgon (which town has changed hands two or three times since the retreat from Vilna) and captured a thousand prisoners.

This drive is believed to be part of a movement southeastward in the direction of Minsk, designed to cut off the Russians retiring from Baranovichi.

South of the Pripet marshes, in which Field Marshal von Mackensen and his troops are stuck, the Russians have been driven back across the Styr River, but along the Galician border they are still hammering heavily at the Austro-German armies.

Russians Driving Germans Back.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 30.—Territorial gains of considerable extent by the Russians are indicated by the latest information received at the War Office. The Germans have been pushed back from the terminal station at Glubokoi, on the Svienteyany-Glubokoi Railway, to a point midway to the Vilna-Dvinsk Railway. The position thus reached is the station of Postawy, representing a gain of twenty-five miles.

In the district west and south of Molodechno the Germans have been forced back eight miles across the Lida-Molodechno Railway, beyond the village of Krewo.

At no part of the northern lines have German gains been announced, although battles of great intensity are being fought on the line from Kozlany, on the Disna River, to Krivo, a distance of sixty miles in a straight line. On account of a bend to include the Vilya line to Smorgon, the actual extent of this front is eighty miles.

The Germans have concentrated strong forces along this line, including considerable bodies of troops drawn from the Pripet region.

South of the Pripet the Germans have won a local success at Ciartoriak, twenty miles west of the railway junction at Sarny. They appear to have gained control of the Styr to a point south of Lutsk, which lately has been the scene of heavy fighting and now appears to be in the hands of the Germans.

A strong effort also is being made by the Germans in the region of Novo Alexiniec, fifteen miles north of Tarnopol. The Russian authorities believe

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CALLS ON BULGARS TO DEMOBILIZE

Greek Premier Tells the Nation Neighbor's Attitude Is a Menace to Peace.

ALLIES MAY BACK DEMAND

Bulgar Movements on Frontier Compel Serbs to Shift 120,000 Men from Austrian Front.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ATHENS, Sept. 30, (Dispatch to The London Morning Post.)—At an impressive session in the Chamber this afternoon, Premier Venizelos characterized the summons to the colors of Bulgaria's forces a grave menace to peace, and virtually called on that power to demobilize. Former Premier Gounaris, amid great enthusiasm, extended unreserved support to the Government's policy and the House ratified the decree of national mobilization and authorized a war loan of $30,000,000.

As soon as the Chamber had assembled Premier Venizelos mounted the tribune and made the following declaration:

"In September of last year I explained to the House the policy of the Greek Government toward the international situation as created by the European war. In February last we considered that the time had come to change that attitude but, having disagreed with the Crown, the Cabinet resigned.

"After the recent elections, having again been called to power, I considered in view of the great changes that have taken place meanwhile in the international situation that we should return to our original policy; but this normal situation was suddenly disturbed by the Bulgarian general mobilization, to which measure Greece could make but one reply—by ordering mobilization likewise.

"I must inform the House that after these two measures reassuring assurances were given by both sides. M. Radoslavoff, the Bulgarian Premier, declared to our Minister in Sofia that Bulgaria's mobilization had no purpose of attack either against us or our ally, Serbia, but was necessitated by Bulgaria's propinquity to the theatre of war and the object was to enable Bulgaria to maintain a policy of armed neutrality. We replied that so long as such was the significance of the Bulgarian mobilization, our own must not be considered as having any other object than the same armed neutrality.

"Despite these assurances, however, the situation must still be considered grave. Modern mobilization means such a serious dislocation of the country's financial and social life and entails such enormous expenditure that it cannot long be continued without serious danger to peace, and this danger is all the greater when one of the mobilized States does not conceal the fact that territorial statutes established by treaty between her and neighboring States is not considered worth respect.

"I do not say this to depict the situation as being darker than it is in reality, but may not conceal the real state of affairs from the nation, for although everybody in Greece desires peace I know well the incomparable spirit of self-sacrifice with which the Greek nation under arms is ready to defend her territory and the nation's vital interests and oppose any attempt of any one Balkan State to acquire for itself a preponderant position which would put an end to the political and moral independence of the rest. Nevertheless, I should be happy if the quieting assurances given by the Governments of both the mobilized Balkan States should be followed by the simultaneous and prompt recall of mo-

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WAR BOOTY MOUNTS UP

121 Field Guns and Heavy Pieces Have Been Taken in Five Days.

MORE PRISONERS CAPTURED

Germans Regain a Footing in Strong Works by a Fierce Counter Attack.

BUT ABANDON HILL NO. 191

Operations Against the New British Position at Loos Progressing Slowly, Berlin Says.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—While the Anglo-French troops in Artois apparently are now simply engaged in consolidating the ground won and opposing the German counterattacks, the battle for the German second line of defense in Champagne, the collapse of which would acutely menace the greater part of the German position in the west, is proceeding with the greatest stubbornness.

At several points the French troops have gained a footing in the second line, and some of them even went right through; but, encountering German reserves, were unable to maintain their progress. According to the German account, these latter troops were captured or exterminated.

The Germans, however, admit the loss of Hill 191, to the north of Massiges, where the French are not far from the railway triangle, the possession of which has been the greatest advantage to the Germans, as one of the lines has been used for supplying the Argonne army.

It is believed here that, besides the gain of ground both in Artois and Champagne and the improved position of the Allies generally, the recent successful operations must soon relieve the pressure on Russia and perhaps prevent the Austro-Germans from sending any large force against Serbia.

Already large reinforcements for the Germans are arriving on the western front, and their presence has already had the effect of slackening somewhat the Allies' offensive.

French Continue to Advance.

This official statement was given out by the French War Office tonight:

In Belgium our heavy artillery has supported the action of the British fleet against the batteries along the coast.

No important action occurred in Artois. The enemy has shown some activity near Armancourt. In the environs of Roye a strong reconnoissance was dispersed by our fire.

Before Beauvraignes we exploded several mines, which shattered the German trenches.

In Champagne we have gained ground to the north of Mesnil and more to the east, between Hill No. 190, to the north of Massiges, and the road from Ville-sur-Tourbe to Carnay-en-Dormois. At the latter point we have taken additional prisoners.

By a counterattack the enemy succeeded in recovering a footing in the "Ouvrage de la Defaite." A second counterattack, very violent in character, in the same sector was completely repulsed. The enemy has suffered important losses.

The clearing of the former German positions has permitted a more complete computation of the cannon captured. Their number is much greater than was previously announced. The total of field guns and heavy pieces captured from the enemy since Sept. 25 on the Champagne front alone has reached 121.

A flotilla of aeroplanes today dropped seventy-two bombs on the station at Guignicourt. The bombardment appeared to be very efficacious. The aeroplanes, though violently cannonaded, returned in safety to their base.

The Belgian official communication reads:

There has been intermittent cannonading at divers points on the front. Ramscapelle, Caeskerke, and Reninghe were bombarded.

The text of the French communication of the afternoon follows:

The only resistance of the enemy in the Artois district has been a very violent bombardment of our new positions to the east of Souches.

In the Champagne district we have secured a footing at several points in the trenches of the German second line of defense, to the west of the Butte de Tahure and to the west of the Navarin farm. At this latter point certain detachments of our troops made their way through and resolutely advanced beyond the German lines, but it was impossible for them to maintain this advance because of a curtain of fire maintained by the German artillery, as well as a very violent flanking rifle fire. Our men, however, hold firmly the points conquered by them on the second line of the enemy.

To the south of Ripont we have enlarged and completed our conquest of the first line German positions by taking possession of a portion of the

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important supporting works known locally as the "ouvrage de la defaite" (the defeat earthworks).

The night passed quietly along the remainder of the front.

In spite of most unfavorable atmospheric conditions, our air squadrons yesterday bombarded the lines of communication behind the German front. Shells were thrown down on the railroad stations in the valley of the Suippe, Bazancourt, Warnerville, Pont Faverger, and St. Hilaire-le-Petit, as well as upon a German column marching near Somme-Py.

The German official statement reads as follows:

Yesterday the enemy continued his attempts to break through our lines only in the Champagne region.

South of the Menin-Ypres road a position occupied by two English companies was blown up.

North of Loos our counter-attack progressed slowly.

Southeast of Souchez the French succeeded in penetrating our lines in two small sections. Fighting continues.

A French attack south of Arras easily was repulsed.

Battles between Rheims and the Argonne were very bitter. South of St. Marie-Py an enemy brigade broke through our outer lines of trenches and came in touch with our reserves which, during the counter-attack, captured 800 prisoners and destroyed the others.

All French attacks between the Somme-Py-Souain high road and the Challerange-Butte Menehould railway were repulsed partly yesterday after bitter hand-to-hand fighting in which the enemy suffered heavy losses.

Early today a strong enemy attack on the front northwest of Massiges broke down. North of Massiges Hill No. 191, which was very much exposed to the enemy's flanking fire, was lost.

On the other front artillery duels and mining engagements of varying intensity took place.

KAISER WILL FIGHT WHILE HE HAS SWORD

Won't Make Peace Till It Is Snatched Away, He Tells a Wounded Sepoy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Three disabled Indian sepoys, a Rajput and two Gurkhas, exchanged prisoners, are now in a Brighton hospital after ten months' captivity in Germany.

They were visited in their camp by the Kaiser. The Rajput describes the German "Padishah" as "a gentleman with a big mustache wearing a uniform covered with crosses and medals." He spent fifteen minutes with the Indians, asking them a number of questions and laughing and smiling all the while.

As the Kaiser left a sepoy's cot he touched the sabre by his side and said: "I will not make peace until this sword is snatched out of my hand."

KITCHENER SENDS HIS CONGRATULATIONS

Praises General French and Whole British Force for "Substantial Success."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—The South Wales Daily Echo of Cardiff says an army order issued to the troops in France contained the following telegram from Lord Kitchener to General French:

"My warmest congratulations to you and all serving under you on the substantial success you have achieved, and my best wishes for the progress of your important operations."

SPEED IN ATTACK CUT FRENCH LOSSES

Men Charged So Rapidly That Relatively Few Were Hit, Paris Hears.

PARIS, Friday, Oct. 1.—The French losses in the recent offensive, so costly to the Germans, were relatively very light, according to statements made by persons in a position to know. The soldiers explain this by the speed with which the charges were carried out. In speed, they say, lies not only success for the attack, but safety for those who attack.

Most of the wounded were struck either by bullets or splinters from high explosive shells.

DESCRIBES SOUCHEZ CHARGE.

Frenchman Says His Side Had Personal Affronts to Settle.

PARIS, Friday, Oct. 1.—The French capital is being thrilled by stories of the fighting on the western front related by soldiers wounded in the desperate combats which have resulted in important gains for the Allies.

"For several days the Germans had been getting singularly aggressive and insolent," said one of the men who charged at Souchez. "They shouted insults at us and flung into our trenches notes wrapped around pebbles. One of their favorite taunts was 'You are too cowardly to come over here—come on if you are not too lazy.' This ended by getting on our nerves. It seemed to each one of us that we had not only France to defend, but a personal insult to wipe out.

"Thus when, at 12:45 on the 25th, the order came which sent us up against Hill No. 119, we were filled with joy. I was in the first 'wave.' We made one dash for the German trenches. Fifty yards from the goal machine guns took us, but we put on speed and humped over the first trench without stopping. We knew the second 'wave' which followed would occupy the trench we passed.

"What struck me about this rush, the force and rapidity of which was incredible, was the smallness of our losses. Personally, I saw no one killed. Things changed, however, when he got between the first and second line of trenches. Until our supporting 'wave' arrived we underwent the united fire of both lines. It was then that a fragment of shell broke my arm and put me out of action."

Another man, wounded in the fighting between Perthes and Tahure, said:

"We took the offensive at 9:30 o'clock. I never shall forget the spectacle of our 'wave' of assault. A seething mass of men, clothed in uniforms hardly two or which were alike, but all animated by the same energy, joined in the charge. I was in a stream which passed four lines of trenches in four jumps. We ran like mad men forward, always forward. At one moment we were confronted at a distance of not more than ten yards by a 77-millimetre gun, still firing. It soon was silenced. Then I was hit in the chest by a bullet and it was all over for me. I was carried off on a stretcher and well looked after."

A resident of the region who has just arrived in Paris says the "great offensive" was expected because the French military authorities had ordered the evacuation of all villages situated within a few miles of the firing line.

"But never," he declared, "could I have imagined the awful havoc caused in the German trenches by our artillery. It was no longer a rumbling gunfire we heard in the distance, but a terrifying continuous roar. Melanite shells were hurled in a steady stream, sending earth, stones, and the trunks of great trees high into the air."

ATTACKS GROW FIERCER.

German Correspondent Reports Fighting of Extraordinary Severity.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 30, (via London.)—The correspondent of the Cologne Gazette at German Headquarters has sent to the papers a report of the fighting east of Auberive on the French front yesterday morning, which he described as of extraordinary severity. After the preliminary engagements along the centre of this front, he says, the Allies made an attack under protection of an artillery fire which even surpassed in violence that of last Saturday when the allied attack was begun.

The position which the Germans held in the morning, however, he reported, was still maintained when night came, the Allies having been repulsed with severe losses.

BRITISH LOSE TWO GENERALS.

Sir Thompson Capper and G. H. Thesiger Killed in New Offensive.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The British casualties in the recent offensive action on the western front included Lieut.-Gen. Sir Thompson Capper and Major Gen. G. H. Thesiger, both killed.

AMERICAN KILLED AT LOOS.

W. M. Nicholls, Annapolis Football Player, Among British Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

SPARTANSBURG, S. C., Sept. 30.—William Montague Nicholls, Second Lieutenant in the English Royal Field Artillery, was killed in action during the fighting around Loos on Monday, according to information received here today by his father from the British War Office. He had attended the Naval Academy at Annapolis, and was on the football team of 1913-14.

The cablegram received today reads:

London, Sept. 30.

George W. Nicholls, Spartanburg, S. C.:

Deeply regret to inform you that Second Lieutenant W. M. Nicholls, R. F. A., was killed in action between 26-27 September. Lord Kitchener expresses sympathy.

SECRETARY WAR OFFICE.

Lieutenant Nicholls enlisted in the British Army a year ago after taking the oath of allegiance to that country. He was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the Royal Field Artillery and sent to the front in France. On March 21 last he was wounded, being shot through the thigh while taking ranges from a point of observation. After three months in the hospital he returned to the front.

He was 23 years old, is the third son of Judge and Mrs. G. W. Nicholls of this city, and a brother of S. J. Nicholls, member of Congress from the Fourth South Carolina District.

The British War Office has been asked as to the possibility of having his body recovered and sent to his home here for burial.

In a letter written to his mother on Sept. 13, from the headquarters of his detachment in France, Lieutenant Nicholls said that he was determined to fight it out with the country under whose flag he had enlisted, and with the completion of this war he intimated that he would remain in the service and be assigned to duty in India. He said that he was quite as ambitious and enthusiastic as he was the day he entered the service. While any references to his actual fighting were prohibited, Lieutenant Nicholls informed his family that he was with the Forty-third Brigade, Thirtieth Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

"ASPECT OF WAR CHANGED."

British Military Writer Convinced Germans Can Be Beaten.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The Daily Chronicle's military correspondent says:

"The last five days have changed the whole aspect of the war—they have brought eventual victory within the region of absolute and calculable certainty. They have shown that the mastery in the west now belongs definitely to the Allies in such a degree that whenever and to what extent the hammerstroke is now delivered it will go crashing through serried lines of fortifications upon which the enemy has spent twelve months of anxious attention and scientific ingenuity and upon the security of which all his hopes, not of victory but of an honorable peace, as he calls it, are entirely based.

"Each new stroke will bring the inevitable end nearer. After a time it will cease to be a matter of chipping deeply the surface. Suddenly a vital spot will be touched. This may happen any day and then will come the sudden shrinking of the German line and the abandonment of a large part, perhaps all, of the occupied territory.

"Such a point, for example, is the railway junction near Grand Pere, north of the Argonne, upon which the French are directing their efforts from Massiges. The moment that railway is reached the position of the Crown Prince in the Argonne woods becomes threatened and the long and costly German effort to turn the Meuse Heights from the rear will have been brought to nothing. The abandonment of the Argonne would mean in the long run a general German retirement along the whole line, probably to the line of the Sambre and the Meuse. Similarly the British capture of La Bassée and Lens would be followed by the shrinkage of the whole German line before Lille.

"The tale of the booty, gratifying as it is, is nothing like so entertaining as the clear and unquestionable proof that not merely the clearing of France and Belgium, but the definite defeat of the enemy is within our power. That is the lesson of the last five days' offensive."

OTHER DRIVES SUGGESTED.

Hints That These May Not Be Main Operations Planned.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—A Paris dispatch to The Morning Post, dealing with the Champagne fighting, says:

"There is every reason to believe that the communiques err on the side of modesty. The gains so far announced were made some days ago, and the French soldiers are still pushing on in a wave of reviving enthusiasm. There has been no check so far to the onward sweep, and the meticulously exact bulletins amply demonstrate the desire of the authorities to avoid awakening any tidal wave of optimism which might carry away our supposedly ill-balanced public mentality.

"At the same time, although this advance is going on well, and although in the great general advance that is proceeding from here to the North Sea there has been substantial progress at other points, too, it must not be taken as certain that the first point of attack is the only one, or even the main one, though successful it may appear to be. It is just such happy demonstrations that prepare the way for other breaks through."

It is, therefore, worthy of note that it is not only in the Champagne that our tremendous artillery parks have shown their teeth. It is significant of the onward sweep of our advance in Champagne that there has been no word of counterattack at any point, showing that there has been no halt. The counterattack by the Crown Prince in the Argonne would be a skillful move at any other stage in the campaign, but it finds the French too strong now, even though he used at least six divisions for the purpose.

"All these weary months of tussling in the Bois de la Gruerie was for the purpose, not of forcing a way down south through the forest, but of manoeuvring for a break out on one of the two sides. In this counter-attack could the Crown Prince have got out toward the east and so toward Verdun, it might have created an awkward diversion, but by pushing into the Fille Morte corner he was creating simply a salient for himself, constituted by the valuable French positions at Manquois and Bourenilles, won at great cost some eight months ago.

"The Crown Prince has further been visibly nonplused by the great increase of the French artillery force in the Argonne. It has been found possible to mount heavy guns even in that terribly difficult country, and to such effect that the German artillery has been totally ineffective, and such weighty efforts as this last one has been split up and destroyed our guns.

"On the other hand, as matters are going up from Villiesurtourbe, the Bois de la Gruerie looks not far from being cut off. It is a significant thing that the sight of cavalry mounted set French infantry in Champagne into transports of enthusiasm. They know what it means.

"Prisoners are in great proportion nervous wrecks. Normally men of best type they are obviously broken up morally. Incidentally they were also very hungry and ravened like wolves upon the wholesome French bread and tinned rations that were generously offered them."

SAYS DRIVE WILL FAIL.

Has Already Been Halted, German Correspondent Affirms.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 30.—The correspondent of the Cologne Gazette in Champagne sends the following to his newspaper:

"It is continually becoming clearer that the enemy's surprise thrust, carried out by a tremendous array of forces, which had been in preparation for seven months, has not succeed. The attack has now been brought to a standstill all along the line, and the prospects of a further attack are being awaited with equanimity. The spirits of our men are excellent and their movements are being executed calmly and confidently."

BRITISHER'S STORY OF HOOGE ATTACK

Found German Trenches Could be Taken When Allies Wish, He Says.

MOSTLY A BAYONET FIGHT

British Troops Fell Back, But Not Because They Were Unable to Hold Out.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—Relatives and friends of British soldiers who have taken part in the fierce fighting of the last few days in Northern France have begun to receive letters from the fortunate ones who went unscathed through the attacks, while the casualty lists of those who met with disaster are being collected at the War Office and their relatives notified.

Further consignments of wounded arrived at London at midnight.

A picturesque story of the fighting at Hooge was told by one of these men, a Territorial, with six wounds in one arm inflicted by a type of bomb known as the "whiz-bang."

"Because we took trenches and didn't hold them," he said, "don't imagine there was anything amiss at Hooge. All is going well, and if there had been no such thing as machine guns we would have gone straight through the whole German line and now be on our way to Berlin.

"Those trenches which we gave up we can take again, and what is more we can hold them when we want to do so. We don't give up ground except on orders from superior officers, who sometimes decide the situation in adjoining parts of the line doesn't justify the retention of certain advanced positions.

"It is ridiculous to hear some people talk about our attack being a surprise to the Germans. It was so far from a surprise that the Germans had already brought up tremendous reinforcements against us on Saturday, including a small army of bomb-throwers. From dawn to evening the fighting was terrific. Our brigade had known for days that we were on the eve of a big movement, and the Germans also were expecting it.

"The only orders I remember were a preliminary 'Get ready,' and then the sharp command, 'Get over.'

"We jumped the parapet without any superfluous motions, and then, like a flash, the whole front moved forward. Across the eighty yards which separated us from the enemy's front trenches. Then it was bayonet work, and after an incredibly short time we were fighting fiercely between the second and third lines of German trenches. Our officers led us splendidly, and the men are enthusiastic over the whole job."

NO PEACE NOW.

Bishop of London Says England Must Fight for Another Year.

Special to The New York Times.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—The Bishop of London has written a letter to his diocese in which he says:

"The one thing to be most dreaded just now is an inconclusive peace at the end of the first year of war.

"It was in these first twelve months that the long preparations of men and munitions and machine guns would be sure to tell, but wait for the next twelve and if we show ourselves worthy of the great cause intrusted to us, Aug. 4, 1916, ought to have a very different story to tell. We must be perfectly ready to take our share of danger."

ANOTHER ZEPPELIN RAID?

Six Airships Were Sighted Yesterday Over Aerschot.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Six Zeppelin dirigible baloons were sighted today over Aerschot, twenty-three miles northeast of Brussels. The airships were bound in a westerly direction.

This information was contained in a dispatch from Amsterdam to the Central News Agency.

Due west of Aerschot are Dover and the English Channel.

ITALY EXPELS AMERICAN.

Henry Fairbanks Montagnier First Arrested and Then Sent Away.

BERNE, Switzerland, Sept. 30.—The American Alpinist, Henry Fairbanks Montagnier of Terre Haute, Ind., had an unpleasant experience at San Remo, where he was arrested by the Italian authorities last Sunday upon his arrival from Nice by order of the Minister of the Interior at Rome on the ground that his presence "constituted a danger to public safety."

He was taken by two gendarmes to a prison, where he spent two nights and one day, after which he was allowed to communicate with his wife and an attorney. He then was taken before the Chief of Police, who informed him he would be expelled from Italy. He chose to go to Switzerland and was conducted to Chiasso.

Mr. Montagnier asserts that he had lived for five years at San Remo and was greatly surprised at his arrest, the reason for which he has not yet been able to fathom. He intends, he declares, to protest through American diplomatic channels at Berne, Rome and Washington against the order expelling him from Italy, and hopes to have it rescinded.

PASS MOTOR-CAR DUTIES.

Commons Agrees to Proposal by Big Majority—Speech by Asquith.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—By a vote of 174 to 8 the House of Commons this afternoon passed the motor-car import duties proposed in the Budget presented by Reginald McKenna, the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Premier Asquith pleaded with the uncompromising free traders not to force a division on the motor duties proposal, but his plea was futile. In the course of a brief speech, the Premier said the Government regarded the import taxes as an integral part of the Budget, which represented the unanimous judgment of the united Cabinet. He thought his own free trade record above suspicion, and he considered the Budget prejudiced the cause of free trade he would not subscribe to it, he declared.

These import taxes, the Premier said, were being imposed to regulate foreign exchanges, and anything proposed in these abnormal times could not be taken as an example of the kind of taxation that would be imposed in time of peace. The object of the Budget, he added, was to produce revenue, diminish unnecessary consumption, and check superfluous imports.

Chancellor McKenna withdrew the proposed import duties on hats and plate glass.

TURKS BOMBARD ALLIES.

Declare They Have Silenced Hostile Batteries Near Seddul Bahr.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 30, (via London.)—An official statement issued today says:

"Our artillery on Tuesday bombarded and silenced hostile batteries near Seddul Bahr."

ALLIES' LOAN ENVOYS GUESTS OF PILGRIMS

Lord Reading Responds to Enthusiastic Greeting of 400 Diners.

TELLS STORY OF CHOATE

Toasts and Cheers for Presidents of United States and France and the King of England.

More than 400 members of the Pilgrims, including many men prominent in banking, business, and politics, cheered themselves hoarse last night at a dinner at Sherry's tendered to the members of the Anglo-French financial mission, who have just completed arrangements for a loan of $500,000,000 to Great Britain and France. Led by George Wilson, a Vice President of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, the diners three-cheered the President of the United States, the King of England, and the President of France; greeted with wild outbursts of applause every wish expressed that the Allies might speedily win the European conflict, and agreed with the venerable Joseph H. Choate, at every opportunity offered them that they had no wish to be considered neutral onlookers of the great struggle in Europe.

The dinner was made memorable by two of the most eloquent speeches ever delivered at a gathering of the Pilgrims, Mr. Choate presided as toastmaster, and while the orchestra played the national anthems of France, Great Britain, and the United States, he offered a toast to the Presidents of the two republics and to the King of England. Mr. Choate said he had determined to be present at the dinner if he never got out again. He said he was frankly not neutral.

Mr. Choate Not Neutral.

"We are a neutral nation," cried Mr. Choate in a voice that had lost none of its old power, "but the units of this nation are guaranteed by the Constitution the right to freedom of speech, freedom of thought, and freedom of the press. So, speaking not for the nation, but for myself, I say that when I see men fighting for their rights, I am with them."

All of the members of the commission excepting Sir Edward Holden, who was torn out by his train from Chicago, were at the dinner. With them at the speaker's table sat Chauncey M. Depew, who delivered one of his happy speeches; Robert Adamson, George W. Bowring, Dudley Field Malone, Rear Admiral Robert E. Peary, William A. Prendergast, Marcus M. Marks, Oscar Straus, and others under the intertwined flag of the United States, Great Britain, and France.

Lord Reading received such a thunderous ovation when he rose to speak that he seemed overcome for a moment. His words were chosen with the greatest care, and not one was lost in the furthest part of the large ballroom. He expressed, more by what he kept from saying than by his words, the depth of his feeling at the introduction pronounced by Mr. Choate and at the warm reception tendered him by the Pilgrims. He said:

Lord Reading's Speech.

"Mr. Choate and Gentlemen: I have not the accomplishment which your eloquent and distinguished Chairman possesses, that is, I am not a neutral, and I cannot, therefore, say to you what I would like to say. I have felt during his speech that the bonds of restraint which I should have to put upon myself when I speak to you were very near bursting.

"It was worth coming to the United States to hear from one of your most distinguished citizens the words that have fallen from him from the very depths of his heart. It was worth far more than that, for my colleagues both from Great Britain and from France linked together as we are in one common interest and in one great affection, to come here and meet you at this banquet, to recognize your sympathy for our countries, and, believe me, if I say no more about it, it is not because I do not feel much; it is rather because in the capacity which I fill at this moment and as your guest at this assembly, I could not trust myself to say even part of my thoughts.

"When I return to England and when my colleagues from England go back with me, and when my colleagues from gallant France return, they will be able to say what they saw tonight; they will be able to tell what they heard, and, above all, it may be given to them to be able to reproduce the sympathetic atmosphere which perhaps no words will ever be able to give to our own people.

"It is a most charming and kindly thought of this club to invite us to dine with you tonight. We had set ourselves rules; I, as presiding judge among us, had received the unanimous consent of my colleagues that above all we should eschew dinners—particularly banquets, because we are not much in the mood for banquets—that we would not make speeches because we could hardly speak of the things which were uppermost in our hearts and thoughts, but there came this invitation from your society.

"You forced us to break our word. I never had any misgivings about it. I searched my mind for a precedent for breaking a rule which had been laid down and I found it—I recollected what had happened to your distinguished Chairman, of which I will tell you in a minute—and I determined that there was no better precedent to be found than that stated by Mr. Joseph Choate. And I said, 'Where Mr. Choate goes, thither will I venture.'

"He reminded me of the evening when we were together at the Honorable Society of the Middle Temple, of which he had been a humble member and had arrived at the position of being elected a bencher. It perhaps conveys nothing to you, or to most of you, but perhaps it will help you a little if I tell you that, instead of dining at the ordinary table, we dined at the high table, and that the best wine was served for us, and the signal was given when we came into the dining hall and another signal was given when we came out, and we retired from there and discussed everything—as Mr. Choate has correctly said—except law. We never discussed law, partly because we had enough to do with it during the day and partly because there being many Judges there, we felt sure we should never agree. Mr. Choate, some very short time—twenty-four hours, as he so accurately said—after I was elected a bencher—Mr. Choate honored, greatly honored, the Middle Temple by becoming one of our benchers. He is one of our most cherished possessions.

Mr. Choate as a Bencher.

"When we are asked who are the members of this society, why, one of the first we mention is Mr. Choate, and I always add: 'He is twenty-four hours junior to me.' In passing out of this hall, when all the students stayed there, Mr. Choate, being the last elected bencher, had to pass out with me, the junior who had preceded him, and as we arrived and I had his arm, and I was leading him into our parlor, there was a cry from the students in the bar for a speech. Such a thing had never been heard of since the days of Queen Elizabeth—a speech from a newly elected bencher leaving the hall! Well, we of the old world stood aghast.

"He of the new world cast me off and turned and made one of those delightful, high-minded, dignified pronouncements which we in England associate with the name of Joseph Choate. So now we will see how it is and why it is that, being a lawyer, and particularly a Judge, I found the distinguished precedent for breaking a rule which I have followed.

Had Been Invited by the Bar.

"You have spoken tonight to me during the course of the dinner, Mr. Chairman, of the visit of my predecessors in the office which I now hold to this country—two distinguished men, Lord Coleridge, and then, later, Lord Russell. Both of them, when holding their appointment as Lord Chief Justice of England, visited your country upon your invitation. It is a strange irony of fate and yet a strange turn of the wheel of fortune that I should find myself addressing you here tonight, because, but for the war, in all probability I should have been visiting the United States this year as the guest of one of your law associations to which I had made a promise I would attend in 1915 and deliver an address, but at that time no one foretold the war. Evidently the engagement was not to be fulfilled. I am here now in another capacity.

"You may not know what I have come for; at least I think it would be indelicate of me to mention it to you after dinner. It is a most curious thing that so many of the things which I thought and said to myself, 'you must not say,' your Chairman, with that extraordinary genius which he possesses, seemed to think of as exactly the kind of thing that he might say, and I will pass from it with only this observation, that I am here, it is true, as the Lord Chief Justice of England, but not in that capacity. I am here as the Chairman of the mission of the Government of Great Britain and of France, sent to this country for a purpose which is well known to you.

"It has not been a holiday task; it is one full of responsibilities. Had it been a holiday task none of us would have been here. These are not times for holidays for us. But proud as we are, privileged as we think ourselves, honored beyond our merits in being selected by our countries to come here to this great country as missionaries, we feel that we owe you a debt of great gratitude for the reception that you have given us.

"Your generous and even enthusiastic opening of your arms and your hearts to us has touched us deeply. We feel tonight that we are among friends—that we are at home among you. We came as strangers, and we have been received as relatives. We are here tonight in a society which exists for the purpose of promoting good relations between the United States and Great Britain, to which you have felicitously joined this evening the great Republic of France.

"We thank you and we thank your people and do believe me that I speak in all earnestness and from the bottom of a heart which is fuller, perhaps, than you can gauge who have not had to go through the thirteen months which we in England and France have had to endure. I say to you you have done much to help us by your sympathy and we never, under any circumstances—and I speak for all of us, and Mr. Hombers will speak for the Republic of France himself—never under any conditions can we forget that on this occasion, on this Sept. 30 of the year 1915, after our thirteen months of war, when we came here to you, as we have done, that you of this Pilgrim's Society have clasped us to your hearts and made us feel warmly and more deeply than ever what a great bond humanity is."

Choate's Sympathy for Allies.

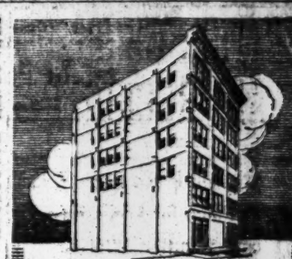
Mr. Choate referred to Lord Bryce, former Ambassador to the United States, as the Englishman dearest to the hearts of Americans, and said that there were those in this country who regretted that the United States could not express in an official way the feeling of horror that arose from the report on the Belgian atrocities. He called the war a contest between freedom and slavery, in which this country could be counted on the right side.

Patrick Francis Murphy kept the diners laughing as he reeled off one epigram after another.

"Morals," said he, "like the chameleon, take their color from the country over which they run. To be temperate is to know how much of anything is good for one. Virtue is often the shrinking from a temptation that has no attraction. Nowhere do things happen so inexplicably as in this world. The Church cannot explain this world, and so strongly recommends the next. We learn from history that no warrior statesman ever learns anything from history. There shall always be a balance of power, for of such is the kingdom of England."

There were present at last night's dinner many prominent financiers who have dealt with the members of the commission in arranging the big credit. They hugely enjoyed Chauncey M. Depew's description of the loan, in the course of which he indulged in some good-natured sarcasm at the expense of William J. Bryan.

"Brother Bryan uttered a thought which could never have been conceived in any other brain than his," said Mr. Depew. "In a speech at Atlanta yesterday he denounced this loan, as designed to take $500,000,000 out of this country. Mr. Bryan should approve this transaction, for it takes dollars out of Wall Street, which he loathes and away from the investors whom he despises, to put them into the pockets of Nebraska farmers. We have accomplished what used to be considered the impossible by lifting ourselves with our boot-straps. We make the goods and we pay ourselves for them. That can only be done because we live in an age of science, in an age of aeration."



Great Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co. Jersey City 100x63 feet; 6 stories. One of 7 contracts for this client.

Howard Chapman, Architect

"Turner for Concrete"

40% of Turner's business is on cost-plus-percentage contracts. An audit of these contracts shows that we have been able to give the owners an average of nearly 10% on the estimated costs.

TURNER Construction Co

CALLS ON BULGARS TO DEMOBILIZE

Continued from Page 1.

bilization, and thus avert danger to peace."

The Premier's speech was received with prolonged applause by the whole House and galleries. M. Gounaris, as leader of the major opposition, rose and in a few words stated that his party approved both the mobilization and other measures adopted by the Government, and in such matters Greeks of all parties were entirely as one.

ATHENS, Sept. 30.—In his speech in the Chamber today, in which he explained the reason for the mobilization of the Greek forces, Premier Venizelos declared it to be the purpose of Greece to maintain all her obligations in supporting Serbia. Renewed assurance was given within the present month, he said, that Greece was ready to support Serbia if a casus foederis arose, but he sincerely hoped that a casus foederis would not present itself.

Former Premier Gounaris, leader of the minority which had favored a policy of neutrality, approved the declaration of the Government, and the Opposition joined in the enthusiastic demonstration with which the Premier was received. A bill applying martial law to the Saloniki, Florina, Seres, and Kavala districts, as well as to Athens and Piraeus, was passed at once.

The scene within the Chamber as the Premier announced the Government's policy was a striking one. Numbers of Turks in turbans were notable among the forces opposed to the Minister, while on the Government benches were numerous Cretans in baggy blue bloomers, brilliant red sashes and embroidered jackets. Many held chaplets of amber beads. Here and there rural members appeared in the native costume of plaited skirts and white cloth tights. Every one who entered the galleries, which were filled to repletion, was searched by soldiers for possible concealed weapons.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—The Temps says that the French Government has arrived at a certain decision as to what should be done to avert an attack on Serbia by Bulgaria. The indications are that Russia will assent to this plan, that Italy will not oppose it, and that England probably will give her adherence.

The nature of the plan is not disclosed, but the Temps states that the situation in the Balkans requires that the prospective Bulgarian attack on Serbia shall be prevented by a demand on Bulgaria for immediate demobilization.

This newspaper asserts it has reason to believe that the reports from Saloniki that Bulgaria has definitely agreed to take the field on Oct. 15 are correct, and that delivery of the territory recently ceded by Turkey is contingent on action by Bulgaria against Serbia at that time.

SERBIAN OFFER TO GREECE.

Two Macedonian Districts in Return for Aid Against Bulgaria.

ROME, Sept. 30.—Serbia has offered Greece the districts of Guievgeli and Doiran in Macedonia in exchange for participation in an expedition of the Allies against Bulgaria, according to the Giornale d'Italia.

FOR RUMANIAN NEUTRALITY.

Conservative Leader Says It Must Be the Country's Attitude.

BERLIN, Sept. 30 (via Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The Overseas News Agency sends out the following among its dispatches:

Special reports from Bucharest say that at the opening of the clubhouse of the Conservative Party Alexander Marghiloman, the President, and leader of the Conservatives, in a speech, declared that the only attitude for Rumania was one of neutrality, as decided upon by the Crown Council.

BONDS OF ALLIES TO PUBLIC AT 961-4

Continued from Page 1.

Union Trust Company, Blair & Co., C. D. Barney & Co., and Lazard Freres.

The four members of the Anglo-French commission who had been in Chicago returned to this city yesterday. The commission has about completed its work here, and with the exception of Basil B. Blackett, the members will shortly sail for home. It is expected that Sir Edward Holden, who has not been well, will take passage for Liverpool on the American liner St. Paul, sailing Saturday. Suggestions for other credit arrangements may be taken up with Mr. Blackett by American bankers.

Henry H. Royce, President of the New York Cotton Exchange, said of the new loan yesterday:

"I am of the opinion that its effect on cotton will come more indirectly through the expansion of other lines of business of export demand. We are already exporting considerable quantities of cotton to Europe, the total shipments since Aug. 1 having been 524,394 bales, compared with 125,725 bales last year in the same period. Liverpool has a stock of 1,034,000 bales, which is 200,000 bales greater than a year ago, and more than double the supply of two years ago."

GERMANS CRITICISE LOAN.

Argue That Allies Must Be in Bad Financial Condition.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—The Anglo-French loan which is being raised in the United States has aroused great interest in Germany.

"Leading financiers of Berlin," says the Overseas News Agency, "agree that, although British dispatches leave some features of the loan in doubt, the conditions are very unfavorable for England and France. A few years ago no one in either country would have thought it possible that such a loan would be issued in the United States at 96 and redeemable in five years. This means that England and France are paying about 6 per cent. interest.

"It is generally believed also that in addition to the bonus of 2 per cent. paid to the syndicate of underwriters other bonuses will be given, particularly, according to the American custom, to the leading house. It is probable that the share accorded to Russia will be small, if any part of the loan goes to that nation, although the Russian Minister of Finance is now in London.

"In some quarters it is remarked that if the loan is offered for public subscription it will be a strange kind of neutrality on the part of a country which also finances sales of war material to Germany's enemies. The general impression is that the financial situation of England and France is such as to leave them no choice. This is indicated by the fact that a 2 per cent. bonus was given to the syndicate."

LONDON VIEWS CONFLICT.

One Financial Expert Says Terms of Loan Are Reasonable.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—The Daily Telegraph's City Editor, in writing of the American loan to the Allies, says:

"The general view in the city was that if the reported terms of the $500,000,000 American loan were correct, the bankers and the public in the United States have secured a unique opportunity for investment. The actual cost to the borrowing government works out at £5 18s. 10d. per cent. This rates seems very high and will undoubtedly cause much rejoicing in German newspapers, which affect the pretense that German credit is better than English, but no one knows better than Dr. Helfferich that Germans could not raise $500,000,000 in the United States on any terms whatever. While Americans understand that it is to their own interest to provide exchange in order that their exports may not be checked, they are also clever enough to realize that we should not buy from them if we did not need the goods."

One of the highest financial experts of London, who is in a position to speak with special authority on the subject of the Franco-British loan, said that certain criticism made here regarding the terms did not reflect the best London opinion. Special conditions necessitated special terms, and those obtained by Lord Reading's commission were not very different from what had been expected when the commission sailed.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—The Daily Telegraph, in its financial article, brands as unpatriotic attempts from this country to invest in the American loan, and says:

"The tendency was observed yesterday on the part of certain people to buy exchange on New York for this purpose, and, although it may be impossible to prevent operations of this kind on the part of cosmopolitan capitalists, who admit that they are only naturalized here for business purposes, it is well they should know that their actions are being carefully observed."

TO TAX ENGLISH HOLDERS.

War Loan Will Not Escape Income Impost Even if Bonds Are Here.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, made the statement in the House of Commons today that English holders of the Anglo-French loan floated in the United States would be subject to the income tax wherever they hold the bonds, either here or in the United States.

WARNS ENGLISH INVESTORS.

Their Efforts to Participate in Loan Defeat Its Object, Telegraph Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—The Daily Telegraph says this morning: "A tendency was observed yesterday on the part of certain people to buy exchange on New York for the purpose of investing in the new dollar loan. It need hardly be pointed out that efforts to participate in the loan by investors in Great Britain tend to defeat the very object of its flotation in the States.

"This object is to curtail payments which we have to make to the United States in the immediate future, and so to redress the adverse trade balance which turned exchange against us. Buying American exchange means sending money out of the country, and to do so for the sake of obtaining a high rate of interest is at the present time most unpatriotic. It may not altogether be easy to prevent the cosmopolitan capitalists, who admit that they are only naturalized here for business purposes, from carrying out operations of this kind, but it is well that they should know that their actions are being carefully observed."

FRENCH PLEASED BY LOAN.

Paris Temps Thinks German Propaganda Helped the Allies.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—The Temps, commenting on the American loan to Great Britain and France, says:

"The conditions of the loan are as favorable as circumstances permit. They show the solidity of French and English credit, and the confidence of America in the ultimate victory of the Allies. The fact that the money is to be used to pay for the Allies' purchases in America and make stable the exchange rates in no way modifies the significance and effect of the operation. The brutality of the German propaganda seems to have accentuated the trend of opinion in the United States, already favorable to the Allies."

GUARDS FOR DAWES, WHO WILL AID LOAN

Banker Has Received Many Threatening Letters and Friends Are Alarmed.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—Two guards were on duty tonight outside the suburban residence of Charles G. Dawes, President of the Central Trust Company of Illinois, the first Chicago banker to announce his intention to recommend subscription to the proposed $500,000,000 loan to England and France.

The guards were put there on the insistence of Mr. Dawes's friends after they had learned of the receipt of several threatening letters. One of the letters informed Mr. Dawes that he would be killed if he did not withdraw his support of the loan.

Mr. Dawes ascribed these letters to the work of cranks.

PHILADELPHIA WANTS $20,000,000 OF BONDS

Banks, Insurance Companies and Munition Makers to Swell the Subscriptions.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30.—Philadelphia's financial institutions quickly responded today with subscriptions to the $500,000,000 Franco-British loan for the purpose of facilitating purchases for the Allies in this country. Two banks alone pledged $1,000,000 each and others $200,000 to $500,000. The Girard Trust took $1,000,000, and the Philadelphia National Bank a like amount. The Fourth Street National and other prominent banks applied for liberal sums, but the officials felt that any announcement as to individual subscriptions should come from the headquarters of the underwriters in New York.

At least $20,000,000 will be taken by Philadelphia's banks and trust companies. Some of the big munition manufacturing companies will join the movement, and large insurance companies will supplement these subscriptions before the close of the week.

As far as could be learned not a single financial institution raised objection to pledging funds for the big loan. Officials were all outspoken in favor of it, and said Philadelphia could be counted upon to render hearty support.

Absorbing Boston's Share.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—Subscriptions to the Anglo-French bonds were booked so fast in Boston today that brokerage houses kept their forces on the jump. At one of the leading brokerage offices it was said at noon that there was every prospect that the bonds would be oversubscribed.

Baltimore Takes $5,000,000.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 30.—In financial circles today it was stated that the $4,000,000 figure set at the Clearing House meeting yesterday for Baltimore's participation in the Anglo-French loan would be increased a million or more. A number of the munition manufacturing concerns here and others benefited by war orders from the Allies will be indirect subscribers. It is understood that at least two houses with pro-Germans as executives are subscribing on a large scale.

$100,000,000 Allotted to Chicago.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—There was a marked increase of interest in the Anglo-French loan in banking and investing circles in Chicago today. Chicagoans applied to various banking institutions for large amounts of the foreign bonds, and many ban

BRITISH UNIONS AID RECRUITING

Leaders Will Make Every Effort to Get Men for Army, Navy, and Munitions Works.

KITCHENER WARNED THEM

Not Enough Volunteers Coming Forward—He Wants Modified Conscription.

NEW SYSTEM IN IRELAND

Method of Recruiting to be Changed—Kitchener and Redmond Confer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Friday, Oct. 1.—As a result of the conferences that have been held this week between Premier Asquith and War Secretary Kitchener, representing the Government, and the most important labor leaders of the country, the latter have pledged themselves to do everything in their power to encourage recruiting. They are still of the opinion that enough men for the army, navy, and munitions works can be obtained by the voluntary system, despite Lord Kitchener's statement that men are not coming forward in sufficient numbers.

The conferences with Mr. Asquith and Lord Kitchener were followed by a meeting at the Board of Education offices yesterday of the Joint Labor Board, representing the Parliamentary Committee of the Trade Union Congress, the Management Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions, and the leaders of the Labor Party in Parliament to consider proposals for stimulating recruiting and increasing the resources for the munitions output.

Arthur Henderson, M. P., in an official statement regarding the meeting at the Board of Education says the conference

"Declared its belief that the number of men required for the navy, army, and munitions works in order to carry out the war successfully can be obtained by voluntary means, pledged itself to assist the Government in every possible way to secure men for service in the navy and army and in munitions works; and, for this purpose, while still co-operating with existing committees, decided to organize a special labor recruiting campaign throughout the country.

"The conference suggested that voluntary recruiting would be more successful if the Government would (a) state frankly, as far as compatible with the public interests, what had already been done by voluntary means for the prosecution of the war and what are the present and future needs in men for the navy, army, and munitions works; and (b) insist that employers shall no longer prevent their men from enlisting."

Kitchener and Redmond Confer.

The Daily Chronicle states that Lord Kitchener has had a long interview with John Redmond, as a result of which a sweeping change in the system of recruiting in Ireland may soon be expected. The same paper says editorially:

"The pledge of the labor organizations, so far as it is definitely accepted by the Government, involves an undertaking from the Government's side that there shall be no toying with compulsion for the present."

One influential member of the Labor Board informed a press representative that yesterday's discussion among the delegates had "knocked the stuffing" out of conscription. "We are going," he said, "to do as we always said we should do. We have been taken into the Government's confidence, and now we are going to have a raging, tearing propaganda for bringing in recruits. We shall pledge ourselves as well as the labor organizations of the country to utilize all our influence to stimulate recruiting, and we believe we shall not fail."

It is regarded as a certainty that the object of the conferences between the Government's representatives and the labor leaders was to make the latter fully acquainted with the military situation, particularly in so far as Great Britain's contribution in men to the allied forces on the Continent is concerned. Lord Kitchener has undoubtedly formed a definite opinion as to the number of men he will require to keep the British strength up to the necessary effective throughout whatever period the war is still likely to continue. Naturally he is sharing this secret with very few persons outside the Cabinet. His object in seeing the labor representatives was to inform them of his requirements and obtain their support for plans by which, he believed, his needs could be met.

Lord Kitchener's Plan.

Lord Kitchener's plan is one which has been widely advocated in circles where out-and-out conscription has been condemned for various reasons, and particularly on two grounds—first, that conscription as understood by Lord Milner, Lord Northcliffe, Captain Frederick Guest, Lord Midleton, and others would divide the nation, and, secondly, that an essential feature of the conscription movement in the minds of certain of its supporters is the desire to introduce compulsory labor under military discipline.

Under the plan evolved by Lord Kitchener compulsory enlistment for service in the army and compulsory labor in munitions workshops would both be kept within the limits defined by the militia ballot system. It is believed by close observers of feeling among the labor classes of the country that this species of national service would arouse no considerable opposition.

"The British workingman is as patriotic as any other class of the community," said a competent judge yesterday, "and he only requires to be shown on authority that he can trust, what he has to do for his country's needs to do it cheerfully. He is not, on the other hand, going to allow himself to be rushed into conscription by a clique of persons whom he deeply distrusts, because, in his view, one of their main objects in urging conscription is to deprive labor of its hard won liberties."

LONDON, Sept. 30.—At one of the meetings at which the Premier and Lord Kitchener addressed the labor leaders the War Secretary expressed a preference for a continuation of the volunteer system, but said that the present rate of recruiting was not equal to the needs.

Lord Kitchener explained that his own plan, which had not yet been authorized by the Government, was to apply the system of the military ballot. Every district would be required to furnish its quota of men. In case this quota could not be obtained by voluntary enlistment, the required number would be selected by ballot among the men of military age, and the enlistment of those thus chosen would be compulsory.

The War Secretary added that there had been no slackening in the pressure to bring out recruits.

The campaign of the labor representatives to secure enlistments will include meetings of workmen in the industrial centres, the systematic circulation through the trades union and other labor organizations of special recruiting literature, and the sending of deputations to the labor councils and other organizations to explain the needs of the country.

DR. DUMBA IS HERE, SAILS NEXT TUESDAY

Hopes He Never Sees Another American Reporter—No Compliments for America.

Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, the recalled Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, arrived in New York last night, with Mme. Dumba, from Lenox, Mass., the Summer Embassy, and went direct to the St. Regis, where Dr. Dumba announced that they would stay until he went on board the Holland-America steamship Nieuw Amsterdam, which sails from Hoboken next Tuesday for Rotterdam. The Ambassador refused to comment on the international consequences of his departure.

"Don't bother me, don't bother me," Dr. Dumba said to the waiting reporters. "Can't you gentlemen see you are wasting your time? I have nothing whatever to say, to anybody."

He was reminded that this might be the last time he would see an American reporter.

"I hope I never see another one," was his comment. "You mix me all up, and don't get what I say right. Good-bye."

At the St. Regis later, Dr. Dumba consented to say a few words.

"The ship sails the 5th of October," he said, "and I expect we shall remain right here until it is time to go on board. But I may go away over the week-end."

He refused to say where, and made no comment on the identity of his probable successor. He laughed at questions about his dogs.

"Go ahead and write a story about those dogs," he smiled. "They're not German, you know. Those black ones are Aberdeen terriers, and they came from Scotland about seven months ago."

HAD GERMAN REPORTS, TOO.

Archibald Reputed Messenger for von Bernstorff and von Papen.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—It was said today by an official that in the mass of documents taken from James F. J. Archibald by British Inspectors, were two reports, one by Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador here, and the other by Captain von Papen, the German military Attaché, to the Foreign Office in Berlin. Count von Bernstorff has denied sending any papers by Mr. Archibald, because, as the Ambassador explained, he did not consider the channel of communication safe.

Both reports, it is said, discussed the possibility of winning over President Wilson to a firmer stand against the British blockade. Efforts in this direction, according to the summary given of the reports, probably would be unsuccessful. It was suggested, however, that there were better prospects of getting Congressional action. A resolution along the desired lines might be passed through the House, said one of the reports, but it probably would die in the Senate.

The State Department today sent to the Department of Justice copies of the papers seized from Archibald. The papers will be considered by the Department of Justice before its policy in the matter is determined. It is probable no attempt will be made to take action against Archibald.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, personally delivered to Acting Secretary of State Polk today a safe conduct under which Dr. Dumba, the Austrian Ambassador, will return to Europe.

ARRESTED ON LINER IN PASSPORT FRAUD

Government Accuses A. D. Meloy of Aiding German Agent Obtain False Papers.

GOT BAIL BY WIRELESS

Once Associate of Notorious Dr. R. C. Flower—Woman Secretary Called as Witness.

When the Holland-America liner Nieuw Amsterdam arrived at Quarantine early yesterday morning from Rotterdam, she was boarded by three officers of the Department of Justice, Dozert, Cantrell, and Underhill, who created a sensation among the 200 first cabin passengers by arresting Andrew D. Meloy, once the associate of the notorious Dr. R. C. Flower, and an American, on the charge of conspiring to defraud the United States Government. The warrant was signed by United States Commissioner Houghton, and the officers told Meloy that he was charged with aiding Franz Rintelen, alias Edward V. Gates, alias Edward V. Gasche, described as a secret agent of the German Government, in obtaining a fraudulent passport from the State Department.

Meloy was described by the Federal authorities as a promoter in Mexican enterprises with an office at 55 Liberty Street, and living at 640 Riverside Drive. He said that he had expected to be arrested on his arrival on the charge of attempting to start a new revolution in Mexico. He was connected with the building of a short railroad line in Mexico, and went to Europe on Aug. 3 to interest German financiers in his scheme, he explained. Police records show that years ago he was associated with the notorious Dr. Flower.

After arresting Meloy the agents of the Department of Justice served a subpoena on his Secretary, Miss Hetty E. Brophy, to appear as a witness before the Grand Jury. Mrs. Meloy, who was on board, continued on the Nieuw Amsterdam to the pier in Hoboken.

Meloy was brought to the Battery on the revenue cutter, which had conveyed the officials to Quarantine to make the arrest, and was arraigned before Commissioner Houghton in the Federal Building, who held him in $10,000 bail for examination on Oct. 7. He was represented by his counsel, Joseph M. Proskauer of 111 Broadway, and a bond had been arranged for by wireless with the National Surety Company, so that he was released almost immediately and went home.

According to the Federal authorities Meloy went abroad on Aug. 3 last on the Holland-America Noordam. He applied to the State Department for passports for himself, wife and secretary, and in addition, it is charged, backed an application made by Franz Rintelen, a German agent, for a passport in the name of Edward V. Gates, a mine agent, who was to sail with his party on the Noordam.

The State Department forwarded the passports for Mr. and Mrs. Meloy and Miss Brophy, but declined to issue one in the name of Edward V. Gates. Failing in his attempt to get an American passport, Rintelen sailed on the Noordam with Meloy under the name of Edward V. Gasche, and obtained his passage from the Holland-America Line agents by showing a Swiss passport made out in that name.

When the liner arrived at Falmouth, England, on Aug. 12, British officers boarded the ship and took off Rintelen as an alien enemy and placed him in a detention camp, where he is now. Meloy was arrested by the British authorities and detained a few days, and was afterward released, but was not allowed to proceed to Germany. When the officials searched Miss Brophy's cabin at Falmouth they say they found several papers bearing upon Rintelen's movements in this country and proving his connection with the German Government.

Rintelen came here last Spring, and was supposed to have been sent over to buy supplies for the German Government, but, according to the Federal authorities, he never bought a dollar's worth during his stay in the United States. It was discovered that he was an agent for his Government working independently of the embassy at Washington.

Franz Rintelen is an accomplished, well-educated young man about 30 years old, and brought letters of introduction with him to prominent persons in New York and Washington society. He is also said to have made a tour through Mexico as Fred Hansen, a purchaser of war munitions, and it is believed that he became acquainted with Meloy on that trip. Meloy was in Mexico at the time looking after his railroad project.

In his letter to the State Department recommending Rintelen for a passport Meloy is said to have stated that he had known Edward V. Gates, a Pennsylvanian, for years as a wine agent; that he had met him in various restaurants; that Gates had visited his apartment, and was also known to Mrs. Meloy. It was after Rintelen's departure on the Noordam on Aug. 3 that Supt. William M. Offley of the Department of Justice discovered that in making application for the passport false affidavits had been made. The warrant against Meloy charges that it was he who assisted in making the false statements on which Rintelen sought a passport as Edward V. Gates.

In the complaint made by Special Agent Lewis M. Cantrell of the Department of Justice, Cantrell charges Rintelen as Gates, an American citizen, on July 29 appeared in the Federal District Court, and in applying for a passport to travel in foreign countries took the oath of allegiance to the United States. Cantrell states that Rintelen's voucher was obtained by Meloy and will be produced at the trial.

Later in the day the Federal Grand Jury took up an investigation of the Rintelen-Meloy matter, and it was admitted that the false passport case is but a side issue of the inquiry. Miss Brophy was called as a Government witness, and she will be further interrogated tomorrow by Assistant United States District Attorney Sarfati.

It was also admitted by the Federal authorities that when Rintelen, under the alias of Edward V. Gates, applied for an American passport, the person who vouched for him was a salesman named Melville C. Barnard. They also say they suspect that Rintelen is the man who, under the name of Hansen, figured in the recent expose of the effort made by a woman to purchase from the United States Government 250,000 discarded Krag-Jorgensen rifles.

Andrew D. Meloy has had a good deal of trouble in financial matters in New York, and was formerly an associate of the notorious Dr. Richard C. Flower. In September, 1911, Andrew D. Meloy, who was at one time known as a Sunday school Superintendent, was charged by the stockholders of the Guanacevi Tunnel Company before Judge Hough in the United States District Court with putting the company into bankruptcy to protect itself from creditors.

Joseph G. Switzer, who brought this action, filed an affidavit in which he alleged Meloy, with Hilario Losoya and Frederico Griese of Durango, Mexico, organized the Guanacevi Tunnel Company in Arizona in 1904, with a capital stock of $10,000, which was afterward increased to $5,000,000 and all but ten five-dollar shares turned over to Losoya for 9,000 mines of property he owned. Then, Mr. Switzer alleged, Meloy issued a prospectus stating the company's property had 300 veins of gold, silver and copper, which could not be exhausted for generations, and assured investors of 10 per cent. The company never shipped an ounce of metal, according to Mr. Switzer's affidavit, and the only money ever received was from the sale of stock.

Meloy came to this city from Naugatuck, Conn., and became identified with Dr. Flower in various mining schemes, being interested in the Terrible Mining Company and the Terranates Mining Company.

DRIVING GERMANS BACK ON VILNA

Continued from Page 1.

this movement represents an attempt to reach the great highway between Kremenetz and Ostrog. Further south, on the Stripa, west of Tarnopol, the Russians have had the best of the fighting.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 30, (Dispatch to The London Daily Chronicle.)—There is less marching on the Russian front now, closer clinging to the soil, and much more artillery fighting as distinguished from one-sided firing. In other words, the Russian front is steadier.

A general battle has not come, nor is it apparently likely to come just yet. The German advance has lost the inevitability that at one moment seemed to characterize it. The Russians continue to retreat, but much more slowly than before, and sometimes they advance. The Germans repeatedly lose the thread of their operations. The Russians are able to make awkward holes in the German plans, delaying the enemy when he is hastening to finish the campaign, and holding him tantalizingly short of fulfillment just when he is eager to reap the fruits of his tremendous sacrifices of the Summer.

Dvinsk continues to hold out, though the Germans have been hammering at it for more than a fortnight. At Vileika and south of Osmiana there is very little change in the front. South of the Pripet one German sector, strongly reinforced, has been pushed forward across the Styr at Czartorycska, about thirty-five miles west of Sarny Junction. But at Novo Alexinec, on the Galician frontier, southwest of Kremenetz, violent Austrian attacks have been repulsed, and west of Tarnopol the Russians have again advanced to the Stripa.

Clearly the Germans are aiming to establish themselves on a secure line before the Autumn ends. Their line now is circular, uncertain, and insecure, and unless they are able to take up a position on the Dvina, Beresina, and Dnieper they will have a comfortless and restless Winter.

OFFICIAL WAR BULLETINS.

Russians Victorious in Many Engagements Along the Front.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 30.—The following official communication was issued today:

The Germans have made insignificant attempts at an offensive on the front in the region of Riga. Germans who tried to establish themselves on the eastern bank of the Brock, in the region of Kemmern, were driven back to the other bank. The Germans also attacked the cemetery near the village of Versoke, northwest of Birshalen, but were hurled back.

Near Dvinsk nothing of importance has occurred. The offensive of enemy infantry south of Lake Drisitiata has been stopped by our cavalry charge.

On the front south of Lake Boguinski several actions have turned out to our advantage, and at many points our troops advanced slightly westward.

In the region of the village of Lioubki, south of Lake Narotche, the enemy was thrown back by a vigorous stroke on our part and retired in disorder.

An encounter near the village of Danwuchevo, on the viliya below Smorgon, terminated in our favor, and the enemy unsuccessfully attempted to pass to the offensive.

On the front of Krewo-Krochine, northwest of Baronovichi, the Upper Oczara, and the Oginski Canal, there were numerous local engagements, but no important change in the general situation.

In the middle Stry region, near Ciartorisk and Kolki, fighting continues. The enemy has been dislodged from the village of Koulikovitchy on the Styr, above Ciartorisk.

We have recaptured the village of Kochichtche, east of Kolki, taking as prisoners five officers and a hundred men.

Near Lutsk, which we abandoned two days ago, a very stubborn fight has occurred in the region of the village of Silno. Our troops were obliged to retire in some sectors by the enemy's attack. By repeated counterattacks from the village of Tazuman, south of Silno, we succeeded in making progress and dislodging the enemy from his trenches. An enemy counterattack in the region of the village of Kartolovka, near Tauman, was repulsed.

No greater success attended the enemy's attempts near the village of Tzebrova, (Galicia,) northwest of Tarnopol and southeast of Kozlow. Our cavalry engaged the enemy's advance guards in several actions on the left bank of the Stripa, near the villages of Dobropol and Khmielevka, southwest of Trembowla.

Awaiting precise details of the situation, the Headquarters' Staff, although in possession of many particulars of a favorable character, will abstain from publishing or commenting thereon beyond saying that as a result of a series of engagements successfully terminated, and others still developing, the conditions of our troops are favorable.

The spirit of our troops, who have displayed enthusiasm in innumerable rear-guard fights, has received fresh impulse through the success we have gained in recent days in fierce hand-to-hand struggles and our fortunate passage to the offensive against the Germans. These encouraging features have been particularly frequent on the front east of the line of Svientsiany-Osmiana.

The depression which has been observed in the ranks of the Germans has not been without influence on the morale of our men. This depression manifests itself in increasingly frequent instances of the abandonment by the Germans on the battlefield of slightly wounded soldiers, of wagons on the line of their retreat, of the throwing away of arms and projectiles, and of the disorder and nervousness in their firing.

The well-regulated offensive, broadly conceived and methodically and harmoniously carried out, of our allies on the western front, simultaneously with our above-mentioned successes, has given fresh strength and inspiration to the mutual confidence of the Allies in their power and warlike qualities.

Force Russians Into Swamps.

BERLIN, Sept. 30, (via London.)—The following report of the operations on the Russian front was issued by the War Office today:

Eastern Theatre of War:

South of Dvinsk we forced the enemy back into the marshes and lakes to the east of Wesuilowo. Cavalry engagements between Lake Drisiatata and the region of Postawy were successful for us.

East of Smorgon we broke through the enemy position by storm. One thousand prisoners, including seven officers, were taken, and six cannon and four machine guns were captured. South of Smorgon the battle continues.

Army Group of Prince Leopold of Bavaria: Enemy attacks against many sections of the front were repulsed with sanguinary losses.

Army Group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: The situation is unchanged.

Army Group of General von Linsingen: On the upper Kormin the Russians were driven back in an easterly direction. About 800 prisoners were taken. Two Russian aeroplanes were shot down.

VIENNA, Sept. 30, (via London.)—The following official statement from General Headquarters was issued tonight:

In East Galicia the situation along the Ikwa and Pentilowki is unchanged. In Morriand and Kormin the Austro-German troops stormed several vantage points and captured four Russian officers and 1,000 men. Two hostile aeroplanes were shot down.

The Austro-Hungarian forces in Lithuania have repulsed Russian attacks in hand-to-hand fighting. The enemy suffered heavy losses.

JEW IN CZAR'S COUNCIL.

Elected by Representatives of Commerce and Industry.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 30.—Representatives of commerce and industry have elected M. Weinstein a member of the Council of the Empire. He is the first Jew to sit in the Council, and his election is regarded as an indorsement of recent demands for equality of treatment of races and religions.

The Council of the Empire comprises an equal number of elected members and members nominated by the Emperor. It has equal legislative powers with the Duma. Twelve of its forty-eight elective members are chosen by the representatives of the Bourses of Commerce and of Industry in the Empire.

SERBIA HONORS AMERICANS.

Forty-three Doctors and Sanitary Engineers Are Decorated.

NISH, Sept. 30.—Crown Prince Alexander has decorated forty-three American physicians and sanitary engineers, in recognition of their services in stopping the epidemics which broke out in Serbia after the war began.

The Americans decorated are representatives of the Rockefeller Foundation and the American Red Cross.

RAISE SOLDIERS' PAY.

French Deputies Increase It to Five Cents a Day.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—The Chamber of Deputies in a five-minute session today voted unanimously to increase the pay of private soldiers from 1 cent to 5 cents per day. The Chamber also voted 70,000,000f. ($14,000,000) to provide for the increase.

ADMITS U-BOAT FAILURE.

Confesses That Britannia Still Rules the Seas.

Confirmation of reports that German naval experts had admitted that Germany had been unable to disturb Great Britain's rule of the seas, and the prophecy that no nation will be able to break such domination by means of a large number of submarines, are contained in an article in the Berliner Tageblatt of Sept. 9, by Captain L. Persius, the naval expert of that paper. Under the caption, "The Freedom of the Seas," he says:

"At the beginning of the war Germany had the second strongest fleet. The British sea power was more than twice as strong. It succeeded in a short time in depriving us practically completely of the freedom of using the oceans, while the British merchant shipping could travel the oceans almost undisturbed. Almost. To be sure, our submarines restrict the British rule on the sea. But no one will assert that the measure of such restriction, if considered in the light of the facts, is so considerable that we may speak with justification of the loss of British rule on the seas.

"The submarine is frequently regarded as an extraordinarily effective weapon in the fight for the freedom of the seas. For instance, the view that even small countries could insure the freedom of the seas for themselves by building submarines does not stand the test of expert judgment. There would be needed a mighty array of submarines in order to fulfill this task completely, and in spite of that submarines, even if they are developed in far more perfect form than now, will hardly suffice of themselves alone. Their supporting bases at least must be safeguarded. It would be premature to express a judgment today concerning the development of shipbuilding after peace. Today we must still exercise restraint. Inasmuch as at present no navy has several hundred submarines at its disposal, no conclusions can be drawn as to the efficacy of such a number. England has placed many hundreds of ships for defense against the submarine danger all around her coasts. In that way she insures at least in the main the passages for imports into her harbors."

REPORTS ITALIAN DEFEATS.

Austrian War Office Says Enemy Was Repeatedly Repulsed.

VIENNA, Sept. 30, (via London.)—The following report of the operations on the Italian frontier was issued today by the Austrian War Office:

"On the western Tyrolean frontier there was fighting last night in the region of Adamello. An attack by the enemy in the defile west of Cima Presena was repulsed by our artillery. Near Oadrouhuette the Italians, after a fight lasting several hours, were compelled to retreat. On the plateau of Vilgeruth they attacked twice during the night without success.

"On the Carinthian front night attacks failed against our fortified line near Pontaeel. Battles near and north of Tolmino continue. Before Mrzli Vrh (Monte Nero) the enemy retreated to his former positions. The Italians repeatedly delivered attacks against Dolje, but were repulsed every time. Early this morning the artillery, which was very active yesterday against the region of Tolmino, resumed firing."

Miss Duer Will Assist Dr. Blake.

Miss Diane DelMonte will sail for England and France on the St. Paul next Sunday. She is making the trip partly on behalf of the Lafayette Fund. She will personally make an inspection of the work of the fund in France. Miss Elsie de Wolfe and Miss Caroline Duer will also sail on the St. Paul on Sunday. Miss de Wolfe will visit her hospital at Versailles, and Miss Duer will assist Dr. Blake at his new hospital in Ris Orgis.

Canada Makes 50,000 Shells a Day.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Sept. 30.—Canadian workshops are now producing one million empty shells per month and 17,000 shells per day with fixed ammunition, according to an official statement today. The number of loaded shells will be increased to 50,000 per day in the near future.

Why Brooklynites Register "New York"

THE Brooklynite who puts down "New York" on the hotel register is not ashamed of his borough, but proud of his city. I count many Brooklynites among my customers, because they like *smart New York style.*

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WIRELESS WAFTS VOICE 4,600 MILES

Continued from Page 1.

Vail in his talk to Mare Island used wire communication from New York to Arlington, and from there the message went by wireless to its destination."

To Try Philippines Next.

The sending of a wireless conversation to Hawaii marks the limit of experiments now ready, but Mr. Vail said last night that as soon as practicable the instruments would be sent to the furthest naval wireless station, in the Philippines, halfway around the world, and that as soon as the war was over world-wide tests would be made

Mr. Vail was asked last night by a reporter for THE TIMES to tell just what new inventions had been used to accomplish the world's greatest feat in intercommunication.

"That all depends on what you mean by invention," he replied. "The whole thing is difficult to explain to a layman. Wireless is so wonderful that indeed no scientist knows all about it.

"So far as the perfection of the wireless telephone goes, there has been no new basic invention, merely a perfection of the sending and receiving instruments. Of course, in the perfection of these delicate machines there have been minor inventions. But the principal is the transmission by waves in the ether of sound. In this the wireless telephone differs from the wireless telegraph. In the latter electric currents pass through the ether to the destination.

"In the wireless telephone nothing, more or less, has been done than to send messages precisely like they are sent over telephone wires, without the wires. By a powerful current, the most important factor, the vibrations at the sending station are greatly magnified. The electric telephone message that left Arlington was strong enough to run an engine; when it was received it was probably so weak that it could be recorded only by the sensitive receiving instrument, which magnified the sound waves precipitated through the ether so that they could make a record at Hawaii. To show that the wireless part of the message was analagous to the wire part, the message I sent to Mare Island was carried to Washington by wire, there thrown out by wireless, and picked up again on a wire at Mare Island before it was heard by Mr. Carty. I can't go into the details further than this."

FUTURE OF WIRELESS PHONE.

Scientists Say It Will Aid, Not Replace, Wire System.

Scientists differ widely on the ultimate commercial possibilities of the wireless telephone. President Theodore N. Vail of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, under whose direction the greatest achievement in wireless telephony has been wrought, said last night that the wireless would never replace the wire telephone. Other scientists, notably Edward J. Nally, Vice President and General Manager of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company, thought that the wireless telephone would replace the wire trunk lines in use today.

"Wireless telephones will never substitute or supplant the wire systems but will greatly amplify them and extend their usefulness. It is humanitarian rather than commercial," he said, "but it is useful in that it makes conversation possible between places, and between places and moving objects that could not be connected by wire.

"My engineers have gone deeply into the question of replacing wire lines with the wireless, and they have decided that will not be done. In the first place it is not conceived that the wire system of a city could be replaced by wireless, but the theory has been advanced that the trunk lines could be done away with, and that each city would have a great wireless station connecting with another great wireless station in another city. I do not believe this will be done. In the second place the wireless telephone will not prove reliable, as the wireless telegraph has not always proved reliable.

Phone Messages at Sea.

"But the wireless telephone will render service where wires could never reach. Ships can talk to one another, places which could never be reached by wires for physical reasons will be put within range of easy communication. The wireless telephone adds to the wire telephone but does not take its place."

J. J. Carty, Chief Engineer of the telephone company, in immediate charge of the experiments, was asked last night for his opinion of the commercial use of the wireless telephone, and from Mare Island telephoned:

"As an extension of the regular wire system the field for the wireless telephone is restricted. At certain times of the year, particularly in the Summer, static conditions will make it uncertain. Static interference is one of the things we know very little about, and is one of the big problems to be solved. We are going after it.

"The number of calls that can be handled simultaneously on the wireless telephone is limited, but for emergency use on long distances it will be invaluable and for use in limited areas it should prove a great boon. It will be possible for instance, for fishing smacks and other small boats, unable to afford a wireless operator, to carry a wireless telephone and be in immediate communication with the shore and with each other."

Messages to Europe Next.

Mr. Nally was not so conservative in his estimates of the future of the wireless telephone.

"I feel safe in predicting that by the end of the war," he said, "the Marconi system will be ready with commercial wireless telephones from New York to London, Paris, Rome, and to the other European capitals. I do not predict any great reduction in rates, for there must still be equipment, but the service will be much more effective, for the human voice is much more reliable than mechanical means of the telegraph, either by wire or wireless.

"I do not share the alarm that there may be difficulty in sending a number of messages at the same time. That is a problem that is being solved, just as the other seemingly insurmountable obstacles of wireless communication have been solved. The thing will be worked out to perfection. The time is very near when commercial conversations with Europe will be every day occurrences."

Peter Cooper Hewitt was most enthusiastic over the success of wireless telephony. He said:

"The time is close at hand when it will be possible to talk half around the world. To talk from New York to Peking by wireless is a feat that lies in the near future. The ability to talk by wireless with a low-power current is the chief factor in the realization of this, and I am confident that it will soon be found that the high-power currents are not needed.

"I believe an almost immediate development will be the attachment of a phonograph to the receiver so that if the person to whom a message is sent is not ready to listen it can be 'canned' until he is ready to listen. This is only one of the numerous improvements that suggests itself. I expect great things of the wireless telephone tomorrow."

DISPUTE OVER EXPERIMENT.

Wireless Men Differ Over Who Should Get the Credit.

With scores of inventors working on wireless telephones, the announcement of the success of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, with the assistance of the General Electric Company, Defense Society, a communication was sent to THE TIMES last night saying that Dr. Lee De Forest, "under whose patents the Navy Department opened a transcontinental wireless telephone from Arlington to Hawaii," believed the invention "one of the most important steps yet made in the advance of wireless telephoning." It was said that Dr. De Forest had sent a letter of congratulation to Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

Early Tests in Paris.

"I have particular interest in this epoch-making feat," said Dr. De Forest's statement, "on the part of the navy in telephoning across the continent. The longest wireless telephone transmission prior to this from Arlington was made from the Eiffel Tower in Paris in March, 1908, when messages were transmitted from the French Army station and picked up by army stations on the Mediterranean, a distance of 600 miles. Those experiments were conducted by me at the request of the French Government.

"The successful experiments at Arlington were made possible in part by the great height of the towers, the large power available, and, finally, by making use of the principle of the incandescent lamp as a generator of power. I have been devoting the last twelve years to the development of this lamp principle and naturally I have a father's interest by the feat performed by it under the direction of Secretary Daniels."

Mr. Vail was asked to comment upon the claims of Mr. De Forest.

"I will say in the first place that Secretary Daniels conducted no experiments and accomplished no feat in connection with the wireless telephone," replied Mr. Vail. "He allowed us to use the naval stations. That was his rôle in the experiment.

"As far as Mr. De Forest's lamp goes, if it played any part in the wireless telephone conversation with Mare Island and Pearl Harbor, it is news to me. There are lots of wireless inventions, lots of good inventions. Mr. De Forest's inventions may be good. I don't know. But if Mr. Daniels used the De Forest invention to talk to Hawaii, I know nothing of it."

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22.50 and 28.00

TO-DAY at Special Prices
Men's Silk-lined Overcoats
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Hand tailored, of Black or Oxford Vicuna; silk lined throughout, plain or silk lapel. 33 to 46 chest.
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FOR MEN OR YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 46 CHEST
The approved custom tailor, two or three button models of the newest Invisible Overplaids, Overplaids combined with Stripes, Pencil or Combination Stripes, also English Tweed.
35.00

TO-DAY at Special Prices
Men's Hand Tailored Suits
Sleeves Silk Lined—Approved Custom Tailor Models
Two, three or four button models of the newest Invisible Overplaids, Overplaids combined with Stripes, Pencil or Combination Stripes, Checked Velour, Oxford Vicuna, English Tweed or Navy Serge; 33 to 46 chest.
20.00 *Regular Price $27.50*

FIGURES AND FACTS

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WOMAN SURGEON HOME FROM WAR

Dr. Mary Crawford Says American Hospital in Paris Has Accomplished Wonders.

LAUDS FRENCH FORTITUDE

Tells of Shrapnel Driving Watches, Keys, and Other Objects Into Soldiers' Wounds.

After being abroad a year treating the wounded soldiers in the American Ambulance Hospital in Paris, Dr. Mary M. Crawford of Brooklyn returned yesterday on the French liner Espagne from Bordeaux. Notwithstanding the rough voyage across the Bay of Biscay and the Atlantic, she looked in the best of health and did not appear to have suffered from her experiences near the firing line in France.

"I did not experience any great thrills," Dr. Crawford said, "and did not have any narrow escapes from being struck by flying shrapnel. I have come back enthusiastic over the spirit shown by the French soldiers and confident that the Allies will win in the end. It must be so. It is hard to describe the spirit of the French soldiers. It isn't that they are confident of success, but merely that they are determined to win out and are sticking to their task with bulldog tenacity. If you could see them and hear them talk in the hospital as they are nearing convalescence you would realize that they will never give in.

"Since I went over last October I have seen the most wonderful surgical operations in my life performed by the American and French surgeons. Operations were performed daily that I had never seen before because there was not the opportunity until the war came. The American Hospital has handled about 8,000 patients during the year and has done well, but it is only a small part of the work done by the French Government, which has to deal with men in millions."

Dr. Crawford told of the peculiar effect of shrapnel, which drove watches, knives, keyrings, tobacco boxes, and all kinds of objects into the victims' bodies. From one wound she saw twenty small pieces of wood extracted, and another soldier had several nails taken from a wound in his side.

When asked about the suffocation from the poisonous gases used by the German troops Dr. Crawford said that she had seen several cases of bronchitis brought on by inhaling the fumes, but had not seen any of the very serious ones because the victims died before they reached Paris.

Dr. Crawford said that she had charge of five small wards in the American Hospital outside Paris which were under the chief direction of Dr. Minnot, who came over every morning to make examinations, perform operations, and give directions for the various treatments to be administered during the day. Dr. du Bouchet had another division, Dr. Blake the third, and the fourth was directed by various doctors, who came from Harvard, Johns Hopkins, and other universities in the United States. She said that the resignation of Dr. Blake from the American Hospital had caused great regret, because he had done such very good work and assisted in establishing the reputation of American surgery in France and all over Europe.

"The only times that the automobiles belonging to the American Ambulance Corps have been used for shopping purposes in Paris have been in carrying supplies. The American Hospital is outside the old walls of Paris, near the Porte Maillot, which is a few miles from the centre of the city, and when supplies were needed urgently a nurse was dispatched in an automobile to get them."

Dr. Crawford did not know of the advance of the Allies along the western firing line until the Espagne reached Quarantine yesterday morning, but she said she was glad to hear it, because the soldiers had been expecting it to happen since May and had been so patient over the delay.

WOMAN IN SUIT ASKS ACCOUNTING OF DR. HILL

Says She Gave Peace Forum President Money to Invest and Has Had No Return.

Lucille Covington, one-time business associate of the Rev. John Wesley Hill, former pastor of the Metropolitan Temple and President of the International Peace Forum, who began a suit against him on Tuesday in the Supreme Court, never had the least idea of suing the minister for breach of promise, according to the news that came last night from Alpena, Mich. Miss Covington was found there, working to organize a fraternal order, and she laughed when she heard the story that her suit had started.

"My suit is for an accounting of money I gave Dr. Hill to invest. I haven't been able otherwise to obtain an accounting, so I have applied to the courts. That's all there is to it. The idea of my suing Dr. Hill for breach of promise!"

Miss Covington, the dispatch said, looked at a newspaper portrait of the minister and exclaimed: "I don't like that. He's homely enough as it is without the papers making him appear worse, poor man."

Dr. Hill was not so ready to talk of the $100,000 suit against him. He had started West, but hurried back to this city from Utica yesterday in response to a telegram from his lawyer, Bainbridge Colby. At his home, 131 West 118th Street, he told a TIMES reporter last night:

"My case is in the hands of my lawyer. Any statement must come from him."

Mr. Colby was willing to talk, but was not much more informative. Said he:

"This suit will be fought to a finish, you may rely on that. There will be no compromise. It is unfortunate that a man of Dr. Hill's standing can be attacked in such a manner. I can assure you Dr. Hill will be the plaintiff in an action growing out of this suit."

The lawyer filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office notice of appearance on behalf of Dr. Hill. The complaint in the action has not been filed, but Nathaniel F. Schmidt, counsel for Miss Covington, said yesterday it would be filed today.

GAS KILLS 2 WOMEN BUSY IN DINING ROOM

One Discovered Holding Samples of Cloth, the Other Reaching for Telephone.

MYSTERY PUZZLES CORONER

Finds Water Heater Collapsed—One Victim, Mrs. Marie S. Wiggins, Said to be Wealthy.

Mrs. Maria S. Wiggins, 59 years old, and her seamstress, Miss Anna Mary Good, 45 years old, were found dead in the dining room of Mrs. Wiggins's three-story and basement brownstone house at 816 West 139th Street yesterday morning.

They had been overcome by the gas escaping from a water heater wrecked on Wednesday morning between 8:45 and 9:30 o'clock. Both were fully dressed, and in Miss Good's hand was a paper of pins. Mrs. Wiggins wore a gingham apron over her gown and held samples of cloth in her hands when she was overcome.

Mrs. Peter Keating of 814 West 139th Street telephoned to the Consolidated Gas Company early yesterday morning that there was a gas leak in her home and asked that men be sent to stop it. Inspector George Bridgeworth, after a fruitless search, decided that the leak must be somewhere else. With Policeman Arthur Beatty he went to Mrs. Wiggins's home and found that the gas was coming from under the basement door. They rang the bell, and when there was no answer, broke in the door.

A rush of gas drove them to the sidewalk, but they were able to enter the basement after a few minutes and open the windows. On a lounge near the telephone was Miss Good, who had collapsed as she was reaching for the receiver. Across the room, on the floor near a swing couch, lay Mrs. Wiggins.

Bridgeworth found the gas flowing from the jets of the water heater and that the forty-gallon copper boiler had collapsed flat.

When Deputy Coroner A. S. Weston viewed the premises he advanced the theory that whatever crushed the boiler blew out the gas, which then flowed from the large burner, which was fully turned on. What manner of accident might cave in the boiler without breaking its surface he was unable to say.

After Mrs. Wiggins's death was discovered her friends were notified, and Mrs. Emily N. Pratt of 9 East Forty-third Street came to the house, as did Mrs. R. M. Bruce of Saratoga, with whom Mrs. Wiggins had spent the Summer.

According to the stories told to Dr. Weston, the ice man called at the house at 8:45 Wednesday morning and Mrs. Wiggins met him at the door and said that she would not want ice that day. At 9:30 Frank Criscuola of 2,609 Eighth Avenue, called to get the grocery order. He rang the bell several minutes, but got no answer. It was probably within this forty-five minutes that the accident occurred.

Criscuola called again at 10, and, finally, at 11:30, but received no answer to his rings. Mrs. Pratt telephoned to Mrs. Wiggins five times during Wednesday and received no answer. She finally gave up, thinking the telephone was out of order.

Both Mrs. Pratt and Mrs. Bruce said last night that Mrs. Wiggins was very wealthy and that she owned much property in Bayonne and several houses in this city, including the one in which she lived. Mrs. Bruce said her maiden name was Mary Sheldon, and that her home was in Binghampton, N. Y., where her father had been a bank president and her uncle a Justice of the Supreme Court. Mrs. Wiggins took the house in which she died five years ago, giving for it property in Binghamton.

Mrs. Bruce said she had known Mrs. Wiggins for thirty years, and that her son died in Saratoga from gas poisoning. He was found one morning dead in bed, with the gas turned on.

Mrs. Pratt said Mrs. Wiggins had been married three times, her first husband being named Spencer, the second named Reimer, and the third, who died three years ago, was an officer of the United States Army.

Miss Good will be removed to her home, 22 Hamilton Place, Brooklyn, today, and will be buried in her own plot in Greenwood Cemetery, while it is expected that Mrs. Wiggins will be buried in her family plot at Binghamton.

CITY ASKS TAXES ON $12,000,000,000

Continued from Page 1.

seats, automobiles paying the registration fee, household goods, furniture, clothing, and personal effects up to the extent of $1,000, and a further exemption of $250 to each household. In addition to all these, a person is allowed, as an offset, all his just debts.

"If a person cannot get away from the assessment in spite of all these exemptions," said Mr. Powell, "and he happens to be a non-resident, he can write his own ticket, in ignoring parance, or make his own assessment, as, under a decision of the Court of Appeals, it has been held that non-residents cannot be made liable in an action to recover a personal tax under the personal tax collection statute in the City of New York, and as the City of New York is the only place in this State where any serious effort is made to collect personal taxes, if he does not pay them here he does not need to pay them anywhere else."

$54,000,000 Not Collected

Mr. Powell said that from a recent statement prepared by the Corporation Counsel, who has charge of the collection of the arrears of personal taxes, it appears that in the past fifteen years here has been transmitted by the Receiver of Taxes for collection, $56,587,758.03, and of this amount the Corporation Counsel has only collected $1,597,731.39. This leaves more than $54,000,000 of uncollected personal taxes on the books as an apparent asset.

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224-226 and 228 Fifth Avenue, 467 and 471 5th Av.

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Luxurious Furs and Rich Fur-trimmed Apparel

For immediate selection or to Order

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The most inclusive and authoritative collection presented by any high-class Specialty House in America

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Commencing to-day (Friday)

An extraordinary value will be offered in over 4,000 yards of 54-inch

Black Duchesse Satin

at $1.78 per yard

Owing to the unusual width and quality of this Satin the offering is most exceptional.

Women's Ready-to-wear Department
(Third Floor)

A Special Sale of Tailored Separate Skirts

for to-day and Saturday, will comprise several new styles developed in the smart seasonable fabrics, and unusually priced as follows:

Separate Skirts of corduroy and checked velour de laine	$5.75
Wool Plaid Skirts	6.75
Black Broadcloth Skirts, fur trimmed,	8.75

Men's Balta Footwear
(exclusive to B. Altman & Co.)

is designed with a view of producing the acme of style and comfort. The materials used are selected by experts and put together by qualified workmen over specially constructed lasts. Extensive assortments of attractive House Slippers are also displayed at moderate prices.

Men's Balta Lace Shoes

Will be placed on Special Sale to-day and Saturday at $5.50 per pair

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue
34th and 35th Streets New York

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th St.

Store Opens 9 A. M., Closes 6 P. M.

Specially arranged for today and tomorrow an Important Showing of

Motor Lap Robes

You will need one or more for the races.

PLUSH ROBES

Double-faced, black, green or blue ..... at $2.95
Double-faced, extra size ..... at $4.75
Angora Plush Robes, double, black or brown ..... at $7.50
Crushed Mohair Plush Robes ..... at $17.50
Imported Plush Robes ..... at $27.50 and $40

BOX CLOTH ROBES

Blue, green, brown, maroon or black, with English checked lining,
$15.00, $25.00, $35.00, $50.00

Steamer Robes ..... $7.50, $10.50 and $12.50

FUR ROBES

Black Dog Skin Robes ..... at $19.50
Natural Muskrat Robes ..... at $65.00
Squirrel Robes ..... at $125.00
Raccoon Robes ..... at $69.50
Japanese Mink Robes ..... at $125.00
Mole Skin Robes ..... at $85.00

Motor Apparel Shop, 6th floor.

We are exclusive agents for the famous "Aquascutum" London-made, all-wool, shower-proof

Top Coats for Men at $25.00

These coats combine the uses and qualities of several Coats. Thoroughly reliable protectors against dampness and rain; warm, yet light in weight; silk-lined yoke and sleeves.

Motor Apparel Shop, 6th floor.

For two days only, today and tomorrow

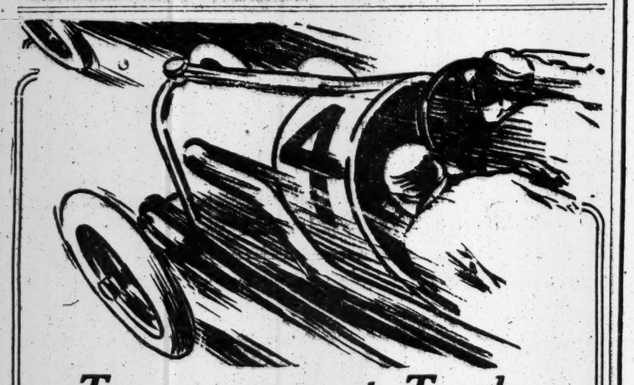
An Important Sale of

Men's High-Grade Union Suits
(regularly $2.00), at $1.45

An ideal worsted fabric of medium weight. Splendidly made; fit perfectly. Ankle length; long sleeves.

Men's mediumweight natural Worsted Shirts and Drawers at 69c
Our regular price $1.00

Long sleeve Shirts; Drawers regular and stout sizes.



To-morrow at Twelve

Be sure to get your tickets to-day for this wonderfully spectacular, thrilling and history-making race. Greater speed predicted than ever before achieved by racing cars. 30,000 open stand seats free to holders of admission tickets. Gates open at 9 A. M.

ASTOR CUP RACE

All America's most famous drivers entered.
350 miles—$50,000 Cash Prizes and Astor Trophy.

Sheepshead Bay Speedway

General Admission, $2.00 Seats in Open Stand Free.
Seat in Grand Stand, $3.00 Extra.
Parking space behind the open-stand seats free to occupants of those seats.
Boxes, holding six persons, including admission, $50, $75, $100 and $150.
Parking space, located behind grand stand, free to holders of boxes and grand stand seats.
Parking space within oval fronting homestretch, not including admission:
FIRST ROW.....$25.00 SECOND ROW.....$15.00

Tickets on sale at Tyson's, McBride's, Information and Public Service Bureau of R. H. Macy & Co., American Automobile Assn.; Abraham & Straus, B'klyn; Hotel Biltmore Theatre Ticket Office, Motor Club of Brooklyn, 1255 Bedford Ave., cor. Fulton St., Phone 177 Decatur. Newark Automobile Club, Newark, and Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corp., 1600 Broadway, between 53d and 54th Sts., N. Y., Phone Circle 1915.

HOW TO GET TO THE SPEEDWAY

By Automobile: Via Brooklyn, Manhattan (Canal St.), Williamsburg (Delancey St.), and Queensborough (59th St.), Bridges.
By Rail: Brighton Beach "L" at Brooklyn Bridge, Subway to Borough Hall, changing to Brighton Beach "L"; E. 34th St. Ferry, via Long Island R. R.

Chauffeurs' Outfits Special

AT

$43.50

Overcoat, Suit and Cap to Match

Smart, neat, perfect fitting and durable; the best value in Motor Clothes for Chauffeurs that can be bought. A Double-Breasted Overcoat. A smart Norfolk Jacket with Trousers or Breeches. A Cap of Regulation Chauffeur's Style.

Made of fine quality worsted whipcord in two shades of gray and in tan—the outfit complete $43.50, or as follows:

Overcoat	$25.00
Suit	$16.50
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Suit with two pairs of Trousers or Breeches or one pair of each—$23.50

Other Outfits of Better Grade at $37.50, $75.00 and $125.00
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Motor Apparel Catalogue Mailed on Request.

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An old adage but a good one. Neither should you keep important business records, duplicate files, account books, etc., in the same building in which your business is conducted.

The most important corporations and firms in Manhattan believe in this policy and are using our facilities. You should consider it.

Have our representative talk it over with you.

We rent specially fitted rooms in our Fireproof Warehouses (the largest and most modern in New York) as low as $5.00 per month, accessible 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. The Nevins Street Subway Station, 7 minutes from Wall Street and out of lower Manhattan's congested district, is at our door.

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Your own taste will tell you---convince you---that

WARD'S Wheatheart BREAD

the genuine whole wheat loaf, is an unusually fine loaf and is as palatable and appetizing as it is healthful.

The reason for WHEAT-HEART'S fine flavor is that it contains a very large proportion or volume of whole wheat flour, and this flour is ground specially for us by the old fashioned stone process.

Order a loaf of WHEAT-HEART BREAD today from your grocer. It is made in large size 10c loaves.

Made in the WARD Bakeries at New York, Brooklyn and Newark.

EUGENIA KELLY SEEN AGAIN ON BROADWAY

Al Davis, the Dancer, Left Murray's with Young Heiress Following Him.

LAWYER McINTYRE TALKS

Hasn't Seen Mrs. Kelly Yet, but Thinks Some Legal Action Will Be Taken by Mother.

The case of Miss Eugenia Kelly, the young heiress to a $1,000,000 estate who was brought into court last May on her mother's charge of incorrigibility because of her infatuation for Broadway night life, the "trotteries" of the gay white way, and a crowd of professional dancers and other habitues of the "trotteries," has come into the limelight again. This time, according to John F. McIntyre, counsel for the mother, Mrs. Edward Kelly, it is because of the "continued pernicious influence" of the professional dancer, Al Davis, over the young heiress. Davis was said to be the one who had most to do with introducing Miss Kelly to the sort of life that prompted her mother's action.

Mrs. Kelly now plans to take some sort of action against Davis personally to obliterate him from her daughter's life, Mr. McIntyre said yesterday. The method by which this is to be done has not been decided upon definitely, and the lawyer and Mrs. Kelly will hold a conference today to decide this point.

"I haven't seen Mrs. Kelly personally since she returned to the city," Mr. McIntyre said yesterday afternoon, "but I know that she is thinking of taking severe action against this man Davis, as that seems to be the only way to end his influence over her daughter. We will discuss ways and means when I see Mrs. Kelly."

Asked what kind of an action could be brought against the professional dancer, Mr. McIntyre said:

"The most likely action in the present circumstances would be to charge him with enticement and inveiglement and to send him to State prison. He certainly must be sent away somewhere."

The reason that Mr. McIntyre and Mrs. Kelly feel that it is so necessary to get Davis away is that, in spite of her renunciation of him and of the gay night life she had been leading and of the friends she had made, as a result of which renunciation Mrs. Kelly withdrew the incorrigibility charge, Miss Kelly has since permitted Davis to see her on some occasions. With her mother she went to the West for the Summer, after the court proceedings here had been stopped. Val O'Farrell, a private detective, was engaged by Mrs. Kelly to keep a watch on Davis. In the Summer Davis also went West, and was seen in the same resort where the Kellys were stopping. Soon after this, Miss Kelly was quoted in dispatches as saying that she would marry Al Davis despite all opposition.

On returning to New York Mrs. Kelly and her daughter registered at the Hotel Belmont. Al Davis found Miss Kelly there, and night before last he took her to Murray's restaurant. The management ordered him out, and as he hurried out of the crowded dining room Miss Kelly followed after him, smiling.

"Davis got into trouble at Murray's some months ago," Val O'Farrell said yesterday, "and instead of prosecuting him, the management barred him from returning to the restaurant.

"I have had men watching his movements all Summer. He spent most of his time at Atlantic City, Long Beach and Jersey resorts, spending money lavishly. Undoubtedly Mr. Intyre has enough evidence in his hands to prosecute Davis."

Mrs. Kelly, after finding that Davis had discovered that she was at the Belmont with her daughter, returned to her apartment at 116 East Sixty-third Street. She was not at home yesterday afternoon, and Miss Kelly was also out. A maid said that Miss Kelly had not told her where she was going when she went out, but had said not to prepare dinner for her as she would not be back until later. It is considered probable that an effort will be made to take action against Davis quickly, for the divorce his wife procured from him will become final on Nov. 1.

Not Joseph Francolini's Widow.

It was erroneously stated in THE TIMES yesterday that Mrs. Matilda Francolini, against whom the Grand Jury returned three indictments for grand larceny, was the widow of Joseph Francolini, former President of the Italian Savings Bank. Joseph Francolini is living and still President of the Italian Savings Bank. The woman under indictment is the widow of another Francolini who had no connection with the bank, and who died before his wife became involved in the real estate transactions which eventually caused her arrest.

Rofrano Not in Jamaica.

The search for Michael A. Rofrano, former Deputy Street Cleaning Commissioner, who was indicted by the Grand Jury for planning the murder of Mike Gaimari, has developed no new clues as to his whereabouts. Rumors that he was in hiding in Jamaica, according to the police, have no foundation in fact. Rofrano, they say, has not been seen in that locality since his indictment.

MURDER SICK MAN IN BED.

Wife Returns from Errand to Find Husband's Skull Crushed.

Abram van Raalte, an insurance agent of 876 East 181st Street, the Bronx, had reached the third floor of the flat house at 735 East 182d Street last evening, seeking an acquaintance, when a door was flung open and a woman rushed out screaming that her husband had been murdered. Van Raalte ran into the flat with her. On a bed lay a man whose skull was crushed in over the left eye. Beside him lay an improvised weapon made of two heavy files tied together and wrapped in a newspaper.

Van Raalte ran to the street blowing a police whistle and presently several policemen and detectives as well as a doctor from Fordham Hospital were in the flat. The latter said the man was dead and the woman, who said she was the dead man's wife, told the detectives how she believed two men had murdered him.

She said she was Mrs. Frances Gaglio and that her husband, Salvatore, had been a partner in the skirt factory of Brown & Gaglio, 510-512 Sixth Avenue. Recently he had mastoiditis and had returned several days ago from a hospital where he had been told his case was incurable.

Last evening two men, both young, one slender, the other very short, called to see Gaglio and, although he was in bed, the wife admitted them, and they entered the bedroom. Gaglio seemed to know them, said his wife, though she had never seen them, and the three chatted, to all appearances, pleasantly enough until she went to a drug store to have a prescription for her husband filled. When she returned she found him dead in bed and the house ransacked. From her handbag $40 had been taken.

Van Raalte said he had seen two such men leave the house as he entered, and a small boy, Herman Brunner of 2,106 Clinton Avenue, said he had seen them and that one carried a bag. Detectives started to look for them.

Mrs. Gaglio said her husband had received Black Hand letters two years ago and had turned them over to the police. Nothing ever came of them, however, and about eighteen months ago they ceased.

Gaglio was 31 years old and had two children, Pellegrino, 8 years old, and Leonardo, 3½. Both children were with relatives last evening, so no member of the family was in the house when Gaglio was killed.

Perkins Loses Three Assistants.

Three members of District Attorney Perkins's staff resigned yesterday. Assistant District Attorney William A. De Ford resigned to accept the place of general attorney for the Star Publishing Company. Deputy Assistant Frank J. Coleman, Jr., will become secretary to Supreme Court Justice Finch, and Deputy Assistant Joseph O. Skinner of the Homicide Bureau will enter private practice in Jersey City.

JAIL LAWYER SLADE ON BRIBERY CHARGE

Arrested in Brooklyn Court, Following Indictment by Grand Jury.

BROTHER'S SURETY REFUSED

Police Charge the Accused Offered Money to a Witness to Induce Him Not to Testify.

Maxwell Slade, member of the law firm of Slade & Slade, with offices at 200 Broadway, Manhattan, was indicted yesterday by the Kings County Grand Jury on a charge of attempted bribery and arraigned before Judge Robert H. Roy in the County Court. He pleaded not guilty and bail was fixed at $2,000. Benjamin Slade, a brother of the accused lawyer, offered property in Freeport, L. I., which he said was worth $4,000, as security for the release of Maxwell, but Judge Roy refused it, saying that he would accept only realty in Kings County In default of bail Slade was committed to Raymond Street Jail. The Slades were attorneys for Rae Tanzer in the James W. Osborne case.

According to the indictment against Slade, he is accused of offering $200 as a bribe to William J. Fitzgibbons, a driver, if he refused to testify against James C. McGowan, a driver for the American Smelting and Refining Company, who was accused of receiving stolen goods. Fitzgibbons said he rejected the offer of the lawyer and was a witness against him before the Grand Jury.

The charges against McGowan were dismissed, but the case caused Detectives Friday and Lohman of the Sixth Branch Detective Bureau to make an investigation of the story of the stolen goods. The property consisted of fifteen ingots of copper valued at $800. It was owned by the smelting company, but the detectives learned that while it was supposed to be in transit between Baltimore and a town in Connecticut on July 16, it was found on a truck on its way to Frank P. and William H. Harrison, junk dealers, at 169 South Street, Manhattan.

As a result of the investigation by the detectives a charge of receiving stolen goods was made against the two Harrisons, and they, too, were indicted yesterday by the Kings County Grand Jury. They were arraigned before Judge Roy in the County Court and pleaded not guilty. Each was held in $2,000 bail.

Both the Harrisons and their lawyer went to jail together.

KILLS WIFE IN PARK, THEN KILLS HIMSELF

Couple Had Been Separated for a Month and Husband Had Sued for Divorce.

Persons in Prospect Park, Brooklyn, near the Third Street entrance, heard a man and woman sitting on a bench, quarreling in loud voices shortly after 8 o'clock last night. One man saw the woman tear a bulky letter into small pieces and throw them to the ground, at the same time exchanging bitter words with her companion.

The witness had gone on about 200 yards when he heard four shots. He ran back toward the bench and arrived there with several National Guardsmen of Troop C, who were on their way through the park, and Policemen Cross and Fitzgerald of the Prospect Park station. They found the woman dead from three wounds, one in the face and two in the body, and the man unconscious and dying from a bullet in the heart.

Beside the man they found a pencil and an envelope on which he had scrawled, evidently as he was dying, the words:

"Please call my brother, Dr. Charles I. Gordon, 1,662 Eastern Parkway, or call C. Y. Gordon. Ask Mr. Dunkise, the druggist of Rochester Avenue, near Eastern Parkway, for Mr. Gordon who lives in that house."

The police reached Cyrus P. Gordon of 266 Rochester Avenue, who went to the Prospect Park Station and identified the dead man as his brother, Murry Gordon, 25 years old, a salesman of 1,662 Eastern Parkway, and the dead woman as Mrs. Bessie Gordon, the dead man's wife.

He then told the police that Murry Gordon and his wife had quarreled frequently, that they had been separated for a month, and that he had started a suit for divorce. How they had come to meet and go to the park together, the brother did not know.

In the pocket of the dead man, the police found several pages torn from a magazine on which were printed, with illustrations, the story of a tragedy due to the unfaithfulness of a wife.

Thrill with Autumn Pleasures

Evans Ale and Stout

Fills with Joy

Good Restaurants, Saloons and Dealers.

Stern Brothers

42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

The Highly Important Pre-Announced Sales of

Men's Clothing and Accessories

Will continue To-day and To-morrow, offering exceptional early season price advantages in the following departments:

Men's High Class Autumn Clothing

On the Third Floor, offering the utmost in style, material and tailoring, for both business and dress wear, at very special early season prices.

Men's and Young Men's Sack Suits, . . at $25.00

The models are the very latest and are here in a range of styles to suit every individual taste from the conservative to the extreme. Cheviots, Cassimeres and Worsteds, plain and unfinished, predominate in plaids, overplaids, stripes, checks and mixtures. Every smart and desirable coloring, also blues and blacks.

Men's Imported London Made Overcoats at $25.00

Specially made for us of English and Scotch tweeds and cheviots; plain and fancy heather mixtures. Every overcoat in the lot is an exceptional value at the price. Values $30, 35 and 37.50.

Men's Cape Gloves at 95c pair

One clasp, prix seam sewn; double drawn backs; in shades of tan.

Men's Autumn Shoes at $3.75 a pair

Laced models, embodying superior workmanship, made on flat lasts with the popular low broad heels; also high arched lasts with medium high heels, in tan and black Russia calfskin.

Men's Furnishing Department

Very Special Prices for this Interesting Men's Event:

Men's Fine Neckwear of rich Imported and American Silks, flowing end shapes; reg. $1.00 & 1.50 — 65c

Men's Negligee Shirts Plaited and plain bosoms, with laundered cuffs, Fall 1915 designs, — $1.15

Men's Pajamas of Striped Madras, Plain Colored Pongee and Domet Flannel, suit — 95c

Men's Pajamas of Imported Madras and self-figured Mercerized Pongee, suit — $1.25

Men's Hosiery

Very Specially Priced

Cotton Half Hose, in black, tan or gray; medium weight; . pair — 21c

Lisle Half Hose, in black only, . . pair — 32c

Silk Half Hose, in black, tan, gray and navy; lisle soles; . pair — 42c

Superior Silk Half Hose, in black, tan, gray and navy; pair — 75c

Men's Underwear

Very Specially Priced

Balbriggan Shirts & Drawers, medium weight; shirts with long or short sleeves; drawers in regular or stout sizes, . . . each — 45c

Natural Merino Shirts and Drawers, of superior and serviceable qualities; medium weight, — 85c

"Tru Form" Union Suits, of white cotton in regular and stout sizes; medium weight, . at — 1.00

CELESTINS VICHY

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Natural Alkaline Water

For 50 years the standard Mineral Water for the relief of Sour Stomach, Indigestion and Uric Acid.

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

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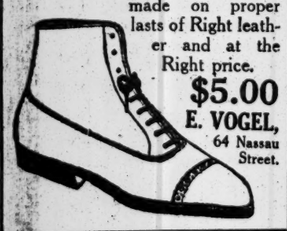
Vogel's Bench-Made Shoes are made on proper lasts of Right leather and at the Right price.



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CARPET CLEANSING

RUGS AND ALL FLOOR COVERINGS. Dyeing, Altering, Relaying, Moth-Proofing, Rug Repairing, Storage. 45 years' experience.

THE THOS. J. STEWART CO.

1204 Broadway, at 46th St., New York. Phone—Bryant 3894.

FIFTH-BIRTHDAY SALES

Beginning Today—To Make October the Most Remarkable Month of Merchandising in the History of the GIMBEL Store

Important occasions demand important recognition. This store has completed its first half-decade in serving New York. Its gratification at having won its place in the arduous field of New York retailing, by something more than the mere buying and selling of goods, impels it to celebrate its reaching of the Fifth Milestone by offerings of unusual public benefit.

Our whole store organization has worked with high enthusiasm to make this The Great Event. A long list of manufacturers and dealers have shown their sympathy with our endeavors by providing many fine lots of goods at low prices. The result is a series of wonderful events which will crowd the month with profit for the public and add thousands of new friends to those we already have.

Here is to-day's instalment of the Birthday News. There will be chapter after chapter of intense interest throughout the month—read them day by day. Plan to become a frequent visitor to GIMBELS, in order to share in the Special Offerings and to see each day's displays of the new merchandise.

Women's $15 Black Velvet Ostrich Trimmed Sailor Hats, $10

For today and Saturday only! These stunning Sailors from the GIMBEL French Salons. They are a perfect reproduction of Maison Lewis's newest broad brim sailor. One large French gray curled ostrich plume as the only trimming. Third Floor

Women's $35 Broadcloth Suits, $29.50

100 Suits of fine quality broadcloth in navy blue, black, African brown, plum or taupe; medium length Jacket with rippling fullness from waist, high choker collar; fur trimmed. Third Floor

Women's $35 Two-Tone Velour Coats, $25

High military collar of skunk, opossum, belted set-in-sleeves and lined throughout with peau de cygne; in gray or brown.

$32.50 Velour Raye Coats $21.50

Very high collar of self material, new shoulder yoke, belted, set-in sleeves and lined throughout with peau de cygne. Third Floor

New Button-in-Back Blouse, $2

First copy of the latest Paris Blouse, with high "Lily" collar and full puffed sleeves. White voile, inset with bands of Irish Crochet. As illustrated.

$6.95 Georgette Crepe Blouses, $3.95

Joffre blue, military rose, white and flesh color. Two-in-one Collar; fastens down front with pearl buttons. Third Floor

Young Women's $39.50 to $45 "Sample" Suits, $29.50

Latest fall and winter models of whipcord and broadcloth. Some are fur trimmed. Colors—Blue, African brown, Russian green, and a few black-and-white checks. Sizes, 14 and 16 years.

Girls' $15 Velvet Dresses $10

Several attractive styles from which to select in blue, brown, green or black. Sizes, 6 to 14 years. Third Floor

$10 Latest Model Smart Set Corsets, $3.50

600 Corsets of lightweight imported fabrics. They were ordered by a high-class retail store, but delay in receiving the Imported materials caused the order to be cancelled; fresh, perfect and latest autumn styles for small and medium figures; medium bust, medium length hip, white or flesh color; sizes 21 to 28. Pink Corset Shop, Second Floor

Women's $8.75 to $10.75 Cloth Skirts, $5

200 Skirts bought specially for this Birthday Sale. Serges, Poplins, Mixtures, Striped materials, Taffetas, Satins.

$7.95 Corduroy Broadcloth Skirts, $5.75

An entirely new skirt material in black, navy blue, African brown, field mouse, and Russian green. Third Floor

$6,500 Worth of Handbags at Average Half

All newly made for this and the coming winter season.

At 85c, $1, $1.35, $1.65, $1.95 and $2.95

More than three dozen styles, including Avenue, Envelope, Carriage, Shopping, Pouch and Dress Bags, of Vachette, Saffian, Morocco, and Seal, in black, brown, purple, green, navy and gray; plain and fancy linings. Main Floor

7,800 Pairs Women's $1.50 Pique Glace Gloves, 95c Pair

New, desirable Gloves, having one large clasp at wrist. Black, white, tan and gray, with self-embroidery, contrasting embroidery on black and white.

Women's $2.50 White French Lambskin Gloves $1.55

1,200 pairs made of wonderfully elastic skins, full cut, 16-button length, with three Cleopatra clasps at wrist. Main Floor

Men's & Women's $3 to $4 Umbrellas, $2

Fine Silk and Union Taffeta Umbrellas. Women's handles—long silver caps, gunmetal, silver-mounted, carved, etched and engraved silver caps. Men's handles—cape and buckhorn hooks, silver-mounted and plain natural woods. Main Floor

$7.50 to $16.50 Paradise, $5 to $12.50

Black and natural; Fountain effects and curled side sweeps.

$27 Large Paradise with Head $21.50

$10 to $40 Paradise Bandeaux, $8.50 to $37.50.

$4.25 to $6 Fan Effect Goura $3.50 and $5

Black or natural; with or without tips.

50c to $3 Fancy Millinery Ornaments 25c to $1

Steel, beaded and assorted ornaments. Third Floor

$3.75 Woolen Blankets, $2.75 Pair

White and fancy block plaids, with mohair binding; size 66x80 in.

$3.25 Silk-Mull Comfortables $2.25 Each

Dainty new floral designs and colorings; filled with white fluffy cotton; 9-in. plain borders to match.

$3.50 Scalloped Bedspreads $2.25 Each

Satin finish; new Marseilles patterns; cutout corners for metalbeds. Full size. Second Floor

2,300 Men's New $25 and $30 Fall Suits and Overcoats at $14.75

Newest fabrics, styles and colorings in the Suits. All sizes from 33 to 48. A very remarkable presentation of the latest styles at a new price.

Overcoats are mostly silk-lined Chesterfield or loose-fitting models. Oxford gray, tan, brown. Knitted cloths. Tan coverts. Sizes 33 to 44. Fourth Floor

Men's $1.50 Soft Shirts, 85c

All with five buttons and centre pleat. Fine woven madras and mercerized cotton pongee. All sizes from 14 to 17.

Men's $1 Silk Open-End Ties 50c

Men's $1 Elastic Web Suspenders 50c

Main Floor

Men's $3—and Better—Hats, $1.65

Soft Hats and Derbies in Fall styles and colorings.

Men's $2 Cloth Stitched Hats $1

Fourth Floor

Men's $1 and $1.25 Silk Hose, 65c

Black and colors. Double silk sole and top.

Men's 35c Silk Hose 6 Pairs for $1

Men's 50c Silk Lisle Hose 3 Pairs for $1

Main Floor

Men's $1.75 Union Suits, $1.25

Heavy natural merino. Closed crotch. Sizes, 34 to 46.

Men's $1.50 "Otis" Union Suits 85c

Men's $1 Sample Union Suits 65c

Main Floor

Women's $2 to $4 Fine Lingerie, $1

2,000 Nightgowns, Envelope Chemises, Combinations, Corset Covers, that were bought several weeks ago in anticipation of this sale, otherwise with the advance in laces and embroideries the same garments could not be duplicated except at the higher prices. Of fine nainsook, batiste or cambric; lace, embroidery and ribbon trimmed. Second Floor

Women's High-Grade Boots, $3.95 Pair

Discontinued styles, taken from stock, of our highest grade Shoes that sold for $6, $7, $8 and $10. Dress and street models of patent leather, suede, satin, and glace kid in various combination effects; some with gray, putty and fawn cloth or buckskin tops. Not all sizes in every style, but all sizes in the entire lot. Second Floor

$2.75 Damask Table Cloths, $1.85

2 x 2 yards. Also 2 x 2½ yards at $2.45 from $3.50 and 2 x 3 yards at $3.15 from $4.50.

The 22 x 22-in. Napkins to match at $2.75 from $4.

$4.25 All Linen Huckaback Towels, $3 Dozen

$1.50 and More Imported Chiffon Broadcloths, 95c

Width 48 to 54 inches. Lustrous finish. New Fall colorings, including dark brown, dark green, navy blue and plum.

$1.50 to $2 Silk-and-Wool Dress Goods, 85c Yard

In black and newest Fall colorings.

$2 All-Wool Checks and Plaids, $1.25 Yard

Various size checks and various color combinations. Second Floor

Luxurious $100 Davenports, $50

All-over upholstered in tapestry. Length 7 feet over all. Loose cushion seats.

$40 "COWAN" Library Tables, $30

Colonial. Solid mahogany. Top 28x48 inches. Seventh Floor

$25 Austrian China Dinner Sets, $15.75

Floral spray design, coin gold handles. 100 pieces.

$27.50 English 106-Piece Dinner Sets, $16.75

Fifth Floor

4,000 Pairs Lace Curtains

$4 Marie Antoinette Lace Curtains, $2.95 Pair

White and Arabe. Full width, length 2½ yards. Three designs.

$9.50 Real Imported Irish Point Curtains, $6.95

$5 and $5.50 Imported Cluny Curtains, $4 and $4.50

$5 Dutch Curtains, with Valance, $2.50

$1.75 Cluny-trimmed Dutch Curtains, $1.45

$8 White or Arabe Bedspreads, $5.50

Sixth Floor

Rugs—Five Fine Groups at $5

French Wilton Rugs, "name of maker woven in the back." Hearth size—36x63 inches. Regularly $10, for $5.

Axminster Rugs, size 4 ft. 6x6 ft. 6. Regularly $8.50, for $5.

Axminster Hall Runners, 22½ in. x15 ft. Regularly $8.50, for $5.

Rag Rugs, 8 ft. 3x10 ft. 6. Regularly $8, for $5.

Oriental Rugs, small sizes. Regularly $7.50, for $5. Sixth Floor

$10 Portable Gas Lamps, $6.75

Cast metal with cast metal overlay shades on "art glass." Grecian antique or Colonial brass finish.

SHOPPING for specialties—the toy that comes from Schwartz, a new record from the Aeolian Co., a book from Putnam's, a box of bon bons from Maillard's, is a matter of convenience and comfort if you travel from place to place by a

FIFTH AVENUE BUS

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PRICE $225.00

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Sonora
CLEAR AS A BELL

THE SONORA is the only phonograph that plays *perfectly* all makes of disc records.

Its famous Swiss motor plays nearly twice as long (with one winding) as any phonograph at the same price.

With the Sonora Multi-Playing Jewel Needle or with the Diamond or Sapphire Needles, there is no need "to change"; a great comfort.

Prices $35, $50, $75, $100, $135, $150, $225 and $300.

Call and let us play a Sonora for you.

SONORA PHONOGRAPH CORPORATION
GEORGE E. BRIGHTSON, President.
Fifth Avenue Salons at 53rd Street
Main Office and Salesrooms
57 Reade Street
NEW YORK.

NINE COMPETITORS IN SUBMARINE BIDS

Unparalleled Rivalry Shown for Contracts to Build 16 New American Submersibles.

BOTH COASTS REPRESENTED

New Companies Propose New Types —Bids Range from $510,000 to $550,000, the Legal Limit.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Evidence of a probable development of submarine types and building plants in the United States as a result of the lessons of the war in Europe was furnished today, when bids were opened at the Navy Department for the sixteen coast defense submarines for which authorization was made by the Naval Appropriations act of 1915. This was indicated by the keen competition and the offering of plans for new types.

The gallery was as large as that which usually witnesses the opening of bids for battleships. Ordinarily there have been only two companies bidding for the construction of submarines for the American Navy, and only a few persons present. Today there were nine competing companies, and, besides representatives of the bidders, there were agents present representing shipbuilding companies that did not bid, as well as a representative of Charles M. Schwab of the Bethlehem Steel Works.

The bids ranged from $510,000 to $550,000 for a complete submarine. Time of delivery varied from twelve months to twenty-five months. There were also bids only to furnish the propelling power, the submarine to be built by the Government.

The principal competitors in the past for American submarines have been the Lake Torpedo Boat Company of Bridgeport and the Electric Boat Company of New York. Most of the submarines thus far built for the navy have been built by the latter company, or under license from that company, which controls the Holland patents.

Proposals Under M Type.

One of the bids made by this company today was for a duplication of the M-1 type of submarine, built under contract at the Navy Department and now undergoing her preliminary trials at Provincetown, Mass. This vessel is the largest submarine yet built for our navy, and has a tonnage of 550 on the surface and about 800 submerged. The company offers to build eight or more boats of this type for $550,000 each.

This type is 185 feet long and has four torpedo tubes and a three-inch gun mounted on the forward deck. It is designed for a surface speed of fifteen knots, with a maximum cruising radius of 6,000 miles. It is the first example of a new type of submarine thus far built in this country. The company contends that it is the equal of any of the German submarines. Today's proposals for this type called for delivery in sixteen months, whereas the usual time of delivery has been from twenty-two to twenty-eight months.

Design 37-L, submitted by the Electric Boat Company, is for submarines similar to the L type, now undergoing trials. Design 37-M of the same company is an improved L type. The same company also submitted Design 68-A for an entirely new type of submarine.

The Lake Company offered to build any of eight types of submarines at prices ranging from $532,000 to $545,000. It also offered to grant a license to the Navy Department to build a submarine at any Atlantic Coast navy yard on company plans at the rate of $100 a ton for each net ton of submerged displacement.

New types of submarines were proposed by both the Newport News and the New York Shipbuilding Company. It is understood that these companies contemplate building after the Hay-Denny designs, in connection with which the President of the Newport News company was en route to Europe on the Lusitania when he lost his life. The bids of these companies were each for the construction of two boats, and their bids were identical, $550,000 for each boat.

Pacific Coast Bidders.

The Union Iron Works of San Francisco proposes to build submarines of 380 tons each within twelve months for a contract price as low as $510,000 under patent license from the Electric Boat Company.

Another bidder was the California Shipbuilding Company of Long Beach, a $5,000,000 corporation recently organized to buy the John F. Craig Ship Yard at Long Beach, adjoining the Los Angeles harbor, if contracts should be obtained. This company bid for not less than three nor more than five 485-ton submarines at $548,500 each and offered the Government a license to build duplicate boats for a compensation of $100 per net ton. The company has under option a license to build an even-keel submerged type of submarine which, as to general form of construction and principle of operation by lateral hydroplanes, is declared by representatives of the company here to be practically the same as the German submarine type.

The President of the new company is George H. Bixbie, President of the Long Beach Trust Company. The Vice President, W. C. Foley, formerly was Superintendent of Construction at Newport News and later a Director of submarine construction at the Government shipyard of one of the European belligerents. The company's consulting naval architect is Commander R. H. M. Robinson, until recently a naval constructor of the United States Navy, who had charge of the designing of most of the dreadnoughts now in commission. It was announced here tonight that if the Craig yard were turned over to the new company John F. Craig would be identified with it under a ten-year agreement. The company announced that if awarded contracts for any of the submarines it would expand its shipyard and make a specialty of constructing war craft.

Abner R. Neff of Washington, another new bidder, proposes to build and deliver to the Government the Neff system of submarine propulsion for one submarine, the boat itself to be built by the Government. The other new bidders were B. P. Finigan of Washington and Sloan, Danenhower & Co. of New York.

Details of the Bids.

The bids were so complicated as to make comparison at a glance impossible. The complete bids follow:

(1) Lake Torpedo Boat Company, Bridgeport, Conn.:

Bid A—Construct and complete at Bridgeport works and deliver at Navy Yard, New York:

Class 2—485 tons, 4, 5, or 6 even-keel control submarine boats of 14 knots surface speed, 11 knots submerged speed, of one of the following designs: Design 24 M-1, $545,000 each; Design 24 K-1, $543,000 each; Design 24 M, $543,000 each; Design 24 K, $541,000 each.

Time—First boat of Design 24 M or 24 K within 21 months, or first boat of Design 24 M-1 or 24 K-1 within 22 months, and successive boats at intervals of one month thereafter.

Bid B—Construct and complete at Bridgeport works and deliver at Navy Yard, New York:

Class 2—485 tons, 4, 5 or 6 even-keel control submarine boats of 14 knots surface speed and 10½ knots submerged, of one of the following designs: Design 24 H-1, $535,000 each; Design 24 P-1, $534,000 each; Design 24 H, $534,000 each; Design 24 P, $532,000 each.

Time—First boat of Design 24 H or 24 P within 21 months, or first boat of Design 24 H-1 or 24 P-1 within 22 months, and successive boats at intervals of one month thereafter.

Bid C—License for department to build boat at Atlantic Coast navy yard, company furnishing duplicate plans and specifications of one of foregoing designs, selected by department, $100 a ton of net designed submerged displacement.

(2) B. P. Finnegan, Washington, D. C.:

Proposes to construct under United States supervision at the United States construction yards, &c., sixteen submersibles for coast defense purposes at a cost of $125,000 each. Total—$2,000,000. Government to select its employes and its officers to superintend the work. Time of delivery, three months from date of award. Entirely new type of submersible.

(3) Sloan, Danenhower & Co., Inc., 233 Broadway, New York City:

License to Government to construct at a navy yard one submarine of "Davidette" type, furnishing plans, specifications, &c., at a cost of $15,000. Company to furnish engineers to supervise construction of boat and carry out trials. Company submitted letter giving a price of 15 per cent. royalty based on estimated cost of $550,000 a boat. Four submarine torpedo boats of Laurenti type. License to Government to construct at a navy yard, company furnishing plans and specifications, $380,000.

(4) Electric Boat Company, 11 Pine Street, New York City:

Bid A.—Design 68-A, Class 1, 520 tons; eight boats at works of Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation, Quincy, Mass., $550,000 each.

Time—One boat within 21 months and two each month thereafter.

Class 2, design 37 M, 458 tons; eight boats, $531,000 each.

Time—One boat within 20 months and two each month thereafter.

License Department to construct at a navy yard a boat of either design 68-A or 37-M, furnishing plans and specifications, $1,000.

Bid B—Design 37-L, class 2, 453 tons; eight or more boats at Quincy, $523,000 each.

Time—One within 17 months and two each month thereafter; also license Department to construct boat of design 37-L at a navy yard, furnishing plans and specifications, $1,000.

Bid C—Design 39-M, class 2, 487 tons; eight or more boats at Quincy, $550,000 each.

Time—One within 16 months and two each month thereafter.

Also license Department to construct boat of design 39-M at a navy yard, furnishing plans, &c., $1,000.

Bidder reserves right until Oct. 15, 1915, to withdraw bids on this design pending result of trials of U. S. S. M-1.

(5) Newport News Shipbuilding and Dry Dock Company, Newport News, Va.:

Bid A—Class 2, construct at Newport News two boats of 490 tons displacement, one within 24 months and other within 25 months, $550,000 each.

Bid B—Class 2, alternate; construct at Newport News two boats of 490 tons, one within 24 months, other 25, $550,000 each.

(6) New York Shipbuilding Company, Camden, N. J.:

Class 2—Construct at Camden, two boats of 490 tons, one within 24 months, other within 25 months; $550,000 each.

(7) Union Iron Works Company, San Francisco, Cal.:

Bid A—Design 61-C, Class 2; five or more boats, one within 12 months and two each month thereafter; $510,000 each. Same as Electric Company's Design Pan-B with minor exceptions.

Bid B—Design 37-L, Class 2; five or more boats, one within 19 months and two each month thereafter; $544,000 each. Same as Electric Company's Design 37-L.

Bid C—Design 37-M, Class 2, 458 tons; five or more boats, one within 22 months and two each month thereafter; $550,000. Same as Electric Company's Design 37-M.

(8) California Shipbuilding Company, Long Beach, Cal.:

Class 2—485 tons, at Long Beach, Cal.; not less than three nor more than five boats of the Simon Lake even-keel submerged type design, with Busch-Sulzer Brothers' Diesel engines; surface speed, 14 knots; submerged speed, 11 knots or 10½; first boat within 23 months and successive boats at intervals of one month thereafter; $548,500 each.

License Department to construct boat of L-8 type at Pacific Coast navy yard, furnishing plans, &c., $100 a ton of net design submerged displacement.

Boats duplicates of Lake boats and conditioned upon award being made to Lake Company for Bridgeport construction.

(9) Abner R. Neff, Riggs Building, Washington, D. C.:

Class 2—Design 1-A, 400 tons; complete within 16 months at an Atlantic Coast navy yard or ship yard and deliver the Neff system of submarine propulsion for one boat; $262,500.

What Specifications Require.

Under the specifications the sixteen submersibles for which bids were opened are to displace from 450 to 500 tons each, measure less than 200 feet in length, have a speed of fourteen knots on the surface and eleven knots submerged, and carry a three-inch gun battery. The specifications call for quarters for about twenty men on each boat and space for stores to permit the craft to remain away from base for thirty-day periods. The maximum cost of each vessel of this type, exclusive of armament and submarine signaling and radio outfits, was fixed by Congress at $550,000. The act also provides that under certain conditions five of the boats should be built on the Pacific Coast.

SING SING PRISONERS FIGHT WITH KNIVES

"Lifer" Cuts Welfare Delegate and Is Stabbed by His Victim's Brother.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Workers in the clothing shop in Sing Sing Prison here, between 150 and 200 of them, were greatly interested this morning when an argument began between Jack Layden, a short-term prisoner, and Jim Rooney, a "lifer." The men had a grudge against each other from the time when Rooney was a delegate of the Mutual Welfare League in the prison, and the argument quickly grew bitter.

Rooney was handling a pair of cutting shears and Layden had a big knife with which he was cutting cloth. As they talked they gesticulated with these tools, and presently, as the other men gazed at them, too startled to interfere, they sprang at each other. The knife blade and the shears flashed as the men struck at each other, and presently blood poured from the right arm of each.

By now, however, guards and other prisoners had recovered their wits, and the men were grabbed and separated. Layden was found to have such a bad cut through the biceps that he was taken to the hospital. Rooney was led into the yard, where a bandage was put around his arm, his wound being slight.

From the hands of the doctor Rooney stepped into the tailor shop to resume work, and was walking to his place when "Gyp" Layden, brother of Rooney's former antagonist, leaped at the "lifer." He swung a big tailor's knife, and before any one could interfere he had slashed Rooney across the back from shoulder to shoulder and had ripped open his throat.

Rooney dropped senseless and Layden was grabbed and disarmed and hurried off to a cell, while Rooney was carried to the hospital. It was found the knife had missed his jugular vein by a fraction of an inch only, and the doctors said he would recover although his condition was serious.

Layden's case will be taken up by the Welfare League, but it is supposed also that District Attorney Weeks, who is to begin a Grand Jury investigation of the prison on Monday at request of Supt. Riley, Warden Osborne's opponent, will use the occurrence as matter for his inquiry.

Warden Osborne made an address to the men in the mess hall of the prison this morning. He explained to them the new currency system which he has instituted, and under which every worker in the prison will receive $1 a day in "token currency" issued by the Welfare League.

He assured the men that friends had pledged him sufficient financial support to guarantee the redemption of every piece of token currency held by a prisoner at the time of his discharge, the redemption in United States currency being on the basis of dollar for dollar.

HILLSTROM SAVED BY WILSON'S PLEA

Reprieved Until Oct. 16 to Afford Swedish Minister Time to Present Evidence.

AS FAVOR TO PRESIDENT

Governor Spry Declares I. W. W. Man Was Fairly Convicted of Double Murder.

Special to The New York Times.

SALT LAKE, Sept. 30.—Joseph Hillstrom will not face the firing squad tomorrow.

In response to a request from President Woodrow Wilson, Governor William Spry this afternoon granted a reprieve to the convicted murderer of J. G. Morrison and his son, effective until the regular meeting of the Board of Pardons on Oct. 16.

The message of the President follows:

Sept. 30, 1915.

The White House, Washington, D. C.,

Hon. William Spry, Governor of Utah, Salt Lake, Utah.

Respectfully ask if it would not be possible to postpone execution of Joseph Hillstrom, who, I understand, is a Swedish subject, until the Swedish Minister has had an opportunity to present his view of the case fully to your Excellency?

(Signed) WOODROW WILSON.

The reply of Governor Spry was:

The President, Washington, D. C.

The undisputed records of the Hillstrom case show he was convicted of a most revolting murder, that the evidence shows his guilt, and that he had a fair trial. His case has been more thoroughly investigated by the Board of Pardons, consisting of the three Superior Judges, the Attorney General and the Governor, than any similar case in the history of the State. We have found no reason whatever why clemency should be extended.

All these facts have been forwarded through the State Department to the Swedish Minister and the Swedish Minister has been asked to indicate what, if anything, further could be presented by any one on a rehearing of the case which would warrant clemency. Up to the present time the Minister has failed to indicate anything whatever which would throw additional light, and has failed even to assure the board that he could or would furnish anything should a rehearing be granted, and nothing has been made to appear to justify interference with the judgment of the court.

However, on the assumption that you have been convinced that additional facts can and will be presented to the board why clemency should be extended, and upon your request, and your request only, I will grant a respite until the next meeting of the Board of Pardons, which will be held Saturday, Oct. 16, next. The constitution of this State prohibits me from making a further extension.

I must insist, however, that the Swedish Minister shall come here and make a personal investigation prior to the meeting of the Board of Pardons, for the reason that the Swedish Vice Consul for this territory has gone thoroughly into the case, has assured the board and, as I am informed, has advised the Swedish Minister that he knows no reason why the board should change its decision.

(Signed) WILLIAM SPRY,
Governor of Utah.

Announcement by the Governor of issuance of the reprieve was made following a conference between himself and the other members of the State Board of Pardons, held in the Supreme Court Chambers, at which the telegraphic request of President Wilson was considered.

Prior to the action of the Governor in granting a reprieve, the Warden of the penitentiary had established a death watch on Hillstrom at the prison, the watch beginning his duty this morning early.

During the morning Sheriff Corless visited Hillstrom at the penitentiary and asked him whom he desired to have present at the execution. Hillstrom replied that he wanted no one, not even a spiritual adviser; that he did not want anybody there except those who had to be there. "I want to be shot in my good clothes," said Hillstrom.

This was the only request the condemned man had to make, and the Sheriff promised him that it would be granted.

If the Board of Pardons fails to pardon Hillstrom, he will have to be taken before the district court again and a new date for execution set before the death penalty can be carried out.

Among the letters Hillstrom wrote was one addressed to Ben Williams of Cleveland, Ohio, containing greetings to the I. W. W. organization, in which he said:

"I have said time and again that I was going to get a new trial or die trying." He closed the letter with "a last fond farewell to all true rebels."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—President Wilson today, by telegraph, requested Governor Spry of Utah to postpone the execution of Joseph Hillstrom, a Swedish subject, until W. A. F. Ekengren, the Swedish Minister, could lay before the Governor certain information in his possession.

Putting it plainly

We have the biggest building ever built—brand new—modern as the minute you live in—located in the core of commercial and financial activity—equipped with every conceivable device for convenience, for comfort, and for safety—and far more reasonable in its rents than is justified by the character of its advantages.

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120 Broadway

Sunshine Macaroon Jumbles
A dessert in themselves. Evenly balanced flavor of macaroon and cocoanut. Good! 15c.

Sunshine Grahams
You should eat more nourishing Graham Crackers and you will—gladly—when you taste Sunshine Grahams. 10c.

Takhoma Biscuit
Demonstrated that soda biscuits could be improved. Crisp, fresh, delightful. Breaks evenly without crumbs. 8c.

Sunshine Biscuits

There's unlimited variety in Sunshine Biscuits. You can think of no occasion where food is served for which there is not a suitable Sunshine dainty. Many packages sell for only 5 cents, others for 10 cents and all the way to those wonderful desserts, Hydrox, Clover Leaves and Tan San which, though called biscuits, are really bonbons. Your dealer will tell you of many kinds not named here.

LOOSE-WILES BISCUIT COMPANY
Bakers of Sunshine Biscuits
NEW YORK

Sunshine Vanilla Wafers
Crisp, delightfully flavored biscuit to serve with any dessert or tea. 10c.

Sunshine Matinee Biscuit
Slightly sweetened biscuit that make any dessert taste better. 10c.

Sunshine Butter Thins
Crisp little wafers, made with real butter and toasted an appetizing brown. 10c.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

"My System"

Fifteen Minutes' Work a Day for Health's Sake. By Lieut. J. P. Muller.

A book that has been translated into 24 languages and has had perhaps the largest sale of any book on Health Exercise ever published.

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The San Lac Seal conserves the wholesomeness of our Grade B Milk during delivery. Our customers find it convenient to handle.

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NINE CENTS A QUART

Your health is our watchword. Nothing is left undone to make Mutual Milk the purest and most wholesome obtainable.

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Let us leave a bottle in the morning. We deliver everywhere in Manhattan and Bronx.

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We do not advertise $50 suits for $25, but we do build a

Suit for $25

that looks, wears and fits as well. Hand tailored throughout, with hand made button holes.

Our English models enjoy that superior refined appearance one meets on Fifth Ave., or Hyde Park, London. Being upstairs under low overhead charges makes such values possible.

ALFRED H. AARONS & CO.,
The English Tailor Shop.
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James McCutcheon & Co.
Fifth Avenue and 34th Street

Women's Wear Department

Our newly organized and remodeled department for Ladies' Suits, Coats, Waists, Dresses and Skirts, is now under the management of a woman who has had wide experience in some of the best New York stores. In this department we are now showing some unusually attractive merchandise and values.

Smart Street Dresses in two attractive models. One is a combination of plaid or plain color taffeta coat effect which is trimmed with serge. Fine plaited serge skirt. The other is a Russian Tunic Model with sleeves and underskirt of Satin beautifully trimmed with beaver fur. Price $24.50.

Distinctive Tailored Suits in both plain and dressy models. Copies of the season's latest imports. Materials include Venetian Broadcloth, Kitten's Ear, Duvetyn, Gabardine, Chiffon Velvets, Velveteen, Cheviots, Serges. Prices range $33.50 to $165.00.

Dancing and Evening Gowns, Afternoon Frocks and Street Dresses. Prices range $23.75 to $159.00.

Special Offering in Mourning Wear Department

Afternoon Gown of Black Crepe de Chine with vestee, collar and cuffs of tucked Georgette Crepe, revere effect, trimmed with cord and small buttons, side plaited skirt, $19.50.

Black Wool Poplin Suits strictly tailored lines. Black Faille Silk collar, trimmed with dull bone buttons. Skirt has section plaits at side and belt which forms a yoke at back, $23.50.

Reg Trade Mark.

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SOCONY
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MOTOR GASOLINE
STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK
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CAUTION

The Red, White and Blue SOCONY sign is displayed by all dealers authorized to sell SOCONY Motor Gasoline. Beware of misrepresentation. If it isn't SOCONY it isn't the Standard Oil Company of New York's Gasoline. Look for the weekly Bulletins containing list of SOCONY dealers.

GASOLOGUE No. 1

"What do you mean—'Ignition point?'"

"I mean the temperature at which the gasoline will vaporize so that it can be exploded by a spark plug."

"Humph! Same thing as 'boiling point?'"

"Practically."

"And you say low ignition point is the real test for gasoline?"

"The only real test."

"But I've always thought it depended on gravity—the higher the gravity the better the gasoline."

"That's a motor-myth. What you want to worry about is the 'boiling point.' The gravity test is not the guide to good gasoline."

"Instead of high gravity, I'm to ask for—"

"Ask for SOCONY Motor Gasoline. It's simpler. The gravity is right, the ignition point is right, and, more than that, SOCONY Gasoline is always the same wherever you get it."

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With the great Expositions at the height of their beauty—the weather at its best. Arrange to travel on

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For information and booklet—call or write

W. E. HOYT, G. E. P. A., 1,246 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

159

31 DIE IN STORM ON GULF COAST

Seven Perish in New Orleans and Property Loss There Is $2,000,000.

TWO BLOWN FROM SHIP

Wind Velocity Exceeds 120 Miles an Hour, with Phenomenal Reading of the Barometer.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 30.—Unofficial estimates today placed the property damage in New Orleans from yesterday's storm at nearly $2,000,000, and the loss of life at seven in the city proper. It was estimated that at least 150 persons were injured by the collapse of buildings, falling signs, or flying glass.

The maximum velocity of the wind was reported by the Weather Bureau as between 120 and 130 miles an hour. The wind blew at this rate for one minute, between 5:30 and 6 o'clock last night. The highest sustained velocity was 86 miles, about 5:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

For more than seven hours the hurricane swept over the city at a rate of more than 60 miles an hour. The lowest mark registered by the barometer was 28.11, at 6:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, which, according to local Weather Bureau officials, is the lowest mark ever registered in the United States.

Of the seven known dead, three were drowned, and four were killed in the ruins of structures which collapsed. Two of those drowned were blown overboard from the steamship Creole, which left yesterday morning for New York, but anchored near the mouth of the river to await better weather.

The Creole reported by wireless early today that a number of bodies were seen floating down the Mississippi, and that houses for miles were demolished.

Communication with Louisiana points on the Gulf Coast was cut off early yesterday, but last reports were that the inhabitants had fled to high ground inland before the storm broke.

Officials of railroad and telegraph companies said today that it would be several days before normal service between New Orleans and the outside world was restored. With the exception of the wireless plant aboard the Southern Pacific steamship Excelsior, in port here, all the radio stations were disabled.

An abatement in the storm came about 7 o'clock last night, when the barometer began to rise, but the wind fell slowly. At 3 o'clock this morning the velocity varied from ten to twenty miles an hour in intermittent gusts.

From every part of the city come reports of property damage. A number of widely known landmarks show the effects of the wind. The Felicity Street Methodist Church, a brick structure at Felicity and Chestnut Streets, was almost demolished. The Masonic Temple, at St. Charles and Perdido Streets, sustained damages estimated at $20,000 through the collapse of ornamental chimneys and gables. The Beauregard public school building and the St. Vincent's Orphan Asylum also were badly damaged.

Fire shortly after midnight destroyed part of the plant of the Sterns-Orleans Acid Company, at Elysian Fields and Florida Avenue, with a loss estimated at $80,000. The fire is believed to have been caused by lightning.

Many passengers on the San Antonio Express of the Southern Pacific Railroad spent the night on the railroad ferry, which grounded in the Mississippi River, two miles above the city. Four tugboats stood by all night, and, although it was said the passengers were in no danger, the heavy sea made it impossible for the tugs to attempt to take them off.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 30.—Seven white persons and seventeen negroes were drowned and a score more injured at Frenier, La., in yesterday's storm, according to reports received by the General Superintendent of the Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroad today. The news came from Supt. T. E. Hill at McComb City, Miss., who also said that sixty persons, some of them injured, were marooned on box cars, and assistance was needed.

The velocity of the wind here during the night ranged from 25 to 60 miles an hour. The Mobile River flooded two blocks of the wholesale district.

MINING ENGINEERS NEEDED IN SUBWAYS

Engineering Journal Blames Commission and Contractor for the Cave-Ins.

The two recent subway cave-ins were caused by a failure of the engineers of the Public Service Commission and of the United States Realty and Improvement Company to meet engineering problems of a very ordinary character, according to the current issue of The Engineering and Mining Journal, which says editorially:

"If there is any blame to be fixed for the two cave-ins, the Journal is of the opinion that it should fall on the responsible heads of the Public Service Commission for not obtaining the assistance of some mining engineer when the subway work was begun. The engineers in actual charge of the work found themselves against problems for which they had no previous experience and simply did not know how to meet.

"In other portions of the subway there may be stretches of ground that also are treacherous, and there may be stretches that would be safe without any timbering. In the meanwhile it is ridiculous for Mayor Mitchel to be giving directions for more braces and having his orders carried out by somebody spiking on a few 8 by 10 diagonals with four 60-penny nails per end."

The editorial is based on an article signed by Percy E. Barbour, a mining engineer on the editorial staff of The Engineering and Mining Journal, who sums up the cause of the two accidents in this way:

"Thus two serious accidents causing much damage and loss of life have occurred through overlooking the precautions taken by the miner in his everyday work when confronted by similar problems."

Alfred Craven, Chief Engineer to the Public Service Commission, said last night regarding Mr. Barbour's article:

"The man has a misconception of our work. That is all that I have to say for the present. I expect to take up his criticism in detail tomorrow."

PRESIDENT MEETS 5,000 WAR VETERANS

G. A. R. Men Flock to White House Through Misunderstanding, but Are Not Disappointed.

MANY HURT IN BIG CRUSH

Bunco Men Sell Badges to Veterans for Admission—Next Year's Meeting in Kansas City.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The Grand Army of the Republic, which is meeting here today, decided unanimously to hold the 1916 encampment at Kansas City. The election of officers for the coming year will take place tomorrow.

While the business session was in progress thousands of the veterans and their families flocked to the White House. There, through a misunderstanding, what had been planned as a brief reception for a few hundred members of organizations affiliated with the G. A. R. developed into a rush, during which nearly 5,000 old soldiers and their wives shook hands with President Wilson. For two hours they filed through the historic East Room, each receiving a smile and a handclasp from the President.

Arrangements had been made for the President to greet members of the Loyal Legion, the Association of Ex-Prisoners of War, officers of the Union Army, and members of the Women's Relief Corps. A report gained circulation, however, that all G. A. R. visitors were invited. To add to the confusion, many of those in the crowd that appeared when the hour for the reception arrived wore badges, which they said had been sold them at 25 cents, with the understanding that they would admit the wearers to the White House.

Excited men and women clamored for admission at all the gates, where the policemen had instructions to admit only those wearing a certain kind of badge. When the trouble was at its height Secretary Tutumity hurried out and restored quiet by ordering that everybody be permitted to enter.

Already several men and women had fainted, and others were so exhausted that they had to be taken inside the White House and revived.

Colonel Bill Torrance, former Governor of Minnesota and former G. A. R. Commander in Chief, introduced the former officers to the President. In a short address the Colonel assured the President that the members of the G. A. R. stood solidly behind him in his conduct of the foreign affairs of the United States.

After the business meeting tomorrow most of the veterans remaining in town will go to Arlington National Cemetery to attend the services incident to the laying by President Wilson of the cornerstone of the Arlington Memorial Amphitheatre.

Thousands of the veterans left Washington today. To those who departed the parade of yesterday was the crowning event of the encampment.

The Women's Relief Corps, an auxiliary of the G. A. R., organized thirty-three years ago, held its annual meeting tonight, and elected Mrs. Carrie Alexander-Bahrenberg of Bellville, Ill., President. The corps also voted from its treasury a gift of $1,000, to be used as G. A. R. officials see fit.

Colonel David J. Palmer, Commander in Chief, announced in a speech at the opening of the business session that the organization was to make an effort to obtain "proper" pensions for civil war nurses. Other speakers included Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, who deprecated the fact that many of the veterans were forced to stand for several hours before they took their places in the parade yesterday, which resulted in many exhaustion cases.

Most of the 200 veterans who were taken to hospitals yesterday when they became exhausted in the parade had fully recovered today and were ready for participation in the remainder of the program.

Founded 1850

Another Fall season is upon us.

Our Fall Suits and Overcoats now are being displayed in a broader, bigger, better range of quality values than ever before.

Trimness is their chief charm. Quiet elegance is their principal characteristic. Fit and comfort and goodness are their outstanding qualities.

BROKAW BROTHERS
Astor Place & Fourth Avenue
Subway Station at Door

Stating it modestly,

These Saks Suits
for Men and Young Men
at $20
are unlike any suits you can buy at that figure

¶ Better suits for the money—that is the best way to express it—better workmanship—more individuality in the cut—more elegance in the tailoring—more nicety of detail in the finish—more character and style clean through than is usually identified with a twenty dollar bill. Or, in other words, suits that raise the standard of value without raising the price.

Getting down to the selections
(though *getting up to them*, is better!)

¶ Fabrics that include stripes of varying widths, small checks, black and white effects predominating, and a splendid aggregation of the wanted browns.

¶ Braided models also included, in Oxfords, stripes of varying widths, checks, and plain blues, the braid laid on as delicately as paint on a canvas.

¶ Suits for men of radical tastes, or of mature and conservative preferences—straight coats, shapely coats, soft lapels, flat lapels, and all the little exclusive touches that make for style and character in clothes.

Broadway Saks & Company 34th Street

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Next to the Fountain
Both sides SIXTH AVE., 18TH TO 19TH STREET

50 S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE Today with purchases of $1 or more. Present Coupon.

THIS COUPON GOOD TODAY

Cut out this coupon. It is good for 50 (FIFTY) S&H Green Trading Stamps FREE with purchases of $1 or more today, Friday, October 1.

These 50 FREE Stamps are of the same kind as those which you would ordinarily obtain with your purchases.

N. Y. T. 10-1-15. Greenhut's. 85

Men's and Women's Knit Underwear
Great Timely Purchase From Two Well-Known Mil

Men's Shirts and Drawers—today at..... 98c
Medium weight natural gray Worsted or fine Wool; also heavy double breast and back and single breasts shirts and drawers. Excellent quality. Every garment steam shrunk; perfectly finished; fine, first quality pearl buttons; suspender tapes and sateen bands. All sizes.

Men's Union Suits—at..... 98c
"Oxford" brand; perfect fitting garments. Medium or heavy weight ribbed cotton; natural, gray or ecru. All sizes.

Women's Knit Underwear—today at..... 29c
Medium weight, slightly fleeced VESTS, TIGHTS and DRAWERS. High or low neck vests, neatly finished with silk tape. Regular and extra sizes.

Women's Knit Underwear—at..... 39c
Here you may choose COMBINATION SUITS and VESTS, TIGHTS and DRAWERS. Nicely fleeced; regular and extra sizes.
The vests are hand finished; silk trimmed tops.

Surprisingly Attractive
NEW FALL MILLINERY
at $5, $7.50 and $10
An assemblage of the very newest and best Trimmed Hats which have received the sanction of Paris. Models of elegance combined with practicality. Here are hats which, in specialty stores, are priced at double what we ask.
Trimmed Hats for Youngsters—charmingly dainty confections which range in price from..... $2.95 up

Automobile Supplies
Prices Lower Than Anywhere Else.

"New Era" Auto Hand Horns..... $2
Can be attached to any make of car. Operated by slight pressure of hand or elbow; gives loud and distinct sound, requires no batteries; length over all, 10½ inches; diameter of bell, 5 inches; finished in black and nickel; fully guaranteed.

AUTOMOBILE TIRES
The "TIMESCO" 4,000 MILES GUARANTEED TIRES; this figure is based on 30 miles usage per day from date of sale up to and including 3½ inch, the 4 inch tire is adjusted on the basis of 40 miles per day; 5 inch tires on 60 miles per day.

Size	Plain	Non-Skid	Tubes
30x3	$7.65	$8.40	$2.15
30x3½	$10.00	$11.00	$2.50
32x3½	$11.45	$12.60	$2.60
34x4	$16.70	$18.45	$3.70
36x4½	$23.70	$26.05	$4.85
37x5	$27.75	$30.50	$5.75

SPECIALTIES FOR FORD USERS
Ford 1915 Extra Fine Seat and Top Covers—at.... $8.75
Ford "Red Head" Spark Plugs—at..... 19c
Ford Channel Steel Clamp-on Bumpers—at..... $4.45
Ford Wind-Shield and Cowl Combined—at..... $11.95
Ford Stewart Speedometer at..... $7.50
Ford Oil Gauges—at..... 15c
Ford Hub Caps—at..... 12c
Ford Radiator Caps—at... 29c
Ford Extra Seat—hang from the doors—at..... $1.25
Policeman Radiator Ornaments—at..... $1.15
Mobile Oil—A or E grade—at..... $2.69
Havoline Oil—light or medium; at..... $1.95
Storage Batteries—6 volts; 60 amperes..... $6.50

Think of It!
A Porcelain Dinner Set
For $2.98
Forty-two pieces of fine porcelain, Grecian design on plain shapes. Set complete, consists of: 6 Dinner Plates, 6 Tea Plates, 6 Soup Plates, 6 Vegetable Dishes, 6 Cups and Saucers, 2 Meat Platters, Covered Vegetable Dish, Open Vegetable Dish, Pickle Dish.
Quantity limited.

$21.50 English Porcelain Dinner Sets—at..... $15.00
Blue underglaze on new shapes, complete for 12 persons. Choice of two designs.

8-Piece Cut Glass Water Sets—regularly $9; at.. $6.95
Rich and brilliant, and deep cutting, combination design; set consists of 4-pint water pitcher, 6 tumblers and 14-inch plated footed reflector.

Conservatory Specials
Imported Male Canaries—extra fine birds, at... $2.25
Brass Cages—at... $1.10 & up
Ostrich Feather Ferns—at..... 85c
Large Scotti Ferns—at... $1.00
Large Scotti Ferns—at.... 59c
Extra Large Scotti Ferns—fine stock; at..... $1.45
Rubber Plants—very fine; at..... 59c
Kentia Palms — bushy plants; at..... 95c
Tradescantia Plants—free growers; pot..... 20c
Pans Filled With Growing Table Ferns—at..... 39c
Table Ferns—in variety; at..... 5c
Large Size Japanese Fern Balls — in full foliage; each..... 49c
Gold Fish—including pail; 3 for..... 20c

Fine Surplus Stock of
AXMINSTER RUGS
Purchased Under-Price from the Hightstown Rug Co.
Rugs of superior quality, sure to give long, satisfactory service. Big variety of patterns and colorings for your choice.
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Regularly.	Size.	Sale.	Regularly.	Size.	Sale.
$14.50	6x9	$10.25	$22.50	8.3x10.6	$15.75
$19.50	7.6x9	$13.75	$24.50	9x12	$17.75

Fall Suits and Top Coats
For Men and Youths In This Sale, Today, at $13.95
Whatever your taste—be it the latest novelty or the most conservative style—youthful fashions for the younger generation, or conservative styles for the business man—you'll find it included.

The Suits at $13.95
WORSTEDS, CASSIMERES, CHEVIOTS, SERGES and FANCY SUITINGS—in all the new shades and staple colorings.
America's leading manufacturers have contributed their very best to this assemblage of Men's and Youths' Clothing. The colors include browns, grays, blues and serviceable mixtures in stripes, checks and plaids.
And every man and youth, no matter what his size, may be fitted, the big fellow who wears size 50 as well as the youngster of 15 years of age.

The Top Coats at $13.95
Blacks, Oxfords and Fancy Mixtures, in the height of the present styles.

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40 WEST FORTY-FIFTH ST.
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The transient clientele is from the best families of Europe, Canada and America.

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Moderate prices. Booklet on request.

PAUL L. PINKERTON

HEART OF THE SUNSET
By
REX BEACH.

Rex Beach's foot is on his native heath again in his new novel of the Mexican border. Real incidents of before and after the landing at Vera Cruz are transmuted by Rex Beach into colorful romance. And, as in his other books, neither danger nor death can banish the genuine Beach humor.

$1.35 net.

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$94.30
Information at Ticket Offices, Broadway, cor. Wall St., Park Place, 30th St., 42d St.

R. H. Macy & Co.

Macy Fall Suits at $14.75 to $34.75 for Men and Young Men.

Overcoats $14.75 to $34.75.

A "Proposition" for Men and Young Men at $19.75

We have found the finest clothes that human ingenuity can make to sell around $25. And we've put on them a typical Macy price—$19.75. We use the superlative at the risk of appearing extravagant because we know all clothes, and we have not seen the equal of these anywhere under $25. Our proposition to you is to come and see.

These clothes have what artists call "line." You never saw clothes more to the liking of men who want the "New York look."

Merchant tailors will tell you that "finish" is the soul of a suit of clothes. These garments are *hand-finished* in a way you'll appreciate. Many of them are silk-lined.

We've "put our heads together" with the great master tailoring concerns of America. Macy cash, Macy leadership, Macy reputation—plus the best brains in the clothing business.

And the result is clothes at $19.75 that we here and now pronounce the best clothes for the money in these United States.

Young Men's Suits at $14.75
Snappy New Styles
Suits with the "pep" that young fellows insist on at a price they will understand. Sizes 34 to 42.

Fall Overcoats at $14.75
Chesterfield—Silk Lined
The overcoat of a gentleman, a refined looking garment, well tailored, yet at a common-sense price.

Macy's—Men's Clothes Store—Fifth Floor
Special Entrance on 35th St., just off Broadway

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's
Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

R. H. Macy & Co.

PIPING ROCK AND WESTCHESTER HORSE SHOWS—FOOTBALL PRACTICE

SADDLE AND HUNT HORSES IN THE RING

Long Island Society Sees Keen Competition at Piping Rock Show.

Long Island society's pet horse show opened for a three-day run on the grounds of the Piping Rock Country Club, at Locust Valley, yesterday, favored by perfect weather conditions. The increasing popularity of the Piping Rock Association's exhibition, now in its thirteenth year, was reflected in the large assemblage of society folk.

There was lots of keen competition, ten classes being judged in the afternoon session, and all except one surpassing expectations in the number of contestants. Only the saddle division for horses exceeding 15.2 hands failed to draw a big entry. In the morning the elimination tests were held in the class for hunters, performances over the fences only to count, and of the fifty-four nominations thirteen qualified to compete in the final, which will be contested this afternoon.

The name of some of the most prominent exhibitors of show horses in the East appeared among the winners. The double blue ribbon winners of the session were Mrs. Attmore Robinson and Howard C. Phipps. With her big bay mare, Golden Duck, Mrs. Robinson carried off the principal honors in the ladies' hunters class for horses up to carrying 165 pounds, and in the local section for lightweight hunters up to carrying 165 pounds to hounds. In each class Mrs. Robinson rode the winner. Phipps's entrants were best in the two polo pony events decided.

No class attracted as much attention as that for ponies to be ridden over the jumps by boys or girls under 15 years old who are sons or daughters of members of the Piping Rock Horse Show Association or of any recognized club.

Little Harriet Pratt, daughter of Herbert L. Pratt, was the sensation in this class, although she failed to take the blue ribbon. She displayed all the ability of a horsewoman, and, handling her father's two entries, Bob and Baby, took second and third prizes. The blue went to Howard C. Smith's Pet, mounted by F. R. Coudert, Jr. There was some criticism of Judge E. Victor Loew in this class because of the undoubtedly superior ability with the reins of little Miss Pratt, but there was none who doubted that Pet was the better pony. Prior to capturing the blue for Mr. Smith, young Coudert came a cropper with Tidy, but escaped without a scratch. Tidy jumped high enough before reaching the brush, but refused absolutely to clear the hedges, and went the way of unruly horses—through the gate.

Paul D. Cravath, President of the Piping Rock Horse Show Association, triumphed in the local novice hunters class with his bay gelding, King Arthur. The competition in this division was exceptionally keen.

In the local class for middleweight hunters Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock took first honors with Sorrell, which also won for her in the recent Mineola exhibition Mrs. Payne Whitney's Unmack was the runner-up in this event.

There was little improvement over their form of last year exhibited by the healthy looking Irish hunters which competed in the subscription class. Mortimer L. Schiff's The Irishman, which proved the best of the field, bore few marks of the ideal hunter, though it is big and rugged. Balbriggan, one of the best appearing horses of this lot, became unmanageable while going through his paces, and after hurling his mount to the ground was ruled out of the competition.

Howard C. Phipps came near to making a clean sweep of the class for polo ponies up to carrying 150 pounds, capturing first, second and fourth places. His Cob Web, a 10-year-old bay gelding, scored for the blue over his stablemate, Lancer. Mortimer L. Schiff's Tipperary Maid prevented the Phipps stable from sweeping the division.

W. R. Coe at the last minute entered his 5-year-old chestnut gelding, Golden Echo, in the class for saddle horses exceeding 15.2 hands, and was the winner of the event, Harry C. Peters riding.

Efforts are being made to arrange for a special sweepstakes for hunters, to be decided tomorrow simultaneously with the judging of the Meadow Brook cup competition. The victor would be acclaimed the best hunter in the show. One horse may win both the sweepstakes and the Meadow Brook trophy, for jumping will count largely in the former and appearance in the latter.

Miss Lida Fleitmann was cut on her right hand when Paul D. Cravath's automobile, in which she was riding to the afternoon session, struck a guide rope stretched ouside the grounds, shattering the windshield and scattering the glass in all directions. The chauffeur was cut about the face and hands. Miss Fleitmann received medical attention at the Piping Rock clubhouse. She was unable to ride any of her entries in the hunters classes, but probably will be seen in the saddle today.

Among those in the boxes and around the ring yesterday were Mrs. Arthur Scott Burden, Mrs. Edward L. Tinker, Harvey Ladew, Mr. and Mrs. Paul D. Cravath, Mr. and Mrs. J. Parker Kirlin, Miss Kirlin, Miss Eleanor Green, Harry T. Peters, Dorothy Battle, Mrs. Joseph E. Davis, Miss Vera Cravath, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hitchcock, Helen Hite, Mrs. F. L. Richardson, Mrs. H. F. Godfrey, Mr. and Mrs. F. H Allen, Miss Vieva Fisher, Mr and Mrs. W. R. Coe, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. B. Pratt, and Mrs. Charles A. Van Rensselaer.

There will be two sessions today, that in the morning starting at 10 o'clock, and the afternoon events at 2.

HARVARD STANDS' TROUBLE.

Boston Council Refuses ePrmission to Build Football Bleachers.

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—An attempt by Councillor J. J. Watson to give Mayor Curley and city department heads blanket authority to "make possible the playing of the Yale-Harvard game at the Stadium," was defeated by the City Council tonight. The resolution was characterized as "undignified," and "irrelevant" by Councillor J. J. Storrow, himself a Harvard graduate.

An order seeking to amend the fire hazard limits to exclude the Stadium was pronounced illegal by Corporation Counsel Sullivan, who told the Council that it was without power to amend the city ordinaces to allow wooden buildings at the Stadium. The extra stands desired for the game, he said, could be erected by authority of the Building Commissioner if he approved of the construction plans.

Mayor Curley said tonight that while Building Commissioner O'Hearn would probably maintain his position that such stands would be illegal, there was every reason to believe that a way would be found to have the game played in the Stadium, as scheduled.

"PICNIC" AT HORSE SHOW.

Motor Parties Spread Tables in Cars Parked at White Plains.

Greater variety of classes marked the second day of the twenty-second annual Westchester County Horse Show, which is being held on the Fair Grounds at White Plains. The warm, sunny weather helped to increase the attendance, which was almost double that of the opening day.

The parking place for motors was crowded to capacity, and there was hardly a vacant seat upon the clubhouse porch. A number of motorist arrived early and brought lunch baskets, the contents of which were spread in the cars upon improvised tables. This picnic idea was followed by two or three coaching parties, who had driven to the show from various sections of the county. There was also a large attendance of society folk who have country homes in that section.

The program opened with a class for jumpers, in which only performance counted, up to carrying a minimum weight of 140 pounds. Besides the ribbons, money prizes of $50 and $25 were offered for the winner and second horse by Mrs. James C. Brady. The event brought out fifteen lightweight hunters. A number of them were qualified, although some were very green and did not take kindly to the fences. The blue went to Charles D. Lanier's Lister, the mare which won the lightweight hunter class on Tuesday. Miss Clemence Craft's The Model, a four-year-old, which gave an almost perfect performance over the jumps, was second. T. L. Chadbourne received a white with Confidence, the gelding with which he took a number of ribbons at the Mineola Horse Show last week.

J. Campbell Thompson's Nestledown Dermod came off with flying colors in the class for harness horses over 15.2 hands, open only to horses belonging to residents of Westchester County, N. Y., and Fairfield County, Conn. William Ziegler, Jr.'s The Pilot was second, the yellow also going to J. Campbell Thompson with Nestledown Rob Roy.

While there were six entries in the event for horses suitable to become hunters, only two appeared in the ring—Willis Sharpe Kilmer's Jasper Red Heart and Little Farm's Veronique. They received ribbons in the order named.

J. Campbell Thompson and Emil Seelig were once more opposed to each other in the harness pairs. This time the latter's entry, Perfect and Perfection, was placed first, while the Nestledown pair was only able to get the yellow, second prize going to F. M. Warburg's Woodland Empress and Woodland Emperor.

The chestnut mare Jessica again won the blue for Miss Ethel May Davis in the class for saddle horses over 14.2 and not exceeding 15 hands. Powelton Farm's Kilkee repeated her performance of Tuesday and took another red. The same owner took the yellow ribbon with Bella. Mrs. Ogden Mills Reid received the white ribbon, which was pinned on Cinderella.

The majority of the ponies under saddle in this event on the opening day were seen yesterday in harness. They were driven by children not over 14 years of age. It was the most picturesque class of the show. Seven youngsters took part. Jesse W. Powers drove the Earl of Shrewsbury, and as the young horseman was in a basket wagon he had no chance to fall out. After the judges had looked the Earl of Shrewsbury over very carefully and put him under the measure, they pinned the blue on the Powers entry. The Earl is a bay stallion, only 13 hands, and is almost a miniature hackney in style and conformation. Miss Beatrice Black, with Master Dick, received second prize. George Gunther Wallen's Jingaboo, who was in the saddle class, was third.

Special prizes were offered by Oliver Harriman for the best horse shown to a gig. As far as quality went, this was one of the best classes of the afternoon. The blue went to J. Campbell Thompson's Nestledown Dermod, a handsome gelding which showed high-class breeding, and also had good conformation and manners. William Ziegler, Jr.'s, The Pilot was second. Mrs. Charles M. Allaire, driving Emil Seelig's Flash, took first honors in the event for harness horses, to be shown before a lady's appropriate vehicle, in which a lady was to drive. Forty per cent. went for the vehicle and appointments. Mrs. Julius S. Walsh, Jr., formerly of St. Louis, who handled Thompson's Nestledown Asthor, came in second.

The class for handy hunters brought together nine timber-toppers, which were required to trot up to a fence and stop while the rider pulled out the top rail, then jump the fence, turn around and jump back, and a number of other such stunts. Willis Sharpe Kilmer's Tip Top fulfilled all the requirements, besides having good manners, and received the blue. The red went to Owenoke Farm's Heartland.

John McE. Bowman's fine old mare Sweetbriar, which has won a large number of prizes, was first in the ponies under saddle class. She was ridden by her owner. Mr. Bowman also took the red with Yellow Jacket. Miss Marjorie Garner West's Cynthia was third.

There were only two entries in the four-in-hand class, which went to J. Campbell Thompson's Nestledown team, driven before the coach. Emil Seelig's span received the red.

Five mounts were entered in the event for polo ponies up to carrying 200 pounds. They were judged by E. L. Crawford of the Post Chester Polo Club. The riders were in polo attire and carried mallets. The mounts were first tried out to compare their handiness and then raced up and down the ring as a speed test. The blue went to F. M. Warburg's Woodlands Waffles. John I. Downey's Extra Special captured the red.

"BUZZ" LAW JOINS TIGERS.

Princeton Rejoices That Full Back Is Able to Resume His Place.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Sept. 30.—There was rejoicing in Tigertown tonight when it became known that "Buzz" Law, who has been the 'Varsity full back for the past two seasons, had reported to Coach Rush today. Law has been sick for some time, and returned to college a few days ago. It had been feared that he would not be on hand at all this season. He is still slightly under weight, but with regular exercise and practice it is expected that he will soon be the Law of old.

The orange and black team was today put through the lightest practice in some time, Coach Rush deciding to give the men a rest after their recent strenuous work. Most of the work out was devoted to a drill in the rudiments of the game. There was a scrimmage for only half an hour, and many second strong men were used in the 'Varsity line-up. After the tussle the men had signal practice behind closed gates. A defense against the Rutgers mass play and shift formation was worked out.

YOUNG TAFT PLACED ON YALE'S ELEVEN

Former President's Son to Play Right Half Back on the 'Varsity Team.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 30.—Charles P. Taft, 2d, son of William H. Taft, ex-President of the United States, was placed at right half back on the Yale 'Varsity football eleven today. He is a sophomore and failed to make his freshman team last season. He played half back on the Taft School eleven at Waterbury, Conn., where he prepared for college. He was a member of the Yale basket ball five which last season won the intercollegiate championship. Young Taft has succeeded Mal Scovill, who has been shifted to full back in place of Otis Guernsey, who had played full back since the season opened.

Although Taft has grown powerful his work today did not indicate that he has mastered the finesse of the complicated Yale team game sufficiently to predict that he will start the play against the Virginians on Saturday.

Guernsey allowed a punt to be blocked yesterday, giving victory for the day's play to the scrubs and today's layoff was supposed to be to allow him to rest.

Harry Legore, the backfield star, who has been kept on the scrubs, did not play, finding his shoulder slightly bruised after yesterday's practice. He did not get into Saturday's game against Maine and his injury will probably prevent his facing Virginia, even if the coaches planned to promote him to the regulars.

"Bull" Roberts took Walden's place at right guard on the 'Varsity and Gates displaced "Chub" Sheldon at left tackle.

Clark, the half back who was promoted to quarter back on the 'Varsity, went back to quarter back for the scrubs, Dick Bentley coming from the second team to succeed him.

Because of the warm weather only ten minutes' scrimmaging took place, and neither eleven scored or even threatened the other's goal. Phil Wiser of last season's freshmen starred for the scrubs at half back, but no long runs were pulled off.

Despite reports from Philadelphia that the Yale-Pennsylvania matches will be resumed another season, denials were made by Yale athletic authorities tonight that there is a prospect of such a Yale move. It became known that the Pennsylvania football officials spent two days here during the Winter trying to induce Yale to arrange a game for 1915 with the hope that home-and-home series might eventually be arranged.

NEWS OF OTHER TEAMS.

Football practice for the New York University football team yesterday gave every indication that the Violet is gradually developing a successful offensive machine. Coach Reilley devoted yesterday's work to the 'Varsity line, which came in for a stiff drill in charging and in breaking up interference which the scrub eleven had to offer. Captain Somers and Williams gave evidence of good work in the defense. Because of the temporary absence of McCullough at right end, the coaches have shifted Egan, a halfback on the 'Varsity, to the line position. Another change was Erwig, the former Morris High School player, who played at right halfback. Captain Somers wrenched his knee and stayed out of the practice. The injury is a slight one, and it is not expected that the New York eleven will be crippled on that account in its game with R. P. I. tomorrow.

The 'Varsity backfield gave a good demonstration of offensive tactics in yesterday's scrimmage, and the second eleven was repeatedly obliged to depend upon its secondary defense to avoid a touchdown. Cann showed ability in running with the ball, and made several long gains.

For two hours and ten minutes yesterday Coach Metcalf of Columbia drilled the four elevens, first in tackling the dummy and falling on the ball, and for more than one hour in signal drills. There was no scrimmage because of the hard workout on Wednesday. Coach Metcalf won't admit that he has picked a first and second eleven, but yesterday he continually made new combinations of the back fields and lines, and by Saturday he will have an aggregation of eleven men that will stand several days of hard practice early next week. With the help of Assistant Coaches Telfer, Stimson, and Henderson, Metcalf gave personal attention to each eleven. The men showed considerable improvement over Wednesday's practice, and the fumbles by back field men were noticeably fewer. Columbia still has a problem in the punting. Cochrane, Donlon, Manshach, and Simonds can average fifty yards and better with their kicks, but they are rather slow in handling the ball after receiving it from the centre. Moreover, there are few men on the Columbia squad who can make sure catches of the punts. Fumbles are frequent and misjudging is a fault with many. E. V. Littauer, 517, one of Bernie Wefers's track team men, reported yesterday for a back field position. He is big and weighs 198 pounds. Littauer played full back on the Boys' High team of Brooklyn for several years. Other new men are S. Vande Water, A. E. Wilber, S. P. McCabe, W. H. Corbett, and K. F. Chamberlain.

The last hard workout before the opening of the season at Fordham Saturday was held by the Maroon candidates yesterday. Following a brief practice tackling the dummy the first and second teams were lined up for scrimmage. Every play prepared so far came in for several trials, although special attention was devoted to open formations. In all the close formation plays the lineup consisted of Yule and Golden with Dunn at quarter back and Butler at right half.

Although no score was attempted several good gains were made on each side. The scrubs put up a sturdy defense and broke through repeatedly. Delehanty had all he could do to keep centre safe, as Treanor opened several big holes through the 'Varsity main defense. An experiment was tried on the ends and Hall and Cantwell took the places of the two regulars, Conklin and Corriden. Both the newcomers showed up strong.

EASTON, Penn., Sept. 30.—The Lafayette 'Varsity worked its way through the scrub line this afternoon in a reckless fashion and carried the ball from one end of the field to the other for a touchdown. The scrubs, on the offensive, were held at bay in the shadow of their own goal posts, and when the 'Varsity had assumed the attitude of "this is too easy" Frank Martin shot a neat forward pass into the hands of Ralph Mackett, a Trenton High School boy, and the latter cantered away for within a few inches of the goal line.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Sept. 30.—The last practice for the Rutgers 'Varsity before the Princeton game tomorrow was held this afternoon, and the men were put through a hard scrimmage against the scrubs. Talman had a lot of practice in punting, as it is thought that this will be a big help against the Tigers. He averaged forty-five yards. In twenty plays the 'Varsity gained 192 yards on the scrub, which failed to make first down. A special train of two sections will be run from New York to Princeton by the Pennsylvania Railroad on Saturday.

COACH GIANNINI QUITS.

Yale Freshman Rowing Instructor Gives No Reason for Resigning.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 30.—Announcement was made here tonight that Eugene J. Giannini, coach of the Yale freshmen crews for the last two years, had resigned three weeks ago. No reason for the resignation has been made public in official quarters. No action has been taken regarding his successor.

BOXING CHAMPION LOSES.

J. Pilkington, State Amateur Title-Holder, Defeated by Willie Morris.

There were two big surprises in the amateur boxing tournament ot the Crescent Athletic Club last night. The first was the defeat of J. Pilkington of the Union Settlement A. C., New York State and metropolitan champion at 115 pounds, by Willie Morris of the East Side House. The other surprise was the defeat of A. Kaufman of the Trinity Club, runner-up for the 158-pound championship at the Panama-Pacific Exposition by J. Goddi of St. Bartholomew A. C., metropolitan champion at that weight.

Pilkington and Morris both came through the preliminaries and boxed in the semi-finals. Morris proved too fast for the State champion and forced the boxing all around the ring. Although Pilkington had a decided advantage in height and reach, Morris waded right in and broke through Pilkington's long-range defense.

M. Perkel of the Educational Alliance A. C. and M. Birdie, unattached, were the contestants in the final of the 108-pound class, and Perkel, who is metropolitan champion at this weight, received the judge's decision.

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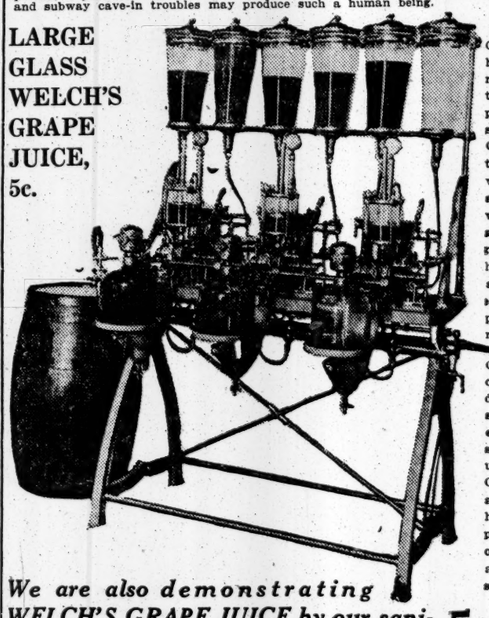

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Package of 100 and 21 Valuable Mutual Coupons	$1.05	Package of 100 and 16 Valuable Mutual Coupons	80c
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FIFTEEN CARS QUALIFY FOR ASTOR CUP RACE—RED SOX AMERICAN PENNANT WINNERS

DE PALMA MAY NOT RACE FOR ASTOR CUP

His Mercedes Car Balks at Tuning Up—Trials Period Extended Again.

The momentous question as to whether Ralph De Palma will drive his Mercedes car in the Astor Cup race tomorrow at the Sheepshead Bay Speedway is still a matter of conjecture. Around the racing camps at the track there is a strong impression that De Palma will not start.

The only reason given for his not qualifying is that he cannot get his car working satisfactorily. In other quarters, however, it is stated that De Palma is through with automobile racing and is content to rest on his laurels in having defeated Resta in a Peugeot in the Indianapolis 500-mile race on last Memorial Day.

The Publicity Department announced last night that De Palma would start, even if he was unable to drive in his Mercedes. It was stated that if the Mercedes was not repaired in time De Palma would drive a Stutz.

It is now certain that Harry Harkness, President of the Speedway, will not take part in the race. His Delage will be driven by Limberg, and his Baby Peugeot by Hughes if the entries qualify.

A change was made in the Maxwell team. Tom Orr has been succeeded by Ralph Mufford as pilot of one of the Maxwell entries. Grover Bergdoll of Philadelphia arrived at the course yesterday and tuned up his Erwin Special, and hopes to qualify for the race.

Up to the present time fifteen cars have qualified for the race. Twenty-nine were nominated to start, but from the present indications the entry list will probably be under eighteen. In order to give all the cars which have not qualified every chance to get into the race, the management yesterday extended the time for qualifying until Saturday morning, a few hours before the race. It is hoped by that time that De Palma and some of the others who have not met the requirements will be ready for the big event.

There was plenty of speeding and warming up of the cars yesterday, and during the afternoon most of them were whirling about the track at one time or another. There were no officials or timers present, however, so no record of the trials was made.

The two Peugeot cars, driven by Howard Wilcox and Jack Aitken, were let out by their drivers yesterday and showed much speed. Wilcox was on the track with Barney Oldfield in his Delage and trailed him for several laps. Toward the end, however, Wilcox let the Peugeot go and passed Oldfield with little trouble. Bob Burman in another Peugeot also drove several fast laps.

A new car on the track was the Ogren, driven by Tom Alley, who will try to qualify on Saturday morning. Tom Rooney drove one of the Stutz cars several miles at top speed and Eddie Rickenbacher turned up his Maxwell.

Many of the automobile sharps about the course will watch Jack Aitken in tomorrow's race. His Peugeot finished well up in the Grand Prix in France two years ago and is regarded as one of the fastest machines on the course. Aitken is a conservative driver and may be depended upon not to use up the power of his car in the first few miles of the journey. Wilcox's Peugeot is also regarded as a very fast car, in fact, many believe that the two cars are faster than the one driven by Dario Resta.

It is not always the speediest car which wins in a long automobile race. It is usually the driver who best conserves the power of his car who is well up at the finish. Resta has an advantage because he is more familiar with the mechanical workings of the Peugeot than the other drivers. Barney Oldfield in the pits expects to make things interesting for any car which is in front of him, and if Harry Harkness's Delage is driven by Limberg, this entry may be heard from. The Maxwells are running smoothly and Rickenbacker is the type of driver who will take every chance to get in front. If Ralph De Palma decides at the last moment to enter his Mercedes, this car will have to be reckoned with from the start.

The list of honorary stewards for the race was announced last night and include: Lawrence Waterbury, Harry Payne Whitney, Joseph E. Burden, Cornelius D. Vanderbilt, Hobart A. H. Baker, W. Averill Harriman, Albert Eugene Gallatin, Arthur Iselin, Senator Ogden Livingston Mills, Francis G. B. Roche, Richard H. Williams, Jr., M. Taylor Pyne, Jr., Hermann Oelrichs, Buell Hollister, Robert W. Goelet and Robert A. Gerry.

The fifteen cars which have qualified for the race are as follows:

Car and Driver.	Time, Two Miles.	Av. Miles Per Hour.
Peugeot, Resta	1:08.20	106
Peugeot, Aitken	1:08.85	105
Delage, Oldfield	1:09:25	104
Peugeot, Burman	1:09.78	103
Stutz, Anderson	1:10.84	102
Stutz, Rooney	1:10.93	102
Peugeot, Wilcox	1:11.00	101
Maxwell, Rickenbacker	1:11.56	101
Stutz, Cooper	1:11.80	100
Dusenberg, O'Donnell	1:12.00	100
Maxwell, Orr	1:12.72	99
Mulford Special, Vail	1:16.50	94
Fish Special, Le Cain	1:17.25	93
Sebring, Haibe	1:17.44	93
Dusenberg, Haupt	1:20.05	89

ROUTES TO THE SPEEDWAY.

How Motorists May Reach Scene of Astor Cup Race.

Automobilists who will drive to Sheepshead Speedway tomorrow may find the following information of value, as it suggests the best routes to be taken in order to avoid the roads which are torn up for subway and other purposes:

ROUTE NO. 1.

Although several miles longer than the more direct routes over the downtown bridges, the route by way of Queensboro Bridge possesses the distinct advantage of avoiding all the congested districts of Brooklyn and for this reason it is highly desirable.

From Columbus Circle go south on Broadway and turn right into Fifty-seventh Street, to Second Avenue. Here turn left to Queensboro Bridge. At the Long Island end of bridge, go straight on, crossing the viaduct into Queens Boulevard. Turn right into Woodhaven Avenue. Keep on under the railroad and take left fork. Turn right into Cooper or Central Avenue. Keep straight on across a railroad. Cross Myrtle Avenue and, after passing an inn on the right, turn left and next right, still following Cooper Avenue, cross Cypress Avenue, then run under railroad and after crossing railroad, turn right on Knickerbocker Avenue. One block beyond, turn left on Decatur Street to Bushwick Avenue, where turn left and after running several blocks, turn right on Aberdeen Street. Caution. Go left and right under elevated into McDougal Street a short distance, then turn left into Stone Avenue, shortly coming on to the Eastern Parkway.

ROUTE NO. 2

The most direct way from Manhattan is over the Manhattan Bridge, south on Fifth Avenue through Washington Arch and turn left on Fourth Street, continue on to Lafayette Street, where turn right and run straight to Grand Street. Here turn left, and a short distance beyond turn right into Third Avenue straight to the Manhattan Bridge, the surface of which is in good condition. Cross the bridge and keep straight ahead on Flatbush Avenue Extension, becoming Flatbush Avenue. Turn right on Plaza Street West and run to the entrance of Prospect Park. Entering the park the East Drive is taken, bearing to the left until the "Parkside" exit is reached. Cross Parkside Avenue and bear right into Ocean Avenue, straight to the main entrance of the Speedway.

ROUTE NO. 3.

Staten Island motorists, as well as those in central and southern New Jersey, who wish to avoid the traffic congestion of New York will do well to use the ferry which plies between St. George, S. I., and Sixty-ninth Street, Brooklyn. From the Brooklyn end of the ferry turn sharp left on the Shore Road which follow to Fort Hamilton Parkway; here turn left a short distance to Sixtieth Street, where turn right and continue to Bay Parkway. After turning sharply to the left, pass the Washington Cemetery on the left and proceed to Ocean Parkway. Turn sharp right on this thoroughfare, cross King's Highway and turn left on Neck Road. Keep on a short distance to Ocean Avenue, where turn right to the main entrance of the Speedway.

Information About the Race.

The following information, for the benefit of Astor Cup Race goers tomorrow, was issued by the Sheepshead Bay management: The race will start at noon. The gates of the Speedway will be opened at 8 o'clock A. M. Tickets will be sold at three entrances on the Ocean Avenue front. The main entrance, which will be for foot passengers only, will have twenty-four ticket booths. There will be two entrances for automobiles. The one at the Neck Road corner of the Speedway, the corner first encountered coming from the city, will be for grandstand ticket holders, for whom ample free parking space near the grandstand has been provided; and for holders of reserved parking spaces along the home-stretch, and general parking privileges in the inner field, both of which classes will pass through the three tunnels as directed. The other automobile entrance will be at the town corner at Jerome Avenue. This is intended mainly for holders of general admission tickets, which will entitle the holders to free seats on the open field stand up to its 25,000 capacity. It will rive access to the spacious free parking space.

The Sheepshead Bay Speedway Corporation's ticket office at 1,696 Broadway will be open up to midnight on Friday, and until 10 o'clock on the morning of the race.

BIG RACE IN ENGLAND.

Jockey Club Stakes of $50,000 Won by Lanlus at Newmarket.

NEWMARKET, England, Sept. 30.—The Jockey Club Stakes, the only 10,000-sovereign ($50,000) race of the present English turf season, was run here today and won by Lanius. Dame Prudent finished second and Sir Ernest Cassel's Gadabout was third.

The race was for three years old and upward, and the distance run by the eleven starters was the last mile and three-quarters of the Cesarewitch Course.

GIANTS SHUT OUT DODGERS.

Gain Victory by Score of 2 to 0—Tesreau Pitches Good Game.

If the season had another month to run the Dodgers might land in the second division. With the pennant out of reach they are crumpling up. Even the Giants, the tail-enders in the league, were able to trounce them yesterday, and for such a result to have been accomplished the strength of the Brooklyn men must have been at particularly low ebb. The Dodgers were shut out by a score of 2 to 0, and it simply emphasizes the disaster to add that at no time were the men from across the bride the least bit formidable. A run never threatened the Giants from the first inning to the last.

There was, however, one good feature of the game at Polo Grounds. It served to show just what a laughable spectacle a post-season series would be in this city. There were not more than 200 people present, and there wasn't a murmur of enthusiasm from any of them. There will be no game today. It has been put over to make up a double-header for tomorrow afternoon.

Pfeffer, who has been Brooklyn's most dependable pitcher, was on the mound for the Dodgers. His skill, however, was far short of what it has been in the past. He was hit freely, but saved himself from greater difficulties by keeping the safeties scattered. Opposed to him was Jeff Tesreau, and he was the one bright light of the game. He pitched masterly ball, allowing only four hits, and in all except two innings retired the Dodgers in one-two-three order.

The Giants won their first tally in the third inning. Chief Meyers scorched a single to centre, and advanced to third on two infield outs. Robertson beat out a hit to Getz, and the Chief scored. In the sixth inning Larry Doyle got a lucky double that just managed to stay in fair territory as it skimmed over third base. Merkle sacrificed, and Doyle scored when Fletcher singled to centre. The score:

NEW YORK.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns, lf.	4	0	1	4	0	O'Mara, ss.	4	0	1	2	3
R'ston, rf.	4	0	2	4	0	D'bert, 1b.	4	0	0	13	0
Doyle, 2b.	2	1	1	2	0	St'ngel, rf.	4	0	1	1	0
Merkle, 1b.	3	0	1	7	0	Wheat, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
F'cher, ss.	4	0	2	1	1	C'sw'w, 2b.	3	0	1	0	4
Becker, cf.	3	0	0	1	0	Myers, cf.	3	0	0	1	0
Dyer, 3b.	3	0	0	0	2	Getz, 3b.	3	0	1	1	2
M'yers, c.	3	0	1	6	3	McC'ty, c.	3	0	0	1	1
T'sreau, p.	3	0	1	0	3	Pfeffer, p.	2	0	0	0	2
						*Nixon	1	0	1	0	0
Total.	31	2	9	27	9	Total.	30	0	4	24	12

*Batted for Pfeffer in ninth inning.
Errors—Bengel, Pfeffer, Tesreau.

New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Doyle. Earned runs—New York, 2. Sacrifice hit—Merkle. Left on bases—New York, 6; Brooklyn, 8. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1. Struck out—By Tesreau, 8; by Pfeffer, 4. Time of game—One hour and seventeen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Emslie.

Reds Win with Aid of Errors.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—Erratic fielding by Chicago enabled Cincinnati to win the final game of the series here for the year, 3 to 2. Groh started the eighth inning with a double and Beall struck out. Groh was caught off second base, but Fisher dropped the ball and Groh reached third. McCarthy fumbled K. Williams's grounder when he batted for Herzog, and Groh scored. Each club had scored two runs earlier in the game by bunching hits. Score:

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A	CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leach, cf.	5	1	1	2	0	Good, rf.	3	1	1	2	0
Groh, 3b.	3	1	2	0	1	Fisher, ss.	4	0	1	3	0
Beall, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	Sch'te, lf.	4	0	0	0	0
Grif'h, rf.	2	0	1	3	0	Zim'n, 3b.	3	0	1	1	0
H'zog, ss.	3	0	0	3	0	Saier, 1b.	4	0	1	9	2
*K. Wil's, rf.	1	0	0	0	0	F.W'rs, rf.	1	0	0	1	0
Wag'r, ss.	0	0	0	0	2	M'C'y, 2b.	2	0	0	4	3
R'dg's, 2b.	2	0	0	2	3	W'lace, c.	4	1	1	7	4
Moll'z, 1b.	4	0	1	8	1	L'v'n'r, p.	3	0	0	1	3
Wingo, c.	3	0	0	6	2	†Mulligan.	0	0	0	0	0
M'K'ry, p.	3	0	0	1	2						
Total.	30	3	6	27	11	Total.	30	2	5	27	15

*Batted for Herzog in eighth inning.
†Ran for McCarthy in ninth inning.
Errors—Fisher, McCarthy.

Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3	
Chicago	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2	

Two-base hits—Good, Mollwitz, Saier. Stolen bases—Good, Herzog, McCarthy. Earned runs—Chicago, 2; Cincinnati, 2. Sacrifice hit—Groh. Left on bases—Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 7. First base on error—Cincinnati. First base on balls—Off Lavender, 5; off McKenry, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Lavender (Rodgers). Struck out—By Lavender, 5; by McKenry, 6. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Byron. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Athletics' Recruit a Victor.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Sherman, a recruit, pitched the Athletics to victory over Washington today, 4 to 3. The score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A	WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sch'g, lf.	5	0	0	5	0	Judge, rf.	5	1	3	1	0
Str'k, rf.	5	1	0	3	0	Foster, 2b.	5	1	2	3	1
M'lone, 2b.	4	1	1	2	2	C.M'n, cf.	4	1	1	3	0
Oldr'g, cf.	4	0	1	4	0	G'ndil, lb.	5	0	2	10	0
M'T's, lb.	4	0	1	8	1	Jamil, lf.	4	0	1	0	0
Kopf, ss.	3	0	1	2	2	Sh'ks, 3b.	4	0	1	0	6
D'm'n, 3b.	4	1	1	0	0	Will's, c.	3	0	0	8	2
Perk's, c.	4	0	1	4	0	Con'ly, ss.	4	0	1	2	1
Sher'n, p.	3	1	0	0	2	Harper, p.	2	0	0	0	0
						Boeh'g, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						*Acosta	1	0	0	0	0
						†Kopp	1	0	0	0	0
						‡Ainsmith.	0	0	0	0	0
Total.	36	4	8	27	7	Total.	38	3	11	27	11

*Batted for Harper in sixth inning.
†Batted for Boehling in ninth inning.
‡Ran for Gandil in ninth inning.
Errors—Foster, Shanks, Connolly, Boehling.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	—4	
Washington	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	—3	

Two-base hit—Foster. Three-base hit—McInnis. Stolen bases—Milan, Kopf, Malone, Gandil. Earned runs—Philadelphia, 1; Washington, 3. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 10; Washington, 11. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 2. First base on balls—Off Harper, 3; off Sherman, 1; off Boehling, 2. Hits—Off Harper, 7 in six innings; off Boehling, 1 in three innings. Hit by pitcher—By Sherman, C. Milan, Williams. Struck out—By Harper, 6; by Sherman, 4; by Boehling, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Hildebrand and O'Loughlin.

'DOPE' ON INFIELDERS IN WORLD'S SERIES

Two Shortstops Are Closely Matched, Although Bancroft of the Phillies Is Better.

The Shortstops.

By HUGH S. FULLERTON.

	Value in Offense.	Value in Defense.	Value in Season.	Value in Series.
Scott	619	732	703	695
Bancroft	621	737	706	697

Here are two youngsters, coming stars, who are just beginning to shine brightly, facing each other in a world's series. It is a toss-up between them in every department of the game, and they figure so closely together that it is hard to choose between them. Beyond doubt, Bancroft will be a greater ball player than Scott ever can hope to be. Nature has given him some advantages that are denied the Red Sox shortstop. The fact that the Quaker youngster, fresh from the Coast league, where he was a marvel, does not outshine his rival more in the figures is due to the fact that Scott has a year the advantage in the big show, and that Scott has played with an infield that could teach him more of the inside work than Bancroft knows. Last year Scott got his training down there with Wagner and Gardner and Yerkes to instruct and lead him, which in itself is a liberal education for a youngster, and this year he has had Jack Barry, the wisest of all the infielders and the most patient teacher of youngsters.

Bancroft is a first year man. He is perhaps the most brilliant youngster sent on East from the coast in many a year, and down at Philadelphia he is regarded as the wonder of the season. Naturally, in the enthusiasm of victory, his faults have been overlooked. He is not yet a finished ball player and he makes many blunders on the play around the base, blunders that are hidden to a great extent by the individual brilliancy of his work. Bancroft, a "busher," practically won the pennant for Philadelphia. To him, even more than to G. Cleveland Alexander, belongs the credit of the victory. Of course, neither could have won without the other, but Bancroft "made" that infield, transformed it from an uncertain and ragged defensive proposition into a hard fielding, clean working machine.

Getting down to figures, Bancroft can outhit Scott about thirty points against all kinds of pitching. He is speedier on the bases and clever at getting the jump on the pitcher. I shall have more to say later about the effect of the American League "balk" upon National League base runners who are not accustomed to such liberal interpretations of the balk rule. This is something Moran might advise Bancroft upon, or Boston's adepts at the balk will nip him off first about as often as he gets there. In the field the men figure very closely together, Scott not being quite the equal of his rival in going toward third base or in coming forward and cutting across in front of second base, but he plays the deep field perfectly, and is steady and brilliant in short play, especially with the infield drawn close. He handles a ground ball cleanly and gets it away to the bases quickly, but in that he is not the peer of Bancroft, who shoots from any position.

The players declare that Bancroft, in this respect, is almost the equal of Doolan, who was considered the greatest of all players at that style of defensive work. Bancroft is faster in double plays, but there is one thing I want you to observe in comparing these two fellows: Watch Scott when he passes the ball to Barry and see the difference in the manner in which he handles it from what he did last year. Then watch Bancroft and Niehoff make the same play. This play is, I think, executed better by Evers and Maranville than by any pair. They slip the ball to each other with a quick motion, merely pitching it toward the bag while the other is sprinting to meet the ball and trying to reach the bag in position to make the throw to first quickly. The danger of an error that will ruin a double play is minimized and the danger of doing it over quick enough to make the error more serious is eliminated. Besides that, the ball is at the base, easy to handle, and the other player can move freely and without fear, which lets him cover more ground and still reach the base in time.

Bancroft has a bad habit, especially when hurried, of snapping the ball to Niehoff with a quick wrist motion when the play must be made in a hurry. It comes fast to the base, doubles the danger of a muff, and if the muff does happen or the throw is bad, the ball goes on and the runners advance to another base. These are small things—but watch Scott and you'll see the fine Italian hand of Jack Barry in every move Scott makes around the base.

It is discouraging to figure on the batting of these two boys in this world's series. Scott is liable to find Alexander if Alex is right, and if this fellow Rixey has a good day Scott will be lucky to get that much. He tags the left-handed pitchers fairly well and will hit Rixey on an off day, but not if Eppa Jeptha has one of those "stuff" days that he has at times. Scott probably would hit Mayer well, would hammer Demaree or McQuillan and hold his average against Chalmers; but as these fellows are not likely to cut much figure in this series, Scott's batting average does not look much plumper than Connie Mack in these lean days of the Athletics.

Bancroft is up against the toughest pitching he ever has seen. I think he can be eliminated as a dangerous hitting factor. His best chance to hit, it appears, is against Shore—and that doesn't sound reasonable at all. He stands up pretty well to speed and takes his swings and, of course, any one who does that is liable to connect with one. They seem evenly matched at the waiting game, and on the bases all the advantage is with Bancroft, so that with the exception of the little inside points of the game, a little more finish on his combination playing and a few minor details of play, Bancroft outfigures his Red Sox rival. The difference is not sufficient to make Philadelphia lead and a little luck is likely to turn the tide in the other direction.

Tomorrow we will take up the third basemen and study them before passing again to the outfielders.

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Brookfeds Blame Umpire for Defeat.

There was one man who was unpopular in the Brookfed camp last night, and he was Umpire Mullin. Mullin was arbiter at the plate at Washington Park yesterday, and Brooklyn was leading when the ninth inning started by the score of 2 to 1. But after Buffalo and Umpire Mullin finished the ninth inning Buffalo was leading and won the game 3 to 2.

Hofman, the first man up for Buffalo, filed to left field. Then Hal Chase singled and went to second when Louden was out at first base. Engle walked and Chase tallied with the run that tied the score when Roach poked a single to centre. Then Mullin got in wrong. Allen banged the ball to Magee, who threw to Simon to catch Engle at the plate. Mullin called Engle safe, but the Brookfed players and the spectators thought he was out. The score:

BUFFALO.	AB	R	H	PO	A	BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Dalton, rf.	3	0	0	1	0	A'rson, rf.	4	0	0	3	0
D'ney, 3b.	4	0	0	1	1	Kiley, lf.	4	1	1	2	0
H'fm'n, lf.	4	1	0	2	0	Magee, 2b.	4	0	1	2	7
Chase, 1b.	4	1	1	8	1	Kauff, cf.	3	0	2	3	0
L'den, 2b.	3	0	2	0	4	C'oper, 1b.	2	1	0	11	0
Engel, cf.	2	1	0	2	0	F. S'th, ss.	4	0	0	2	3
Roach, ss.	4	0	2	1	3	Holt, 3b.	3	0	1	2	0
Allen, c.	4	0	1	10	0	Simon, c.	3	0	0	2	3
Krapp, p.	3	0	1	2	1	Marion, p.	3	0	1	0	5
						*Myers	1	0	0	0	0
Total.	31	3	7	27	10	†Griggs	1	0	0	0	0
						Total.	32	2	6	27	18

*Batted for Simon in ninth inning.
†Batted for Marion in ninth inning.

Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	—3	
Brooklyn	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2	

Errors—F. Smith, Holt.

Left on bases—Buffalo, 6; Brooklyn, 5. Two-base hits—Kauff, Roach. Three-base hits—Krapp, Magee. Sacrifice hit—Louden. First base on error—Buffalo, 1. Stolen bases—Chase, Hofman, Roach, Dalton. Double play—Louden, Roach, and Chase. Bases on Balls—Off Krapp, 4; off Marion, 3. Struck out—By Krapp, 8; by Marion, 1. Umpires—Messrs. Mullin and Wilhelm. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 2; Brooklyn, 0.
Boston, 8; Philadelphia, 3.
Cincinnati, 3; Chicago, 2.
Pittsburgh, 6; St. Louis, 5. (Ten innings.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 4; Washington, 3.
St. Louis, 8; Detroit, 2.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo, 3; Brooklyn, 2.
Newark, 3; Baltimore, 1.
Newark, 5; Baltimore, 1.
Pittsburgh, 8; Chicago, 4.
St. Louis, 4; Kansas City, 2.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.	Games to Play.
Philadelphia	87	61	.588	6
Boston	79	67	.541	8
Brooklyn	70	70	.530	5
Pittsburgh	72	79	.477	3
Chicago	71	79	.473	4
St. Louis	70	80	.467	4
Cincinnati	70	81	.464	3
New York	68	79	.462	7

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.	Games to Play.
Boston	99	46	.683	9
Detroit	98	54	.645	2
Chicago	89	61	.593	4
Washington	83	66	.557	5
New York	66	81	.449	7
St. Louis	63	87	.420	4
Cleveland	57	93	.380	4
Philadelphia	41	108	.275	5

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	PC.
Pittsburgh	85	64	.571
St. Louis	86	66	.566
Chicago	83	65	.561
Kansas City	80	71	.530
Newark	77	71	.520
Buffalo	74	78	.487
Brooklyn	70	82	.461
Baltimore	46	104	.307

Where They Play Today.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn at New York.
(Postponed until Saturday.)
Philadelphia at Boston.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.
Chicago at Cincinnati.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at Washington.
St. Louis at Chicago.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

Buffalo at Brooklyn.
Newark at Baltimore.
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

PHILLIES EASE UP A BIT.

With Pennant Won, They Don't Try Hard and Lose to Braves.

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—The Philadelphias, with the National League championship won, let up a bit today, and the Braves won easily, 8 runs to 2. Hughes held the new champions to three hits, but an error by Maranville in the third inning paved the way to the two runs that were scored on Cravath's triple. Boston sent Rixey from the box by scoring four runs in the first inning. Baumgartner, who followed him, pitched well until the eighth, when the Braves again bunched hits for three runs. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moran, rf.	2	1	1	0	0	Stock, 3b.	4	1	0	2	3
Evers, 2b.	4	0	0	3	0	B'cr't, ss.	2	1	0	1	3
Egan, lf.	4	1	3	4	0	P'kert, cf.	3	0	0	1	0
Magee, 1b.	4	2	2	9	0	Crav'h, rf.	4	0	2	0	0
Smith, 3b.	3	2	0	2	2	Lud's, 1b.	4	0	1	14	0
F'pat'k, cf.	4	2	2	1	0	Becker, lf.	3	0	0	1	0
Mar'e, ss.	4	0	1	2	0	Nieh'f, 2b.	4	0	0	1	0
Black'e, c.	4	0	0	6	1	Adams, c.	3	0	1	4	1
H'ghes, p.	3	0	0	0	0	Rixey, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						B'mg'r, p.	3	0	0	0	4
Total.	32	8	9	27	6	Total.	30	2	3	24	16

Errors—Bancroft, (2,) Cravath, Becker, Maranville.

Boston	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	3	x	—8
Philadelphia	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Egan, (2.) Three-base hits—Fitzpatrick, (2,) Cravath. Stolen bases—Fitzpatrick, Magee. Left on bases—Philadelphia, 5; Boston, 3. First base on errors—Philadelphia, 1; Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 4; off Rixey, 1; off Baumgartner, 2. Hits—Off Rixey, 2 in 2-3 inning; off Baumgartner, 6 in 7 1-3 innings. Struck out—By Hughes, 4; by Baumgartner, 2. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Rigler. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes.

Pirates in First Division.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 30.—Pittsburgh went into the first division by defeating St. Louis in a ten-inning game here today, 6 to 5. Errors by the home team gave the visitors their first four runs. A triple by Roche with two out in the ninth tied the score for the locals. Pittsburgh won in the tenth on a single by Viox and Gibson's double. Score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A	ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Carey, lf.	5	0	1	2	0	Hug's, 2b.	4	0	1	1	2
J'son, 1b.	4	0	0	16	0	†Roche	1	0	1	0	0
Barney, cf.	5	0	1	0	1	Purdue, p.	0	0	0	0	0
H'm'n, rf.	5	1	0	0	0	Smith, lf.	4	0	1	1	0
Wag'r, ss.	5	0	1	3	6	Beck, rf.	1	0	0	0	0
Viox, 2b.	4	3	3	1	3	Dolan, cf.	4	0	2	3	0
Baird, 3b.	3	1	1	1	4	Miller, 1b.					
Gibson, c.	3	1	2	6	0	2b.	5	1	0	12	1
Adams, p.	1	0	0	0	2	Long, rf.	1	0	1	4	1
*Costello	1	0	1	0	0	Betzel, 3b.	4	1	1	2	2
Kant'r, p.	3	0	2	0	0	‡Hyatt	1	0	0	0	0
H'mcn, p.	0	0	0	0	1	Snyder, c.	4	0	2	4	1
						H'rby, ss.	3	1	1	2	2
Total.	39	6	11	30	16	Mead's, p.	1	0	0	0	2
						Rob'son, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						Sallee, p.	1	0	0	0	1
						Gons's, 1b.	0	0	0	0	0
						Total.	39	5	9	30	15

*Batted for Adams in fourth inning.
†Batted for Huggins in ninth inning.
‡Batted for Betzel in tenth inning.
Errors—Wagner, (2,) Viox, Huggins, Dolan, Hornsby, (2,)

Pittsburgh	0	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	—6	
St. Louis	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—5	

Two-base hits—Snyder, Carey, Gibson. Three-base hits—Long, Dolan, Roche. Earned runs—Pittsburgh, 2; St. Louis, 4. Sacrifice hits—Dolan, Hornsby, Viox, Johnson, Baird. Double play—Hornsby to Miller. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 10; St. Louis, 7. First base on errors—Pittsburgh, 3; St. Louis, 2. Bases on balls—Off Kantlehner, 1; off Meadows, 2; off Robinson, 2. Hits—Off Adams, 4 in three innings; off Kantlehner, 4 in six innings; off Harmon, 1 in one inning; off Meadows, 4 in three and one-third innings; off Robinson, 2 in one and one-third innings; off Sallee, 3 in four and one-third innings; off Purdue, 2 in one inning. Struck out—By Kantlehner, 1; by Meadows, 3. Time of game—Two hours and eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and Eason.

FEDERAL FIGHT NEAR END.

Slight Chance for St. Louis or Chicago to Defeat Pittsburgh.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30. — Chicago today was almost put out of the Federal League pennant race by losing to Pittsburgh, which thereby strength

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NEW YORK, FRIDAY, OCT. 1, 1915.

BUSINESS AS USUAL.

From comments that have already appeared in the English press it is evident that opinion there will be divided as to whether the Anglo-French Commissioners, in arranging for a $500,000,000 loan in this country, made a bargain to be proud of. That Great Britain and France should have to pay 6 per cent. for American accommodation is thought by some critics of the transaction to be a reflection on the credit of the borrowers. But it is not. The loan is to run five years. It bears 5 per cent. interest per annum, and is placed with the underwriting syndicate at 96, so that the cost of the money to the joint borrowers will be approximately 6 per cent. flat. The syndicate, adding one-quarter of 1 per cent. to cover the bare cost of its work, will offer it at 96¼ to subscribers, that is, on a basis to yield 5.85 per cent. After the close of the subscription it will be for sale at 98, to yield 5½ per cent. Any one, even the smallest investor who wants only $100 of the loan, may participate in the subscription by applying at the nearest bank before the lists are closed, thereby gaining the advantage of the first price, namely, 96¼.

These are not onerous terms. They connote nothing in the least unfavorable to the credit of the borrowing countries. They are the "market terms," which is to say, a loan less attractive, in competition with what American borrowers are willing to pay for American capital, might not have been sure of success, and certainly its success was much more important than the rate of interest. To say, as some English commentators do, that for the sake of something other than business the people of the United States should place their credit at the command of the Allies on more favorable conditions is to take an emotional view of international finance which it will not bear, and to expect Americans to be more responsive than the English themselves have been to the needs of Great Britain. The English, out of their long financial experience, ought to know that when you borrow you have to pay the market price. They knew that well enough at home, when, on the last war loan, the rate of interest was raised to 4½ per cent., besides which buyers were guaranteed against loss in the event of subsequent domestic loans bearing a higher rate. The implication is that the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, as well as everybody else, thinks it probable that succeeding war loans at home will be issued on rising rates of interest.

It is not a matter of security or of the credit standing of the borrowers. The reason Great Britain has to pay 4½ per cent. for British money, the highest rate since the Napoleonic wars, and 6 per cent. for American credit, though nothing had ever been borrowed abroad before at all, is that she is displacing capital from other employment and converting it to the uses of war at a rate unparalleled in all experience. According to the estimate of the British Chancellor of the Exchequer, the total British debt on March 31, 1916, will be eleven billion dollars, against three and one-half billions at the beginning of the war in August, 1914. Borrowing 7½ billions for war in seventeen months does not wreck British credit. It is rather an astonishing achievement and a proof of resourcefulness beyond anything hitherto imagined. But it does raise the rate of interest in the world.

THE OLD DYCKMAN HOUSE.

To the few quaint and interesting landmarks which have escaped destruction in the growth of New York City, has been added, for permanent preservation, the ancient Dyckman farmhouse near the northern extremity of Manhattan Island. Through the generosity of Mrs. BASHFORD DEAN and Mrs. ALEXANDER MCMILLAN WELCH, lineal descendants of its seventeenth century builder, it has been presented to the Park Department with sufficient land to give the brick homestead with its broad gambrel roof a picturesque setting for future years on its original site.

Already are those broad acres, which, up to recent years, had lost but little of their early bucolic charm, crowded with apartment houses, and the Subway daily is carrying there a population greater than all Manhattan Island contained over two centuries ago when the first Dutch resident of the name of DYCKMAN, and who also was one of the patentees of Harlem, settled down to the life of a peaceful farmer on the fertile meadows popularly known as the Dyckman tract.

The house was erected at the close of the revolutionary war in 1783, the earlier home having been burned during the British occupancy of the city, in retaliation, perhaps, for the patriotic fervor of the DYCKMAN family. This fact doubtless has saved it from the dubious reputation of having been a Washington headquarters. It is, moreover, the last remaining type on Manhattan Island of a genuine Dutch farmhouse, a characteristic which is visibly exemplified in its architecture and in its suggestiveness of homely, simple hospitality and family comforts.

The passing years have brought new scenes and new conditions to the ancestral farm, but the old house remains unchanged. Built in the days when a house was destined to be the homestead of many generations of the same family, it is in prime condition today. When neatly renovated, with museum features in the low-ceilinged living rooms, this venerable relic will take its place beside the historic Fraunces Tavern and the Morris house, in both of which WASHINGTON was entertained, our City Hall and the old King mansion in Jamaica, as one more link recalling vividly the progressive steps in the metropolitan growth of the little settlement on the lower end of Manhattan Island.

AN INDIAN HOLIDAY.

So we are to have a new holiday. The Society of American Indians has decreed it at its session in Lawrence, Kansas. It is to be the second Saturday in May and is to be observed as American Indian Day.

Of course, every day in the year should be a holiday. There should be an Italian holiday—there is, by the way—an Irish holiday, a German holiday, and so on until, as BILL NYE used to say, "the mind grows dazed and giddy with the mighty thought." And yet it is impossible to feel the proper amount of irritation when it is the Indians who propose one. Certainly, if any class of Americans are entitled to a day of their own, it is the Indians. "The Indians," runs the declaration of their press agent, "are the only race in America without a national holiday." The only race in America; and still they are the only American race. It strikes the ear oddly to hear President COOLIDGE's proclamation:

> In the judgment of wise and impartial men, the heroic struggle of our fathers against force which they had no means of measuring or appreciating, yet which they fought against for homes, for family, for country, and the preservation of native freedom has no parallel in history.

We are not accustomed to think of the three hundred years' war "when the white man met the red" in just that way; but it seems that there is a race pride, even a patriotism, in this crushed race. Looking at GERONIMO in his Florida confinement, ERNEST MCGAFFEY dismissed him curtly as "a red Apache TAMERLANE." GERONIMO was not able to reply; perhaps if he had been it would not have been TAMERLANE but some famous figure in the gallery of national patriots whose name would have been drawn upon for a comparison.

There is something pathetically respectable about this attempt to create a national feeling among the members of the only race which has full title to the name American, even though they have gone about it in the wrong way. We have holidays enough and too many; but perhaps the Indians are really less anxious about the creation of a new holiday than about getting publicity for this new birth of a racial pride among them. In that case, though approval will have to be withheld from the holiday idea, one can honestly wish them well in their larger purpose.

THE BURDEN OF "THE GROWLER."

For some days students of café sociology have read this warning, appropriately printed in blue letters, which saddens the "saloons" of Manhattan and Brooklyn:

> Owing to additional taxation on our business, beer, per pint, will be 15 cents, to take effect on and after Oct. 1, 1915.

This is the day, dark to the sons of thirst, when the State liquor license tax here jumps from $1,200 to $1,500. The city gains nothing in revenue. It got half of the old fee, gets 40 per cent. of the new. Indeed, a considerable loss is anticipated, as many "places" will have to go out of business, if the retail sellers are not mistaken. Manhattan has "one saloon for every 450 of population." The community would be able to bear the loss of a good many barrooms. Indeed, the wonder grows how so many of them can make a living, what with the war tax on beer and wine, the spread of total abstinence, and the cost of living. The stranger within our gates, ready to spend and indulgent to excitements which he perhaps foregoes at home, lets us lay on him a fat share of the Manhattan consumption of the cup that cheers. Brooklyn is to be defended on the ground that, as a domestic and dormitory settlement, she cleaves to domestic beer.

It is matter of common observation and remark that people drink less generally and more moderately than they did even ten years ago. Common sense, athletics, knowledge of hygiene, the passion for "efficiency," most of all, perhaps, the pinch of expensive times have made a marked effect. One wonders how so many saloon keepers survive in the business.

The 50 per cent. rise in the price of the pint of beer, carried home in the "can" or "growler," will enable the "rushers" of that humble container to decide for themselves whether beer is a necessary or a luxury. If they hold that it is the latter, they will continue to buy. The size of the pint, its marvelous capacity of foam, have long been causes of acrimonious lament on the part of the buyers, the sociologists tell us, while the sellers have insisted that they lost money on the transaction. From today we shall gain light on an economic problem which must interest multitudes, judging from the multitudes of saloons. What interests the mere observer is who supports that crowd of "cafés."

ON A REEF AND BREAKING UP.

The direct primary continues to display new and unexpected possibilities. When the Legislature hurriedly obeyed Governor GLYNN's command and touched the match off under our electoral system it had no idea of the queer and unimaginable pyrotechnics that would result.

Take, as the latest example, the primary in Brooklyn. The Progressive Party, which has been shattered as an organization, nevertheless occupied the place of honor, the grand stand, the spotlight. Mere Republicans and Democrats went unsought and unnoticed; nobody even took the trouble to go and ask them for their votes; but all over that large, unwieldy borough men were piling into taxicabs night after night to collect the votes of Progressives. A stranger might have imagined that the Bull Moose Party was the largest and most important one in Brooklyn, instead of being a wreck on the shore.

The reason was simple enough. The Progressives were not strong enough to make any nominations of their own, in most districts, and consequently there ensued a fierce struggle between Republicans and Democrats to part the Bull Moose raiment among them and for its vesture to cast lots. There were virtually no Progressive candidates, only Republicans and Democrats designated by Bull Moose committees or failing of designation, and in either case struggling frantically to get the Progressive vote at the primary. There were curious results; if there was anywhere a straight Progressive candidate it was ROBERT H. ELDER, yet he seems to have lost the Progressive primary to a Republican of the strictest sect, District Attorney CROPSEY. If there are any real Progressives left, what do they think of the spectacle presented by their smashed and broken party, partitioned and dismembered by the two old parties who three years ago were supposed to represent all that was detestable in politics? The same scene was to be observed in Manhattan, but hardly on such a scale. Brooklyn has furnished the most thoroughgoing demonstration yet given of the wreck and ruin of what three years ago was a formidable movement in American politics.

AFFLICTED TORREON.

The occupation of Torreon by the soldiers of CARRANZA under command of OBREGON is the first noteworthy achievement of the Mexican Constitutionalists since the last statement of the Pan-American Conference, which seemed to foreshadow recognition of CARRANZA as de facto ruler of Mexico. The occupation was effected without bloodshed. VILLA has abandoned Torreon and it is believed that he intends to abandon Chihuahua also, and to confine his operations in the immediate future to Sonora. It must be admitted that VILLA's recent doings measurably justify the assertion of the Carranzistas that VILLA is not at present a formidable antagonist. He has certainly abandoned the field of his former operations, for the time being, but he has not been captured, he has followers, arms, and ammunition, and the Villista party refuses to admit defeat. There are agents of VILLA in this country who expect to make strong representations to the Pan-American Conference at the meeting next week. They can scarcely hope to convince the mediators that VILLA has established a Government worthy of recognition, but they may be able to postpone recognition of their opponents until the factions can be harmonized.

Meanwhile, General OBREGON has a good opportunity in Torreon to correct the impression made, during his brief occupancy of Mexico City, of callous disregard for human suffering and a lack of constructive ability. The people in Torreon are suffering, the town needs cleaning, business has been paralyzed. General OBREGON can do much to restore comfort and prosperity to the inhabitants. The cotton crop has not been harvested and the other crops of the rich laguna district have been sadly neglected. If OBREGON chooses to exert himself while he is in Torreon he can greatly increase the repute of the Constitutionalists of Mexico in this country. Torreon has been a city of many miseries since the outbreak of the Madero revolution against DIAZ. OROZCO began there his unlucky campaign against MADERO. In the war of the Constitutionalists against HUERTA it was the scene of the bloodiest battle, in which the courage and skill of VILLA were amply proved. It has since, until lately, been one of VILLA's chief military depots, it has lost prestige as a manufacturing and trading centre, and probably its inhabitants are now hoping for the dawn of a new era.

ONE PHASE OF THE MOVIES.

The spectator at the moving pictures is often struck by the familiarity of the background of a scene on the screen. There is a building, for instance, that he seems to have seen frequently in his walks and drives abroad, but it must be a delusion, for there is a quaint old doorway he does not recognize, and a swinging sign proclaiming good entertainment for man and beast. The sign and the doorway, however, may be portable scenery and the ancient inn of the pictured romance may, indeed, be that very Elizabethan garage of a Long Island country club. Your movie man, like LOPE DE VEGA and MOLIERE, helps himself to what he finds that suits his needs. NERO has courted POPPEA in Rahway and Australian bushmen have been quelled by settlers in the Bronx. The Italian gardens on the suburban estates of New York citizens have been transformed, by permission, into ducal pleasure grounds, where Queens and soldiers have played deep with hearts and Princes have fought duels to the finish. The Rome of the movies may be Rome in Italy, but it is quite as likely to be a private park in Saratoga or the terrace of a country house on the Hudson. One who goes abroad much may often encounter the movies in the course of making. He may barely escape confusing himself, in his sober modern attire, with the gay Neapolitan bandit, he may be a witness of the rescue of a lady from a desperate villain, and then see the two going off together in the same motor car to the place chosen as a background for the next picture.

In a letter printed on this page yesterday a moving-picture man, anxious that the repute of his calling shall not suffer for the misdeeds of a few who have abused hospitality, uttered his protest against the ill-treatment of lawns and gardens lent to the showmen by their generous owners. He says that wealthy suburbanites are already turning the cold shoulder to the movie men, because of their bad manners and lack of gratitude. Flower beds have been trampled upon, hedges broken, sometimes houses have been invaded. The matter has not been brought to public notice often, but the respectable moving-picture men should band together to protect themselves from the disrepute the black sheep in their calling, managers and performers alike, are tending to bring upon them. If it were necessary to pay a price every time for the setting of every movie scene in the open the profits of the business would be materially decreased. The situation as it stands is very interesting, however, as it throws a bright light on one hitherto obscure phase of a new kind of business whose potentialities are as yet but faintly comprehended. One who cares to take up the study of the movies may learn something new about them every day, and at the end of a year still have much to learn.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Relation of Fiction to Truth.

Mrs. GERTRUDE ATHERTON is probably quite justified in resenting, for herself and other producers of romance, every charge or intimation that the writing of books admittedly not veracious in the way that historians try and pretend to make their chronicles true, lessens either the ability or the inclination to be accurate.

Not all novels, of course, are trustworthy portrayals of life as it is or was lived in the time and place selected for exploitation; but with rare exceptions they are so to the full extent of the author's power to make them, and the merit of a novel is almost exactly proportioned to his success or hers in the achievement of this estimable and inevitable purpose. That it is sometimes attained with a close approach to perfection, and not infrequently in no small degree, is evidenced by the insatiable demand for novels and the tireless interest in them which no small fraction of humanity has always shown.

A successful novelist has more than an excuse, therefore, for claiming confidence as one whose habit as well as business it is to observe carefully and to tell truly what has been seen. This is compatible with the exercise of imagination—perhaps is dependent on its possession, for people without imagination are notably prone to mistakes and misjudgments.

Talking, Now, Across a Continent!

So wonted have we been of late years to regularly recurring announcement by the electricians of a new achievement in the domain of what had passed for the impossible that nobody is even surprised, much less excited, by the news that telephone messages were sent on Wednesday from New York to San Francisco—the greater part of the distance, 2,500 miles—without a wire to carry the vibrations. The thing, as well as yesterday's report of talk with Honolulu, is taken the more calmly, perhaps, because for two or three years we have been hearing of minor triumphs in ethereal telephony, and this, to the uninitiate, seems merely to be doing better and over a longer distance what has already been done.

It is, however, much more than that, and how much more is realized only by those who know that new difficulties, as well as an increase in those previously encountered, had to be overcome before the mites between Arlington and the Pacific Coast and Hawaii could be bridged without the help of a wire.

In characterizing Wednesday's exploit, Colonel RIEBE of the Government's Aerial Service was content to say that it marked "an epoch in technical achievement and in the development policy of a great corporation." Other experts cautiously refrain from claiming more of immediate utility for what it is convenient though inaccurate to call aerial telephony than that it will be of enormous value in emergencies, created by breakdowns of the more familiar system of communication and as a substitute for them where topographical conditions make the employment of those systems impracticable or prohibitively expensive. That is, of course, the safe way to view the invention in its present state, but there is sufficient justification for fairly confident predictions that these limitations will soon be passed, and passed as far, too, as have been those which carefulness and incredulity placed on the first telephones and on wireless telegraphy when it was new.

Some of us have not forgotten that certain Wise Ones sniffed at them both as "toys," interesting, indeed, but unimportant. And now it would seem to be next to impossible to live without them!

A Doctor Criticises Journalism.

In addressing the medical students in the course of the exercises marking the opening of Columbia's new year, Dr. F. C. WOOD, Director of the Crocker Cancer Research Fund, took occasion to scold the newspapers at considerable length and with no little vivacity. To their ignorance in scientific matters, and to their love of the sensational, he ascribed, among other things, the public's dangerously exaggerated estimate of radium as a curative agent and the undeserved amount of attention which the public gave for a while to the claims of Dr. FRIEDMANN that he had conquered tuberculosis.

"If the newspapers would only publish the facts!" exclaimed Dr. WOOD. Would he have an answer ready if somebody should ask him when a newspaper, and what newspaper, refused to publish "the facts"—when one of them failed to show an eager desire to get and print "the facts," in medical as in other matters—whether doctors, as well as newspapers, do not occasionally make honest and unavoidable mistakes in deciding between truth and error?

If the newspapers led their readers to expect much from radium, they had the excuse that the statements and predictions they printed were all made on the authority of reputable and distinguished members of the medical profession, and if such men are not to be trusted on such a subject, who is? Perhaps Dr. WOOD will say that the newspapers have no business to discuss medical subjects at all. If so, he will not be alone in holding that opinion, but he and the others who hold it are contradicted by many of their own colleagues, and, anyhow, it is a question that has not been, and will not be, left to them for decision.

As regards Dr. FRIEDMANN, the critic of the newspapers had for once a pretty good case. The papers were hasty, then, and they ignored warnings which they should have heeded; but even in that case there was no reluctance to print "the facts" as soon as they were available, and if the newspapers blew the Friedmann bubble, they also pricked it without hesitation as soon as the propriety of doing so was demonstrated. That's something.

ART NOTES.

Works In New Style at Montross Gallery—Roll's War Painting.

At the Montross Gallery today is an opening at which are shown the latest fashions in art. And the fact that the works shown are in the new style and feeling makes them not a whit the less art. Whether you do or do not see what you like in this handsome collection of moderns, you admit that it contains much that is serious and a little that is very beautiful. There is Mr. Stella's jug of something or other beneath the bough, for example—where could one match the blithe and learned color which has bloomed on the canvas with as little trace of effort or manufacture as though a seventeenth century Fleming had put it there. Few of Mr. Speicher's Academy friends will be reconciled to his plunge into the dark waters of his new manner, which possibly derives from Cézanne and possibly from a nearer source, but which, by force of genuine talent, the artist has made his own.

Mr. Preston's "Fruit" plainly reveals his gift for composing color—"organizing color" is the way to say it now. There is lovely color, again, in Arnold Friedman's spotted surfaces. Bertram Hartman is amusing but detached in his "Madame Fashion"; she seems not to belong in this quite sincere group, although her author lacks nothing of sincerity in his particular genre. Why, also, is Guy Pené du Bois just around the corner from Kenneth Hayes Miller? His social satires are irresistible in acumen and wit, and technically they are expert, but the contrast with Mr. Miller's caveman types is almost too violent for comfort. Still, one should not complain when such a wealth of free fancy is offered. In the outer room are the sketches, with a few in the inner gallery. Among the latter are the curious "Studies" by Maurice Sterne of one model, Mabel Dodge. The bold foreshortenings and interesting poses are decidedly arresting, and give the effect of strength and vitality. They call for closer study, as do many of the other things which will receive a later notice. The exhibition will be on for three weeks.

"War—Forward March."

At the exhibition of Alfred Philippe Roll's paintings, which will open at the Knoedler Galleries on Saturday, one will attract especial attention for its historic importance and contemporary interest with all the world at war. This is the "War—Forward March," painted in 1886 and 1887, when the people of France were still agitated by the incidents which had taken place on the Franco-German border. The catalogue contains this eloquent description of the picture:

"The 'Forward March' is without doubt one of the best military pictures of our time, of which so many have been painted. Roll's soldiers are genuine troopers in action, gray with dust, perspiring, exhausted, unnerved by the pending battle, marching because it is their duty, without enthusiasm but also without recrimination. This picture is neither a panegyric nor a useless, bitter dissertation of war, dating from the time when the hostilities began. There is in it only a distressing proof of what war is, nothing else. When one's native land is in danger one must sacrifice one's self to defend it; there is no duty more sacred—this is the only thought evoked by Roll's picture. A battalion of infantry comes out in the road, where one perceives quite near, stretched and bleeding, under a mule, a soldier who has just been killed; a patrol is leaving a troop; the scouts, gun in hand, are preparing to seach a wood; down the valley they are fighting; the cannon thunder; a battery of artillery has taken position to silence a German battery; shells are exploding; the noise of the shooting is beginning to be heard; the enemy, signaled on the left, is certainly very near; the infantry is about to charge; no cries, no manifestations of any kind; duty accepted without a murmur."

ZEPPELINS AND TEA.

A Picture of Life in England Under Everyday War Conditions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I send you a letter which I recently received from a friend in England. The remarks on conscription, I think, are rather illuminating, while other parts give one rather a good idea of what is going on in that section of England. B. H. NYE.

Yonkers, N. Y., Sept. 28, 1915.

[Inclosure.]

Buckland Hill, Maidstone,
Aug. 9, 1915.

Dear Mr. Nye: Thank you very much, too, for the two newspapers. Your papers have much more news in them than ours. The censorship is so rigid that we seem to get only the scrappiest news every morning.

For example, there have been several Zeppelin raids lately; but if no casualties are caused there is nothing said about them, and if any damage is done the name of the raided town is not given. But as we are in the southeast we hear when there have been Zeppelin visits. A neighbor's sister living at Dover had a fine fireworks sight last week when she saw a Zeppelin dropping bombs on the Admiralty pier in the full blaze of the searchlights. We ourselves were visited by a Zeppelin about two months ago. It did no bomb-dropping here at all, but it caused a rare excitement, for people were awakened by the sound of the guns firing on it.

Quick-firers are mounted on armored motor cars under the control of the Naval Air Service, and they can be telephoned for by the police when an air raider is in the neighborhood. There is also a very powerful steamer siren at the electric works, which is blown to warn the townspeople to take shelter in their cellars, and this thing going off at 12:15 (midnight) woke us with a great start. We heard the Zeppelin motors distinctly, so we flew downstairs promptly and sat in the cellars for a solid hour and a half till the siren went off again to say the danger was past. Since that event the restriction of the lights has been very rigorously enforced. No street lamps are even lighted, all shops must have their lights well shaded and the sun blinds let down, while blinds must be kept carefully down and lights shaded in people's houses. We have had a policeman after us twice for leaving our blinds up, so now we put brown paper around our lamp globes.

The town is still very full of soldiers—a new set of men comes in about every three weeks. Their work for some time past has been to dig trenches on the hills which, you no doubt remember, lie to the northeast of the town. Not only does this give them practice, but is of actual practical use in providing the third line of defense for London at a radius of about forty miles. Today has been quite exciting for the loungers in the town, for these trenches for some distance have been destroyed by bombs dropped from airships in the presence, it is said, of Lord Kitchener.

We were out this afternoon and saw a continuous procession of motors containing staff officers with the distinguishing scarlet around their caps, and naval officers, together with elegant French officers, Belgians, and Japanese.

On our return home we saw a large airship and five smaller ones appear at a fair height. They looked wonderfully pretty, with their aluminium-colored envelopes gleaming in the sun. After making sundry revolutions they were over the hills and remained there dropping bombs on the trenches, which exploded with a pretty loud bang and sent up clouds of black smoke.

The agitation for conscription is being carried on more actively than ever by The Daily Mail and its allied papers, and it is difficult to know what the National Register, which every one filled up last Sunday, means. There are many people who think it is the forerunner of conscription, and I hear that the names of all men of military age will be marked and that they will later receive a visit from the recruiting Sergeant. Of course conscription could not be introduced without a measure in Parliament, and it is to be hoped that democratic opinion will declare itself firmly against it. I think it will, for the supporters of it are the aristocratic and wealthy classes.

A few Sundays ago one vicar, who is in close touch with the military set, preached a sermon upholding the virtues of national service. In the afternoon we went to tea with some friends who are a country family—the grandfather was a peer. They were strongly in favor of it, too, and the vicar of the church in their village—the nephew of a Tory, Lord Chancellor—was practically dragooning the yokels into joining the army in his sermon that night. We thought we had had an enlightening day. The other night at the "movies" (I like the American name) there was the word 'Conscription' on the screen, and it evoked loud applause from all the bits of girls, but the men and soldiers, I noticed, showed no enthusiasm.

Signed, ——

A Cat's Joy of Killing.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to refer to your editorial comment on the proposed investigation of the Association of Audubon Societies relative to the slaughter of birds by cats.

After a study of bird life extended over a period of forty years, it is the conclusion of the writer that the cat should find no friends among ornithologists. I dispute the allegation that the killing is done "to interest, amuse, and instruct the kittens," although at times this is undoubtedly an attendant circumstance. Within a few weeks I have observed a half-grown cat which had never known maternal joys in a constant hunt for birds. To the writer's knowledge the creature killed three robins in two days, and there was circumstantial evidence that she destroyed a brood of myrtle warblers (worth all the cats in New England) and was prevented a few days later from destroying a brood of catbirds, which doubtless she eventually consumed. The cat is cunning and persistent in her destruction of bird life, and it is high time that her temperamental kultur should be understood.

SANBORN G. TENNEY.

Padanaram, Mass., Sept. 20, 1915.

THE STORM.

The wild, kind rain is driving in my face,
As joyously I challenge winds to race.
Its warming sting doth set me all a-glow,
I leap in ecstasy as forth I go
Down, down the way so often trod before
Along the smooth, firm-beaten, much-loved shore.
Its fascinating beauty lures me on—
It is a glorious thing to think upon!

Above my head the sea-gulls circle high,
Great clouds roll o'er the gray expanse of sky—
Yea, everything is moving in a song,
Its happy spirit carries me along!
Look! There with every charm of fairy lace,
Flung wide from Father Neptune's fond embrace,
Bright heaps of coral mosses dye the beach,
The sport wind whirls them from my longing reach.

I scarce can hold my course, but needs must blow
Just where the surging wind would have me go.
The breakers madly dash about my feet,
As if their unseen sovereign Lord to meet.
Ofttimes mere ripples drop a shy curtsey
And, gurgling low, retire gracefully;
But these pound forth their souls' best energy,
In earnest homage bending low the knee.

Like them, I, too, would gladly worship there,
And add my part to Nature's mighty prayer.
At times like this my weakness full I see,
In contact with the great infinity.
I feel such joy! My thankful heart expands
With all the gifts of the Almighty Hand.
I find myself where I would long to be,
Lost in the power of God's immensity.

CHARLOTTE LOUISE GREENE.

SENTIMENTAL ASPECT OF THE WAR LOAN.

To England We Owe Friendship; to France Gratitude for Assisting the Sublime Audacity of the American Revolution.

By JAMES M. BECK.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Every American should rejoice that the negotiations between the Anglo-French Commission and our American financiers did not fail. Such failure would have been a lasting disgrace to this country, for this loan has its sentimental as well as its purely economic significance. It is natural that the distinguished financiers, who conducted the negotiations in behalf of American business interests, could not take into account the purely sentimental aspects of the problem, for they were acting, in a sense, as the trustee for others.

The American, who sympathizes with the great cause of the Allies, and who believes that they are fighting for the basic principles of civilization and for the cause of democracy as against absolutism, may well regard the question of this loan as more moral than economic.

Many of those who have this belief—and their number is legion—have increasingly chafed at the inaction of our own Government and its unwillingness to take an active and efficient part in this great struggle, upon which in very truth the whole future of humanity depends. To these the opportunity, within the narrow limits of strict neutrality prescribed for us by the Administration of the day—to contribute moral and material support to the Allies should and doubtless will be very welcome.

There is in this connection a question of gratitude, which should not be lost sight of.

So far as England is concerned, it must not be forgotten that in the last war which this country had with a great European power Great Britain gave to us both moral and material support. Dewey's fleet left for Manila Bay with the cheers of English sailors ringing in his ears, with English coal in the bunkers of his ships, and with the good will of the British Empire. When the Central Powers, largely acting at the instigation of Potsdam, attempted to form a coalition against this country in behalf of Spain, this attempted interference—which might have led to grave and possibly disastrous consequences—was stopped by the action of England in proclaiming its moral sympathy for us.

To France, however, the debt of this country is even greater, and should be recalled at this time, when this gallant nation is truly fighting our battles for us, just as it fought for us in our war of independence.

Many Americans do not realize the magnitude of that debt.

Our war of independence was an act of sublime audacity on our part.

Our Revolution began and almost prematurely ended in a struggle for powder. There was not in the United States at that time a powder mill which supplied more than purely local necessities, and so far as known there was but one small manufactory of muskets. Unless the Colonists could obtain powder and shot resistance was obviously out of the question.

Two days after Lexington the Massachusetts Committee of Safety made an accurate estimate of the existing supplies in New England for their hastily improvised army, and it revealed twelve field pieces, 21,000 firearms, 17,000 pounds of powder, and 22,000 pounds of ball. Obviously a pound of powder per soldier could not last very long and we are not surprised to learn that a few months later Washington had kegs of sand, labeled "powder," rolled into camp in order to delude his soldiers into the apparent security that there was plenty of ammunition. On the morning of Bunker Hill each man of Colonel Stark's brigade, according to a contemporary record, only "received a gill cupful of powder, fifteen balls, and one flint." It was the failure of ammunition, it will be remembered, that compelled the Colonists to retire from that glorious defeat.

By August, 1775, powder was almost gone. Washington wrote that the situation was "terrible" and he had left only thirty-two barrels of powder for his army. The poverty of powder was so evident that General Charles Lee suggested to Franklin that pikes should be manufactured, and Franklin even gravely urged the use of bows and arrows.

Shortly after the Battle of Lexington, when the fathers of the Republic were in despair as to their ability to wage war without money, credit, powder or shot, a mysterious stranger appeared in Philadelphia and requested the Continental Congress to give him an audience. Who he was is still a mystery, but he was undoubtedly a French officer, and came as a representative of the French Government. He told the Committee of Congress which was delegated to meet him that the infant colonies would not be left alone in the struggle, and that France would help them. As a result of this interview the Continental Congress appointed Dr. Franklin, Benjamin Harrison, John Dickinson, John Jay, and Robert Morris a Secret Committee of Correspondence to correspond with France and other European nations and secure this invaluable aid. This committee first sent Silas Deane, and later Franklin, as the representatives of the Colonists to the Court of France. Before the former reached France its Government, actuated partly by motives of self-interest, but largely by the enthusiasm of its people for the cause of the Colonists, had already determined to give generously and without any security the indispensable aid of the Fathers of the Republic. Had they been guided solely by calculations of policy they would have refused to do so, for apart from the fact that the Colonists had assisted in wresting from France its Canadian empire, and that the principles for which the Colonists fought were antagonistic to the French monarchy, there was the grave danger to a nation, that was even then drifting rapidly toward bankruptcy, in antagonizing the first power in the world.

France, however, did not hesitate. Without formally breaking with England, it indirectly gave to the United States 3,000,000 of livres and permitted the arsenals of France to be stripped of cannon, powder and shot for the same purpose. With these, ten cargoes of arms and ammunition, sufficient to equip an army of 25,000 men, were sent to Washington's army, and it is possible and perhaps probable that without these indispensable gifts the cause of the colonists would have suffered the same debacle as attended the Russian operations in Galicia and for the same reason, namely, the inability of men, however brave, without guns, powder, or shot, to resist the attacks of an enemy which has a full equipment of these essentials of war.

Nor did her chivalrous assistance stop with mere gifts of money or loans of credit. France sent to us the bravest of her soldiers, including the knightly Lafayette, and no one recognized more fully than Washington the inestimable debt that he and the American cause owed to the armies of Rochambeau and the fleets of De Grasse.

America has now the opportunity, without any breach of neutrality, to recognize and repay in some small measure this immeasurable debt, and this sentimental aspect of the question should not be forgotten by American investors when they consider what action each will take with respect to the present loan to France and England when it is offered to the public. No one can or should quarrel with those of our people who, sympathizing in the same sincerity of spirit with the cause of the central powers, have subscribed liberally to the German loan, and the opportunity now presents itself to that larger class of Americans, who, like the writer, deeply sympathize with the cause of the Allies, to render them some small measure of assistance.

Had the proposed loan failed, it would, as I have said, been a lasting disgrace to this country. Should the public fail to subscribe for it, it would be even a greater disgrace. In the first instance, the fault would have been that of the financiers who conducted the negotiations, but in the latter instance the fault would be that of the American people themselves.

If only prudential considerations are to guide the investor, it will be recognized that France never defaulted in a public loan but once, and that England's obligations have always been paid.

Americans should remember the one occasion when France's credit as a borrowing nation was temporarily destroyed. It was in the reign of Louis XVI., and while its underlying cause was the extravagance of the French monarchy under Louis XIV. and Louis XV., yet the last straw which broke the back of French credit and precipitated the French Revolution was the generous aid which the French monarchy and the French people gave to our country in its hour of need. But for that aid we might never have become a separate and independent nation. Partly with that aid the crowning triumph of Yorktown was achieved. It is a historical truism that no nation ever owed more to another than the United States owes to France, and this fact should not be forgotten in this hour of our unchallenged security and amazing prosperity.

Thousands of us during the last terrible twelve months have longed to be, within the limits of neutrality, of some service to the cause of the Allies other than by charitable contributions to non-combatants. The golden opportunity is now presented to us. We can show in a more striking way than merely by idle words the depth of our interest.

France and England could, if need be, do without this American loan. In its economic aspect it possibly affects the American producer and exporter more, in a practical sense, than it does the people of England and France. But this balancing of economic advantages seems to me of minor importance as compared with the greater moral question as to whether the American people will inflict upon the cause of the Allies the unquestioned moral injury by permitting this loan to be unsubscribed. We have again and again expressed our sympathy for the Allies, and the practical question now arises, how much do we sympathize? If this loan shall be largely oversubscribed it will be a manifestation of moral sympathy in this country, which will be of great value to those who are fighting the cause of democracy for us, and it follows of necessity that if there should be a niggardly response by the American public to this call, which rests so largely upon moral as well as material considerations, then the cause of the Allies will have sustained an injury for which no pecuniary advances can possibly compensate.

Let every American who remembers what France did for us in our hour of need consider it his personal duty, without respect to the economic advantages of the loan, to subscribe as liberally as possible, and thus by an immense oversubscription show where the sympathies of America truly lie in this great struggle of liberty against absolutism.

JAMES M. BECK.

IN THE POLISH UNIFORM.

How Austrian Subjects Were Lured to the Teutonic Cause.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Though the organization that accredited Messrs. Hausner and Mlynarski to the Poles in the United States styles itself the Chief National Committee, the author of a letter in defense of Hausner and Mlynarski assumes too much for it when he asserts that it "has clustered around itself the whole of the Polish nation."

The Chief National Committee has not been recognized by Russian Poland, nor has it been recognized even by German Poland. It represents solely Austrian Poland. It may be the only authoritative body in Austrian Poland, therefore; but as Austrian Poland constitutes only one-fifth of the former Polish Republic, the Austro-

THE HIPPODROME A LA DILLINGHAM

Largest of All Playhouses Reopens with a Sumptuous Spectacle.

A GAY BALLET ON SKATES

Sousa, Aldrich, Belle Storey, and an Ice-Bound Tank Among the Joys of "Hip-Hip Hooray."

HIP HIP HOORAY.—Charles Dillingham's first Hippodrome show; lyrics by John L. Golden; music by Raymond Hubbell.

THE PLAYERS.

Arthur Deagon,	The Glorias,
Nat Wills,	The Amaranths,
Orville Harrold,	Dippy Diers,
Belle Storey,	The Romanos,
Toro,	Hale and Paterson,
Dave Abrahams,	Leslie Leigh,
Charles T. Aldrich,	

Sousa and his band, the Miramba Guatemalan Band, the Boganny troupe of acrobats, Power's elephants, skaters and ski jumpers.

All cleaned and burnished till it was as gay and bright as a new dollar, the Hippodrome threw wide its doors last evening for the first season under its new management. The audience that packed to the doors the largest theatre in the world saw unfolded on the roomy stage a gargantuan spectacle, smarter and more sumptuous than any that stage had ever known.

The entertainment there exhibited is a handsome expression of the wisdom, enterprise and amazing energy of Charles B. Dillingham. He has done his work with his head full of ideas and his pockets full of money. He has gone deep into the possibilities of the Hippodrome and come up smiling. There are riches of experience from Burnside, there are marches from Sousa, and new devices from Berlin. The characteristic music is by Raymond Hubbell, but the characteristic prodigality is by Mr. Dillingham, whom we have to thank for "Hip Hip Hooray." The same to him and many of them.

A very army of entertainers is here at work. They range all the way from a grand opera singer to the smallest of the tots that romped all last season in the gayeties of "Chin-Chin," from a tramp out of vaudeville to a clown out of Germany. Orrville Harrold sings with might and main, to say nothing of a look of mild surprise at finding himself a mere vocal interlude between successive scenic splendors.

The magic Dillingham success at the Globe has sent over its contingent. There are not merely the children, bewitchingly headed by delightful actress, Miss Agnes McCarthy, but there is Belle Storey, whose flute notes would scorn even more difficult acoustics than those of the Hippodrome, and there is Charles T. Aldrich, that marvelous Englishman who can change from a gladiator into a chorus girl with a gesture or so. His instantaneous transformations baffle now, as always, and as a crowning trick he cruelly penetrates the Peking Mysteries by producing great turns of water from under a bit of tapestry and then showing how he does it.

But, after all, no individual in sight of the audience really counts at the Hippodrome. What counts is the scenic endeavor, the color, the splendor, and the novelty. Here we have the same old thing done handsomely—spectacle, interspersed with dashes of circus, musical comedy and vaudeville, with the emphasis on the spectacle. This is Director Burnside's business, and when he attended to it he did pecking ingenious.

Most of us think of our bright rejoinders when it is too late to make them, and must solace ourselves alone with what Mr. Wells calls neat but belated repartee. Doubtless soon after Mr. Burnside packed up and moved out of the Hippodrome some seasons ago he began to think of things he wished he had thought of when he was still at work on its mammoth stage. It is now as if he had made idle mental notes of all those ideas and found them suddenly useful on his return.

Quite the handsomest scene as well as the gayest novelty is the ice ballet which winds up the entertainment. During the long Summer, when the ground is being made ready for the mighty preparations issued from behind the locked doors of the big playhouse in Sixth Avenue, there was circulated a base rumor that the management would have none of the famous tank where once the good ship Pinafore rode at anchor on a miniature Portsmouth tide.

The rumor was baseless. The tank is still there, but now it is ice-bound and its cool surface, with the snows banked high beyond, invites you to St. Moritz. On its pretty rink a skating ballet from Berlin disports itself with lovely grace and striking skill. They are led by one Charlotte, a golden-haired vision in white whose skating is a marvel. It all ends with ski-jumping of the sort that takes your breath away, and a final appearance of a lanaern chorus on the ice at night.

Then there is Mr. Sousa and his band; Sousa at the Panama Exposition with the Tower of Jewels rising behind him and himself obliged to wave his baton over a limitless sea of chorus girls. It is the pageant of the States, each Commonwealth represented by a group in costumes cleverly designed by Robert McQuinn, and all tripping along to the "March of the States."

This is a new Sousa composition, wherein he takes snatches from a gazetteer of melodies that includes such strains as "Cheyenne," "Louisiana Lou," "Maryland, My Maryland," that listens to Cohan for the musical voice of New York and that winds up with his own "Stars and Stripes Forever." It is all very fine and will make geography temporarily pleasant for every schoolboy in the country.

There might be mention, too, of the elaborate representation of the Cascades at the Biltmore, an excuse for the dancing of which there is a bit too much, and of a rather sleazy trip to Chinatown with an exhibition by the agile Boggany troupe, which winds up with an offensively unpleasant exhibition that will doubtless be dropped before long. There certainly must be mention of the opening scene on the roof-tops downtown, a good view of the Brooklyn Bridge and the river at night, with its novelty of a scrambling dance by myriad cats.

The whole enterprise has been undertaken on a gigantic scale. "Hip-Hip-Hooray" is drawn to scale, and imagination swoons at an estimate of the dressmaker's bill alone. The show was received with acclaim by the big and decidedly impressive audience which attended the premiere, and which included Mayor Mitchel, who, from his box draped with the flag of the city, smiled down on an entertainment whose almost imperceptible book included one irreverent reference to himself as a possible understudy for Vernon Castle.

REICHER TALKS ON DRAMA.

Unfolds Its Development to the German Society of Art.

Emanuel Reicher, head of The Modern Stage and the People's Theatre, delivered an address on "The Development of the Modern Drama" before the German Society of Art and Sciences at the Hotel Majestic last night. More than 200 persons heard Mr. Reicher's address and applauded his review of the history of the stage through its successive periods of development, classic, romantic, and modern, especially in reference to Germany.

Mr. Reicher analyzed the significant aspects of the modern drama as developed by M. Antoine in Paris and Max Reinhardt in Germany. He declared the trend of the dramatist today was entirely away from the hackneyed situations and characters which still prevail on the ordinary stage. He said the drama was becoming a greater work of art, with a higher appreciation of effects of atmosphere and with a firmer emphasis on the truth and reality of characters.

Short Movie Farce in Triangle Bill.

A new plan of program arrangement will be introduced at the Knickerbocker Sunday, when the second Triangle bill is given for the first time. A short motion-picture farce will be given at 1:50 in the afternoon and at 7:50 at night, to amuse the early arrivals at the theatre. The second bill will be made up of Hale Hamilton in "Her Painted Hero," Dorothy Gish in "Old Heidelberg," Eddie Foy and his large family in "A Favorite Fool," and Frank Keenan in "The Coward."

MARTHA WASHINGTON'S WILL WAS JUST SAVED

Statement by Miss Thomson, Whose Father Rescued It in the Virginia Court House.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Sept. 30.—The will of Martha Washington now reposes in the safety vault in the private office of Governor Henry C. Stuart of Virginia, having been handed to him by Justice James Keith, President of the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virginia, to whom J. Pierpont Morgan, through Fairfax Harrison, President of the Southern Railway, delivered the will.

Mr. Morgan decided to surrender the will following a friendly exchange of compliments with Governor Stuart and General Eppa Hunton, acting as his legal counsel and intermediary. The history of the Martha Washington will, subsequent to the time it was taken from the old Court House at Fairfax, Va., is told by Mr. Morgan in the following communication to Justice Keith:

"The facts in regard to the history of this paper are as follows, according to the statement of Miss Mary Espy Thomson, from whom it was purchased by my father in the year 1903. Miss Thomson's statement is:

"Lieut. Col. David Thomson, commanding the Eighty-second Regiment, Ohio Vounteer Infantry, was during the Spring or Autumn of 1862 stationed at Fairfax Court House, Va. His headquarters were in the Court House building. The safes had previously to this been broken open by the Blenkers, a command of men noted for reckless vandalism. The papers were on the floor and had been destroyed in large quantities, used to kindle fires. My father, going into the office, found his men shoveling the material from the floor for this use, called them to stop and, looking over them, found the document in question. Just prior to his death in 1892 he gave the document to me, to be done with as I thought proper.

"MARY ESPY THOMSON.

"2655 Irving Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minn."

"The facts in the case have been submitted to eminent counsel, and I am advised that the title of my father's estate to the paper is, on well recognized legal principles, perfect and unassailable. An answer to the suit in the Supreme Court of the United States, brought by the Commonwealth of Virginia, has been prepared and is ready to be filed. Should the case ever come to trial, issues will be raised as to the late war and the status of participants therein, which it seems to be better should not be raised in view of the fifty years of peace and unity which have elapsed since the termination of the war. I do not wish that, through any act of mine, differences long settled should be recalled. Rather than revive the memories of ancient strife, long since consigned to oblivion by the good sense and good feeling and patriotism of the people of the United States, I greatly prefer to waive such personal rights as I believe I have in this matter.

"Moreover, I have the highest regard for the people of Virginia and the pride of all Americans in their splendid traditions and lofty spirit.

"In view of the foregoing, and of your eminent position as Presiding Justice of the Supreme Court of Virginia, and of the confidence and esteem in which you are held by the people of the Commonwealth, I hand you herewith the original will of Martha Washington, with a request that it be disposed of by you in such way as will best meet the approval and gratify the sentiment of Governor Stuart and the people of Virginia.

"With great respect, I am, yours sincerely,

J. P. MORGAN."

Mr. Morgan suggests the placing of the document in the care of the Mount Vernon Association.

Justice Keith today acknowledged the receipt of the document and on behalf of the people of Virginia thanked Mr. Morgan for its return.

RECEIVER FOR MANHATTAN.

Court Appoints S. B. Preston to Collect Rents—Shuberts Codefendants.

Justice Pendleton in the Supreme Court yesterday appointed Stuart B. Preston receiver of rents for the Manhattan Opera House, which was built by Oscar Hammerstein, and in which he gave opera. The receiver was appointed on the application of the Maximilian Fleischmann Company, holders of a $300,000 first mortgage on the property.

The company sets forth in an affidavit that $300,000 on three mortgages became due Sept. 15, and that no part of it has been paid. The Maple Realty Company, holders of a second mortgage, and the Shubert Theatrical Company, lessees of the property, are made codefendants with the Hammerstein Opera Company. The Maple Realty Company recently filed a suit against the Shubert Company for $15,000 rent, alleged to be due for the last quarter.

Russian Baritone Here from War.

George Baklanoff, the Russian baritone, who was here before with the Boston Opera Company, arrived yesterday on the French liner Espagne to sing in Pavlowa's company under the direction of Max Rabinoff. He said he took part in the war, serving with the 112th Regiment of Kiev, and was injured by the concussion of a big shell in Galicia, which rendered him deaf for a time. He still suffers a little from its effects, he said.

MUSIC NOTES.

Mme. Ernestine Schumann-Heink will give her first recital of the season here at Carnegie Hall on the afternoon of Nov. 2. Some other November recital dates are the following: Emilio de Gogorza, baritone, Aeolian Hall, afternoon of Nov. 8; Henriette Bach, violinist, Aeolian Hall, evening of Nov. 8; Mme. Marcella Sembrich, Carnegie Hall, afternoon of Nov. 13; Evan Williams, tenor, Aeolian Hall, afternoon of Nov. 14; Mme. Bloomfield-Zeisler, pianist, Carnegie Hall, afternoon of Nov. 16; Herbert Witherspoon, bass, Carnegie Hall, afternoon of Nov. 23, and Mme. Louise Homer, Carnegie Hall, afternoon of Nov. 30.

The Music League of America has arranged for the use of the Princess Theatre this season wherein to hold recitals for artists under its management. New activities of the organization this season will be five lectures by Walter Damrosch, three instruction recitals by Paul Reimers, and four lectures by Georgianna Roberts.

The Kneisel Quartet will give the first concert of its annual subscription series at Aeolian Hall on Tuesday evening, Nov. 9, the remaining dates for the season being Dec. 7, Jan. 11, Feb. 8, March 7, and March 21. The quartet's season opens on Oct. 16, when it will give its annual concert under the direction of the People's Symphony Concerts.

Dr. Karl Muck, conductor of the Boston Symphony Society, will play this year John Alden Carpenter's suite, "Adventures in a Perambulator," which received its first presentation last season by the Chicago Symphony Orchestra.

The first New York recital this season of Leopold Godowsky, pianist, will be given at Aeolian Hall on Sunday afternoon, Oct. 17.

The Young Men's Symphony Orchestra, under Arnold Volpe, will begin its season of rehearsals on Sunday morning, Oct. 17, at Terrace Garden. Enrollment and examinations will occur at the same place next Sunday morning and the following Sunday.

The Society of the Friends of Music will give the following concerts during the season in the ballroom of the Ritz-Carlton: Sunday, Nov. 14, under direction of Leopold Stojowski, first performance here of Schoenberg's Kamersinfonie; Sunday, Nov. 21, the Barrere Ensemble and Harold Bauer in a classic program; Jan. 17, program of American music under direction of Franz Kneisel. At the February concert Granados, the Spanish composer, will give his first recital of his own works here.

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WILL OF DR. FLINT DIVIDES $500,000

No Mention of Wife and Daughter, Provided For in Distribution Before Death.

NAMESAKE THE CHIEF HEIR

Inducements to Keep Descendants In the Medical Profession—Gifts to Friends.

The will of Dr. Austin Flint, the alienist, disposing of his estate, estimated to be more than $500,000, was filed for probate yesterday. The instrument omits any mention of Mrs. Elizabeth McMaster Flint of 48 West Fifty-ninth Street, widow of the physician, and also fails to make any provision for his daughter, Miss Annie Flint, whose address is given as 60 East Thirty-fourth Street.

In explanation of these omissions Dr. Austin Flint of 51 West Fifty-second Street, son and chief beneficiary under the will, said that nearly all his father's estate had been transferred several years ago to the widow and the daughter.

The residuary estate, according to the will, is to be divided two-fifths each to the sons, Dr. Austin Flint and Sherman Flint, and one-fifth to George Elliot Flint. Upon the death of the beneficiaries, their interests go to their heirs in equal shares.

The son Austin gets, in addition, all family portraits, all silver, including the gifts of the Faculty of Bellevue Medical College; all gifts of the Cornell Medical School, and all books concerning the genealogy of the Flint family. He also receives, among other things, a certain painting in the dining room at 118 East Nineteenth Street, which was painted and signed for the testator by Sir William C. Van Horne. Austin receives also a gold pocket matchbox and all wines and liquors in the residence in Nineteenth Street.

Inducement for Physician.

The instrument further provides that most of the alienist's books on medical subjects go to Austin and the remainder to Sherman. There is another provision that most of these articles go in equal shares to any child that Austin may adopt and who shall receive a physician's certificate and to Austin J. Flint, son of Sherman Flint, if the grandson shall receive a physician's certificate to practice. Sherman also receives additional shares in the library and some personal effects of his father.

Marion Vyr Flint, wife of Austin, receives a roll of brocade bought at the sale of the effects of John La Farge, the artist, and a brass wood-box. Olivia Slocum Flint, wife of Sherman, receives some opera glasses and a hanging clock. The granddaughter, Adelaide, receives a chaise longue; Margaret, another granddaughter, receives certain pieces of furniture, and a grandson, Austin J. Frodsham, receives a gold watch.

Beverly Chew, a friend, receives a chronometer, while another friend, Paul Fuller, receives a bust of Salome, with the pedestal.

The wish is expressed in the will that the grandson, Edwin Dean Flint, shall not have his name changed to Austin Flint without the consent in writing of the boy's uncle.

Picks Burial Place.

The testator says he prefers to be buried beside his father and mother in the family plot at the Forest Hills Cemetery in Boston.

The friends, Chew and Fuller, and the son, Austin, are named as executors and trustees under the will.

Dr. Flint died in the Nineteenth Street residence on Sept. 21.

GIVES BEQUEST TO MASONS.

William Richard Denham Makes Asylum Fund Residuary Legatee.

William Richard Denham, who for fifty years was Treasurer of the Masonic Board of Relief, bequeaths in his will, filed for probate yesterday, all his residuary estate, the value of which is not given, to the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund of Utica, N. Y.

There are bequests of $10,000 each to the following nephews and nieces: John D., William C., James R., Robin F., and Mary L. Merrill.

Frederick Heckner, an employe of the testator in the metallic goods business, receives $5,000, while a brother of the decedent, John C. Denham, receives only $300. There are minor bequests to friends and relatives.

WILSON TO PRUNE BUDGETS.

Will Attempt Economies to Offset Shrinkage in Revenue.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—President Wilson today began a study of the departmental estimates with a view to economy. He already has instructed his department chiefs to make the estimates as low as possible, because of falling revenues. Before they are submitted formally to Secretary McAdoo of the Treasury, on Oct. 15, the President probably will go over them with Mr. McAdoo and in each case with the Cabinet officer concerned, suggesting modifications.

The estimate of the Department of Justice have been laid before the President. Today he discussed them with Mr. Gregory, the Attorney General.

Stewart H. Jones to Marry Again.

Stewart Hill Jones, the President of the Canadian Bronze Works, and Miss Sallie Cobb Johnson are to be married on Wednesday next in Atlanta, Ga., where Miss Johnson lives. She is a sister of Ashley Johnson of New York.

Mr. Jones sued his first wife, who was Miss Eleanor Thompson, a daughter of John D. Thompson of Buffalo, for a divorce, which was granted him in 1912. He had married her in 1897. He and his son, Stewart O. H. Jones, live in Alwyn Court, Fifty-eighth Street and Seventh Avenue, and his offices are at 2 Rector Street. The wedding will be a quiet one and none except relatives and a few intimate friends have been invited.

Burnap-Bottomley Wedding Plans.

Plans have been completed for the wedding of Miss Anna T. Bottomley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Bottomley, and Clement Foster Burnap, which is to take place on Thursday, Oct. 7, in St. Andrew's Dune Church, Southampton, L. I.

Miss Susanne M. Bottomley is to be her sister's maid of honor, and Robert L. Burnap, elder brother of the bridegroom, will be best man. The ushers selected include Graham Youngs, Frederick B. Wright, George W. Hubbell, Jr., and Benjamin S. Young.

A reception will follow at Gortmore, the country home of the bride's parents.

Subscription Dances at Sherry's.

Arrangements have been completed for the series of subscription dances to be given at Sherry's on Wednesday evenings, beginning Nov. 10, under the direction of Mrs. Lindsley Tappin and Mrs. G. Knight B. Wade. The patronesses include Mrs. Donn Barber, Mrs. Adams Batcheller, Mrs. Frederick Carey, Mrs. Noel Carpender, Mrs. Frederick Edey, Mrs. Ralph Johnson, Mrs. John Prentice Kellogg, Mrs. James Parrish Lee, Mrs. Harry W. McVickar, Mrs. Huntington Norton, Mrs. Richard Peabody, Mrs. Reeve Schley, Mrs. S. Oakley Van der Poel, Mrs. Waldron Williams, Mrs. Tappin, and Mrs. Wade. The dances will continue until Easter.

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BALTIMORE BANKER WEDS HIS SECRETARY

Samuel Rosenthal and Miss Leimbach Married at Rabbi Silverman's Home.

Samuel Rosenthal, a merchant and banker of Baltimore, and Miss Gertrude Leimbach, who for fourteen years was his secretary, were married last night in this city by the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman, rabbi of the Temple Emanu-El, at his residence, 45 East Seventy-fifth Street.

According to advices from the Oriole City Mr. Rosenthal is about threescore and his bride is half his age. Both are well known socially in Baltimore.

Mr. Rosenthal is a member of the firm of Strouse & Bros., wholesale clothing dealers of Baltimore, and is also a Director of the Drovers and Mechanics' National Bank. He has been President of the Phoenix and Suburban Clubs. Mr. Rosenthal has two grown sons, Stanley and Calvert Rosenthal. His bride is a capable business woman, for she conducted a woman's apparel store in Baltimore and acted also as secretary and notary public for Mr. Rosenthal.

The wedding was arranged in this city because the contracting parties were well acquainted with the Rev. Dr. Silverman and also because they did not wish to have an elaborate function in their own city.

After the ceremony a dinner, at which a few relatives and friends were present, was given at the Hotel Biltmore.

MISS SCOFIELD A BRIDE.

Weds L. D. Bonnet in St. James's Church—A Trip Around World.

Miss Grace Scofield of Tuxedo Park and Leon D. Bonnet of New York and Philadelphia were married yesterday afternoon in St. James's Church, Seventy-first Street and Madison Avenue, the Rev. Dr. Frederick Cosby officiating. It was a quiet wedding, and after the ceremony the couple received their relatives and a few intimate friends at the Lorraine, 2 West Forty-fifth Street, where the bride has an apartment.

The young niece of the bride, Helen S. Stone, and her nephew were her only attendants. Gordon Russell Thayer, her brother-in-law, was best man.

The couple plan to make a trip around the world. The bride is a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Ebenezer Scofield, and is prominent socially at Tuxedo, where she owns a fine estate.

GEO. S. VIERECK MARRIES.

Editor of The Fatherland Weds Miss Edith Hein at the Plaza.

George Sylvester Viereck, editor of The Fatherland, and Miss Edith Hein, daughter of Max R. Hein of 202 Riverside Drive, were married yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the State Room at the Hotel Plaza. The Rev. Dr. Merle St. Croix Wright officiated.

The bride wore a gown of white satin, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, and a veil of net and lace, which fell almost to the end of her court train. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and myrtle.

Mrs. Philip Lewisohn was the matron of honor, and the Misses Amelia Desvernine and Rhoda Machol were the bridesmaids. Young Robert Hein acted as page, and little Anna Hein was the flower girl.

Alfred Rau was best man for Mr. Viereck, and the ushers were Ford E. Tarpley and Henry E. Hein.

A reception followed the ceremony and was largely attended. The punch served was made of wine as old as the bride, who is 19. Mr. Viereck is 31 years old.

After a honeymoon trip in the South the couple will reside at 230 Riverside Drive.

WEDS FORMER SHOW GIRL.

Wm. Stackpole, New York Broker, Marries Miss Williams.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Sept. 30.—Announcement was made today of the marriage last Friday in Trinity Church of Miss Florence Helen Williams, who sang for four years as a chorus girl and played small parts with Montgomery and Stone, to William Stackpole, member of the New York Stock Exchange and well known in society.

Mr. Stackpole, who was graduated from Harvard in 1898, makes his headquarters with Hayden, Stone & Co. of 25 Broad Street, New York. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Stackpole of Cambridge, Boston and Nahant, and a member of several Boston and New York clubs. Mr. Stackpole has been a member of the New York Stock Exchange since 1906. He lives at 22 East Fifty-fifth Street. The romance dates from the time several years ago when Miss Williams was singing in "The Lady of the Slipper."

Miss Williams is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Williams of 7 Wendell Street, Cambridge.

REDINGTON-MILLER WEDDING.

Attendants for the Ceremony in Baltimore on Oct. 26.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Allison Janney Miller, daughter of S. Bevan Miller of Baltimore, Md., to George O. Redington of this city, which will be celebrated on Tuesday, Oct. 26, at 1 o'clock in the chapel of the Emanuel Protestant Episcopal Church, Baltimore. The Rev. Dr. Hugh Birckhead, rector of the church, will officiate.

Miss Miller will have as her only attendant her sister, Mrs. Henry Fairfax Ayres of this city, who will act as matron of honor. Edward J. Redington will be his brother's best man, and the ushers chosen are George W. Carpenter, Hunter S. Marston, Albert W. Putnam, William R. Maloney, and John Harper Mallory, all of this city, and Howard K. Brown of Syracuse, N. Y.

After the ceremony a small reception will be held at The Stafford. The engagement of the couple was announced last April.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Francis B. Thorne, who is to marry Miss Evelyn Brown, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Brown, next Wednesday afternoon in St. Thomas's Church, will give his farewell bachelor dinner tomorrow night at the Yale Club.

Mrs. French Vanderbilt came from Tuxedo Park yesterday, and is at the Ritz-Carlton for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Chapman of 555 Park Avenue will remain at The Maples, Greenwich, Conn., through October.

Count Jacques des Garets of Paris is at the Wolcott, to remain for several weeks.

Dr. and Mrs. Walter Lester Carr have returned from Provincetown, Mass., to their home, 68 West Fifty-first Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick O. Bezner have returned from Europe after two years' absence abroad, and are at the Hotel Gotham for the Winter.

The wedding of Miss Marion Hazel Vermilye, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marion Hoagland Vermilye, and Walter Bryant Harvey, will take place tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, at Holy Trinity Church.

Miss Freda Frost, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Frost, and Stephen Payne Nash Rhoades, a son of Mrs. Lyman Rhoades, were married on Thursday at Summit, N. J. Their engagement was announced on July 30.

Mr. and Mrs. Gustavus Town Kirby, who are at their Summer home at Bedford Hills, will be at 7 East Ninth Street this Winter and will occupy their town house on Oct. 12. They formerly resided at 43 Fifth Avenue.

THEATRE FRANCAIS

19 WEST 44th STREET

OPENING NOVEMBER 15th

Under the Patronage of the French Government.

For reservations, subscriptions, etc., address:

LUCIEN L. BONHEUR, Director, 114 East 50th Street, New York.

WILLIAM WATSON, SCIENTIST, IS DEAD

Secretary of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences for 31 Years.

ONCE HARVARD INSTRUCTOR

Noted Authority on Technical Education Was a Member of Many Learned Societies.

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—William Watson, Secretary of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences since 1884 and a noted authority on technical education, died today at his home, 107 Marlborough Street, in his 82d year.

He was born in Nantucket, Mass., and entered Harvard University at an early age. Mr. Watson received the degree of S. B. from the Engineering Department, and also won the Boyden prize in mathematics. He then became a member of the Harvard Faculty as instructor in mathematics, and in 1858 became instructor in differential and integral calculus at the Scientific School, where he remained until 1859.

Mr. Watson then went abroad to study, and in 1862 received the degree of Ph. D., from the University of Jena. After this he took a partial course at the Ecole Nationale des Ponts et Chasseurs, and then rejoined the Harvard Faculty. From 1865 to 1873 he was Professor of Mechanical Engineering at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, after which he devoted his time to special work.

In 1873 he was United States Commissioner to the Vienna Exposition; five years later he was a member of the International Jury at the Paris Exposition, and Honorary President of the Paris Congress of Architects. In addition to this, he was Vice President of the International Congress of Hygiene in the same year. Mr. Watson was Honorary President of the engineering section of the French Association for the Advancement of Science in 1878, 1881-3-9, and in 1889 was also Vice President of the International Congress of Construction. In 1893 he was Secretary of the World's Columbian Water Commerce Congress.

Mr. Watson was a member of the French National Academy, the Cherbourg French Society of Civil Engineers, the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Society of Mechanical Engineers, and many others. He was a Fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences and of the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Among the other organizations to which he belonged were the Colonial Society of Massachusetts and the St. Botolph, Athletic, Round Tabie, Mathematical, and Physical Clubs of Boston. He was the author of many mathematical text-books.

Mr. Watson married Miss Margaret Fiske of Boston in 1873.

LOWELL M. PALMER DEAD.

Prominent Brooklyn Business Man and Philanthropist Was 70.

Lowell M. Palmer, a prominent Brooklyn business man, philanthropist, and art connoisseur, died from heart disease yesterday morning at his Summer home at Stamford, Conn. Mr. Palmer was in his seventy-first year, and lived at 206 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn. He was born in Chester, Ohio, and when the civil war began he enlisted and served throughout the struggle. He then came to New York and began a career that made him a notable figure in the business life of the city, especially of Brooklyn.

Mr. Palmer was the founder and for many years President of the Palmer Dock Company, in the Eastern District, and he also organized and was President of the Brooklyn Cooperage Company. This company made the barrels used by the American Sugar Refining Company, of which Mr. Palmer was also a Director. He was one of the founders of the Brooklyn Academy of Music and for a number of years was a Director of that institution.

Mr. Palmer was President of the firm of E. R. Squibb & Sons of Manhattan, Vice President of the Palmer Lime and Cement Company and was interested in the following institutions, either as a Director or Trustee: Franklin Trust Company of Brooklyn, the Manhattan Life Insurance Company of Manhattan, the United States Lloyds ship insurance concern, the Market and Fulton National Bank in Manhattan, Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, Colonial Safe Deposit Company, Colonial Trust Company, New Jersey and New York Zinc Company, and the Union Ferry Company.

He was a Trustee of the First Presbyterian Church, in Henry Street, and a member of the Colonial Wars, the Ohio Society of New York, and of the Loyal Legion. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Grace Humphrey Foote; two sons, Lowell M., Jr., and Carleton H., and four daughters, Mrs. Florence E. Welcker, Mrs. Grace M. Johnston, Mrs. Lillian C. McIlvain, and Miss Ethel J. Palmer.

ABRAHAM VAN WINKLE DIES.

Chemical Manufacturer Owned an Island Like Robinson Crusoe's.

Abraham Van Winkle, President of the Hanson & Van Winkle Company, manufacturers of chemicals, of Newark, N. J., died yesterday at his home, 35 Lincoln Park. He was 77 years old and was stricken on Sunday with apoplexy.

Mr. Van Winkle for many years was the leader in the electro-plating industry. He was a descendant of an old Holland family. His wife, Mrs. Mina C. Van Winkle, is one of the most prominent suffragists in New Jersey, being President of the Women's Political Union.

Mr. Van Winkle was the owner of an island three miles long in the Bahama group, where he spent the Winters for the last twenty years. Fascinated in his boyhood by the story of Robinson Crusoe, Mr. Van Winkle resolved he would own an island as nearly like the one of the Defoe tale as possible. The island is called Salt Cay and over the door of Mr. Van Winkle's island bungalow is the stanza of Cowper's poem beginning, "I am monarch of all I survey." Mr. Van Winkle was born in Pompton, N. J., Oct. 7, 1838.

Robert N. Wood.

Robert N. Wood of 202 East Ninety-ninth Street, a member of the Democratic State Committee, a lifelong member of Tammany Hall, and for many years active in politics here, died yesterday morning at St. Vincent's Hospital, in his fifty-second year. Mr. Wood was for fourteen years an inspector of the Bureau of Highways. He organized the first negro regiment of the National Guard in this State.

1% Per MONTH ON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY

THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK

MANHATTAN

Fourth Avenue, cor. 25th Street.
Eldridge St., cor. Rivington St.
Seventh Av., bet. 48th & 49th Sts.
Lexington Av., cor. 124th St.
Grand St., cor. Clinton St.
E. 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Avs.
East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

BRONX

Courtlandt Av., cor. 148th St.

BROOKLYN

Smith St., cor. Livingston St.
Graham Av., cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Av., cor. Rockaway Av.

½ PER CENT. CHARGED ON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE.

ROCKEFELLER FUND GROWS.

Foundation Expenditures Less Than Half of the Income.

That part of the annual report of the Rockefeller Foundation dealing with its finances and made public yesterday shows that $2,571,902.81 was expended between May 29, 1913, fifteen days after the charter of the foundation, and last Jan. 1. It shows also, however, that these expenditures have amounted to approximately less than half of the income earned by the foundation in the same period. Despite its expenditures, therefore, the foundation was approximately $3,000,000 richer on last Jan. 1 than on March 6, 1914, when the last of John D. Rockefeller's endowments brought the foundation to the $100,000,000 mark.

The first of these endowments, amounting to $8,200,000, came into possession of the foundation on May 29, 1913, having previously been held as a trust fund by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Starr J. Murphy, Edward L. Ballard, and Jerome D. Greene. The approximate interest on this sum to Jan. 1 last at 5 per cent. would be $253,331.

On June 4, 1913, Mr. Rockefeller gave the foundation $21,052,028.54 in securities and accrued income. On this the approximate income would be $1,700,351. On the following June Mr. Rockefeller added $10,178,402 in securities and accrued income, and on this the approximate income would be $763,380. Mr. Rockefeller's last gift, on March 6, 1914, was $65,569,589.46. And on this the approximate income would be $2,732,064, or, in all, approximately $5,449,126; roughly $3,000,000 more than expenditures.

The direct expenditures made by the foundation comprised $142,467 to the International Health Commission, $5,292 for the investigation of industrial conditions; $39,269 for the China Medical Commission and Board; $224,886 for the Louisiana Bird Refuge purchase, $10,000 for research in government problems, and $904,513 for war relief.

Appropriations totaling $282,519 were made to assist various societies to continue or increase work in various branches, and requisitions by Mr. Rockefeller caused the expenditure of $958,940.

YALE OPEN FOR 215TH YEAR.

Gifts and Bequests to University in Last Year Totaled $965,791.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 30.—Yale opened today for the two hundred and fifteenth academic year. While no figures could be obtained of the student registration from the university authorities, it is believed that the entering classes in both the college and the Sheffield Scientific School will be larger than those of last year.

Gifts and bequests to the university during the fiscal year ending June 30 amounted to $965,791.51, according to the annual report of the Treasurer, which was made public today. The total funds of the university are $16,152,835.40, which represents an increase of 119 per cent. in the last ten years.

AWAIT WORD OF MACMILLAN.

Explorer's Friends Expect Relief Expedition to Report Soon.

FREEPORT, Me., Sept. 30. — Word concerning the return of the relief expedition which left New York in July for Greenland to search for Professor Donald B. MacMillan of Freeport, who went north two years ago to find and chart Crocker Land, is expected here as soon as the party can establish communication through a wireless station on the Labrador or Newfoundland coast. Unless it was necessary to prolong the search for another month, it was said here today that the auxiliary schooner John R. Bluett, carrying the relief party, might send a report of her voyage homeward almost any day.

MRS. FRANK LAUDS HUSBAND

Denies She Did Not Stand By Him When He Was Arrested.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Sept. 30.—Mrs. Leo M. Frank, from her Atlanta home, wrote to the editor of The Augusta Chronicle, denying the charges of Thomas E. Watson in his publications that she did not go to her husband as soon as she knew he was arrested on suspicion of murdering Mary Phagan. Watson has stated that Mrs. Frank did not go near her husband for some time and then only at the urgent solicitation, almost compulsion, of relatives and of Frank's attorneys.

She expresses her appreciation of a statement appearing in The Chronicle that her husband's manner toward her "was manly one. He was a gentleman, kind, thoughtful, and considerate, clean in person, mind, and heart," she says.

New Bear in Central Park.

The bear colony at Central Park was increased yesterday morning by the arrival of Gelatine, a ten-months-old black bear cub, from the Adirondacks, the gift of James E. Knox, who brought her in his touring car from Johnstown, N. Y. Gelatine was taken in charge at the park by Bill Snyder.

Obituary Notes.

ABRAHAM COHEN, who became widely known in New Jersey a few years ago as the organizer of the Anti-Suicide Club, dropped dead from apoplexy yesterday afternoon, in his office at 136 Washington Street, Paterson, N. J. He was in his fifty-third year and had been a Justice of the Peace for the last quarter of a century.

Mrs. ANNA C. COLEMAN, wife of B. Dawson Coleman, resident manager of the Pennsylvania Steel Company at Lebanon, Penn., died on Wednesday at her home there. She was a granddaughter of Samuel Archer Carrach, a Philadelphia merchant before marriage, and was a daughter of the late Mrs. Joseph Birney of Ossining, N. Y., and a sister of Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll of this city.

Captain WILLIAM F. EVANS of the steamship Brasos died recently in San Juan, Porto Rico, according to word received here yesterday. He was 68 years old, and was the senior Captain of the Clyde and Mallory lines.

FREDERICK H. GELDERMAN, a silk manufacturer in Paterson for many years, died recently at his home in that city.

WALLACE J. PFLEGER, with the Ferguson Brothers Manufacturing Company of this city, died recently at his home in Arlington, N. J., in his fiftieth year.

Mrs. SOPHIA BEERS, wife of former Mayor William R. Beers of Phillipsburg, N. J., died yesterday at her home there in her eighty-fifth year.

Mrs. ANGELINA THERESA DEALY, who was born in this city on the spot where the appro

SHOOTS GEM CLERK; MISSES RICH JEWELS

Hill, ex-Convict, Holds Up Shop In Busy Twenty-third Street as Hundreds Pass.

POLICEMAN FIRES IN CROWD

Robber, Thinking Himself Hit by Bullet, Drops His Pistol and Surrenders.

Out of the hurrying crowd in Twenty-third Street at 11:30 yesterday morning stepped a small, white-faced man and entered the jewelry store of Robert W. Hurd, at 125, just west of Sixth Avenue. Many were pausing in front of the store to look in at the jewelry displayed in the window, which included a heart-shaped diamond brooch marked $650, a pearl necklace marked $800, a gold mesh bag set with diamonds and rubies marked $650, and several other articles priced at more than $500.

"I want to have a seed pearl set in this ring," the man who entered the store said to Edward A. Krauss, the clerk on duty. Krauss took the ring and told him to come back in two days.

"While I'm here I want you to regulate this watch for me," the man said, all the while looking nervously into the street only ten feet away. The clerk set the watch and handed it back to the stranger, who paid for the regulating, but still lingered.

"Say, let me see those opera glasses," the customer said. Krauss bent to get them, and as he straightened up the man hit him over the head with a piece of lead pipe. Krauss fell, but was up again in a moment pointing an empty revolver at his assailant. The stranger then drew a revolver and shot the clerk. Persons outside heard the report and saw the man run from the shop, west to Seventh Avenue, and turn downtown.

At Twenty-second Street Patrolman Frederick Dietrich called to him to halt. The fugitive turned his revolver toward the policeman and called that he would kill him if he gave chase.

Half a block down from Twenty-second Street Patrolman Dietrich fired into the air, but the man only ran faster. Then he fired at the fugitive, who dropped his revolver and cried out, "I'm shot."

He was taken to the West Twentieth Street Station, where he said he was Joseph Riley, 26, a salesman, of 353 West Fiftieth Street. Later, however, when Detective Daley confronted him, he admitted that he was Edward Hill, well known as a burglar.

Inspector Faurot, Assistant District Attorneys Deacon, Murphy, and T. N. Pfeiffer went to the West Twentieth Street Station and questioned him. He admitted to them that he had served terms for burglary in Elmira and Dannemora, from which he was released about fifteen months ago.

Hill said that for several months he had been trying to make an honest living selling fountain pens, but that the attraction of the old life was too great. He had seen the jewelry in the Hurd window and decided to go after it.

Krauss was taken to Bellevue Hospital, where it was said last night that he was not seriously wounded. The shot took effect in his right side.

RECTOR'S

"There Is Only One Rector's"

Dinner Dansant at Rector's

Come and enjoy Rector's famous table d'hote served in the beautiful ballroom from 6 to 9 P. M. **Every course cooked to order.** At $1.50 a cover, this dinner is the finest value in town. High-class entertainment and dancing. After theatre supper in main restaurant and grand ballroom. Two dance floors. Two dance orchestras. Two high-class entertainments.

See Ernest Evans and His Company in Their Beautiful New Military Number

Rector's Beautiful Pompeian Room Now Private Banquet Room
Ready to serve from fifteen to one hundred and fifty guests. Music and entertainment furnished free. Absolute privacy. Make your reservations well in advance.

BROADWAY, 48th ST. and 7th AVE.

THE NEW **Pierrot Ball Room**
Wallick's Restaurant
Broadway at 43rd Street
WILL OPEN THIS EVENING AT SIX O'CLOCK
OUR GUESTS WILL FIND A VERY NOVEL ROOM

REISENWEBER'S 58th Street and Columbus Circle. Phone 9640 Columbus.
EXCEPTIONAL TABLE D'HOTE DINNER, $1.00
(Served Daily from 6 to 10 P. M., and Sunday Noon to 10 P. M.)
DANCE DURING COURSES —:— AMPLE A LA CARTE PORTIONS
Assorted Relishes. Blue Points, Cherrystone or Little Neck Clams, Canape Smoked Salmon, Canape Anchovies, Russian Sardines, Spiced Anchovies, Deep Sea Caviar.
Soups (Choice) Lamb Broth, Cream of Celery, Consomme Princesse.
Fish or Entrees (Choice) Boiled Halibut, Broiled Bluefish, Salmon Salami, Beef Roulade, Boiled Smoked Ham, Broiled Lamb Chops, Salmi of Squab, Sirloin of Beef.
Roasts to Order (Choice) Roast Leg of Mutton, Roast Stuffed Chicken, Half Fried Chicken, Small Beefsteak, Broiled English Mutton Chop, Hamburger Steak, Wiener Schnitzel, Emince of Turkey.
Cold Half Chicken, Roast Beef, Roast Sirloin of Beef, Sliced Chicken, Sliced Star Ham, Sliced Virginia Ham, Smoked Beef Tongue, Salami, Combination Cold Cuts, Meat Salad, Mexicaine: Smoked Salmon, Sardines de Riga, Bismarck Herring or Marinierter, Normanna Mackerel Roe.
Salads (Choice) Green Salads, Tomato, Greenpepper, Combination.
Dessert or Cheese (Choice) Farina Pudding, Plum Tarte-lette, Coffee or Chocolate Ice Cream, Lemon Water Ice, Raisin Cake, Macaroons, Lady Fingers, Coffee Cake, American, Cream, Swiss, Neufchatel, Demi-Tasse.
Genuine Old-Fashioned Beefsteak Dinner (Served in Grill Every Ev'g, 6-9.) $1.25
OWING TO ILLNESS THE PRESENTATION OF
MONS. ANDRE'S COLOSSAL CABARET
HAS BEEN POSTPONED TO SAT'Y, OCT. 2—ON THIS DATE AND THEREAFTER TWICE NIGHTLY AT 7:30 AND 12:00.
Dancing on 5 Floors—Contests on Friday.
Private Banquet Halls. Beefsteak Garret. Catering. Estimates submitted.
MONSTER CABARET NIGHTLY from 7 to CLOSING

Reopening of the McAlpin Terra-Cotta Grill
Saturday, October 2nd
Dancing during Dinner and throughout the evening
Exhibition Dances by
MISS WILMA WYNN
Assisted by Mr. John Clay and Mr. Alan Jefferson
MUSIC BY ERNEST HUSSAR and His Orchestra
With Bela Nyary as Cymbalum Soloist
HOTEL McALPIN—Herald Square

Prince George Hotel Fifth Ave. and 28th Street. *One of the most beautifully appointed hotels in New York.* 300 Rooms with Bath. Rates, $2 and up.

OPEN AIR DINING
CARLTON TERRACE
100th ST. & BROADWAY JOSEPH F. PIKE, SOLE OWNER
Breakfast 35c-50c
Luncheon 60c
Tea with Waffles 50c
Club Dinner ....75c & $1
Open Sundays & Holidays.

The Fernery Miss Tucker, 22 East 33d Street. The Oldest Tea Room in New York. Bet. 5th & Mad. Aves. Smoking in the Conservatory.

Known the world over. French Cuisine. Dancing & Cabaret from Luncheon till Close.
BUSTANOBY'S RESTAURANT.
39th Street. METAMORA CLUB. Paris in New York. Artistic Tryouts Every Evening at 11.

HOTEL ENDICOTT
Columbus Ave. and 81st St., New York City.
A "Home Hotel" of superior appointment. The spacious dining rooms and 400 sleeping rooms have been reopened after an expenditure of an enormous sum in remodeling, redecorating and refurnishing.
Cuisine and service of the highest standard. Average charge per entree, thirty-five cents. Restaurant prices fifty per cent. less than elsewhere.
RATES
Room with use of Bath.....$1.00
Room with Private Bath..... 1.50
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath..... 2.50

DINE AT THE HOLLAND HOUSE
Fifth Avenue at 30th St.
(J. Charlton Rivers, Prop.)
TABLE D'HOTE DINNER $1.50
FINE ORCHESTRA MUSIC
UNEXCELLED SERVICE

HOTEL BOSSERT
A transient-residential hotel of charm and comfort on aristocratic Brooklyn Heights; overlooking New York Harbor. Montague-Hicks-Remsen Sts., B'klyn.

SEASON OPENING To-morrow Evening OCTOBER 2D **DALY'S GRILL** AND RESTAURANT 20 East 42d Street Music and Dancing. Half-block w. of Grand Central

Dinner $1.25 *Luncheon 75c* Hamilton *Arthur* 5 EAST 45TH STREET *Cuisine Francaise* *No Cabaret* CLOSED SUNDAYS.

The Cafe Moderne is the last word in smart dancing places. See the reproductions in colors of "Vogue" covers. Talented artists appear every evening. **HOTEL MAJESTIC** Central Park West at 72d St. Unusual opportunity now for selection of suites. Radical improvements; luxury without extravagance. Get new booklet and rates.

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY 85TH TO 86TH ST.
Offers All the Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at Much Lower Prices.
EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS OF ALL SIZES,
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, FOR LONG OR SHORT PERIODS.
Transient Rates, $2.50 per Day Up
No Extra Charge When Rooms Are Occupied by Two Persons.

The Fairmount Apartment Hotel
IN THE HUDSON BOULEVARD SECTION OF JERSEY CITY
Here is a neighborhood with the refinement, beauty, and restriction of Central Park West. The Fairmount Hotel is on an open site facing beautiful lawns and residences. Rooms are all outside, the air is good, and apartments get the sun all day. Maid service and reasonable rents. Twenty-three minutes from 33d Street and Broadway.
FAIRMOUNT APARTMENT HOTEL, Fairmount Av. and Hudson Boulevard, Jersey City. Take Hudson Tubes and get out at Summit Av. Station. Phone Bergen 902.

Luchow's
24th Street, near Fourth Ave.
Washington, D. C.

HOTEL GRAFTON
Washington, D.C. Harrington Mills, Mgr. Am. Plan.

Japan's Plans to Invade and Conquer the United States Revealed by Its Own "Bernhardi"

Strategies That Are Planned to End in the Capture of Our Island Possessions and Western Coast, Humiliating Terms Upon Which Our Beaten Nation Will Finally Be Granted Peace---All Are Explained in Great Detail in the

Remarkable Japanese Book

Which Is Translated and Presented to the American Public for the First Time in Next

Sunday's American
The Great "Want Ad" Directory

318,274

[Reported to Post Office Department, Oct. 1, 1915.]

Average net paid circulation of

THE NEW YORK TIMES

Daily and Sunday

for six months ending

September 30, 1915, **318,274**

—a circulation which represents in one grouping the largest number of intelligent, discriminating and responsive readers ever recorded by a newspaper.

RECORD OF GROWTH

The circulation reports of The New York Times to the Post Office Department—as required by law—are as follows:

I. Report (average for 6 months)	**Oct. 1, 1912**	**209,751**
II. Report " " "	**Apr. 1, 1913**	**228,534**
III. Report " " "	**Oct. 1, 1913**	**230,360**
IV. Report " " "	**Apr. 1, 1914**	**246,118**
V. Report " " "	**Oct. 1, 1914**	**259,673**
VI. Report " " "	**Apr. 1, 1915**	**298,248**
VII. Report " " "	**Oct. 1, 1915**	**318,274**

CIRCULATION
THE NEW YORK TIMES
SEPTEMBER 30, 1915

One-Cent Circulation:		
Metropolitan District Dealers		210,911
Two-Cent Circulation:		
Out of Town Dealers	85,127	
Mail Subscribers	30,727	115,854
Total Advance Sale		326,765
Advertising Mail List		348
Exchanges		111
Downtown Office		927
Main Office		1,075
Annex		900
Office Use		416
Total Net Circulation		**330,542**

☛ *No Returns and No Unsold Copies.*

1898—1915
THE NEW YORK TIMES
CIRCULATION RECORD

1898, October		25,726
1899, "		76,260
1900, "		82,106
1901, "		102,472
1902, "		105,416
1903, "		106,386
1904, "		118,786
1905, "		120,710
1906, "		131,140
1907, "		143,460
1908, "		172,880
1909, "		184,317
1910, "		191,981
*1911, "		197,375
*1912, "		236,668
*1913, "		253,340
*1914, "		292,388
*1915, "		330,542

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The advertising rate of The New York Times, 45 cents per agate line, with circulation both Sunday and daily far exceeding 318,274, makes the cost less than one cent a line for each 7,000 circulation—the cheapest, as it is the best, advertising in the world.

The New York Times Leads All New York Newspapers in **Volume, as Well as in Character,** of General Advertising

TAKE UP PROBLEMS OF RAILROAD VALUES

Commerce Board Hears Argument to Fix Fundamental Principles to be Followed.

WILL COVER MANY POINTS

Railroad Presidents Describe the Magnitude of the Task Which Commission Undertakes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today began an important hearing on the regulations in regard to the valuation by the Government of the physical properties of the railroads of the country. The hearing is held in response to the request of the conference committee of the railroad Presidents of the United States, and is designed to afford opportunity for discussing the fundamental principles to govern the determination of the value of railroad properties.

The Government was represented before the Commission today by ex-Commissioner Prouty, now Director of the Valuation Service, and the Railroad Commissioners of various States participated in the discussion from time to time. The chief arguments today were made by George Stuart Patterson, General Counsel for the Pennsylvania Railroad, representing the Eastern group of roads; Pierce Butler, representing the Western group, and ex-Representative W. G. Brantley of Georgia, representing the Southern group. A brief was filed by the Conference Committee of Railroad Presidents. The argument will continue for several days and has been arranged to cover the following points:

The reasons for the enactment of the Valuation act of March 1, 1913; cost of reproduction new; the determination of unit prices; appreciation and depreciation; land; the meaning of the phrase "owned or used for the purposes of a common carrier"; the valuation of all property, the cost of which was charged to expenses or surplus; the other values and elements of value, and the form of the valuation reports.

Commissioner McChord, the Chairman, announced that the Commission welcomed the discussion as an aid to the ultimate determination of various questions of method that might arise, but that no formal set of regulations would be attempted by the Commission as a result of the hearing. It was the purpose, he said, to decide all questions of method from time to time as the various questions might be presented and demand a determination.

In behalf of the State Railroad Commissioners, it was announced that the association embracing the commissions of all the States would hold its annual convention in the coming month at San Francisco. It is planned to authorize and prepare at the convention a brief on the questions presented by the Commission of Railroad Presidents, which will be filed with the Commission at the proper time.

The magnitude of the task of valuing the railroads of the country was set forth in the brief filed by the Conference Committee, which showed that of the 250,000 miles of lines in the United States, or 376,000 miles when sidings, yards and double tracks are included, the Committee represents lines having 214,704 miles of roads, approximately 86 per cent. of the total. The capital securities of these companies outstanding in the hands of the public on June 30, 1913, approximated $15,330,000,000, divided into about 60 per cent. of bonds or other forms of indebtedness and 40 per cent. of stock, the latter owned by more than 620,000 stockholders. More than 10 per cent. of these securities, it was said, were held by insurance companies and savings banks.

In the year ending June 30, 1914, the operating revenues of the railroads exceeded $3,125,000,000; their expenses of operation exceeded $2,000,000,000, and their net operating income exceeded $800,000,000. The number of employes for the year ending June 30, 1913, was 1,815,239, and the compensation aggregated $1,373,000,000. The carriers represented at the hearing paid in taxes for the same period more than $120,000,000.

Mr. Patterson in his argument urged co-operation between the roads and the Government in a task of such huge proportions. He asked the Commission to avail itself of the records of the carriers in the ascertainment of values. Many of the roads had set in progress valuation systems of their own in order to arrive at results in co-operation with the Government, he said, and this data should afford valuable assistance.

Any method of valuation, he added, must depend sooner or later on the interpretation of fundamental and substantive principles of law as laid down in the Valuation act of 1913. It was realized, he said, that the time was approaching when the commission should enunciate some, at least, of the principles necessary for the guidance of the field parties of the Government in ascertaining basic elements of value.

"The cost of reproduction new"—to use the language of the act—the appraisement of land, the estimate of depreciation, and similar items involved in the undertaking, Mr. Patterson argued, should, as soon as possible, be made clear.

Mr. Butler set forth the necessity of taking into account non-existent elements of value, such as the organization, promotion and exploitation cost attendant on building a railroad.

Mr. Brantley discussed at length the problems of depreciation, and for the first time brought before the Commission actual figures ascertained in railroad valuation. He cited the Texas Midland Road, which was the first, and, thus far the only, carrier, he said, to complete a valuation on its own account of its physical properties. He said that the average depreciation of this whole property was 28 per cent. That is, he explained, there had been a depreciation from 100 per cent., as a standard, to 72 per cent.

In the matter of bridges, he said, the depreciation had gone from 100 per cent. to 85; in ties, from 100 to 57; in rails, from 100 to 68; in locomotives, from 100 to 50, in freight cars, from 100 to 55. In the case of another road, the name of which he did not give, the depreciation had been down to 83 per cent. of first cost.

Mr. Brantley said that much confusion existed in regard to deterioration and depreciation, and that repairs and maintenance should keep a property up to a fair operating value, not subject to writing off for depreciation.

Judge Prouty challenged this principle and presented illustrations to show the peculiar problems that confront the commission in trying to carry out the law.

RESERVE BANK ELECTION.

Group 3 Banks to Choose Two New Directors Next Month.

Pierre Jay, Chairman of the Federal Reserve Bank, notified the member banks yesterday that an election would be held on Nov. 16 to choose successors to two Directors whose terms expire at the end of the year. These are Franklin D. Locke of Buffalo and Leslie R. Palmer of Croton-on-Hudson. Mr. Locke is a Class A or banking director, and Mr. Palmer a Class B or business director. Both represent the banks in Group 3, composed of the smaller institutions, so only banks in this group are eligible to vote for their successors, who will serve full terms of three years.

Each bank in the group may nominate one candidate for each of the two places and is to choose an elector to cast its vote in the election. They have until Oct. 29 to do so, and on Nov. 1 a list of all nominees will be sent out by Mr. Jay. On Nov. 15 ballots will be sent to electors and they will have fifteen days within which to cast their votes by mail. The result will be declared about Dec. 1.

WHEAT GOES UP TO $1.15¼.

Big Advance Made During Day of Excitement in Chicago Exchange.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—An advance of 11⅝ cents was made in September wheat, mostly in the last fifteen minutes of trading, on the Board of Trade today. The price was carried to $1.15¼ at the close, the highest since the first week in June.

It was a case of belated shorts, among whom were local traders, foreigners, New Yorkers; and the Northwest, overstaying their market, and of light offers. Had it not been for the sales of 400,000 bushels by Norris & Co., an export house which was long, and large sales by the Armour Grain Company, it was said, prices might have been forced materially higher by the frantic shorts, who in an effort to cover their trades bid prices up 1 cent at a time from $1.07½ to $1.15¼. Corn advanced 3¼ cents.

There were more than 2,000,000 bushels of wheat bought in the last hour today. The gossip on the Exchange was that W. B. Lanyon, the St. Louis trader, had made some handsome profits in the day's trading.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Covering by shorts sent the September position in the Chicago wheat market up 11⅝c during yesterday's operations, and that month closed firm at the top. Other positions were more or less irregular throughout the day, and final quotations were net unchanged to ⅝c higher. In the local cash market No. 2 red and No. 2 hard Winter wheat were quoted at $1.22½ c. i. f. New York; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.03¼, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 97c c. i. f. Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Sept.	..	..	..	1.12½	1.14⅝
Dec.	..	..	1.02⅝	1.01½	1.23

CHICAGO PRICES.

Sept.	1.15¼	1.03¾	1.15¼	1.03⅝	..
Dec.	.95⅝	.94⅝	.95¼	.94⅝	1.06½
May	.98⅛	.97	.97¼	.97¼	1.18½

CORN.

September shorts were active buyers in the corn market, and the September position closed firm at an advance of 3¼c, while later months were ¼c to ⅝c higher. Exporters are showing a little interest in the new crop, and sales were reported of 300,000 bushels for forward shipment. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at 76¾c, prompt shipment.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	68¼	65	68¼	65¼	..
December	55½	54¾	55¼	54⅞	66⅞
May	57⅞	56¾	57¼	56⅞	69½

OATS.

Price changes in the oats market were comparatively narrow, but the undertone was steady in sympathy with wheat and corn, and final prices were ⅛c to ¾c net higher. The local cash market was quiet; No. 3 white quoted at 39½c to 40¼c; No. 4 white, 38c to 39c; ordinary to fancy clipped, 40c to 42c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
September	38¼	36½	37	36⅞	..
December	36¼	35⅞	36¼	35⅞	47⅛
May	38¼	37⅝	38¼	37⅞	50¼

PROVISIONS.

The provision market in the West was moderately active and irregular, but the tendency was downward, and at the close of the day values were weak. Local hog slaughterers were very much at sea over the local situation, as the State of Pennsylvania has declared an embargo against all shipments of live stock through that State on account of alle statutory of foot and mouth disease in a number of counties in Illinois. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 16,000; estimate for Friday, 11,000; Kansas City received 6,000, and Omaha 6,000.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
October	8.30	8.10	8.20	8.27	9.55
January	8.85	8.62	8.67	8.75	9.95
Ribs—					
October	8.75	8.47	8.50	8.75	10.85
January	9.05	8.80	8.80	8.92	10.20
Pork—					
October	13.70	13.30	13.32	13.40	16.70
January	16.27	15.90	15.90	16.00	19.20

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trading in the market for cottonseed oil was active, total sales amounting to 45,800 barrels, but orders were apparently evenly distributed, and price changes were not particularly wide. Early in the day there was a partial advance, but at the close values were 1 to 9 points net lower. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	6.80@7.00	6.60
October	6.86	6.82	6.80@6.82	6.82
November	6.86	6.81	6.81@6.84	6.85
December	6.86	6.80	6.81@6.82	6.82
January	6.93	6.88	6.89@6.90	6.91
February	7.02	6.98	7.00@7.01	7.01
March	7.14	7.01	7.09@7.11	7.14
April	7.22	7.22	7.18@7.21	7.25
May	7.30	7.22	7.28@7.30	7.37

COFFEE.

While the volume of business in the coffee market was small, total sales aggregating 9,250 bags, at the close of the day there was a distinctly better feeling and final prices were 3 to 6 points net higher. In the local spot market prices remained steady, with Rio 7s quoted at 6¾c. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	6.05	6.07	6.05	6.07@6.08	6.02
November	..	..	..	6.08@6.10	6.03
December	6.05	6.11	6.04	6.10@6.11	6.03
January	..	..	..	6.14@6.15	6.09
February	..	..	..	6.18@6.19	6.12
March	6.18	6.22	6.18	6.22@6.29	6.16
April	..	..	..	6.27@6.28	6.21
May	6.29	6.33	6.29	6.32@6.33	6.27
June	..	..	..	6.37@6.38	6.33
July	..	..	..	6.42@6.43	6.39
August	..	..	..	6.47@6.48	6.44

SUGAR.

The market for sugar futures was quiet, total sales for the day amounting to 2,950 tons. Prices were irregular, ranging from 4 points lower to 1 point higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	2.86	2.84	2.84@2.86	2.88
Nov.	2.88	2.84	2.84@2.86	2.88
Dec.	2.90	2.88	2.87@2.88	2.90
Jan.	2.80	2.78	2.79@2.80	2.81
Feb.	..	..	2.79@2.80	2.81
March	2.88	2.87	2.86@2.87	2.87
April	..	..	2.87@2.88	2.88
May	2.99	2.96	2.97@2.99	2.97
June	..	..	3.02@3.03	3.01
July	3.08	3.08	3.07@3.08	3.08
Aug.	..	..	3.10@3.12	3.10

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 6,122 packages. Stock is arriving very irregularly, and a good deal of the butter due here early in the week is still back. The receipts are being absorbed quite promptly and the market has a fairly good tone, with no quotable change. Creamery, extras, (92 score,) 27½c; higher scoring, 28@28½c; firsts, 25@27c; seconds, 23@24½c; thirds, 22@22½c; State dairy, finest, 26½@27c; good to prime, 24½@26c; common to fair, 21@24c; renovated, extras, 24@24½c; firsts, 23@23¼c; lower grades, 21@22½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 22½@23c; ladles, current make, firsts, 22c; seconds, 21c; lower grades, 19@20c; packing stock, June make, fine, 20½@21c; current make, fine, 20½c; No. 2, 20c; lower grade, 17@19½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 13,909 cases. Market generally unchanged. High grades of new-laid quality continue very scarce. Any lots showing a good to large proportion of such sell promptly at firm prices. The lower qualities of fresh gathered continue dull, in competition with storage eggs, and values show an extremely wide range. Storage eggs firm, with a fair movement; further lots are going for export this week. Fancy white eggs in small supply, and there is a very small proportion of fancy new-laid qualities, for which the demand is rather more than equal to the supply. Undergrades irregular. Fresh gathered, extras, per dozen, 32@32½c; extra firsts, 30@31½c; firsts, 26½@28½c; seconds, 23½@25½c; thirds and poorer, 20@23c; dirties, No. 1, 21½@22½c; No. 2 and poorer, 18@21c; checks, good to choice, dry, 20@21c; culls and inferior, 15@19c; refrigerator, special marks, fancy, 25½@26c; firsts, 24½@25c; seconds, 22½@24c; thirds or poorer, 19@22c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 44@46c; ordinary to good, 35@43c; gathered whites, as to size and quality, 33@43c; Western, gathered whites, 30@36c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 34@36c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 27@33c.

First Snow of Season in England.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The first snow of the season fell this morning. The mountains of North Wales and the peaks of Derbyshire are thickly capped with white.

ROCKEFELLER PLAN TO BANISH STRIKES

Studies of Colorado Field Result in a New Industrial Scheme.

"BROADER THAN UNIONISM"

Financier to Announce It at Meeting of Company Officials and Employes.

Special to The New York Times.

DENVER, Sept. 30.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has settled upon an industrial plan which he believes will make strikes unnecessary and impossible.

This industrial scheme is new, and Mr. Rockefeller and his associates have great hopes for its success. Some of the details are still to be worked out, but in general the plan has been determined on. The plan will be submitted to employes and officers of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company at a meeting to be held at Pueblo on Saturday. The grievance men of the various camps will represent the employes.

Mr. Rockefeller tonight declined to make known any of the details of his industrial scheme. He, however, denied that it was an attack upon union labor. In answer to questions he said:

"At the outset of the strike in 1913 the company took the position that every man was entitled to work on his own terms and conditions; that he should be free to join a union or not. That position, when stated by me before the Congressional Strike Investigation Committee in 1914, was misconstrued in some quarters as a statement that we were fighting organized labor.

"What my statement meant and what the position of the company's officers meant was that we did not think those of our employes who did not care to join a union should be forced to do so, as would have been the case if we had signed the contract tendered by the United Mine Workers of America. This is the position which I always have maintained."

"Do you mean that you will never in the future be willing to grant recognition to the United Mine Workers?" Mr. Rockefeller was asked.

"I never have said that I will not recognize the union in the future," was the reply. "If the time ever should come when that course should seem to be the best for the common good of employers and employes, the door is not locked against its adoption."

"Unionism," continued Mr. Rockefeller, "benefits only one class of workmen—those who belong to the union. Our plan takes in all men, irrespective of whether they join a union or not. Unionism benefits one group, not all the workingmen. Our thought has been to devise something absolutely democratic—something that will take in all workmen whether they belong to the union or not."

Mr. Rockefeller describes his plan as "broader and more democratic than unionism."

It is believed here that in a large measure the new plan will be an outgrowth of the system now being tried in Southern Colorado. It is understood that under the modified and enlarged arrangement every question that has to do with wages, hours of work, living conditions, and the employe's welfare will be settled by discussion among the men directly interested. A constitution and by-laws for an organization yet to be named are being drafted. The employes of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company will hold meetings at regular intervals and will elect by ballot two of their number who will constitute a grievance committee empowered to deal with any official of the company. No official or salaried representative of the company will be permitted to attend or participate in these meetings.

Thus far the plan would be patterned exactly after the plan now in effect. Under the present plan, failure to adjust any grievance results in an appeal to the General Manager of the company. If the matter is not satisfactorily adjusted, the case goes to the Mediator.

David Griffiths is the present Mediator. He worked for years as a miner, and finally became Superintendent of a mine. He also been a State Inspector of Coal Mines.

Mr. Griffiths, under the present arrangement, considers the grievances of the men when the General Manager cannot adjust them, and he then carries the case himself to the President of the company if he is unable to arrange a satisfactory settlement. If Mr. Griffiths cannot get what he wants from President Welborn, he writes to Mr. Rockefeller in New York.

It is asserted by company officials that thus far this plan has worked to perfection, and that every grievance has been adjusted quickly. It is the success of the present plan which leads to the belief that it will be the foundation of the perfected scheme to be announced by Mr. Rockefeller on Saturday.

HELD UP GLUCOSE DIVIDENDS

Corn Products Secretary Tells of Former Trade War.

Frederick T. Fisher, Secretary and Treasurer of the Corn Products Refining Company, continued his testimony yesterday in the suit the Government has brought against the concern to determine if it is a monopoly. He explained the affairs of the subsidiary companies just before they were taken over by the defendant company. Regarding the New York Glucose Company, one of the subsidiary companies, the witness admitted there had been a trade war between this concern and the Corn Products Company, which held 49 per cent. of its stock. The New York Glucose Company issued a dividend of 11 per cent. in 1904, before the trade war began, and paid no more until it had been entirely taken over by the Corn Products Refining Company. Then, in 1906 and 1907, it issued a dividend amounting to 120 per cent.

"Were the dividends held up because of the trade war?" asked Van Sinderen Lindsley of counsel to the Government.

"Why," he replied, "it wasn't thought good business to aid a competitor, and besides, the New York Glucose Company needed a working capital of more than $1,000,000."

The witness said that 51 per cent. of the stock of the concern was held by the General Trading Company, a holding company.

"That company was made up of William G. Rockefeller, E. T. Bedford, Charles M. Pratt, and other Standard Oil people, was it not?" asked Mr. Lindsley.

"There were some in it not connected with the Standard Oil Company," replied the witness.

Frank Halpen, member of the wholesale grocery firm of Halpen, Green & Co. of Philadelphia, testified that he could always buy glucose five points cheaper than the Corn Products Refining Company sells it. The hearing will be continued today.

TO FIT SHIPS TO BURN OIL.

Finland and Kronland to Have New Refrigerating Apparatus, Too.

Judge Charles M. Hough in the Federal District Court yesterday made an order authorizing P. A. S. Franklin, receiver for the International Mercantile Marine Company, of 9 Broadway, to convert the two American steamers, Finland and Kronland, into oil burners, at a cost of about $47,000 each. The vessels are in the New York-San Francisco trade via the Panama Canal, and the change is expected to save wages and fuel.

The receiver will also spend $12,000 on each steamer for refrigerating machines to fit them for tropical trade. Mr. Franklin said the ships would save $9,000 in fuel and $3,500 in wages and board of firemen on each voyage. The saving in bunker space and firemen's quarters will enable the ships to carry 1,500 additional tons of cargo at a profit of $25,000 per voyage.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town

IRVING RULAND.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Irving Ruland, real estate, 155 East Seventy-second Street, by William M. Streeton, $1,500; Clarence Mudge, $2,500, and Charles Williams, $1,200, all assigned claims. Mr. Ruland is President of Ruland & Whiting Co., real estate agents, of 5 Beekman Street, is a Harvard graduate and a son of the late Manual A. Ruland, former President of the company who founded the business in 1867.

SAMUEL SIMON.—Another petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel Simon, 257 East Sixty-eighth Street, wholesale butcher, at 210 Wallabout Market, Brooklyn, by Sulzberger & Sons Co., $2,182; Sulzberger & Sons Co. of America, $807, and Joseph Stern & Sons, Inc., $200.

BLOCK & MILLER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Block & Miller, clothing, 722 Broadway, by Murray Kanner, $384; Edward Golden, $49, and Benjamin Grabisch, $77.

MORRIS MILHAUSER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Morris Milhauser, shoes, 2,047 Second Avenue, by Rice & Hutchins, $350; Bernard Lebovitz, $50, and Thomson Croaker Shoe Co., $200.

FRENCH RANGE MANUFACTURING CO., 428 Eleventh Avenue, has assigned to Abner S. Werblin. A petition in bankruptcy was filed by Peter Prandoni, $793, warrant; John F. Stern, $5, and Harold M. Silverman, $2.

JOHN W. YATES, sheet metal worker, 168 Eighth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $2,072 and no assets.

GREEN LIQUOR CO.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Aug. 6 against the Green Liquor Co., 778 Eighth Avenue, on a settlement of 30%.

JACOB STERLING.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Jacob Sterling, men's furnishings, 1,378 Boston Road, at 20%.

WOODWARD & VAN SLYKE, INC.—Judge Hough has appointed W. L. Cannon receiver for Woodward & Van Slyke, Inc., publishers of 45 West Thirty-fourth Street, under a bond of $1,000.

RAPHAEL JARET, grocer, 2,423 Arthur Avenue, has filed schedules showing liabilities, $4,571, and assets, $1,050.

LE BARON B. JOHNSON, switchboards, 52 Vanderbilt Avenue and 449 West Thirty-eighth Street, has assigned to Frans Nelson. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him on March 31, 1909; he turned over his assets to a committee of creditors, and the petition is dismissed.

THEODORE L. HEYSE, grocer, 922 Third Avenue, has assigned to John Scholl.

Out of Town.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Jacob Cohen, wholesale jewelry dealer of Utica, filed an involuntary petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $75,000 and assets around $10,000.

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—Petitions in bankruptcy have been filed as follows:

Wendell Pyrrington of Arlington, wool broker, liabilities, $82,034; assets, $1,407.

Alfred H. Hines of Somerville, mason and builder; liabilities, $19,594; assets, $5,177.

William E. Fort of Cambridge, garage proprietor, has been petitioned into involuntary bankruptcy at the instance of three creditors whose claims amount to $1,072.

The Randall Miller Company of Boston, automobile supplies, has assigned for the benefit of its creditors to E. Dwight Fullerton. A factory is operated at Amesbury.

Mayer M. Lesnick and Michael Lesnick, doing business as the Lesnick Shoe Company, 200 Lincoln Street, Boston, have assigned to David Stoneman and Thomas F. Dolan.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Alemani, Cesare—Rubsam & Horrmann Brewing Co. $164.41
Blumenthal, Joseph—M. A. Enright 121.23
Barnett, Harry—E. Schwartz 111.91
Blair Walter—Washington Heights Garage 109.14
Berney, Charles—J. Nechols 370.03
Berger, Andrew—F. D. Ramm et al 115.36
Dennis, Dorr—F. E. Peters 367.89
Dirigo Mfg. Co.—I. E. Letner 1,888.66
Davis, W. A.—Pollock—A. F. Conder 690.06
Estate Income Realty Co.—Walter T. Murphy, Inc. 1,109.31
Electrical Inspection & Audit Corp and Benjamin B. Dolare—W. J. Salomon 240.52
Feinberg, Henry G.—Buffalo Wire Works Co., Inc. 106.98
Feldman, Joseph C.—J. Confae 136.01
Gunther, Julius Uebele, and Benjamin Kogan—B. Senitt 198.91
Guggenheim Exploration Co.—A. C. Beatty 179,085.00
Greenberg, Harry, and Isaac Tanenbaum —Metropolitan Electric Protective Co., Inc. 166.06
Gillies, Homer R.—J. N. Stillman 5,241.40
Greenberg, Hyman, and Jake Arbetman —W. Berman 140.50
Hoffman, Abraham—S. August 114.92
Holy Crucifix Society of Mutual Benevolence Montemaggiore Belsito—C. Ippolito 214.90
Jaffe, Michael—F. E. Peters 267.68
Johnson, Emma Z., or Zora E. Flagler, or Zora E. Howe—F. J. Mahoney 4,565.41
Kessler, John H. and William H. Kissinger—P. Villa et al. 974.61
Kraus, Max—W. H. Wheeler 453.76
Kimball, Francis H.—Journal of Commerce & Commercial Bulletin, Inc. 176.56
Kupchick, Edward, and Solomon Ostrin —D. Bialis et al. 225.78
Luber, Martin—F. E. Peters 334.63
Merwin Sales Co., Inc.—Argus Co. 288.74
Murray, Charles—Fritz Hendrich & Son, Inc. 198.24
Morgan, Edw. W.—Indian Exhibits Co., Inc. 225.21
Mager, George, and Marie A. Gougelman—J. Boyd 200.41
Moeller, Max—H. Lederman 173.77
McLoughlin, S. Sullivan 980.78
Moore, Frank F.—V. Cerabone Construction Co. 134.83
Pelxotto, Morris A.—C. H. Walker 120.91
O'Brien, Frank—Pabst Brewing Co. 129.50
Pope, Charles D.—E. A. D. Ames et al. 2,900.50
Pilkington, Jessel L.—R. E. Hicks 143.15
Perry, Oscar B.—A. C. Beattyl 39,312.00
Professional Service Co.—Echo Investing Co. 679.00
Rogers, Harris—Burns Bros. 203.06
Rachmel, Abraham, or Abraham Rockmill—H. Harris et al. 106.11
Rapps, Herman, and Louis Press—I. Watkins 138.82
Seminole Distilling & Distributing Co.—W. J. Salomon 261.30
Sofield, Stephen B.—C. Murphy 1,279.59
Sullivan, Jasper—Goldenberg Bros. 1,119.40
Solinsky, Moe—H. A. Salomon 116.91
Tresca, Carlo—C. Bowen 859.73
Treen, Jafferon—Imperial Property Co., Inc. 1,624.54
Tepfer, Albert E.—Ebling Brewing Co. 225.77
Verity, H. Sydney—E. Miltimore 129.91
Underwood, Carlton H.—C. T. Silver 217.35
Von Kada, Lajos, and Margaret S. Eddy —Paquin, Ltd. 622.14
Same—C. Reboux et al. 620.99
Vassie, Alexander—H. Bollman 221.50
Wallau, Anselm B. Crystal & Son 331.83
Widerof, Adolf, or Adolf Wider—A. Newman 370.91
Wollenhaupt, Henry J.—F. Kranepuhl 327.91
Young, John C.—M. A. Hays 101.91
Banks, Joseph F.—City of New York 118.22
Brand, Sigmund—Same 395.72
Bronx Sentinel Co.—Same 106.27
Emerich & Maud Hoffman Cafe Co.—Same 133.97
Ebury, Thomas G.—Same 260.67
Engeman, William A.—Same 200.67
Gothard Mining and Engineering Co.—Same 249.89
Marx, Joseph F.—Same 713.54
Peerless Tube Co.—Same 192.47
Pellman, David—Same 260.67
Roxbury Realty Co.—Same 319.89

In Bronx County.

Amabile, Thomas—A. Maxwell $116.92
Campbell, Peter C.—J. Mandel 52.72
Herbst, Charlotte J.—D. Taylor 1,145.99
Jaffe, Thomas G.—A. P. Babcock Co. 30.90
Jacob, August—L. J. Van Deusen 803.49
Janer, Marie I.—P. Aprill et al. 62.54
Kinsbruner, Solomon—M. Sena 32.31
Knight, Harry F.—Church E. Gates & Co. 216.75
Martini, William—B. H. Novick et al. 74.72
O'Brien, Michael J.—B. Altman & Co. 129.80
Purchase Holding Corporation—A. Faglin 61.10
Sher, Leah—S. Greenbaum 74.22
Tepfer, Albert E.—Ebling Brewing Co. 225.77
Zarembowitz, Charles—M. H. Kalden 42.32

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Coucoulomatic, Panagiotis, and George Coulacos—T. Panagakos, Dec. 4, 1914. $126.86
Crisciuolo, Pietro—Frymjer & Hanna Co., Sept. 15, 1915 ..... 108.78
Firsichbaum, David—R. Seydel, June 25, 1915 ..... 740.98
Goodman, David C.—G. S. Wright, May 22, 1915 ..... 351.35
Stauch, Louis—M. L. Van Duzer, April 14, 1915 ..... 378.67
Wagner, Joseph—C. Item, July 6, 1911 ..... 154.72
Berger, Harry, Samuel Spachner and Morris B. Herman—M. Goldberg et al., April 1, 1912, (released) 386.22
Paulvin, Paul—Nassau Finance Co., Sept. 28, 1915, (vacated) 692.69

In Bronx County.

John J. Tully Co. and John J. Tully—P. Indelli, Sept. 7, 1915 ..... $272.59

Wool Sales to Close Today.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The offerings at the wool auction sales today amounted to 7,700 bales. It was a moderate selection, and the demand was quiet at unchanged prices. The tone was perhaps a shade steadier. The auctions will close tomorrow.

Demand Fair for Sheepskins.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A sale of sheepskins was held here today. There were 6,200 bales offered, and the demand was fair. Full woolen merinos ranged from unchanged to ¼d dearer, while crossbreds and short and shorn skins declined ¼d.

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyer's Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

DESIRE AT ONCE, on cash terms, high-grade Dresses, Suits, Skirts, Waists, Petticoats, Furs, Sweaters. Sumner and Lispenard Sts. Franklin 4545.

LARGE JOBBER open to buy for spot cash pile fabric coats; write for appointment. L 48 Times.

WANTED, DRESS FASTENERS, all sizes, carded or bulk; specify quantity and price. 313 Wool Exchange.

MR. KANE is buying jobs of Mixtures and Pile Fabric for Coats. 141 West 28th St., 1st floor.

OPEN FOR ASTRAKHANS in Copenhagen and brown; also Plushes. Ritter Bros., 3 West 17th St.

WILL BUY Plush and pay cash. Rineberg, 38 West 18th St.

500 SERGE COMBINATION DRESSES.—Immediate delivery; $3 up. 18 West 27th, Room 704. Madison Square 7078.

VELVETEEN SUITS, fur trimmed, from $12.75 to $16.50; quick deliveries. Hirsch & Bro., 153 West 27th St.

LARGE QUANTITY OF BLACK ASTRAKHAN FOR SALE. X 297 TIMES ANNEX.

WE HAVE nifty Fur-trimmed Dresses for quick delivery. Dicker & Ginsberg, 142 West 26th.

SUITS for immediate delivery; up-to-the-minute styles. Max Singer, 25 W. 26th St.

CORDUROYS for immediate delivery. Albert Fried, 33 Union Square.

FUR TRIMMED SUITS for immediate delivery. J. & M. Yellin, 138 W. 21st.

DESIRE at once jobs ladies' suits, dresses, skirts, and waists; will pay cash. Eastern Merchandise Co., 458 Broadway. Spring 358.

GEORGETTES, chiffons, &c., dyed, all shades. Royal Dye Works, 19 W. 20th St.

CASH PAID for job lots of women's apparel. Frank Jacobovits, 10 Lispenard St. Fr. 1,050.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN wanted for popular priced corset covers; commission. J. Zimit, 124 Wooster.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...3@3½ per cent. for the best names
Wednesday...3@3½ " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

Duty Allowance to be Made.

With a view to liberalizing Custom House practice, Assistant Secretary Peters of the Treasury Department has issued an order directing that when merchandise, not perishable, is found by the appraising officers to be entirely without commercial value by reason of damage and is so reported by the collector, an allowance in duties on such merchandise should be made in the liquidation of the entry.

A Full-Dress Collar.

A new wing collar to be worn with full dress has just been brought out by a leading house. The wing is cut square with the line of the tie, but is small. The collar comes together at the top very closely. The button tab has been made narrower than usual, with the result that the tie can be made to set more snugly and with better effect. Buyers who have looked at it have been very favorably impressed with the design.

Commerce Bureau Kept Busy.

September transactions in the local office of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce were the heaviest in any single month since its establishment, according to E. C. Porter, Commercial Agent in charge of the branch. Visitors calling at the office last month totaled 1,648, while 4,768 letters were received from many sections of the country making inquiry regarding matters connected with export trade. The callers at the bureau included manufacturers, exporters, and other merchants, as well as buyers from foreign countries. Ten representatives of foreign firms made use of its facilities. Seven countries were represented by these buyers.

Sport Shirts Popularly Priced.

From present indications the demand for sport shirts next Spring and Summer will be for the popularly priced lines. In fact, the manufacturers who have watched the growth of this novelty with interest do not expect to do business on anything in this line which is high priced. One of the leading factors in the trade, however, is bringing out a sport shirt of a conservative type for which large sales are predicted. This is the ordinary shirt with soft collar attached. The lacing below the front button is so arranged, however, that the inside effect is the same as that outside; that is, of the same material. This gives a tidy appearance to the neck of the shirt when opened.

It Was a Failure.

That secret meeting of manufacturers of gray goods in Fall River and of Treasurers of big mills making these goods, which was told of in this column on Wednesday, was a failure. This much is definitely known, but the purpose of the meeting, somehow or other, has not yet been divulged by those present. If it was held for the purpose of securing an agreement not to buy cotton, it was doubly a failure, for the manufacturers were said to be buying that staple most vigorously on Wednesday, taking all the advantage they could of the break that resulted from profit taking. Many an "I told you so" was heard in the market yesterday morning following the break from the lips of men who maintained that the advance could not be sustained, but as the day progressed and prices moved upward again there was not much said on the subject.

Raw Silk Prices Are Advancing.

The Yokohama raw silk market has taken a sharp upward turn, and prices have advanced 40 yen per picul over the quotations of a week ago. The advance brought them to the highest point touched since August, 1914, with double extra Japan filatures quoted at 940 yen. Sales for the week there amounted to 4,200 bales, with stocks left at 10,000 bales. Canton remains very firm as prohibitive prices, and business is handicapped by the lack of stocks. The Shanghai market has further advanced on steam filatures, and reelers have little silk to offer, excepting for the far-off deliveries. Tsatlees are 10 per cent. higher than at the beginning of the month, and tussahs are firm at the recent advance. Cables received by H. L. Gwalter & Co. of this city say that the Milan market is unchanged and prices are very firm. Local business is very good, all grades of silk being in demand at full prices.

Are Registering Their Marks.

According to a local international patent attorney, the way that American business firms are registering their trade-marks in Latin America shows that they are going hot-foot after the business down that way that is not being done now by the English and Germans, particularly the latter. In practically all of these countries, if not all, priority of registration determines the ownership of a mark, and it not infrequently happens that some well-known American firm prepares to do business in them, only to find that its mark has already been regist

RAILROAD REPORTS SHOW BETTER TRADE

Pennsylvania's August Net $1,245,729, Greater Than in Same Month in 1914.

N.Y.CENTRAL GAINS $896,618

Both Systems Show Increased Net Earnings for the First Eight Months of the Year.

Great improvement over last year is indicated in the statements for the month of August of revenues, expenses, and operating incomes of the New York Central lines and the Pennsylvania system. Both statements were issued yesterday.

The Pennsylvania reports an increase in net earnings over those of August, 1914, of $1,245,729. The New York Central reports a net increase of $896,618, excluding the Boston & Albany Railroad.

Including its lines East and West, the Pennsylvania reports total operating revenue for the month of $34,769,896, an increase of $966,078 over August, 1914. It reports total operating expenses of $23,912,508 for the month, a decrease of $279,650.

The New York Central reports operating revenues of $14,458,039, an increase of $583,072, and operating expenses of $8,966,340, a decrease of $379,684. The net earnings reported by the Pennsylvania, minus total operating expenses, including tax accruals, are $10,857,387 for the month, and those of the New York Central, minus all deductions,, $4,775,555. The net earnings for the Pennsylvania's lines east were $7,895,643, an increase over the previous August of $782,637. The total operating expenses for the month, for the lines East, were $16,221,-310, a decrease of $177,179.

Most of the roads connected with the two systems reported increased incomes and decreased expenses. The Pennsylvania reports increased expenses for only three of its twelve lines, the West Jersey & Seashore Railroad, $18,729 increase; the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad, $40,621 increase, and the Maryland, Delaware & Virginia Railroad, $1,050 increase.

The New York Central reports increased expenses on the Michigan Central, $100,666; Cincinnati Northern, $5,579; New York, Chicago & St. Louis, $24,092; Lake Erie & Western, $39,686. The Lake Erie & Western is the only one of its lines for which the New York Central reports increased operating expenses for the eight months ended Aug. 31, giving an increase of $14,811. The Pennsylvania reports increased operating expenses for the same eight months for the New York, Philadelphia & Norfolk, $34,282, and for the West Jersey & Seashore, $123,876.

For the first eight months of the year ended Aug. 31 the Pennsylvania reports total operating revenue, $232,746,620, total operating expenses $183,342,740, and net income $49,403,880. This total revenue was $3,754,043 less than that for the same eight months of 1914, but a decrease of $9,006,808 in the total operating expense for the eight months of this year brought the net income up to an increase of $5,252,855 over the same months last year.

For the same eight months the New York Central reports total operating revenues of $103,873,493, an increase of $3,816,726 over 1914 and net income of $27,482,539, an increase of $8,872,959.

CUTS RAILROAD'S DEFICIT.

Boston & Maine's President Cheers Stockholders of the Company.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—In his annual report, issued today, President James H. Hustis of the Boston & Maine Railroad Company cheers the stockholders of the property by announcing a saving of $1,710,279.88 as the result of a year's economical management. He expresses in conservative terms the belief that the company's situation fundamentally is sound.

Mr. Hustis shows that the reduction of operating and other expenses has cut a deficit that on June 30, 1914, stood at $2,044,742.01 for a year, to $334,462.13 for the fiscal year ended June 30 last. Cooperation of noteholders, he says, has enabled the company to carry its burden of $24,310,000 short-term notes after their maturity. Express business, under a new contract, he says, shows an increase of 5.58 per cent. in revenue, and with normal business conditions will show more.

The report shows that the company spent on additions and betterments in the fiscal year $1,316,042.80. Equipment and property sold, retired and land sold, amounted to $882,288.06, leaving a net amount of $433,754.83. Improvements to equipment made to comply with Federal laws cost $138,662.49. Steel underframes in 1,715 freight cars cost $205,727.07.

Mr. Hustis says that the valuation work of the Boston & Maine system has been continued during the year at a cost to the company of $135,538.56. This is included in operating expenses. The total expenditure incurred by the Boston & Maine system, on account of this work, to June 30, 1915, was $183,430.74. The work will probably be completed in 1916. The Boston & Maine will therefore be one of the first, if not the first, of the large systems to arrive at a valuation.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the third week of September show these aggregate changes in gross earnings, those showing gains and those showing losses being stated separately:

Fifteen roads	$5,438,194	+$377,848
Eleven roads	7,304,771	— 451,199
Total (26 roads)	12,742,965	— 73,351

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL for August—

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Gross	$8,285,177	$8,189,202	$8,072,636
Net after tax..	2,509,704	2,157,688	1,901,853
Two mo. gross	16,504,458	16,014,187	15,993,470
Net after tax..	5,321,432	4,541,586	4,132,122

ILLINOIS CENTRAL for August—

Gross	5,620,843	5,845,351	5,607,121
Net after tax..	1,123,560	1,260,264	991,805
Two mo. gross	10,408,069	11,241,473	11,055,029
Net after tax..	1,654,857	1,966,005	1,760,285

KANSAS CITY SOUTHERN for the year ended June 30—

Total op. rev.	10,035,896	10,970,403	10,706,309
Op. exp. & tax	7,053,187	7,478,177	7,212,496
Net op. rev	2,982,759	3,492,225	3,493,813
Other income	170,919	197,413	167,982
Total income	3,153,678	3,689,638	3,661,795
Charges	2,013,247	1,964,189	2,018,539
Surplus	1,140,431	1,725,449	1,646,206
Pref'd div	840,000	840,000	840,000
Net surplus	*800,431	885,449	806,206
Prev. surplus	5,969,247	4,933,578	4,329,798
Total surplus	5,969,678	5,839,022	5,136,004
Bond discount	13,018	12,500	67,020
Miscel. adj	70,827	157,274	114,811
P. & L. surplus	5,885,833	5,669,247	4,958,573

NEW HAVEN reports to the Massachusetts Public Service Commission for the year ended June 30—

	1915.	1914.	Increase.
R'way op. rev	65,379,263	67,452,591	*2,073,328
Net revenue	21,352,939	18,219,682	3,033,257
Total op. inc	18,502,081	14,665,212	3,836,869
Gross income	24,357,132	21,867,594	2,489,538
Total deduct'n	22,049,161	21,598,931	450,230
Net income	2,307,971	268,663	2,039,308

NORTHERN PACIFIC for August—

Gross y.	6,076,329	6,075,933	396
Net op. inc	2,407,327	1,771,763	635,564
Other income	254,878	284,269	*9,390
Total income	2,662,200	2,056,032	626,168
Bal. av. for divs	199,016	1,294,565	624,451
Sur. after divs	472,349	†152,102	624,451

*Decrease.
†Deficit.

TEXAS & PACIFIC for August—

	1915.	1914.	1913.
Gross	1,422,680	1,448,540	1,506,809
Net	347,017	339,908	324,496
2 mos. gross	2,895,240	2,921,742	2,911,522
Net	747,975	663,142	661,012

YAZOO & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY for August—

August gross	996,254	925,111	890,380
Net aft. taxes	239,589	170,220	139,895
2 mos. gross	1,837,044	1,778,805	1,698,219
Net aft. taxes	385,192	251,106	178,555

NEW MOTOR CAR COMBINE.

Chevrolet Company's $20,000,000 Stock Sold in a Few Hours.

The Chevrolet Motor Car Company has been formed, through the coalition of two concerns of the same name, one incorporated in New York and the other in Indiana, with capital stock of $20,-000,000. The banking firm of Hornblower & Weeks offered the stock for private subscription at 85 yesterday, and the entire issue was sold in a few hours.

The combined capital of the constituent companies was $1,900,000, all of which was held by interests identified with the General Motors Company. W. C. Durant, a Director of the General Motors Company, is the moving spirit in Chevrolet affairs. It was learned yesterday that owners of the old Chevrolet stock had taken up $13,500,000 of the new shares, while the balance of $6,500,-000 was disposed of to large investors. A statement issued by Hornblower & Weeks said the company's product would be low-priced passenger cars.

"The company is controlled by interests identified with the General Motors Company," the statement said. "and the management will be in the hands of those identified with the management of the General Motors Company. Constituent companies show earnings in the twelve and one-half months ended Aug. 14 of $965,000, equivalent to 4.8 per cent. on the total stock outstanding. Current earnings are at the rate of $2,000,000, or 10 per cent. on the stock. The purpose of the financing is to provide extensions which will enable the company to increase its output from 100 cars a day, its present rate, to 300 cars per day, according to present plans, and ultimately to a much higher figure."

The company has no bonds, and the stock is all of one class.

E. H. GARY ON STEEL TRADE.

Reports Mills Working at Capacity and Most Prices Good.

E. H. Gary, Chairman of the United States Steel Corporation, said yesterday that the corporation's business was satisfactory, and that there was nothing in the price situation to complain about.

"Since I left the city June 30 on my vacation," he said in a statement, "I have given no interview or statement to any newspaper or representative concerning business matters, present, past, or prospective. In remarks before the Commercial Club in San Francisco early in July I referred to general business prospects as being improved, and gave the reasons. However, I am pleased to say at this time I find on my return to the office that the steel business at present is satisfactory. Our bookings and shipments are about equal to our capacity, and the prices received, while not in some respects sufficiently high, are reasonably remunerative, are on the whole good and therefore will result in substantial profits."

The corporation's manufacturing capacity is estimated at 45,000 tons of semi-finished and finished products a day, exclusive of the Minnesota Steel Company, a subsidiary which will soon be in operation. If this pace were continued for a full year the total output would be in the neighborhood of 6,200,000 tons of steel, a figure nearly 4,000,000 tons greater than in any past year of the corporation's history.

SEPTEMBER TRANSACTIONS.

Transactions in stocks on the New York Stock Exchange for the month of September aggregated 18,497,797 shares, a decrease of 1,920,589 shares, as compared with the previous month, but an increase of 10,814,831 shares, as compared with the same month in 1913, the Stock Exchange remaining closed during the corresponding month last year. There were five days on which the dealings exceeded a million shares, with the trading on the 28th the largest. The total on the latter date was 1,663,917 shares, the heaviest amount of dealings since Sept. 27, 1911, when the total was 1,683,729 shares. The smallest full day's total was 348,671 shares on the 13th. For the Saturday half-holiday the maximum total was 571,611 shares on the 25th and the minimum 109,163 shares on the 4th.

The following table gives the total transactions in stocks for September and the nine months of this year, as compared with the corresponding periods in each year back to 1889:

STOCKS, (SHARES.)

	September.	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30.
1915	18,497,797	115,502,651
1914—Stock Exchange closed.		
1913	7,682,966	64,989,195
1912	10,064,072	95,596,044
1911	17,869,905	91,493,471
1910	7,683,284	129,756,844
1909	20,054,496	156,488,067
1908	17,498,727	134,716,920
1907	12,142,239	155,901,351
1906	26,121,588	222,295,136
1905	16,092,702	187,006,492
1904	18,704,717	98,913,487
1903	10,713,440	122,166,358
1902	20,912,017	139,135,757
1901	14,080,762	216,521,405
1900	5,150,212	81,886,757
1899	12,350,274	133,651,440
1898	9,374,809	78,588,637
1897	13,089,315	56,915,062
1896	4,566,374	39,742,452
1895	6,810,943	52,912,482
1894	4,065,785	36,876,144
1893	4,708,094	62,527,697
1892	6,845,296	61,512,000
1891	10,995,800	49,247,260
1890	7,045,060	42,382,537
1889	5,588,580	47,550,267

The dealings in railroad and miscellaneous bonds amounted to par value of $77,472,000; in Government bonds to $486,500; in State bonds to $184,000, and in city bonds to $2,510,000, a total in all classes of bonds of $81,061,500, an increase of $8,611,500, as compared with the previous month and of $46,643,300, as compared with corresponding month in 1913. The largest total was $6,373,500 on the 27th and the smallest for a full day $2,165,500 on the 17th. For the Saturday half holiday the maximum total was $2,963,000 on the 25th and the minimum $1,009,500 on the 4th.

Bond dealings for the month and nine months of this year make the following showing as compared with preceding years:

BONDS, (PAR VALUE.)

	September.	Jan. 1 to Sept. 30.
1915	$81,661,000	$606,401,700
1914—Stock Exchange closed.		
1913	35,018,120	381,868,920
1912	45,081,500	345,429,500
1911	62,730,950	437,170,500
1910	48,108,500	482,879,000
1909	91,756,000	1,025,898,700
1908	82,951,500	691,512,320
1907	36,415,500	329,963,100
1906	44,785,500	538,163,800
1905	68,881,000	793,150,200
1904	114,592,000	551,089,460
1903	45,275,800	406,218,059
1902	94,623,950	707,498,850
1901	44,694,100	707,977,520
1900	18,383,400	352,478,800
1899	36,169,500	687,487,590
1898	68,128,300	507,172,740
1897	70,190,300	400,718,440
1896	25,028,100	277,264,000
1895	41,228,200	292,164,170
1894	26,720,450	262,464,970
1893	21,912,700	274,336,000
1892	27,072,900	398,141,910
1891	35,500,000	262,862,400
1890	27,891,000	265,048,960
1889	28,307,050	277,557,024

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha Con	.01	Jacket Con	.18
Aden	.09	Mexican	.84
Best & Belcher	.05	Occidental Con	.79
Caledonia	.27	Ophir	.20
Challar	.03	Overman	.08
Confidence	.16	Potosi	.03
Con. Cal. & Va	.14	Savage	.10
Con. Imperial	.01	Seg. Belcher	.03
Gould & Curry	.03	Sierra Nevada	.22
Hale & Norcross	.03	Union Con	.40
Kentucky Con	.02	Utah Con	.03

TONOPAH.

Belmont	3.50	Comb. Fraction	.08
Jim Butler	.75	D'df'd Daisy	.03
MacNamara	.02	D'df'd B. Butte	.05
Midway	.11	Florence	.45
Mispah Ext	.16	G'df'd Con. M	1.57½
Montana	.80	G'df'd Kewanas	.36
North Star	.11	G'df'd Merger	.18
Rescue Eula	.10	Jumbo Ext	1.27½
Tonopah Ext	2.40	Lone Star	.06
Tonopah Mer	.34	Silver Pick	.08
Victor	.28	Vernal	.03
West End	.58	Nevada Hills	.19
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester Mines	.41
Atlanta	.20	Round Mountain	.42
Booth	.03	MANHATTAN.	
C. O. D.	.04	Man. Big Four	.05

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. J'kpot	9	10	Isabella	16¼	16¾
Elkton	24½	24¾	Jackpot	6¾	7¼
El Paso	75	90	McKinney	86¼	87½
Findlay	3¼	4	Portland	155½	156
Golden Cy.	176	178	Vindicator	154	159
Gold Dol	...	4	Rav. B. H.	5¾	5¾
Gold Sov	5¼	6			

STOCKS IN A SHORT FLURRY.

Temporary Drop on News of Submarine Attack on American Ship.

The stock market paused shortly before noon yesterday, then broke violently from 2 to 6 points, and shortly renewed its advance in as headlong a fashion as ever this week. Early dispatches from London regarding the damage done the American vessel Vincent started a rumor that a German submarine had sunk the ship. The violent advance of the last few days had left prices in a position to reflect bad news by dropping rapidly, and for a time there was tremendous selling. Later news that the vessel had struck a mine soon brought about a recovery, which was continued in the afternoon.

Transactions aggregated close to 1,500,-000 shares. Except for gains of 12 and 11 points each in General Motors and Continental Can, the market was orderly, save in the quarter hour after stocks began to recover from the shock. Copper shares and those of certain companies which have received war orders were features, Tennessee Copper gaining nearly 6 points, and Railway Steel Spring the same. Baldwin was active, but showed a net gain of only a fraction.

The influence of the Anglo-French loan was again evident in the business of commission houses. The rampant bulls said there was no question that the loan would be a great success and that it could not but help stocks.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

September, 1915.

*The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues, and these two groups combined for the month of September:

		High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Sept.	1	72.04	71.33	71.84	— .25
Sept.	2	72.11	71.24	71.35	— .49
Sept.	3	72.43	71.29	71.98	+ .63
Sept.	4	72.55	71.97	72.45	+ .47
Sept.	6	Holiday.			
Sept.	7	72.89	71.93	72.39	— .06
Sept.	8	72.58	71.96	72.25	— .14
Sept.	9	72.90	72.29	72.71	+ .46
Sept.	10	72.90	71.99	72.24	— .47
Sept.	11	72.29	71.87	72.16	— .08
Sept.	13	72.56	72.07	72.36	+ .20
Sept.	14	72.68	72.09	72.34	— .02
Sept.	15	72.55	72.18	72.29	— .05
Sept.	16	72.40	71.95	72.14	— .15
Sept.	17	72.48	72.03	72.35	+ .21
Sept.	18	73.12	72.48	73.05	+ .70
Sept.	20	73.49	73.00	73.20	+ .15
Sept.	21	73.40	72.94	73.07	— .13
Sept.	22	73.84	72.98	73.19	+ .12
Sept.	23	73.93	72.76	73.39	+ .20
Sept.	24	74.82	73.26	74.72	+1.33
Sept.	25	75.07	74.84	75.47	+ .75
Sept.	27	76.13	75.21	75.35	— .12
Sept.	28	75.44	74.71	74.88	— .47
Sept.	29	75.69	74.59	74.98	+ .10
Sept.	30	75.24	74.28	74.88	— .10

Industrials.

Sept.	1	84.19	82.09	83.94	+ .94
Sept.	2	84.32	82.99	83.22	— .71
Sept.	3	83.72	82.17	82.79	— .44
Sept.	4	83.38	82.82	83.23	+ .44
Sept.	6	Holiday.			
Sept.	7	83.90	82.43	83.27	+ .04
Sept.	8	84.48	82.87	83.88	+ .61
Sept.	9	86.16	84.16	85.62	+1.74
Sept.	10	86.22	84.26	84.38	—1.24
Sept.	11	83.96	83.31	83.59	— .79
Sept.	13	85.83	84.21	85.62	+2.03
Sept.	14	86.39	85.38	86.32	+ .70
Sept.	15	87.26	85.94	86.55	+ .23
Sept.	16	87.22	85.55	86.43	— .12
Sept.	17	87.92	86.11	87.42	+ .99
Sept.	18	88.59	87.13	88.10	+ .68
Sept.	20	90.39	87.88	88.74	+ .64
Sept.	21	90.51	88.04	89.54	+ .80
Sept.	22	91.05	89.27	90.28	+ .74
Sept.	23	90.54	89.00	89.74	— .54
Sept.	24	90.96	89.66	90.31	+ .57
Sept.	25	91.10	90.00	90.70	+ .39
Sept.	27	93.78	90.84	92.64	+1.94
Sept.	28	94.88	92.34	93.42	+ .78
Sept.	29	95.21	92.60	93.16	— .26
Sept.	30	94.65	91.24	93.53	+ .37

Combined Average.

Sept.	1	78.11	76.71	77.89	+ .35
Sept.	2	78.49	77.11	77.29	— .60
Sept.	3	78.07	76.73	77.38	+ .09
Sept.	4	77.96	77.89	77.84	+ .46
Sept.	6	Holiday.			
Sept.	7	78.39	77.18	77.83	— .01
Sept.	8	78.53	77.41	78.06	+ .23
Sept.	9	79.56	78.22	79.16	+1.10
Sept.	10	79.59	78.12	78.31	— .85
Sept.	11	78.09	77.69	77.87	— .44
Sept.	13	79.18	78.14	78.99	+1.12
Sept.	14	79.72	78.72	79.33	+ .34
Sept.	15	79.90	79.06	79.42	+ .09
Sept.	16	79.81	78.75	79.28	— .14
Sept.	17	80.20	79.07	79.58	+ .30
Sept.	18	80.85	79.80	80.57	+ .69
Sept.	20	81.66	80.43	80.97	+ .40
Sept.	21	81.95	80.84	81.30	+ .33
Sept.	22	82.19	81.12	81.73	+ .43
Sept.	23	82.08	80.88	81.56	— .17
Sept.	24	82.89	81.46	82.51	+ .95
Sept.	25	83.38	82.42	83.08	+ .57
Sept.	27	84.95	83.03	83.99	+ .91
Sept.	28	85.16	83.52	84.15	+ .16
Sept.	29	85.45	83.39	84.07	— .08
Sept.	30	84.89	82.76	84.20	+ .13

September Range This Year.

	High.		Low.		Last.
Railroads	76.13	Sept. 27	71.24	Sept. 2	74.88
Industrials	95.21	Sept. 29	82.09	Sept. 4	83.23
Combined	85.45	Sept. 29	76.71	Sept. 1	84.20

*The Stock Exchange was closed during September last year.

September Range in 1913.

	High.		Low.		
Railroads	83.97	Sept. 15	80.96	Sept. 4	
Industrials	81.53	Sept. 15	58.29	Sept. 30	
Combined avg	72.75	Sept. 15	69.81	Sept. 4	

September Range in 1911 and 1912.

RAILROADS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
1912	97.16	Sept. 30	93.13	Sept. 13	96.50
1911	89.44	Sept. 6	84.40	Sept. 25	86.73

INDUSTRIALS.

1912	74.50	Sept. 30	70.73	Sept. 13	73.88
1911	61.85	Sept. 6	54.74	Sept. 25	58.18

COMBINED FIFTY STOCKS.

1912	85.83	Sept. 30	83.10	Sept. 13	85.19
1911	75.04	Sept. 6	69.57	Sept. 25	72.45

This Year's Range to Date.

Railroads	76.19	Apr. 19	66.13	Feb. 14	74.88
Industrials	95.21	Sep. 29	51.85	Feb. 24	83.00
Combined	85.45	Sep. 29	73.18	Aug. 23	77.54

Last Year's Range to Date.

Railroads	84.94	Jan. 23	66.35	July 30	66.78
Industrials	61.71	Mar. 23	48.48	July 30	48.76
Combined	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	57.77

Year's Range in 1914.

Railroads	84.94	Jan. 23	66.35	July 30	68.04
Industrials	61.68	Jan. 31	48.48	July 30	52.36
Combined	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20

Year's Range in 1913.

Railroads	91.41	Jan. 9	75.92	June 10	79.79
Industrials	87.08	Jan. 9	50.27	June 10	56.84
Combined	79.10	Jan. 9	68.00	June 10	68.06

Year's Range in 1912.

Railroads	97.28	Oct. 4	88.39	Dec. 16	90.27
Industrials	74.50	Sep. 30	61.74	Feb. 1	66.13
Combined	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.10

Year's Range in 1911.

Railroads	99.61	June 26	84.40	Sept. 23	91.87
Industrials	69.76	June 5	54.75	Sept. 25	63.83
Combined	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sept. 25	77.00

BOND AVERAGES.

September, 1915.

Sept.	1	82.00 — .09	Sept.	16	82.09 + .04
Sept.	2	81.77 — .23	Sept.	17	82.13 + .04
Sept.	3	81.83 + .06	Sept.	18	82.12
Sept.	4	81.80 — .03	Sept.	20	82.29 + .17
Sept.	6	Holiday.	Sept.	21	82.31 + .02
Sept.	7	81.75 — .05	Sept.	22	82.32 + .01
Sept.	8	81.70 — .05	Sept.	23	82.33 + .01
Sept.	9	81.70	Sept.	24	82.43 + .10
Sept.	10	81.66 — .04	Sept.	25	82.72 + .29
Sept.	11	81.71 + .05	Sept.	27	82.96 + .24
Sept.	13	81.88 + .17	Sept.	28	83.04 + .08
Sept.	14	82.06 + .18	Sept.	29	83.00 — .05
Sept.	15	82.05 — .01	Sept.	30	82.96 — .13

RANGE FOR SEPTEMBER.

	High.	Low.	Last.
1915	83.09 Sept. 29	81.66 Sept. 10	82.96
1914—Stock Exchange closed.			
1913	88.16 Sept. 15	87.71 Sept. 4	87.84

*Range, Year 1915—High, 84.48, Apr. 29; low, 81.51, Jan. 2; last, 82.96.
Range, Year 1914—High, 89.42, Feb. 4; low, 81.42, Dec. 2; last, 81.96.
Range, Year 1913—High, 92.81, Jan. 10; low, 85.45, Dec. 18; last, 86.84.
†To date.

FINANCIAL.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.
TERRITORY OF HAWAII 4½% PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT BONDS SERIES 1903-04.

All holders of bonds of the Territory of Hawaii dated October 1st, 1903, issued pursuant to an Act of the Congress of the United States of America, entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April 30, 1900, and pursuant to an Act of the Legislature of the Territory of Hawaii entitled "An Act to provide for public loans," approved April 26, 1903, and an Act of the said Legislature entitled "An act making special appropriations for the use of the government of the Territory of Hawaii during the two years which will end with the 30th day of June, A. D. 1905," approved July 11th, 1903, are hereby notified in accordance with the option reserved therein that the principal of Bonds numbered 151 to 250, both inclusive, amounting to One Hundred Thousand Dollars, and accrued interest to October 1st, 1915, on said bonds, will be paid upon presentation at the office of The National Park Bank of New York, New York City, N. Y., on the next interest due date; and that interest will cease on October 1st, 1915, on all bonds hereby called for payment.

C. J. McCARTHY,
Treasurer, Territory of Hawaii.
Honolulu, Hawaii, August 17, 1915.

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

Evidence

of the strength in resources of this Trust Company is contained in its report of condition at the close of business September 25, 1915, made to the Superintendent of Banks of the State of New York

Resources

New York State and City Bonds	$4,037,000.00
Other Stocks and Bonds	9,721,629.09
Bonds and Mortgages	1,236,595.83
Loans and Bills Purchased	30,936,510.48
Real Estate	62,219.50
Accrued Interest Receivable	264,392.23
Cash on Hand and in Banks	11,135,334.30
	$57,393,681.43

Liabilities

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits (Earned)	6,293,874.00
Deposits	48,840,145.29
Accrued Interest Payable	244,447.13
Reserve for Taxes and Rent	15,215.01
	$57,393,681.43

Deposits, Sept. 12, 1914... $24,458,400
Deposits, Sept. 25, 1915... 48,840,145

Metropolitan Trust Company

of the City of New York

George C. Van Tuyl Jr., President

49 Wall Street

REPORTS OF TRUST COMPANIES.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

LAWYERS TITLE & TRUST COMPANY

at the close of business on the 25th day of September, 1915:

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities (book value, $1,471,985.16) market value		$1,490,972.97
Private securities (book value, $4,529,937.03) market value		4,513,768.06
Real estate owned		3,710,632.87
Mortgages owned		7,623,793.28
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral	283,288.12	
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral	2,319,972.01	
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral	1,657,124.57	
Overdrafts	231.63	
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets	$1,916,135.22	
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	1,668.95	1,917,804.17
Specie		1,251,438.91
United States legal tender notes and notes of national banks		292,810.00
Federal Reserve notes		7,850.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings	$68,504.73	
Other cash items	614.19	69,118.92
Other assets, viz.:		
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	$246,496.56	
Accounts receivable for search, title fees, &c.	126,767.89	373,264.45
Total		$28,512,064.46

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$4,000,000.00
Surplus on market values:		
Surplus fund	$5,000,000.00	
Undivided profits	90,220.43	5,090,220.43
Surplus on book values, $5,087,406.59		
Deposits:		
Preferred, as follows:		
Due New York State savings banks	$646,770.50	
Due New York State savings and loan associations and credit unions	13,408.62	
Other deposits due as executor, administrator, guardian, receiver, trustee, committee or depositary	508,578.40	
Deposits by the State of New York	97,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	144,307.15	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	104,773.27	
Deposits otherwise preferred, if any	296,984.47	
Not preferred, as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	11,986,443.00	
Time deposits, certificates and other deposits, the payment of which cannot legally be required within thirty days	324,688.64	
Demand certificates of deposit	1,298,078.75	
Other certificates of deposit	272,937.25	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of pass-books	46,039.81	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	48,640.31	
Certified checks	13,516.78	
Unpaid dividends, (payable Oct. 1st, 1915)	50,000.00	
Due trust companies, banks and bankers	217,917.87	
Extend total deposits		16,065,079.41
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$107,000.00	
Reserves for taxes, expenses, &c.	108,782.19	
Accrued interest entered on books at close of business on above date	120,956.76	
Estimated unearned discounts	20,025.67	356,764.62
Total		$28,512,064.46

DIVIDENDS.

Winslow, Lanier & Co.

59 CEDAR STREET NEW YORK

THE FOLLOWING COUPONS AND DIVIDENDS ARE PAYABLE AT OUR BANKING HOUSE DURING THE MONTH OF OCTOBER, 1915:

OCTOBER 1ST, 1915.

Cleveland & Mahoning Valley Ry. Co. Reg'd 5s.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Co. Gen. Mtge. 4½s and 3½s.

Franklin, Indiana.

Marion County, Indiana.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. Spl. Gr. Quarterly div. 1¾%.

Portsmouth, Ohio, Street Improvement 5s.

OCTOBER 5TH, 1915.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Ry. Co. Reg. Gtd. Quarterly div. 1¾%.

OCTOBER 7TH, 1915.

Portsmouth, Ohio, Street Improvement 5s.

OCTOBER 10TH, 1915.

State of Indiana, Vincennes University Bonds.

OCTOBER 15TH, 1915.

Pulaski County, Indiana,

WE OFFER
A Bond Yielding 5.60%
The unusual mortgage provisions of this bond offer the investor practically
Double Security of Principal
Earnings from properties on which the bonds are a first lien more than
2½ times annual interest
Surplus earnings of properties controlled through stock ownership more than
3¾ times annual interest
Circular AG-70 on request
N. W. Halsey & Co
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Boston Chicago Baltimore San Francisco St. Louis

A TEN-YEAR 6% COLLATERAL BOND
of a large Public Utility Holding Company, operating subsidiaries in twelve States and serving a population in excess of 900,000.
The strong security behind these bonds, the earnings of the Company and the large equity represented by the present market value of the stocks are described in Circular TM, sent free upon request.
A. H. Bickmore & Co.
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

English—French Government Bonds
Our Bond Book No. 20, now in press, gives the history and present status of the public debts of these nations.
It describes their vast resources and their effective fiscal systems.
Ready October 12th
Harvey Fisk & Sons
Dealers in Government Bonds
62 Cedar Street New York

SPECIAL CIRCULAR DESCRIBING 105 ISSUES
Listed Stocks
The circular also contains suggestions as to how to effect a purchase or sale of stocks, and tables showing net returns from dividend-paying stocks.
Write for Circular 1493 "Railroad and Industrial Stocks"
Spencer Trask & Co.
INVESTMENT SECURITIES
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO

Our Billion Dollar Trade Balance
and how Europe will settle its fast growing indebtedness to this country.
Ask for Booklet B-10
Knauth-Nachod & Kuhne
15 William St., New York

STANDARD OIL
WE WILL BUY: 25 Atlantic Refining Oil; 25 Continental Oil; 50 Ohio Oil; 50 S. O. of Calif.; 20 S. O. of Nebraska; 50 S. O. of N. Y.
WE WILL SELL: 50 Buckeye Pipe Line; 25 Northern Pipe Line; 25 Prairie Pipe Line; 25 Southern Pipe Line; 25 S. O. of New Jer.; 25 Vacuum Oil
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities.
Phones 4956-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Investment Securities
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Members New York Stock Exchange.
35 Pine Street New York

Standard Gas & Elec. Com. & Pfd.
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Northern States Power Com. & Pfd.
Adirondack Elec. Power Com.
Duluth Edison Elec. Pfd.
Georgia Railway & Power Com.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Broad 5140. 30 Broad St., New York.
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Another Active Day, with Wide Price Changes and Large Gains.

Yesterday's stock market was similar in many respects to those on the earlier days of the week. That is to say, it was very active, with total dealings close to 1,500,000 shares; it was very irregular, with, however, large gains and very small losses; and it was extremely sensitive to rumors.

An opportunity to test the truth of the oft-made saying that the advance had carried prices so far that it needed only a small shock to overturn the whole structure came yesterday morning in a report that an American ship had been submarined. The effect of the news, which later lost its unfavorable significance, was an almost instantaneous drop in prices all the way across the board. This reaction carried the highly speculative war issues, which had added from two to fifty points to their prices of a week ago, back several points without any difficulty. On the lower level such a volume of support appeared as to indicate very clearly that however close to the top the movement in some of the war order stocks may have gone, the public interest is nevertheless so great that it needs only a moderate resumption to bring in a veritable flood of buying orders.

Spectacular gains were again in evidence in a few issues. Continental Can almost duplicated its performance of the previous day by selling up eleven points more. Goodrich Rubber sold up 4⅞. Inspiration Copper, which has been lagging for a number of weeks despite the most optimistic reports from its sponsors, resumed the advance begun on Wednesday and closed 5¼ points higher. Railway Steel Spring was another issue which made good the prediction of its friends by selling up six points before the close. Tennessee Copper, after swinging over a range of more than seven points, closed with a net gain of 5⅝.

Much of the steam seemed to have gone out of the Baldwin movement before the opening yesterday and, as compared to its recent antics, that issue behaved in staid fashion. On dealings of less than 30,000 shares it closed at 131⅝, at which point it showed a net advance of one-half point.

The most favorable comment in the financial district yesterday had to do with the really surprising response made by the country to the preliminary offering of the Anglo-French bonds. It looked last night very much as though bona fide subscriptions from those desirous of participating in the syndicate had already come into sight for the full amount available.

LONDON MARKET CHEERFUL.

Money In Good Demand and Discount Rates Steady.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Money was in good demand and discount rates were steady today. American exchange opened firmer, at $4.72¼, and later reacted to $4.72.

While the tone of the stock market continues good, the demand exists principally for short-term issues and the war loan. A few home rails and Russian bonds hardened today, and Kaffirs continued in demand for Africa.

American securities were quieter, but the scarcity of stocks keeps the market comparatively steady. A few gold bonds were marked in the late trading.

British Bank Statement.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve decreased	£2,068,000
Circulation increased	1,177 000
Bullion decreased	891,000
Other securities decreased	3,362,000
Other deposits decreased	12,956,000
Public deposits increased	7,478,000
Notes reserve decreased	1,899,000
Government securities decreased	26,000

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 24.79 per cent.; last week it was 25.06 per cent. Rate of discount, 5 per cent.

Prices Irregular on Bourse.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Prices were irregular on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 66 francs 50 centimes for cash. Exchange on London, 27 francs 25½ centimes.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 10 or Over 10 Less. up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.	Over 90.
Boston	3	4	4	5
New York	3	4	4	5
Phila.	3	4	4	5
Cleveland	3½	4	*4½	5
Richmond	..	4	4½	5
Atlanta	..	4	*4½	5
Chicago	3	4	4	5
St. Louis	3	4	4½	5
Minneap	..	4	4½	5
Kan. City	..	4	4	5
Dallas	..	4	*4½	5
San Fran	3	3½	4	4½	5

*Notes maturing in not more than 90 days secured by cotton or other staples, warehoused and insured, or in course of shipment, are discountable at the special rate of 3 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days	2¼@2⅛
Ninety days	2¼@2⅛

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
On call	2	1¾	2	1¾

ON TIME.

60 days	2¼@2⅛	5 months	3@3¼
90 days	2¼@3	6 months	3@3¼
4 months	3 @3¼		

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months	3 @3¼	6 months	3 @3½
60 to 90 days	3 @3¼		

Other Names.

4 months	3¼@3¾	6 months	3½@4

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Demand	$4.72¼	$4.71¾	$4.72¼	+ .00¼
Cables	4.72⅝	4.72⅜	4.72⅝	+ .00⅛

Closing Rates.

Demand, (or check.)	Cable.
London	$4.72⅛ $4.72⅝
Paris	5.17 5.16
Switzerland	5.17 5.16
Scandanavia	5.25 5.24
Berlin	25.95 26.05
China—	.84¼ .84⅜
Hongkong	50¼ 81½
Shanghai	58⅝ 60
Singapore	56.00 ..
Greece	5.75 ..
Holland	5.14 5.15
India—	.40⅛ .40⅛
Bombay	.. ..
Calcutta	33.00 ..
Italy	33.75 ..
Japan—	6.24 6.28
Kobe	49.50 ..
Yokohama	49.37 49.45
Philippine Islands—	49.12½ ..
Manila	.. ..
South America—	49.62 49.75
Buenos Aires	.. ..
Rio	41.00 41.12
Spain	23.37 23.50
Austria	19.25 19.35
Russia	15.60 15.70
	35.50 ..

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.68	$4.68	$4.67¼	$4.65½

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $511,597,837; balance, $18,128,756. Sub-Treasury credit balance, $420,499.

The local banks have lost $1,488,022 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, par; San Francisco, 40c premium; Montreal, $1.25 premium.

Bar Silver.

London, 23¾d, up 1-16d; New York, 49½c, up ½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

THURSDAY, SEPT. 30, 1915.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	
Same day last year	1,491,502
Year to date	Exch. closed
Same period last year	115,502,651
Average price and change 50 stocks	45,989,158
Same day last year	84.20 + .13
	*Exch. closed

	High.		Low.	
Year's range to date	85.45	Sept. 29	58.99	Feb. 24
Range year 1914	73.30	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30
Range year 1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10

*Closing average July 30, 57.77.

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
32¼	32⅝	1,200	Alaska Gold Mines	32	32⅝	32	32¼	+ ⅛
46¼	46½	21,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	45⅝	46⅝	43	46¼	+ 1⅛
74½	75¼	2,900	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	74½	75¼	73½	75	+ 1
63	64	3,700	Am. Agricul. Chem	63	64½	63	63¾	+ ¾
66⅛	66¾	13,200	Am. Beet Sugar	66	67½	65	66½	+ ½
173	177	100	Am. B. S. & F. pf. tr	174	174	174	174	+ 6
64	64⅝	68,800	Am. Can	64	65⅝	62⅜	64¼	+ ⅜
108¼	108⅝	300	Am. Can pf	108½	108⅝	108½	108⅝	+ ⅛
81⅜	82	23,600	Am. Car & Fdry	83½	83⅝	79	82	+ ½
152½	153	500	Am. Coal Products	152	152⅝	152	152½	+ ½
53½	54	3,900	Am. Cotton Oil	53¼	54	53¼	53¾	+ ¼
11⅞	12⅛	100	Am. Express	102	102	102	102	+ ¼
51	51½	1,800	Am. H. & Leather	12¼	12¼	11⅞	12	+ ⅛
23	23½	4,950	Am. H. & Leath. pf	52½	52½	50	51	+ ⅞
20	20½	1,000	Am. Ice Securities	22¼	22⅜	22¼	22⅛	+ ⅛
35½	36	10,800	Am. Linseed	19⅞	21½	19¼	20	+ 1
69½	69¾	1,300	Am. Linseed pf	94⅝	97	94⅝	96	+ 1
99	100	21,500	Am. Locomotive	70	70⅜	67	69¼	− ⅛
99	100	200	Am. Locomotive pf	99½	99½	99⅜	99⅜	− ⅛
6¼	7¼	10	Do., odd lot	100	100	100	100	+ 1
85⅜	85⅞	300	Am. Malt	7¼	7¼	6⅞	6⅞	− ⅛
108⅜	108⅝	11,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	85¼	87¼	84¼	85¼	+ ⅛
86½	87½	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	108½	108½	108½	108½	+ 1⅛
86½	87½	400	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	86	87	86	87	...
57½	58½	100	Do., s. 20	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	...
108¾	109	2,000	Am. Steel F'dries	59	59½	58¼	58½	...
115	116½	5,300	Am. Sugar Ref	109⅜	110⅛	108½	108½	− ½
126⅜	128¾	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	116	116	116	116	...
228	250	1,300	Am. Tel. & Tel. x d	125¾	124	123½	123½	− ⅛
51⅜	51½	100	Am. Tobacco	228	228	228	228	+ 1
50¼	51¼	7,900	Am. Woolen	50	50	49½	51¼	+ ¾
96¾	97	1,200	Am. Woolen pf	50	51¼	50	51¼	+ ¾
9	10	1,700	Am. Writing P. pf	95⅛	97⅜	95⅛	96¾	+ 1⅛
78¾	79	200	Anaconda Cop. Co	9	9	9	9	− 1
103⅜	103⅝	35,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	72⅞	74¼	72¼	73⅞	+ 1½
100⅞	101⅛	2,625	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	104⅞	104¾	103¼	103⅞	− ⅛
131	132	1,100	Baldwin Loco	101	101¼	100⅞	101¼	+ ¼
112	114	29,500	Baldwin Loco. pf	130	133¾	125	131¾	+ 1½
83¾	84⅛	100	Baltimore & Ohio	113½	113½	113½	113½	+ ½
74½	74¾	5,100	Baltimore & Ohio pf	88⅞	88⅞	87½	88⅞	+ ½
362	364	500	Bethlehem Steel	74⅜	74⅝	74½	74⅝	+ ½
155	157	1,000	Bethlehem Steel pf	360	364	350	364	+ 4
83½	84½	300	Brklyn Rapid Tran	155	155	155	155	− 10
6	7¼	400	Brunswick Ter. & Ry.S	84½	84½	84	84	...
60	60½	380	Butte & Superior	7	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	− ⅛
19¼	20	2,000	California Petrol	60⅞	61	59½	60¾	+ ⅝
45	45¾	1,900	California Petrol. pf	20¼	20¾	19¾	20	+ ⅝
159½	159¾	200	California Pet. pf	45	45	44¾	44¾	− ⅝
78	85	4,500	Canadian Pacific	161⅜	161¾	159¾	159¾	− 1⅞
107	52¾	1,000	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	80	80	80	80	+ 1½
50¼	50½	8,775	Central Leather Co	53	53	51⅝	52⅜	− ⅞
32¼	33	100	Cent. Leather pf. x 20	107	107	107	107	...
80⅞	81	400	Chesapeake & Ohio	50¼	50¼	50	50¼	− ⅛
124½	124¾	2,300	Chi. Gt. West. pf	33⅜	33⅜	32½	32½	− ⅞
128	129	300	Chi., Mil. & St. P	88⅞	87	85¾	87	+ ⅛
23¾	23⅞	86,300	Chi. & Northwest	124⅝	124⅝	124¼	124⅝	− ⅜
47¼	47½	14,300	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	129	130	128	128	− ¾
35½	35⅝	100	Chi. Copper	23¼	25	23	23½	+ ⅛
65	70	800	Clev., C., C. & St. L	45¾	47¼	45¾	47½	+ 2⅛
108	114	100	C., C., C. & St. L. pf	34	34	34	34	− 1
61⅛	61½	57,600	Cluett, Peabody pf	65	65	65	65	+ ½
10	11	1,000	Col. Fuel & Iron	109	109	109	109	+ 1½
120¼	131	1,700	Comstock Tunnel	62¼	63¼	59	61	− ⅞
119⅝	119⅞	11,700	Consolidated Gas	*10	10	10	10	− 2
108	108¼	200	Continental Can	130⅛	130½	128¾	129¾	− ¼
19⅝	19⅞	9,650	Continental Can pf	114	120½	110	119	+ 11
87	87½	52,600	Corn Products Ref	108	108	108	108	+ ½
87	88	1,000	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	20	20	19	19⅝	...
103½	104	100	Crucible Steel	87¼	88	87¼	87¾	+ ⅛
110	110	200	Crucible Steel pf	103½	104¾	102	103	+ ¾
118	118	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	110	110	109¾	109¾	− ¼
97	97	100	Deere & Co. pf	118	118	118	118	− 1
8	8	1,900	Den. & Rio Grande	97	97	97	97	− 2
11	11	9,400	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	8	8	8	8	− ⅛
33	33	1,100	Distillers' Secur	11	11	11	11	+ ⅛
22	22⅜	2,200	Dome Mines	33	33	32	32	+ ⅛
...	...	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	22	22⅜	22	22⅛	+ ⅛
...	...	20	Elec. Storage Bat	...	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	...
73½	74	6,100	Erie	75½	75½	73⅜	75	+ ⅛
52¼	52⅝	400	Erie 1st pf	82¼	82¼	81¾	82	+ ⅛
52¾	53	400	Erie 2d pf	52¾	52¾	51½	51½	− ⅞
40¾	40¾	1,500	Federal M. & S. pf	40¾	40¾	40¾	40¾	− ⅞
48½	48¾	1,900	General Electric	51½	51½	48½	51	+ 2½
174	175	737	General Motors x d	175½	178	173½	174½	+ 2
812	815	64,100	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	315	315	310	315	+ 12
74	77½	100	Goodrich pf	77½	77½	73¾	77½	+ 4⅞
100¼	100¼	2,300	Great Northern pf	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼	− ⅛
120½	120⅝	16,875	G. N. certs. ore prop	119	119	119	120	− ⅛
49⅜	49⅝	9,000	Guggenheim Explor	47¼	48¾	47¼	48⅜	− ⅛
65¾	66	100	Illinois Central	65⅞	67½	65⅞	67½	+ 2½
106½	106⅝	140,885	Inspiration Copper	106½	106½	106½	106½	− ⅛
39	39⅜	700	Inter.-Met.	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	43¼	+ 5¼
19¾	20¼	700	Interboro Consol	19¾	20¼	19¾	20	...
20	20	2,200	Interboro Consol. pf	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾	+ ⅛
43¾	44	2,600	Int. Agricultural	22¾	23¾	22¾	23¾	+ ⅛
...	45	100	Int. Agricultural pf	43¾	44¾	43¾	44¾	+ 2
106	106	1,300	Int. Harvester, N.J	41	41	41	41	− 1
70	70	1,300	Int. Harv. Corp	106	106	106	106	− 1
210	214½	100	Int. Nickel v. tr. cfs	70	70	70	70	...
101½	101⅝	2,900	Int. Paper	208½	214½	208½	214½	+ ¾
27¼	27¾	1,500	Kansas City South	101	101	101	101	+ ⅛
26¼	26⅝	100	Kan. City. Sopf. x d	27¼	27¼	26½	27	+ ⅜
66⅞	67	100	Kayser (J.) & Co	66⅞	67	66⅞	67	+ ⅜
83	83	29,780	Kresge (S. S.) Co	83	83	83	83	...
180	180	100	Lackawanna Steel	180	180	180	180	+ 10
92	92	1,200	Lake Erie & W. pf	83	92	83	89	+ ¾
214	214½	300	Lehigh Valley	214	214½	214	214½	+ ½
145	146½	100	Long Island	145	146½	145	146½	+ ½
45	45	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	45	45	45	45	− 3
24½	24½	2,400	Mackay Cos	24½	24½	24½	24½	+ 1
78¾	78¾	23,500	Maxwell Motors	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾	+ ¾
52⅜	52⅝	18,800	Max. Motors 1st pf	52⅜	52⅝	51¾	52¾	+ 1½
92	92	1,200	Max. Motors 2d pf	92	91	92	92	+ ¼
44	44½	8,100	May Dept. Stores	44	44½	42¾	44½	...
47	47	4,300	Mexican Petroleum	47	47	47	47	− ⅜
87	90	12,300	Miami Copper	87	90	80½	88⅝	+ ⅞
28½	29	17,500	M., St. P. & S. S. M	28½	29⅜	28	29	+ 1⅛
120¼	120¼	100	Mo., Kansas & Tex	120¼	120¼	120¼	120¼	− 1⅝
5	5	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	...
11¼	11¼	800	Missouri Pacific	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	+ ¼
3⅜	3⅜	100	Montana Power	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	...
58¼	58¼	400	Montana Power pf	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	+ ¼
106	106	250	Do., s. 20 f	106	106	106	106	+ 1
105½	105½	3,000	Nat. Biscuit Co	105½	106½	105½	105½	− 2¾
130	130	600	Nat. Cloak & Suit	126	126	126	126	− 2¾
87½	88	3,700	Nat. Enam. & St	87	87	87	87	+ 1½
30	30¾	100	Nat. Enam. & St.pf	29	30	29	30	...
90¼	90¼	2,300	Nat. Lead Co	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	+ ¼
66½	67	2,600	Nevada Con. Cop	65½	65½	65½	65½	+ ¼
14½	15	1,400	N. Y. Air Brake	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ⅝
157½	158	2,500	N. Y. Central	155½	155½	155½	155½	+ ⅛
97	97¼	200	N. Y., Chi. & St. L	97⅜	98½	96¾	96¾	− ¼
33	34½	2,600	N. Y., N. H. & H	33	33⅜	33	33⅜	+ 1⅛
69	69½	200	N. Y. Ont. & West	69	69	68¼	69	...
28	28½	800	Norfolk Southern	28¾	28¾	28	28¾	− ⅛
15	19	45	Norfolk & Western	15	15	15	15	...
114	114½	600	North American	114¾	114¾	114	114	− ¾
74	75	100	Northern Pacific	74	74	74	74	...
110¼	110¾	8,020	Ontario Mining	110¼	110¾	110	110	+ ⅜
8⅞	9	300	Pacific Mail	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
82¼	82⅝	9,400	Pacific Tel. & T	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	+ ⅛
44¼	44¾	2,200	Penn. Railroad	86¼	87	86¼	87	+ ⅛
117	118	100	People's Gas, Chi	113½	118½	112½	113	− ½
100	100	22,850	Peoria & Eastern	117	117	117	117	...
75	75	100	Philadelphia Co	9	9	9	9	...
93	98	6,600	P., C., C. & St. L	92	98	92	96¼	+ 7⅜
75	75	2,600	Pittsburgh Coal	75	75	75	75	+ ⅛
88¾	89	2,600	Pittsburgh Coal pf	86¾	89¾	86¾	88½	+ ⅛
104⅝	105⅜	15,950	Pressed St. Car	103½	103½	103½	103½	− 1⅛
73⅞	74	200	Pullman Company	73⅞	73⅞	68⅝	73	...
161¼	161¾	28,625	Railway St. Spring	161¼	161¾	160¾	160¾	...
52½	52½	200	Ry. Steel Spring pf	47¼	53	47½	52½	+ ½
94	95	31,050	do., odd lot	94½	94½	94½	94½	+ ½
153	153⅜	9,700	Ray Con. Copper	93	93	93	93	...
83	84½	100	Reading	23¼	25	23¼	25	+ 2
53½	54	28,250	Reading 1st pf	152⅞	153½	151⅝	153¼	...
105	103¾	400	Rep. Iron & Steel	85	85	85	85	...
100	⅝	⅝	Rep. Iron & St. pf	53¾	54¼	49½	53½	− ¾
100	100	3,000	Rock Island Co. pf	102¾	102¾	102¾	102¾	− 1
100	100	1,000	Rumely, (M.,) Co	2	2	2	2	...
8	8¼	5,150	Rumely, (M.,) Co. pf	4½	4¾	4¾	4	− ⅝
...	...	10	Rutland pf	8½	8½	8	8	+ ⅝
15	15½	600	Seaboard Air Line	22	22	22	22	...
36½	36½	400	Seaboard Air L. pf	16	16	15	15	− ¼
25½	26	700	Sears, Roe'bk & Co	37	37	36	36	− ½
62	63	5,500	S. S. S. & I. Co	154⅛	154½	153½	154¼	− ⅝
93¾	94	9,200	Southern Pacific	63	63½	59	62⅞	+ ⅞
...	...	20	S. Pac. Pac. R'ents	93¾	94½	92¾	93⅞	+ ¼
90	95	100	S. Porto Rico Sug	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	109⅞	...
18½	18⅝	4,900	Southern Railway	93	93	93	93	+ 2½
56½	57¼	300	South. Ry. pf	18¾	18¾	18	18⅝	− ⅞
80	81	10	Stand. Milling pf	57¼	57¼	56⅞	56⅞	− ⅞
140	140⅞	11,100	Studebaker Co	81	81	81	81	...
60¼	60⅝	51,575	Tenn. Copper	139	142	138½	140¾	− ⅛
167	168	900	Texas Co	63½	70	62	69¼	+ 5¾
57	57½	1,900	Third Avenue	165½	167½	163½	167½	+ 1
93	94	200	Twin City R. T	57½	57½	56¾	57	+ ⅛
75	80	100	Underwood Twriter	93	93	93	93	+ ¼
6½	7	900	Union B. & P. Co	77½	77½	77½	77½	− 2½
25	28	18,100	Union B.&P. Co. pf	6¾	6¾	6½	6½	− ¼
132¾	132⅝	100	Union Pacific	267⅛	268¾	267¼	267¾	− ⅛
...	...	100	Union Pac. War	132⅜	133	132¼	132¼	− ⅛
80¼	81½	100	Union Pacific pf	33¼	33¼	33¼	33¼	+ ⅛
58⅝	60	2,400	United Cigar M'fs	81	81	81	81	+ 1¼
26⅝	26¼	23,500	United R'ys Invest	58	61	58	60	− 1¼
44	44¾	18,800	United R. Invest pf	24½	27	24½	26½	+ 2¾
23¼	24	2,100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	39⅞	43⅝	39⅞	44	+ 4¾
92	93	4,300	U. S. Indl. Alcohol	24	24½	23	23	− ⅝
4	4½	1,700	U. S. Red. & Ref	94½	94½	92	92	− ⅛
5	6	700	U. S. Red. & Ref. pf	3¼	5	3¼	4	+ ⅛
53¼	54	11,600	U. S. Rubber	5	5⅝	5	5½	+ 2⅝
108	108½	2,500	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	53⅜	54⅞	52⅝	53½	...
79	79½	166,700	U. S. Steel	107⅝	108½	107⅝	108	+ ⅜
114½	114½	1,700	U. S. Steel pf	78⅝	79¼	76¾	79¼	+ 1½
69⅞	70	35,800	Utah Copper	114⅝	114⅞	114½	114½	...
39¼	39¾	2,000	Va. Caro. Chemical	67⅝	70½	67⅜	70	+ 2⅜
61	62	300	Va. Ir., Coal & Coke	39⅝	40½	39	39½	...
108	115	200	Wells-Fargo Exp	63	63	60	60	...
29½	30	200	West. Maryland	112¾	113	112¾	113	+ 2
45	46	200	West. Maryland pf	29½	29¾	29½	29⅞	− ⅛
77	77½	800	West. Union Tel	46½	46½	46½	46½	− 1¼
125¼	125¼	91,100	W'ho'se El. & M. x d	77	77⅜	77	77	...
2	2½	100	Wheel. & L. E	123	126	121⅜	125½	+ 2½
217	220	1,000	Willys-Overland	2½	2½	2½	2½	+ ⅛
109½	110	400	Willys-Over'ld pf	221	221	219	219	+ 1
34	34¾	200	Wisconsin Central	109½	109½	109½	109½	+ ½
108¾	109	400	Woolworth, (F. W.)	34⅞	35	34⅞	35	+ ½
				108½	108½	108	108	...

*Cents per share.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Receipts and expenditures:

	Sept. 28.	Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$412,695	$14,068,939	$44,835,143
In. Rev., cr.	1,453,471	28,929,654	88,041,478
C. & in. tax.	161,983	1,008,985	11,010,613
Miscel.	191,875	4,030,040	12,400,878
T'l rec'

I recommend the purchase of

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which is paying regular dividends of 4% and has so far this year paid two extra dividends aggregating $6 per share; in view of the excellent results of this year's business, which shows a profit of over two million dollars, I feel that further large disbursements may be confidently looked for and that the stock should sell at a considerably higher level.

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THE STEEL INDUSTRY

In the concluding article on the Steel industry in this week's issue, Mr. Haliburton Fales, Jr., notes the effects on this industry from inflated currency and other fundamentals, and gives his idea of the industry's future prospects.

Send for Copy.

The Financial World

18 Broadway New York

COTTON, IRREGULAR, CLOSES 18 POINTS UP

Market Gains Strength from Rumors of Bulls Ready to Buy on Any Decline.

BAD CROP REPORT EXPECTED

Private Investigations All Show Deterioration Since August Announcements.

Cotton made a fair recovery yesterday from the break of Wednesday afternoon, and at one time prices showed a gain of nearly 50 points. There was considerable irregularity throughout the session, however, with several up-and-down movements of 15 to 20 points. There was no especial weakness except when rumors were circulated that another American ship had been torpedoed. When the falsity of this report had been proved the market recovered as rapidly as it had broken, and closed at a net gain of 13 to 18 points in the more active options.

Liverpool showed no disposition to follow the extreme break of Wednesday in the New York market. Moreover, it was believed that damage resulting from the Gulf hurricane might be more severe than was at first reported. Considerable cotton was said to have been destroyed in Alabama.

In addition to this the technical position of the market reflects surprising strength, and indications point to a large number of sold out bulls who are waiting to buy on a moderate further decline.

The Government report tomorrow is expected to be unfavorable. The report of the Watkins Bureau published by H. F. Bachman & Co., placed the condition at 62.5 compared with 69.7 at the end of August. The average of the four private reports thus far issued is 61.9. The Giles report will be issued at 10:30 this morning, and on account of the interest taken in the condition of the crop it is expected to have even more weight than usual.

The special reports of the Journal of Commerce indicate considerable deterioration in the two Carolinas, Georgia, and Tennessee. Heavy damage has resulted from shedding caused by heat and drouth.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were quiet, 13 to 25 points decline. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, 10 points advance, 12c for middling. Sales, 500 bales. Futures closed barely steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Oct.	11.88	11.70	11.82@11.84	11.60@11.68
Dec.	12.28	12.03	12.15@12.16	11.97@11.99
Jan.	12.44	12.16	12.31@12.32	12.15@12.18
Mar.	12.71	12.46	12.58@12.60	12.35@12.38
May	12.85	12.60	12.75@12.77	12.53@12.55
July	12.83	12.63	12.76@12.77	12.53@12.55

Total port receipts, 50,000 bales; last week, 36,063 bales; last year, 21,072 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
New Orleans	—	6,383	1,114
Galveston	11,347	12,940	11,416
Mobile	—	1,254	1,254
Charleston	4,186	3,349	1,817
Savannah	10,732	6,914	—
Wilmington	2,609	2,527	1,092
Norfolk	3,124	2,896	520

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

Augusta	3,595	5,046	1,995
Memphis	2,982	1,560	3,859
St. Louis	—	360	181
Houston	9,192	14,532	13,866

Exports, 32,402 bales; total thus far this season, 536,796 bales; total last season, 136,214 bales.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.	Spots.	Stocks.	Last Yr.
— Galveston	—	—	104,842
— New Orleans	—	—	53,922
— Mobile	11.63	15,071	10,388
2,362 Savannah	11½	176,004	43,327
— Charleston	11½	77,413	16,008
— Wilmington	11¼	42,907	16,153
444 Norfolk	11.50	38,472	15,504
1,015 Augusta	11.50	120,892	41,141
600 Memphis	11.75	60,719	36,985
— St. Louis	11⅝	7,288	12,470
— Houston	—	115,754	59,101

The Liverpool market opened irregular. There was a fair demand in spot cotton, with middling 19 points decline at 6.85. Sales, 10,000 bales; receipts, 11,0000 bales. American, 300 bales. Market closed steady.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co	103	105
American Light & Traction	340	345
American Light & Traction pf	108	110
Adirondack Electric Power	14	16
Adirondack Electric Power pf	49	53
*American Gas & Electric	102	105
*American Gas & Electric pf	48½	50
American Power & Light	60	62
American Power & Light pf	78	80
American Public Utilities	30	35
American Public Utilities pf	63	65
Americus Waterworks & Electric	4½	6½
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	14	17
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf	53	57
Atlantic Pow. & L. 7% cum. pf	92	95
Cities Service	48	53
Cities Service pf	60	63
Colorado Power	19	21
Colorado Power pf	93	97
Commonwealth P. R. & L	52	54
Commonwealth P. & L. pf	79½	81
Consumers Power 5s, 1929	90	91
Consumers Power (pfd) Me	90	94
Dayton Power & Light	36	40
Dayton Power & Light pf	88	91
Denver Gas & Elec. Gen. 5s	91½	94
Electric Bond Deposit pf	61	...
Electric Bond & Share pf	99	100
Empire District Electric 5s	76	80
Empire District Electric 5s pf	62	68
Federal Light & Traction	10	16
Federal Light & Traction pf	50	55
Gas & Electric Securities	50	75
Gas & Electric Securities pf	50	70
Great Western Power Co. 5s, 1946	81½	83
Lincoln Gas & Electric	10	20
Northern Ontario Light & Power	10	15
Northern Ontario Lt. & Power pf	51	55
Northern States Power	29	30
Northern States Power pf	86	88
Ozark Power & Water	15	20
Pacific Gas & Electric	53	...
Pacific Gas & Electric pf	86	90
Republic Ry. & Light Co	15	17
Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf	60	63
Southern California Edison	72	75
Southern California Edison pf	92	96
*Standard Gas & Electric	5¼	6½
*Standard Gas & Electric pf	27½	29
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	5	7
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf	24	27
United Light & Rys	35	40
United Light & Rys 1st pf	67	69
Utah Securities	14	16
Western Power	13½	15
Western Power pf	46	50

*Par value, $50. †Ex dividend.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	17	17½	16¼	17¼
Atlantic Refining	675	685	670	680
Borne-Scrymser	265	275	265	275
Buckeye Pipe Line	117	122	120	125
Chesebrough Mfg.	720	740	720	740
Colonial Oil	140	150	140	150
Continental Oil	260	265	257	263
Crescent Pipe Line	47	49	47	49
Cumberland P. L.	60	65	57	62
Eureka Pipe Line	270	280	265	275
Galena S. Oil pf	135	140	135	140
Galena S. Oil com	160	162	160	162
Illinois Pipe Line	155	158	155	158
Indiana Pipe Line	108	112	106	109
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd.	9¼	9¾	9¼	9⅝
National Transit	32	34	32	34
N. Y. Transit	228	228	223	228
Northern Pipe Line	112	116	107	110
Ohio Oil	157	159	157	159
Penn.-Mex. Fuel Co.	58	60	58	60
Prairie O. & G.	420	425	420	425
Prairie Pipe Line	210	215	215	218
Solar Refining	280	290	270	280
Southern Pipe Line	233	236	233	236
South Penn Oil	342	347	344	348
So. W. Pa.	123	132	125	130
Stand. Oil of Cal.	310	313	310	313
Stand. Oil of Ind.	475	480	475	480
Stand. Oil of Kan.	415	425	410	420
Stand. Oil of Ky.	310	320	305	315
Stand. Oil of Neb.	345	350	340	350
Stand. Oil of N. J.	492	495	497	500
Stand. Oil of N. Y.	203	205	200	205
Stand. Oil of Ohio	510	525	510	525
Swan & Finch	130	135	130	135
Union Tank	82	84	82	84
Vacuum Oil	225	230	225	229
Washington Oil	40	45	40	45

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	110	115	110	115
American Cigar pf	98	100	98	100
Am. Manch. & Fdry.	85	93	85	93
Conley Foil	340	380	340	380
Johnston Tin F. & M.	125	150	125	150
J. S. Young	163	173	163	173
J. S. Young pf	107	110	107	110
MacAndrews & F.	150	160	150	160
MacAndrews & F. pf	99	101	99	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	185	195	185	195
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	400	415	400	415
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf.	120	130	120	130

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
50	Elkhorn Fuel	19	19	19	19
3	Fidelity & Dep.	136	136	136	136
1,000	Houston Oil	17⅝	18½	17⅝	18½
210	Houston Oil pf.	60½	60½	60½	60½
2	Northern Central	83	83	83	83
845	Unit. Rys. & El.	24	24⅝	24	24½

BONDS.

$33,000	Consol. Power notes	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
1,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	94	94	94	94
5,000	City of Bal. 4s, '58, w. i.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
10,000	City of Balt. 4s, '61, s. i.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
1,000	City of Balt. 4s, '61, s. i.	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
6,000	Elkh'n Fuel 5s	95⅝	97	95⅝	97
15,000	Houston Oil ctf. 6s	75	75	75	75
7,000	Houston Oil div. 6s	75½	75½	75½	75½
1,000	Md. Elec. 5s	98	98	98	98
3,000	M., & St. P. jt. 5s	100½	100½	100½	100½
10,000	N. O., Mob. & C. 5s	40	40	40	40
6,000	Unit. Rys. & Elec. 4s	81½	81½	81½	81½
3,000	Unit. Rys. & Elec. inc. 4s	59	59	59	59
300	Unit. Rys. & Elec. fdg. 5s	82½	82½	82½	82½

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
15	Ahmeek	99⅝	100	99	100
1,195	Alaska Gold	32	32⅜	31⅜	32
60	Algomah	2½	2½	2½	2½
166	Allouez	55	55¼	54½	55¼
4,480	Amer. Zinc	55½	56¼	54⅝	55⅞
281	Anaconda	73¼	73¼	73¼	74½
1,160	Ariz. Commer.	8⅛	8⅞	8½	8⅝
500	Bonanza	35c	35c	35c	35c
150	Butte & Bal.	3½	3½	3½	3½
765	Butte & Sup.	60¼	60⅝	59⅝	60
315	Cal. & Ariz.	62½	64⅜	62½	64
160	Cal. & Hecla	550	560	550	560
35	Chino	45½	46½	45½	46½
2,174	Cop. Range	53½	57¼	53¼	57¼
2,965	East Butte	12	12⅞	12	12⅝
68	Franklin	9	9	8	9
915	Granby	83½	87	84½	86½
615	Greene-Can.	27⅝	28¼	27	28½
40	Hancock	16½	16½	16½	16½
187	Inspiration	38⅝	42	38⅝	42
10	Isl. Creek pf.	88½	88½	88½	88½
335	Isle Royale	27⅜	28	27½	28
30	Kerr Lake	3½	3½	3½	3½
35	Lake Copper	13⅜	14¼	13⅜	14¼
10	La Salle	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
460	Mass Cons.	10½	11½	10½	11⅛
125	Miami	28½	29	28½	28⅝
375	Mohawk	73½	75	73	74½
305	New Arcadian	9⅜	10	9¾	10
10	New Idria	10¼	10¼	10	10
690	North Butte	29⅜	30½	29¾	30½
50	North Lake	1½	1½	1½	1½
35	Old Col. Min.	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
310	Old Dominion	53	53½	53	53⅜
162	Osceola	82	85	82	85
510	Pond Creek	16⅞	16⅞	16¼	16½
20	Quincy	83	83	83	83
1,146	Rav Cons.	23¼	25	23¼	24⅞
2,120	Santa Fe	3⅛	3⅞	3½	3⅝
85	Shannon	7	7	7	7
295	Shattuck	27¼	27½	27¼	27½
125	St. Mary's L'd	54½	56½	54½	56
50	Super. & Pos.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
70	Superior Cop.	26⅜	28	26⅜	28
315	Tamarack	56	57½	55	57
50	Trinity	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
500	Tuolumne	45	50	45	50
815	U. S. Smelters	40½	41¼	40	41¼
300	U. S. Smelt. pf.	47	47	47	47
100	Utah Apex	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
155	Utah Cons.	12½	12½	12⅜	12½
220	Utah Copper	68⅝	68¾	68⅝	68⅝
50	Victoria	2½	2½	2½	2½
125	Winona	3	3	3	3
795	Wolverine	58	62	58	61½

RAILROADS.

10	Atchison pf.	101	101	101	101
1	Boston & Alb.	188½	188½	188½	188½
30	Boston Elev.	80½	80½	80½	80½
109	Boston & Me.	25½	25½	25	25
9	Bos. & Me. pf.	38	38	38	38
38	Bos. & W. pf.	45½	45½	45½	45½
5	Fitchburg pf.	67	67	67	67
10	Mass. Electric	9⅛	9⅛	9	9
1	Mass. Elec. pf.	43	43	43	43
206	N.Y.,N.H.& H.	69¾	69¾	69	69
3	Union Pacific	133½	133½	133½	133½

MISCELLANEOUS.

140	Am. Agr. Ch.	64	64	63	63
27	A. A. C. pf.	96	96	95½	96
515	Am. Pneu. Ser.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2⅜
250	A. P. S. pf.	15	15	15	15
475	Am. Sugar	109½	110½	109	109
85	Am. Sugar pf.	115½	116	115½	116
349	*Am. T. & T.	123⅞	123½	123½	123⅝
3,114	Am. Woolen	50	53	49½	52
665	Am. Wool. pf.	95	97	95	96
335	A.,G. & W.I.pf.	33½	37½	33⅝	33⅜
200	E. Boston Land	9½	9⅞	9½	9⅞
10	Ga. R. & E. pf.	85	85	85	85
31	Gen. Electric	173¾	175⅝	173½	175⅝
86	Mass. Gas	90	90	88½	90
10	Mass. Gas pf.	96	96	96	96
80	McElwain pf.	97½	97¾	97½	97¾
5	Mergenthaler	179	179	179	179
261	N. E. Teleph.	132	132	132	132
125	Swift & Co.	119	119	118⅝	119
20	Torrington pf.	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
95	United Fruit	132	133½	132	133½
218	United Shoe M.	49½	49½	49½	49½
50	United S. M. pf	29½	29½	29¼	29½
1,394	U. S. Steel	78⅝	78¾	77	78⅝
25	U. S. Steel pf.	114⅝	114½	114⅝	114½
3,353	Ventura Oil	12	12⅞	12	12⅝
485	Wollaston L.	1½	1¾	1½	1⅝

BONDS.

$10,000	A. T. & T. 4s	88½	88½	88½	88½
2,200	A. T.&T. 4½s	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝	103⅝
5,500	A.,G.&W.I. 5s	73	73	72½	72½
500	Miss. R. F. 5s	74	74	74	74
4,000	N. E. Tel. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅝	100⅝
6,000	Swift 5s	96	96	96	96

*Ex dividend.

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
180	Chi. P. Tool	84	84½	84	84
100	Col. Ry., Ser. 2	19	19	19	19
7	Comm. Edison	136	136	136	136
155	Diamond M.	100½	100½	100½	100½
100	Goodrich	77¼	77¼	77¼	77¼
22	Illinois Brick	64½	64½	64½	64½
25	K. C. R. & L. ctfs. pf.	51	51	51	51
2	Mont. Ward pf.	112	112	112	112
70	Nat. Biscuit	129	129	128	128
628	Nat. Carbon	148½	153	148½	154
15	People's Gas	116⅞	116⅞	116⅝	116⅞
116	Public Service	95	95	95	95
10	Public Serv. pf.	97	97	97	97
25	Quaker Oats	255	255	255	255
128	Sears-Roe	154	154⅝	154	154⅝
860	Stew.-Warner	76	76¾	74¼	76
880	Swift	118¾	119⅝	118¾	119¾
105	Union Carbide	159	159	159	159

BONDS.

$1,000	Chi. C. Ry. 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾
10,000	Com. Edison 5s	101	101¼	101	101¼
5,000	Chi. Tel. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
7,000	Swift 5s	96	96⅛	96	96⅛

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
100	Am. T. & T.	124	124	124	124
100	Anaconda	73½	73½	73⅛	73⅛
5	Am. Milling	6	6	6	6
10	Am. Railways	24	24	24	24
80	Am. Locomo.	70¼	70¼	69¾	69¾
300	Baldwin Loco.	130	132¼	130	132¼
1	Bald. Loco. pf.	115	115	115	115
400	B. & Susq. pf.	42	42	42	42
1,811	Brill	52½	54	52	52
3	Cambria Iron	45	45	45	45
21,893	Cambria Steel	69¼	70	67	69¾
50	C. R. I. & P.	24	24	24	24
100	Chino	47	47	47	47
493	Elec. Storage	74	74½	73	73½
220	Erie	32½	32½	32	32½
560	Gen. Asphalt	33	33	32⅝	33
30	Gen. Asp. pf.	70½	70½	70½	70½
59	Ins. Co. of A.	23¼	23¼	23¼	23¼
1,555	Lake Superior	9⅝	9⅝	8⅝	9⅛
177	Lehigh Nav.	76½	76½	76¼	76¼
27	Lehigh Val.	73¼	73½	72⅝	73
225	L. Val. Tr. pf.	37	37	36⅝	36⅞
12	Minehill	56¼	56¾	56¼	56¼
1	North Penn.	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼
561	Penn.	56⅝	56⅝	56⅜	56⅜
10	Penn. S. Mfg.	95	95	95	95
60	Penn. St. pf.	85	85	85	85
2,706	Phila. Co.	45	48¾	45	48½
620	Phila. Co. 6% cum. pf.	44	46	44	45
1,990	Phila. Elec.	25½	25⅝	25¼	25⅛
415	Phila. R. T. tc.	12¾	12¾	12	12⅛
975	Ray Consol.	24	24⅝	24	24½
100	Rep. I. & S.	54	54	54	54
400	South. Pac.	94½	94½	93⅜	93⅜
100	Southern Ry.	18¼	18¼	18¼	18⅛
200	Tenn. Copper	64¾	67	64¾	67
355	Ton. Belmont	3⅝	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
70	Ton. Mining	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
100	Utah	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜	68⅜
1,035	Union Trac.	41½	41½	40	41
192	Un. Gas Imp.	85⅝	85⅝	85½	85½
8,882	U. S. Steel	78¾	78⅞	77½	78⅝
20	War. I. & S.	10⅝	10⅞	10½	10½
5	West. Coal	66	66	66	66

BONDS.

$500	E. & P. tr. 4s	74	74	74	74
4,000	Tstate Rys. 4s	58¾	58¾	58½	58½
1,000	L. N. gen. 4½s	99¼	99¼	99¼	99¼
5,000	L. V. gen. 4s	87	87	87	87
5,000	Perk. 2d 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
15,000	Penn. gen 4½s, 1965	97¼	97⅝	97¼	97⅝
1,000	Pub. Serv. 5s	88½	88½	88½	88½
1,000	Read. gen. 4s	92½	92½	92¼	92½
10,000	Read. Term. 5s	100½	100½	100½	100½
8,000	Sp.-Am. I. 6s	101	101	101	101
79,000	U. Ry. Inv. 5s	72	74¾	72	74¾
4,000	W.N.Y. & P. 5s	102½	102½	102½	102½

PITTSBURGH.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
395	Am. W. G. M.	20	20	19⅜	20
830	Colum. Gas	13⅞	14½	13⅜	14⅛
110	Ind. Brew. pf.	10¼	16	10	16
601	La B. Iron	45½	45½	45	45
50	La B. I. pf.	115	115	115	115
930	Nat. Fireproof.	9¼	9¼	8¼	8¼
10	Nat. Fire. pf.	21	21	21	21
10	Ohio Fuel Sup.	40	40	40	*40
70	Ohio Fuel Oil.	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
2,020	Pure Oil	17	17⅛	16¾	17
65	Pitts. Oil & G.	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
50	Pitts. Brewing	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
110	Pitts. Brew. pf.	15	15	15	15
10	Pitts. Plate G.	106	106	106	106
75	U. S. Steel	78¾	78¾	78¾	78¾
118	Un. Sw. & S.	121¾	121¾	120	120
15	U. S. Glass	18¾	18¾	18¼	18½
279	West. Electric	61½	62⅜	61¼	62⅝
120	West. Airb'ke.	142½	142½	141¾	142
700	San Toy	13c	13c	13c	13c
1,750	Pitts Coal	36¾	36¾	36	36⅝

BONDS.

$1,000	Ind. Brew. 6s	50¼	50¼	50¼	50¼

*Cash.

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Strength marked the closing dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. There was a pronounced rebound from a spell of acute weakness around midday, when the whole list was carried down for a time under general selling precipitated by a report that another American vessel had been blown up. The recovery started when it was stated that the disaster to the ship had been due to a mine and not a German submarine.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
2,440	Allis-Chalmers	46	46½	42⅝	46½
1,870	Am. B't Sugar	66½	67⅜	66	66½
3,040	American Can	64½	65⅞	62⅝	64½
990	Am. C. & Fdy.	82⅝	82⅝	79	82¼
80	Am. Hide & L.	12½	12⅝	11½	11½
50	Am. H. & L. pf.	52	52	52	52
310	Am. Linseed	20	21¼	20	20⅝
1,720	Am. Locomo	70	70⅝	69	69
500	Am. Smelting	85⅝	86⅛	84⅝	86
60	Am. Sugar	110¼	110¼	110	110
10	Am. Woolen	52⅝	52⅝	52⅜	52⅝
2,465	Anaconda Cop.	73	74⅝	72	74
60	At., T. & S. F.	104½	104½	103½	103½
1,190	Baldwin Loco.	133	133½	127	132
30	Balt. & Ohio	88	88½	87⅝	88¼
30	Brooklyn R. T.	84¼	84¼	84¼	84¼
80	Cal. Petrol.	20⅛	20⅝	19⅝	20
870	Cent. Leather	53	53	51¼	52⅛
30	Ches. & Ohio	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝
20	C., M. & S. P.	86	86½	86	86⅛
510	C., R. I. & P.	24	24½	23	24
280	Chino Copper	46½	47¼	46	47¼
1,720	Colorado Fuel	62⅝	63¼	59½	61⅝
290	Corn Products	19⅝	19⅞	19½	19⅝
1,480	Crucible Steel	105½	108⅝	102½	105
100	Dist. Securities	32½	32½	32	32
820	Erie	32¼	32½	32	32½
100	Erie 1st pf.	51⅞	52	51⅞	52
2,500	Goodrich Co.	74⅜	77⅝	73	77¼
750	Gt. No. Ore. P.	49¼	49¼	47⅝	48¼
180	Guggenh'm Ex.	68¼	68⅝	67½	67⅝
4,890	Inspirat'n Cop.	38⅝	43⅝	38⅝	43⅝
80	Inter.-Met.	20	20½	20	20½
10	Interboro. Con.	20¼	20¼	20¼	20¼
120	Int. Agrl. pf.	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
40	Kansas C. So.	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜	26⅜
40	Lehigh Valley	146	146	146	146
110	Maxwell Mot.	51⅞	52⅜	51⅝	52⅜
920	Mexican Pet.	87	90¼	87	88⅝
270	Miami Copepr.

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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Greater Activity in the Curb Market, with Prices Much Higher in Many Issues.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 492,820 shares of stock and $133,000 of bonds.

The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 209,879; oils, 5,046; railroads, 700, and mining, 277,695. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
355	Am. Zinc	56	56	56	56
3,500	‡Can. C. & F.	109	109¼	107	106½
800	‡Can.C.& F.pf.	120	120	118	119
600	‡Carbon Steel.	67	70	67	68
280	‡Car. St. 2d pf.	52	54	52	52
2,450	‡Car. L. & P.	9	9¼	8¾	9
500	‡Cent. Fdry.	16	17	16	17
1,700	Chevrolet Mtr. Car Co., w. i.	93	100	93	100
1,000	Corpn.ofR.&H.	4¼	5	4¼	4¾
564	‡Cramp Shbldg	88	88	87½	87½
600	Driggs-Seab.	100	114	108	114
100	Emerson Phon.	12	12	12	12
10,500	‡Hall Signal.	28½	26¾	23½	25
600	‡Hall Sig. pf.	45	45	45	45
700	‡Hendee Mfg.	30	30	28	29½
30	‡H. & A. Arms	40	41	40	41
40,000	‡Int. Mer. Mar.	7	7⅞	6¼	7
40,000	‡Int. Mer. Mar. pf.	35-40	40	33	36
1,500	‡Int. Motors.	29	30	29	29
610	K. Bronze pf.	4¼	4¼	4½	4¼
15,000	‡Lake Torp. B.	25	*26½	*20	22¾
15,000	‡Lake T. B. pf.	26½	26¾	20½	23
3,000	Marc. of Am.	4½	4¾	4¾	4½
100	M.Rumely,w.i.	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
700	‡Steel Co. Can	35	35	34½	35
400	Sterling Gum.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
1,800	‡St. J. Lead.	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
20,000	Submarine Boat	48½	50¾	47⅞	49⅝
25,000	‡Tob. Products	45	45½	43½	45
12,800	Tri. Film cfs.	8	8¾	7⅞	8⅜
2,000	Un. C. S., new	10	10	9⅞	10
2,000	Un. Prof. Sh.	1⅜	1¾	1¾	1⅜
2,500	U.S.L.&H.Corp	2⅞	3	2⅞	2⅞
150	U.S.L.&H.C.pf.	4½	4½	4¼	4½
2,600	‡World Film.	8½	8½	8⅜	8½

OIL ISSUES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
50	Buckeye P. L.	121½	118	118	— 7
650	Houston Oil.	19¾	18¾	19¼	+ ⅜
700	Illinois P. L.	157	155	156	— 1
120	Int. Petrol'm.	9¾	9¼	9¼	— ¼
150	Ohio Oil	159	157½	158	— 1
30	Prairie O. & G.	425	421	424	+ 1
40	Prairie P. L.	217	210	210	— 6
25	St. Oil of Cal.	318	312	312	..
10	St. Oil of Ind.	478	477	478	— 2
21	St. Oil of Ky.	313	310	313	+28
50	St. Oil of N. J.	490	494	494	— 1
200	St. Oil of N.Y.	205	203	205	..
500	Ventura cons.	12¼	12¼	12¼	— ¼
2,500	Victoria Oil	¼	¼	¼	+ ¼

RAILROADS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	‡Wabash, w. i.	12⅝	12⅝	12½	12½
100	‡Wab'h pf. (a)	40¾	40¾	40½	40¾
300	‡Wab'h pf. (b)	22½	23	22½	23

MINING STOCKS.

1,900	‡Alaska Jun.	11½	11¾	11	11¼
700	‡Alta-C. Min.	27	27	26	25
8,000	‡Am. Com.	12	12	11½	12
6,500	‡Atlanta	31	31	28	30
1,400	Big L. Devel.	3	3⅛	3	3⅛
600	‡Booth	46	47	46	47
12,800	Braden Cop.	9¾	10	9¼	9⅞
200	Butte C. & Z.	2¼	2¼	2	2
3,100	†Caledonia	99	100	99	100
800	Canada Cop.	1	1	1	1
1,400	‡Chile Copper.	18¾	19½	18¾	19⅜
40,000	Con. Ariz. Sm.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
200	Con. Cop. Min.	2½	2½	2½	2½
6,500	†Diam. B. B.	5	6	5	6
3,500	‡Emma Cop.	30	30	28	28
200	‡Florence	47	47	47	47
6,200	Goldfield Con.	1⅝	1⅝	1½	1½
1,200	‡Goldfield M.	19	19	18	19
200	‡Iron Boss.	75	75	75	75
9,600	Jumbo Ext.	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1¼
20,000	Kenn. Copper.	54½	56½	52½	55⅝
6,700	‡Kewanas	37⅝	38	36	37
500	‡Lone Star.	5	5	4½	4½
400	Magma Cop.	14½	14½	14¼	14½
3,000	‡McK.-Dar.	25	28	25	28
4,000	‡Marsh Min.	37	38	37	38
92,000	‡Mother Lode.	35	37	30	37
1,200	‡Nat. Z. & L.	41	43	41	42
500	‡Nevada Hills.	18	18	18	18
400	New U. B'ham	3¼	3¼	3	3
3,000	Nip. Mines.	7⅜	7⅝	7¼	7¼
3,000	‡Oro	7	7	7	7
9,200	‡Rex Con. M.	55	56	55	55
3,700	‡S'st'n Ken.	11	12	11	11
2,100	‡Silver Pick.	7	8	7	8
3,500	Stewart	⅛	⅜	⅛	⅜
6,700	‡Success Min.	87	87	85	85
2,000	‡Ton. Cash Boy	6	6	5	5
320	Tonopah Ext.	2½	2½	2⅞	2⅞
100	Tonopah Min.	*5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
1,000	Tri-Bullion	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜
11,500	Tuol. Copper.	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
200	†West E. Cons.	60	60	60	60
175	‡W. K. Cop. pf.	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼

BONDS.

$15,000	Anglo-Franco Loan 5s, w.i.	97½	97½	97½	97½
67,000	Del. & H. 5s, w. i.	100⅞	100⅞	100⅜	100⅜
60,000	Kenn. Cop. 6s.	170	170	170	170
1,000	Pierce Oil 6s.	79	79	79	79

†Sells cents per share. *Odd lot. ‡Unlisted.

***

Bid and asked quotations of issues not traded in compared with those of previous week:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Sept. 30. Bid.	Asked.	Sept. 29. Bid.	Asked.
Alliance Film	⅛	¾	⅛	¾
Brit.-Am. Tob. ord.	13⅞	14½	13½	14½
Brit.-Am. Tob. ord., bearer	14	15	14	15
Carbon Steel 1st pf.	70	75	70	75
Dominion Steel	47⅝	47⅞	47⅝	47⅞
Fisk Tire	115	120	120	124
Franco-Span. Petrol., (a prospect)	1	1¼	1	1¼
Guantanamo Sugar	60	62	60	62
Internat'l Motors pf.	68	71	68	71
Kelly Springf'd Tire	223	227	224	230
Kelly Springf'd Tire new 1st pf.	89½	91	90	92
Mutual Profit Sharing	9	9½	9	9½
N. Y. Transportation	16⅝	17	16⅞	17
Pyrene Mfg. Co.	14	14¼	14	14½
Sherman Carbide	7½	8½	7½	8½
Sherman Carbide pf.	8	15	8	15
Standard Motors	10	10¼	10	10¼
Wayland Oil & Gas.	3½	4	3½	4

OIL ISSUES.

Anglo-American	16½	17	16½	17
Pierce Oil	11¼	12⅜	11½	12
Savoy Oil	9⅜	10	9¼	10

MINING STOCKS.

Albion Mining	35	40	41	45
Arizona Duquesne	37	40	38	40
Big Cottonwood	4	5	4	5
Buffalo Mines	⅛	¾	⅛	¾
Howe Sound	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
Kerr Lake	3⅝	4	3⅝	4
La Rose Consolidated	⅜	½	⅜	½
McIntyre	48	50	48½	50
Majestic Mines	60	70	60	70
Marsh Mining	36	37	37	39
Sells	30	35	30	35
Stand. Silver-Lead	1½	1⅝	1½	1⅝

BONDS.

Int. M. M., new, 5s.	85	90	85	90

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explosives	157	162	159	162
Aetna Explosives pf.	79	82	80	84
Am. & Br. Mfg. Co.	12	14	12	14
Am. & Br. Mfg.Co.pf.	32	40	32	40
Atlas Powder	242	247	240	250
Atlas Powder pf.	96	102	96	102
Bliss (E. W.)	180	190	180	190
Bliss (E. W.) pf.	70	75	70	75
Canadian Explosives	360	380	360	380
Can. Explosives pf.	105	110	105	110
Carbon Steel	67	71	69	73
Carbon Steel 1st pf.	70	75	70	75
Carbon Steel 2d pf.	54	58	54	58
Colts Arms	733	740	735	745
Driggs-Seabury	108	110	110	113
Du Pont Powder	775	795	772	778
Du Pont Powder pf.	102	106	102	106
Hercules Powder	415	425	415	425
Hercules Powder pf.	110	113	110	116
Hopkins-Allen	42	46	42	46
Hopkins-Allen pf.	90	97	90	97
Lake Torpedo Boat	25	26	20	21
Midvale Steel	323		285	295
Niles-Bement-Pond	148	153	144	149
Niles-Bement-Pond pf.	101	107	101	107
Savage Arms	300	325	300	310
Submarine Boat	48	49	48	49
Scoville Mfg. Co.	450	475	450	475
W'ch'ter Rep. Arms.	2250	2400	2250	2400

Chevrolet Motor
Bought—Sold—Quoted
CHAS. E. MERRILL & CO.
7 Wall Street Penobscot Bldg.
New York Detroit
'Phones Rector 9376-9377-8563-8564

AMERICAN TUBE AND STAMPING.

This Company manufactures open hearth ingots, billets, bar steel and sheet steel stamping.

The plant at Bridgeport, Conn., covers 50 acres and is advantageously located, having half a mile of dock frontage.

This Company is reported to be doing a record business with extensive orders ahead.

In our opinion, the intrinsic worth of Am. Tube & Stamping stock is much greater than prevailing prices. We believe a material advance in this issue is to be expected.

Descriptive circular sent on request.

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Aetna Explosives
Chalmers Motor Com.
Mechanics & Metals Bank
National Surety
John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 9876. New York.

Records for your guidance and suggestions for safe investment are contained in
The Investor's Pocket Manuel
Any investment banker or broker will furnish these 272-page booklets to investors.
FREE ON APPLICATION, or the publishers will send a copy on receipt of 50 cents.
THE FINANCIAL PRESS,
124 Front St., New York City.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY
26 BROAD STREET

COUPONS DUE OCT., 1915, PAYABLE AT THIS OFFICE.

Birmingham Ry., Lt. & Power Co. 4½s
Carter Coal & Iron Co. 1st 5s
Citizens' Gas & Fuel Co. of Terre Haute 1st 5s
Clinchfield Navigation Co., Guaranteed Gold 5s
Clinton Iron & Steel Co. 1st 5s
Col. Springs Light & Power Co. 1st 5s
Columbia University Club 2d 4s
Columbus, London & Springfield Ry. Co. 1st 5s
Consolidated Light & Power Co. of Whitehall 1st 5s
Denver & Rio Grande R. R. Co. Cumulative Adj. 7% Gold
Erie Electric Motor Co. 1st Ref. Skg. Fund Gold 5s
Fonda, Johnstown & Gloversville R. R. Co. Cons. 6s
Fulton Light, Heat & Power Co. 1st 5s
Kansas City Southern Ry. Co. 1st 3s
Lincoln Heat, Light & Power Co. 1st 5s
New London Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s
New London Gas & Elec. Co. 2d 5s
New York & Stamford Ry. Co. 1st 5s
Otis Elevator Co. Conv. Gold Deb. 5s
Peekskill Ltg. & R. R. Co. 1st 5s
Pine Bluff Natural Gas Co. 20-year 1st Gold 6s
Pittsburgh & Lake Erie R. R. Co. 2d 5s
Raleigh & Southport Ry. Co. Gen. 6s
Santa Fe Water & Light Co. 1st Prior Lien 5s
Santa Fe Water & Light Co. 1st Cons. 4s
Spring Brook Water Supply Co. 1st 5s
Standard Screw Co. Gold Deb. 5s
Tomkins Cove Stone Co. 1st 6s
The Tri-City Railway & Light Co. 1st Lien Coll. Trust 5%
Union Electric Co. Dillon, Mont., 1st 5s
Water, Light & Gas Co. of New Jersey Cons. & Ref. 5s

DUE OCTOBER 15TH, 1915.

Dedham & Hyde Park Gas & Electric Light Co. 1st 5s
Detroit, Toledo & Ironton R. R. Co. Equip. 6s

DUE OCTOBER 20TH, 1915.

Colorado Springs Electric Co. 1st 5s

We Deal In
Aetna Explosives
American Brass
American Hardware
Atlas Powder
Babcock & Wilcox
Colt's Arms
Carbon Steel
Childs Co.
Du Pont Powder
Empire Steel & Iron
Eastern Steel
Hercules Powder
Midvale Steel
New York Shipbuilding
New Jersey Zinc
Phelps Dodge & Co.
Standard Screw
Savage Arms
Scovill Mfg. Co.
Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.
Winchester Arms
White Rock Mineral Springs
Yale & Towne
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
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We Specialize in
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25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad

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Carbon Steel
2nd Pfd.
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Slattery & Co.
Specialists
40 Exchange Place New York
Telephone 4361 Broad.

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

The following coupons will be due and payable at the Main Office of this Company, 55 CEDAR STREET

On and After October 1st, 1915

Alexandria, La., Pub. Imp. 5s
Asheville, N. C., Funding. 5s
Asheville Power & Light Co. 1st 5s
Barton Heights, Va., Water. 6s
Bergen Co., N. J., New County Bldg. 4½s
Bexar Co.,Tex.,C. H. Reg. (Oct. 10) 4½s
Binghamton, Tenn., P. S. Bldg. 5½s
Boca & Loyalton R. R. Co. 1st 6s
Camden Co., N. J., Road Imp. 4½s
Camden Co., N. J., Turnpike Road. 4½s
Camden Co., N. J., Bridge. 4½s
Camilla, Ga., Various. 5s & 5½s
Castile, N. Y., Water. 4s
Cold Spring, N. Y., Sewer. 3¾s
East Rutherford, N. J., Funding. 4½s
Ecuadorian Corp., Ltd. 1st Deb. 6s
Elyria, Ohio, Water Works. 4s
Englewood, N. J., Funding. 4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Bridge. 4½s
Essex Co., N. J., Hospital. 4s
Essex Co., N. J., Park. 4s
Fairview, N. J., Funding. 5s
Fort Wayne, Ind., Rfdg. (Oct. 10th) 4½s
Franklin Co., Ohio, Bridge. 4s
Fulton, N. Y., Standpipe Water. 4.75s
Greenwich, Conn., Funding. 4½s
Hawaii Territory Improvement. 3½s
Hillsborough County, Fla. 5s
Jamestown, N. Y., Water. 4s
Key West, Fla., Pav., Sewer & Ref'd. 5s
Lake Superior Invest. Co. 6s
Lancaster Co., S. C. S. D. No. 40. 6s
Marquette & Bess. D. & N. Co. 1st 4½s
Memphis, Tenn., Artesian Water Co. 4½s
Memphis, Tenn., Parkway. 4½s
Monroe, La., Improvement. 5s
N. Hempstead, N.Y., U.F. Sch.Dist.No.7 5s
Ossining, N. Y., Water. 3.95s
Oswego, N. Y., Water. 3½s
Ottumwa Traction & Light Co. 5s
Pensacola, Fla., Refunding. 4½s
Ridgewood, N. J., Town School. 4s
Rome, Ga., P. S., St. Pav., S. & W. 4s
St. Louis S. W. Ry. Co. Equip., Ser. "A" 5s
Salem, Va., Refunding. 4s
Salt Lake City, Utah, W. & S. 4s & 4½s
San Antonio & Aransas Pass Ry. Co. Equip. Trust. 5s
School City of Fort Wayne,Ind. 3½s & 4s
Southern Utilities Co. 1st 6s
Syracuse, N. Y., Imp. 3½s & var. others
Third Ave. Ry. Co. Adj. Mtge. Income 5s
Toledo, Ohio, Imp. 4s & various others
Toledo, Ohio, all issues of Board of Educ.
Virginia Elec. Co. 1st 5s
Water Wks Co.(San Antonio,Tex.) 1st 5s
Wilson, N. C., Electric Light Plant. 5s
Wilson, N. C., Improvement (Oct. 15) 5s

BRANCHES
Broadway at 73d St. 125th St. at Eighth Ave.

Chalmers Motor
Niles-Bement-Pond
Hercules Powder
Safety Car Hg. & Lg.
Aetna Explosives
Yale & Towne
C. C. Kerr & Co.
15 Wall St., N. Y. Phone 2622 Rector

Coupons Maturing October, 1915, Payable at the Offices of
Harris, Forbes & Co
Pine Street, Corner William, New York
Also Payable at the Office of our
Chicago Correspondent
Harris Trust & Savings Bank
Boston Correspondent
N. W. Harris & Co., Inc.

First
Ada, Minn., Independent School District School Building
Anderson County, Tenn., Road
Auburn & Syracuse Electric R. R. 1st and Refunding 5%
Bay County, Mich., Third Street Bridge Refunding
Batavia, Ill., Bridge 4½%
Batavia, Ill., School District No. 101 4½%
Belton, Texas, Bridge
Buffalo & Susquehanna Railway Equipment
Charleston, Ill., Refunding
Charlotte, Mich., Sewer
Chickasha, Okla., Sewer
Chickasha, Okla., Water Works
Coos County, Oregon, School District No. 41
Danville, Ill., School District
Dayton, Iowa, Water Works
Dominion Power & Transmission Co., Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.
Dunmore, Pa., 4½s
Elk Point, So. Dak. Elect. Light
Fayette, Mo., Water Works
Ford County, Ill., School District No. 102
Fort Dodge, Iowa, Refunding
Galesburg, Ill., Electric Light Works
Grand Haven, Mich., Water Works 4½%
Greenville, Tenn., School Series "A"
Highland Park, Ill., School District No. 107
Home Independent Tel. Co.
Huntington, West Va., 6%
Interurban Railway, Des Moines, Iowa, 1st Mortgage 5%
Independence, Iowa, School District
Knoxville, Tenn., Market School House
Knoxville, Tenn., Public Imp't
Knoxville, Tenn., Viaduct
Lancaster, Ky., High School
Louisiana Port Commission (New Orleans) 4½% of 1914
Mamaroneck, N. Y., Sewer 4.55%
Merchants Heat & Light Co. Refunding 5%
Midland Valley Railroad Co.
Monmouth, Ill., Refunding
Monmouth, Ill., Water Works Refunding

First (Continued)
Mount Airy, N. C., Water Works
Mount Airy, N. C., Electric Light
Mount Airy, N. C., Street Imp't
Murfreesboro, Tenn., School District
New Kensington, Pa., School District
Oklahoma Gas & Electric Co. 1st Mortgage Gold
Rutherford County, Tenn., School District
Seattle Lighting Co., Seattle, Wash., Refunding Mortgage
Shelby County, Tenn., Courthouse, Furnishing and Fitting
South Bend & Southern Michigan Railway Co. 1st Mortgage Gold
South Portland, Me.
Springfield Village, Vt.
West Plain, Mo., Water Works & Electric Light
Wilkes-Barre, Pa., School District
Wilmington, N. C., Water & Sewerage

Second
Fergus Falls, Minn., Independent S. D. Refunding 4½%
Poplar Bluffs, Mo., Refunding

Sixth
Henry, Ill., Water Works

Tenth
Bell County, Texas
Fayette, Mo., Water Works
Harris County, Texas, Road
McLennan County, Texas, Road District
Morgan County, Ga., Courthouse

Fifteenth
Burleigh County, No. Dak., Refunding
Carroll, Iowa, Independent School District, School Funding
Chippewa County, Mich., Rfdg.
East Tawas, Mich., Refunding
Islip, N. Y., Union Free School District No. 1
Pana, Ill., High School Building
Warsaw, Ill., Water Works
Winnsboro, So. Car., Electric Light & Improvement
Woodlawn Township, No. Dak. Refunding
Windsor, Mo.

October Investments
We own and offer over 200 different issues of carefully selected municipal, railroad and public service corporation bonds which we recommend for conservative investment at prices to yield
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READJUSTMENT OF CAPITAL AND DEBT
OF
The Missouri Pacific Railway Company
AND
St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway Company

In view of the appointment of a Receiver for each of the above named Companies, the time for the deposit of the securities hereinafter described with the Depositaries and Sub-Depositaries named below, subject to the Plan and Agreement of Readjustment dated July 1, 1915, has been extended TO AND INCLUDING OCTOBER 15, 1915.

Default having been made in the payment of the interest due September 1, 1915, upon the Forty-Year Four Per Cent. Gold Loan Bonds, the Five Per Cent. First and Refunding Mortgage Fifty-Year Gold Bonds and the Trust Five Per Cent. Bonds due January 1, 1917, mentioned below, THE RESPECTIVE DEPOSITARIES AND SUB-DEPOSITARIES FOR SUCH BONDS WILL, IF DESIRED BY DEPOSITING BONDHOLDERS, ADVANCE TO THEM UPON THEIR BONDS, AT THE TIME OF DEPOSIT OF THE SAME, OR UPON PRESENTATION OF THEIR CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT HERETOFORE ISSUED, THE AMOUNT OF THE INTEREST DUE SEPTEMBER 1, 1915, UPON THEIR BONDS. Ownership certificates in accordance with the Federal income tax law will be required in case of all advances.

DEPOSITARIES

For Capital Stock of The Missouri Pacific Railway Company.
CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 54 Wall Street, New York City.

For the Missouri Pacific Railway Company's Forty Year Four Per Cent. Gold Loan Bonds, due March 1, 1945.
BANKERS TRUST COMPANY, 16 Wall Street, New York City.

For THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S
Five Per Cent. First and Refunding Mortgage Fifty-Year Gold Bonds, due September 1, 1959.
Consolidated First Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds, due November 1, 1920.
Trust Five Per Cent. Bonds, due January 1, 1917.
First Collateral Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds, due August 1, 1920, and
Lexington Division Five Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds, due August 1, 1920.

ST. LOUIS, IRON MOUNTAIN AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S First and Refunding Mortgage Six Per Cent. Forty-Year Gold Bonds, due July 1, 1952.

THE KANSAS AND COLORADO PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S First Refunding Mortgage Thirty-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due February 1, 1938.

THE CENTRAL BRANCH RAILWAY COMPANY'S First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due February 1, 1919.

THE CENTRAL BRANCH UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY'S First Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due June 1, 1948.

THE LEROY AND CANEY VALLEY AIR LINE RAILROAD COMPANY'S Five Per Cent. First Mortgage Bonds, due July 1, 1926.

THE KANSAS CITY NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY'S First Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, Series A, due January 1, 1933.

BOONVILLE, ST. LOUIS AND SOUTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY'S First Mortgage Forty-Year Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds, due August 1, 1951.

LITTLE ROCK JUNCTION RAILWAY'S First Consolidated Mortgage Six Per Cent. Bonds, due April 1, 1918.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 140 Broadway, New York City.

SUB-DEPOSITARIES FOR ALL SECURITIES

St. Louis: MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY.
London: GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.

ADDITIONAL SUB-DEPOSITARIES

Amsterdam: For Bonds: HOPE & CO., AMSTERDAMSCHE BANK
For Stock: Administration office of BROES & GOSMAN.
Basle: for Five Per Cent. Refunding Bonds: BANK VEREIN SUISSE.
Zurich: For Four Per Cent. Gold Loan Bonds: SCHWEIZERISCHE KREDIT-ANSTALT.
For Five Per Cent. Refunding Bonds: BANQUE FEDERALE.
Berlin: For Four Per Cent. Gold Loan Bonds: DEUTSCHE TREUHAND GESELLSCHAFT.

Stock certificates must be duly endorsed in blank for transfer or be accompanied by blank transfers and must be stamped at the rate of two cents per share under the New York stock transfer tax law and also two cents per share under the Federal Emergency Revenue Act. Coupon bonds must be accompanied by all coupons maturing on or after September 1, 1915. Bonds registered as to principal must be restored to bearer form before deposit; and registered bonds must be exchanged for coupon bonds, or be registered in the name of the proper Depositary and be accompanied by proper assignments of any interest thereon maturing on or after September 1, 1915, and on or prior to the date of such registry.

Deposits of securities will not be received after October 15, 1915, except upon terms approved by the Readjustment Managers.

Copies of the Plan and Agreement of Readjustment may be obtained from any of the Depositaries or Sub-Depositaries or from the Secretary of any of the three Committees named below.

Dated, New York, September 8, 1915. KUHN, LOEB & CO., *Readjustment Managers.*

The undersigned Committees have approved and adopted the Plan and Agreement of Readjustment mentioned in the foregoing notice and recommend to holders of the securities which they respectively represent the prompt deposit of their securities.

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL, *Chairman*
ROBERT FLEMING (London)
DONALD G. GEDDES
JEROME J. HANAUER
ALVIN W. KRECH
C. E. Ter MEULEN (Amsterdam)
Committee representing Five Per Cent. First and Refunding Mortgage Bonds.
LEWIS B. FRANKLIN, *Secretary*, 140 Broadway, New York City.

FRANK N. B. CLOSE, *Chairman*
OTTO H. KAHN
JOHN H. McCLEMENT
JOHN W. PLATTEN
J. G. SIEGERS (Amsterdam)
W. H. WILLIAMS
Committee representing Forty Year Four Per Cent. Gold Loan Bonds.
B. W. JONES, *Secretary*, 16 Wall Street, New York City.

JAMES N. WALLACE, *Chairman*
J. HORACE HARDING
FREDERICK STRAUSS
ALBERT H. WIGGIN
ROBERT WINSOR
Committee representing Missouri Pacific Railway Company Stock.
C. E. SIGLER, *Secretary*, 54 Wall Street, New York City.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE COMPANY
To Holders of Preferred Stock:

The Committee, as a result of the examination being made on its behalf of International Mercantile Marine Company, is now in a position to make the following announcement:

It appears from the records of the Marine Company that during the month of March, 1915, it was in a position to pay all interest then in default upon its bonds, and that by order of its board of directors the Chairman of the Reorganization Committee, who is President of the New York Trust Company, the Trustee under the mortgage, was notified of this fact. Such a default cannot be made the basis for declaring the principal of the bonds due, and the Committee is advised that the pending foreclosure suit can be successfully defended; that the present receivership was unnecessary and that it could have been avoided by the board of directors of the Marine Company.

The preliminary report of Messrs. Ernst & Ernst, the accountants for the Committee, states:

(1) Exclusive of depreciation and new war tax, and also exclusive of undivided earnings of the Thompson & Co., Limited, Shaw Savill and Albion Co., Limited, Holland-America Line, but after deducting all current interest charges, including bond interest (amounting to $2,232,776), the earnings of the Marine Company for the seven months which ended July 31, 1915, were over $11,000,000; in addition the Marine Company's share of the earnings of the Leyland Line for said period were over $7,000,000; for the month of July, 1915, (the latest figures available,) such earnings of the Marine Company, including the Leyland Line, were over $3,500,000.

(2) The Marine Company was at all times during the month of March, 1915, and thereafter in a position to pay all back interest and current interest on its bonded indebtedness. On March 31, 1915, the last day to cure the six months default in the payment of interest on the 4½% bonds, there was on deposit in cash to the credit of the Marine Company, and subsidiary companies, $8,538,394.

(3) Many of the assets and particularly investments in other steamship companies are carried on the books of certain of the Marine Company's subsidiary companies at values far below their real worth.

(4) The property and assets of the Marine Company, including ships, securities and cash, but excluding good will, trade routes and the like, are, excluding inter-company accounts, obviously of a value largely exceeding the bonded debt and other indebtedness of the Marine Company and its subsidiary companies.

The Committee does not intend to permit this valuable property to pass under the present reorganization plan which presents to the bondholders the entire property, with its present enormous earnings, except the insignificant portion of the equity left to the stock. The examination of the affairs of the Marine Company is proceeding, and arrangements are being made for the defense of the pending foreclosure suit.

Holders of preferred stock who desire to protect their rights from sacrifice, and who do not intend to surrender their property at the invitation of the bondholders

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Thirty-two corporations with aggregate capital stocks of $499,800 were chartered today. They include:

Associated Americas Commercial Company, commission, selling agents, importers, exporters, $120,000; Nathan A. Smyth, Sumner Gerard, Woolsey H. Field, 60 West 115th St.

Credit Guide Publishing Company, mercantile, investing, credit news, information, $100,000; Julian L. Duryee, Cyreno Mintz, Herman B. Wilson, Jr., 80 West 174th St., Bronx.

Edward B. Stott & Co., contracting, $00,000; Richard J. Kent, Haverlock Walser, Edward B. Stott, 1,618 Beverly Road, Brooklyn.

Goldstein & Tiplitz Company, Brooklyn, clothing, merchandise, $25,000; Philip Hirschman, Sherman Weschner, Hyman Tiplitz, 64 McKibbin St., Brooklyn.

Deslauries Column Mold Company of New York, realty, construction, concrete ceilings, columns, $26,000; Aimee Marx, Leonard J. Martin, Henry A. Dahlen, 206 Bergen Av., Jersey City, N. J.

Quogue Homestead Company, Westhampton Beach, realty, construction, $25,000; William T. Calloway, Edwin P. Maynard, Frederick A. Burrell, 1,409 Albemarle Road, Brooklyn.

Common Sense Coupon Corporation, Albany, coupons, premiums, printing, advertising, merchandise, $15,000; Guy A. Smith, Vallance W. Collins, Florence W. Stern, 68 Morris St., Albany.

Yonkers Grocery and Paper Company, Yonkers, grocery specialties, wrapping paper, $10,000; Morgan Sublow, Bernard Klein, Louis Clark, 45 Warburton Av., Yonkers.

The Sloan Syndicate, publishing, $10,000; John J. Fish, Edward L. Hale, Joseph V. Sloan, 308 Fourth Av.

Vewinkle Medicine Company, Oswego, drugs, chemicals, chemicals, hospital supplies, $10,000. Mulford R. Burt, John J. Clancy, Christopher J. Vewinkle, Oswego.

Moving Picture Stories, publishing, books, magazines, newspapers, $10,000. Nat Hess, Charles E. Nylander, Charles Warren Hastings, 610 West Forty-ninth St.

Royal Fish, Inc., Brooklyn, phonograph records, musical instruments, $10,000. Alice S. Fox, William A. Thomas, Royal Fish, 96 Seventh Av., Brooklyn.

Benlea Chemical Co., chemicals, fluids, $10,000. Anna Horowitz, Sophie Anna Benj. Leavy, 251 West 112th St.

Conservation Construction Company, Peekskill-on-Hudson, realty, construction, heating appliances, office fixtures, $8,000. Walter Goodyear, William H. Ingersoll, Adelbert H. Ingersoll, Peekskill.

Kahl Engraving Company, printing, stamping, stationery, $9,000. Charles D. Jocelyn, Edward and Charles Kahl, 22 Beekman St.

Engel Construction Company, realty, construction, $7,500. Leopold Geisenman, Helen V. and Louis Engel, 545 West 111th St.

C. and W. Cloak and Suit Company, $5,000. Nathan Cohen, Sarah and Samuel Weinberg, 814 East 165th St., Bronx.

Getty Square Corporation, Yonkers, realty, agency, brokerage, $5,000. Charles T., Florence C., and John E. Pawson, 20 Stanley Place, Yonkers.

A. Sapadin, Inc., Brooklyn, stationery, cigars, newspapers, candies, novelties, $5,000. Philip A. Witt, Abraham Sapadin, Samuel Hyman, 615 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Ellis Jewelry Company, $5,000. Max Huffman, Samuel Benson, Jacob Levine, 71 Nassau St.

Knoll Automobile Electric Service Company, Buffalo, electric equipment, motor cars, $5,000. Charles A. Emilio, Francis J. Rogan, John G. W. Knoll, Buffalo.

Western Export Corporation, ammunition, war supplies, insurance brokerage, $5,000. Peter J. Shields, Kingsley L. Martin, Henry S. Thompson, 66 Liberty St.

Altman Pleating Company, pleating ladies', children's dresses, $5,000. William L. Rosan, David Price, Leo Altman, 148 Bay 26th St., Brooklyn.

Authorization. — Pneumereator Company, Augusta, Me., patent article, $50,000. Representative, Gardner Cornett, 118 Liberty St., New York.

Capital Increases.—Czarnikow-Rionda Company, Manhattan, $1,440,000 to $3,500,000. Merchants Line, Rensselaer, $10,000 to $50,000.

Voluntary Dissolutions.—Brod & Co., Manhattan; Cohn & Loew Theatrical Company, New York.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Sept. 30. — Charters filed here:

Zenith Motion Picture Company, New York, $500,000; to manufacture, sell, lease, own, and operate motion picture films of all kinds. Joseph F. Curtin, Samuel B. Howard, S. A. Anderson, all of New York.

Smith Form A Truck Company, New York, $100,000; to manufacture motor trucks, &c. Joseph F. Curtin, Daniel B. Howard, S. A. Anderson, all of New York.

POLICE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

The following Patrolmen, having been promoted to the rank of Sergeant, are transferred and assigned as indicated: 6 P. M., Sept. 29: W. J. McGowan, 43, to 74, motorcycle duty. M. W. Corr, 167, to 162.

Retired: 12 P. M., Sept. 29: Seargt. J. A. Ester, 102, (on his own application,) at $875 a year; appointed Jan. 5, 1888.

Transfers and assignments: 6 P. M., Sept. 29: Sergts. J. J. Waters, 74 to 167, from bicycle to motorcycle duty. M. McDonough, 81 to 13. Motorcycle Sergt. C. West, 167 to 81.

Temporary assignments: Sergts. G. F. Ferre, 22, to D. B., 15 days, 4 P. M. Sept. 29; J. McLaughlin, 79, to C. O., duty in office of Fourth Deputy Comm., 10 days, 8 A. M. Oct. 4; Patrol. J. T. Corcoran and J. McLaughlin, 38, to duty in plain clothes, 20 days, 4 P. M. Oct. 1; T. Brawley, 63, to D. B., 5 days, noon Sept. 28; E. R. Friel, 155, to 9 I. D., 10 days, noon Oct. 5; A. Kolmer, 156, to 9 I. D., 10 days, 4 P. M. Oct. 3; G. Sweeney, 172, to D. B., 10 days, 4 P. M. Sept. 22.

Leaves of absence, without pay: Patrol. A. Phair, 15, 1 day, 8 A. M. Oct. 3; P. M. Duffy, 16, 1 day, 8 A. M. Oct. 6; C. J. H. Schroeder, 29, 1 day, 4 P. M. Oct. 6; W. S. Leo, 132, 1 day, 4 P. M. Sept. 29; A. A. Ebel, 164, 1 day, 8 A. M. Sept. 29; J. F. H. Pickhardt, 166, 1 day, 8 A. M. Sept. 29; J. Eisenla, 283, 1 day, 8 A. M. Sept. 29.

Fines imposed: Patrol. H. King, 6, (absent without leave,) 3 days; J. J. Conway, 6, (absent from post, in conversation,) 2 days; J. T. Backes, 22, (absent from post, in liquor saloon,) 7 days; D. Sullivan, 23, (absent without leave,) ½ day; F. W. Kaiser, 23, (absent from post, in conversation with patrolman,) 2 days; J. D. Baumann, 26, (absent without leave,) ½ day; T. J. Stokes, 26, (at side entrance of liquor saloon drinking from whisky glass,) 8 days; H. Goodale, 26, (absent from post, at side door of liquor saloon drinking from whisky glass,) 8 days; J. O'Connell, 28, (absent from special post, coming from premises,) 4 days; H. A. O'Brien, 28, (absent from post, coming from side door of liquor saloon,) 8 days; (absent without leave;) 2 days; C. J. Leahy, 28, (absent from reserve duty,) 3 days; G. Fulco, 29, (absent from post, coming from garage,) 2 days; G. W. Pape, 31, (absent from fixed post, sitting,) 4 days; R. M. Tweed, 32, (absent from post, reading,) 2 days; J. Steinback, 37, (absent from post, in apartment,) 3 days; G. T. Rowley, 39, (absent from school crossing,) ½ day; H. B. Schopper, 42, (loitering and in conversation,) ½ day; A. B. Crumb, 62, (absent from post, loitering and in conversation with patrolman,) 5 days; F. T. Finnegan, 65, (absent from post, coming from premises,) 4 days; R. P. King, 74, (failed to report at end of vacation, absent without leave,) 1 day; M. H. McCormack, 162, (absent without leave,) 4 days, (improper patrol,) 3 days.

Reprimanded: Patrol. D. J. McNichol, 5, (improper patrol; absent from post;) V. Novetny, 6, (absent from post, in grocery, eating;) A. H. Johnson, 6, (absent from special post;) R. J. Weltach, 18, (absent from post, coming from restaurant.)

Charges dismissed: Lieut. T. J. Blunt, 285, (failed to keep telephone record in conformity with the rules;) Sergt. J. M. Jenkins, 148, (failed to observe or report derelictions of duty on the part of a patrolman;) Patrol. E. A. Nelson, 148, (improper patrol, coming from side door of liquor saloon;) J. F. Haven, 160, (absent from post, coming from entrance of liquor saloon;) L. W. Martin, 285, (improper patrol.)

Resignations accepted, 12 P. M., Sept. 29: Patrol. F. J. Broderick, 26; A. D. Brown, 32.

EDUCATION NOTES.

Plans for the new Manhattan Trade School for Girls have been approved.

Maternity leaves of absence of two years granted to Mrs. Florence E. Morse of P. S. 56, the Bronx, and Mrs. Marion C. Wickes of P. S. 146, Brooklyn, have been terminated.

A continuation class will be organized in the establishment of Kopf Brothers, 120 East Sixteenth Street, Manhattan.

John R. Cave has been assigned as substitute supervisor of trade equipment in evening high and trade schools.

Trimble Foster has been assigned as Chief of the furniture division in the Bureau of School Buildings.

Annexes will be established to the East Side Evening High School in P. S. 91, Manhattan, and to the South Brooklyn Evening High School for Men in P. S. 2, Brooklyn.

There will be a meeting of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers in the Metropolitan Life Building at 8 P. M. today.

Temporary licenses as teacher in training in high schools have been granted to the following: Cooking—Marjorie C. Barbine and Jean S. Barrick; Economics—Owen Reilly.

A class in embroidery is being formed in Evening School 157, on St. Nicholas Av., between 128th and 127th Streets. Registration is now being held in the evening at the school. Class sessions open at 7:45 P. M. on Oct. 4.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

Miniature Almanac for Today.

Sun rises 5:55|Sun sets 5:45|Moon rises 11:01

THE TIDES

	High Water.		Low Water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Sandy Hook	12:44	1:04	6:50	7:49
Governors Island	1:30	1:45	7:42	8:46
Hell Gate	3:20	3:35	9:32	10:26

Arrived—Thursday, Sept. 30.

SS Espagne, Bordeaux, Sept. 19.
SS Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam, Sept. 18.
SS Caracas, San Juan, Sept. 25.
SS Amberton, Avonmouth, Sept. 5.
SS Jethan, Boston, Sept. 29.
SS St. Patrick, Boston, Sept. 29.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, Sept. 27.
SS El Occidente, Galveston, Sept. 24.
SS Mount Vernon, Sagua, Sept. 11.
SS Monua, New Orleans, Sept. 25.
SS Panama, Colon, Sept. 23.
SS Patagonian, Cardiff, Sept. 15.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TODAY.

St. Paul	Liverpool	Sept. 22
Borderer	Glasgow	Sept. 17
Citta di Messina	Naples	Sept. 14
Bristol City	Swansea	Sept. 15
Ile de la Reunion	Marseilles	Sept. 15
Corinthic	Hull	Sept. 17
Cheyenne	Barrow	Sept. 17
Strathelyon	Havre	Sept. 17
Radiant	New Orleans	Sept. 23
El Alba	Galveston	Sept. 28
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Sept. 28

DUE TOMORROW.

Frances	Barbados	Sept. 24
Tarn City	St. Nazaire	Sept. 17
Quebrada	Lisbon	Sept. 18
Rowland	Gibraltar	Sept. 19

DUE SUNDAY.

New York	Liverpool	Sept. 25
Archgrybe	London	Sept. 19
Chiden	London	Sept. 23
Neyric	Rotterdam	Sept. 17
Norseman	Liverpool	Sept. 22
Saxon Monarch	London	Sept. 24
Carnhill	Havre	Sept. 25
Yumuri	Fontera	Sept. 23
Barn City	Bull	Sept. 18
City of Columbus	Savannah	Sept. 30
St. Joseph	Marseilles	Sept. 16
Terence	Rio Janerio	Sept. 14

DUE MONDAY.

Duca Degli Abruzzi	Gibraltar	Sept. 23
Rochambeau	Bordeaux	Sept. 20
Chafalo	Rotterdam	Sept. 24
Ryswijk	Rotterdam	Sept. 24
Brazos	Mayaguez	Sept. 29
Patria	Cristobal	Sept. 27
Tivives	Santiago	Sept. 29
Lancastrian	London	Sept. 24
Auchendale	Liverpool	Sept. 21
Norben	Manchester	Sept. 19
Sicilia	Malaga	Sept. 17

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TODAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Ioannina, Piraeus	1:00 P.M.	4:00 P.M.
Czaritza, Archangel	10:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Raphael, Agrentina	5:30 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
Hubert, Barbados	6:00 A.M.	8:00 A.M.
Hortillus, Montevideo	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Parima, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Cymric, Liverpool	—	12:00 M.
Santiago, Santiago	—	3:00 P.M.
Apache, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Espagne, Bordeaux	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Stampalia, Naples	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Asiatic Prince, Bahia	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.
Masdyk, Rotterdam	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Stephan, Barbados	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Havana, Havana	8:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Coamo, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Metapan, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bowden, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Yaguez, Ponce	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Italia, Naples	—	2:00 P.M.
Lord Sefton, Liverpool	—	12:00 M.
Alamo, Tampa	—	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Trafalgar, Havana	—	12:00 M.
Comus, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
El Mundo, Galveston	—	12:00 M.

SAIL SUNDAY.

St. Paul, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Minnesotan, San Francisco	—	12:00 M.

By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., SEPT. 30.

SS St. Paul, Liverpool to New York, was 193 miles E. at 8:30 A. M.; due Oct. 1, forenoon. American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, N. Y.

SS El Cid, Galveston to New York, was 212 miles S. E. of Galveston Bar at noon.
SS Brilliant, Sabine to New York, was 25 miles N. of Diamond Shoals at noon.
SS El Norte, Galveston to New York, was 59 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.
SS El Alba, Galveston to New York, was 226 miles S. at 6 P. M.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville to New York, was 516 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Sabine, Mobile to New York, was 45 miles S. E. of Mobile Bar at 7 P. M.
SS Millinocket, Stockton to New York, was 107 miles E. of Ambrose Lightship at 7 P. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Manuel Calvo, at Barcelona, Sept. 23.
SS King Howd, at Marseilles, Sept. 25.
SS Mauri, at London, Sept. 30.
SS Trinidad, at Cardiff, Sept. 28.
SS Banter, at Malcendo, Sept. 28.
SS Jemtland, at Gothenburg, Sept. 28.
SS Kansas City, at Bristol, Sept. 29.
SS Chicago, at Bordeaux, Sept. 29.
SS Dwinsk, at Archangel, Sept. 29.

Sailed.

SS Lackawanna, from Belfast, Sept. 30.
SS Pathan, from Hongkong, Sept. 28.
SS Eibugin, from Santos, Sept. 29.
SS Philadelphia, from St. Nazaire, Sept. 29.

Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.

Hawaii and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Matsonia.....Oct. 1
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Mexico Maru..Oct. 3
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Lurline..Oct. 7
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand, and Australia, (except West) (via San Francisco)—Marama.Oct. 8

Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Great Britain and Ireland—Close at 7:30 A. M. Oct. 2, SS St. Paul.
France—Close at 11 A. M. Oct. 2, SS Espagne.
Belgium—Service suspended.
Greece—Close at 12 M. Oct. 1, SS Ioannina.
Liberia—No sailing at present.
Norway, Sweden, and Denmark—Close at 9 A. M. Oct. 7, SS United States.
Italy—Close at 7:30 A. M. Oct. 2, SS Stampalia.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

Applications for actuarial clerk, grade 3, will be received until 4 P. M., on Oct. 13. The subjects and weights are: Duties, 4; mathematics, 4; experience, 2. The duties are assisting in the adjustment of crude mortality rates prepared from tabulations in the computing department; constructing commutation columns; preparing annuity values and present values of pension benefits and working tables. The minimum age is 20 years. There is one vacancy in the Commission on Pensions. The salary is $1,080 a year.

United States.

The commission announces for Oct. 20 at the New York Custom House an examination for junior mechanical engineer, Grades I. and II., for men only, to fill vacancies as they may occur in the Interstate Commerce Commission under the act providing for the valuation of the property of common carriers. The following positions established under the above act will be filled from the register resulting from this examination: Junior mechanical engineer, Grade I., $1,200 to $1,680 a year; junior mechanical engineer, Grade II., $720 to $1,080 a year. In addition to the above salaries necessary expenses will be allowed when absent from headquarters in the discharge of official duties. Applicants for examination and appointment to either of the above positions are not debarred from taking any other examinations that may be offered. Persons employed in any of these positions are eligible for promotion to the next higher grade upon recommendation of their superiors and by passing an appropriate noncompetitive examination to meet the requirements of such higher grade. Appointments to these positions will be principally for field service. Competitors will be examined in: Theory and practice of mechanical engineering as applied to railway rolling stock and other machinery, and the mathematics used in this branch of engineering, including algebra, geometry, and trigonometry, but not including calculus; education, training, and experience. Applicants must have reached their twenty-first but not their thirty-sixth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

TO ATLANTIC CITY

by Daylight Ocean Route, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 9:30 A. M. Pier 40, North River, foot of West 10th St. Write or phone Spring 712 for Folder "R."

ATLANTIC CITY STEAMSHIP LINE.

ROUND TRIP $5.00 — CENTRAL R.R. OF N.J. — ONE WAY $3.00

For Highlands, Oceanic, Locust Point, Fair Haven & Red Bank. Week days, lve. Franklin St., Pier 24, 2:30 P. M.; Battery, 2:55 P. M. SUNDAYS, lve. Franklin St., 8:30, Battery, 8:55 A. M. Trolleys connect.

HARTFORD LINE

From New Pier 20, East River, foot of Peck Slip, daily except Sunday at 5 p. m. for CONNECTICUT RIVER LANDINGS.

Str. of Montauk S. B. Co. lvs. pier ft. 34th St., E. R., for Greenport and Sag Harbor Tues. and Thurs., 5:00; Sats., 1:00 P. M.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES, Pier 42, N. R., daily except Sundays, 6:30 P. M. Tel. Spring 1097.

TO NORTH JERSEY COAST RESORTS. Sandy Hook Route, New Jersey Central.

"NIAGARA TO THE SEA" by Canada S. S. Lines, Ltd., 182 Victoria Sq., Montreal.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The tropical storm has continued to move in a northnortheast direction, and Thursday night its centre was over Tennessee, while the pressure has risen decidedly and the violent winds have subsided in the region of its centre, yet this disturbance has caused general and heavy rains in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, Tennessee, and the lower Ohio Valley. Storm warnings have been lowered at Southern ports.

Moderate temperature continues throughout the country.

The weather will become overcast in New England Friday, and will be followed by rains Friday night and Saturday. In the Middle and South Atlantic States and the Ohio Valley, rains Friday will be followed by clearing weather Saturday. In the region of the great lakes the weather will be overcast Friday and, Saturday, with rain over southern portions. In the Gulf States generally fair weather will prevail Friday and Saturday.

Temperatures will not change materially over the eastern half of the country within the next forty-eight hours.

Winds for Friday and Saturday along the North Atlantic Coast will be moderate variable, becoming fresh east over the south portion; Middle Atlantic Coast, fresh and probably strong east and southeast; South Atlantic Coast, fresh south.

FORECASTS—TO-DAY AND SATURDAY.

Eastern New York, Southern New England, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania —Fair Friday and Saturday.

Western New York—Rain Friday and probably Saturday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1914.	1915.		1914.	1915.
3 A. M.	51	54	4 P. M.	67	67
6 A. M.	51	49	6 P. M.	62	60
9 A. M.	59	54	9 P. M.	58	59
12 M.	85	64	11 P. M.	56	57

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 58; for the corresponding date last year it was 58; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 62.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 61; at 8 P. M. it was 59. Maximum temperature, 67 degrees at 2 P. M.; minimum, 48 degrees at 6:15 A. M. Humidity, 69 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 72 per cent, at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.23 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.16 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M.		Loss.
12:10	606 W. 181 St.; Hy. Schlombohm.	Slight
12:45	444 W. 58 St.; Felix Muldoon...	Slight
9:15	435 E. 128 St.; Marg. Tuscellar..	Slight
10:15	105 E. 104 St.; Frank Geeler....	Slight
11:00	321 10 Av.; Robert Bibbs.....	Slight
11:10	379 1 Av.; Albert Zins.....	Slight
11:20	93 Cannon St.; Morris Leiben....	Slight
11:25	819 10 Av.; John Cerra.....	$20
P. M.		
1:00	301 W. 126 St.; Mrs. Irving.....	Slight
1:30	B'way & 135 St.; Van Buren Bill Posting Co.....	Slight
2:30	231 E. 29 St.; Abe Feinberg.....	$200
4:00	5,050 B'way; Haven Construction Co.....	$50
4:30	664 W. 161 St.; Hudson View Construction Co.....	Slight
4:40	358 E. 101 St.; L. Glinberg.....	Slight
4:45	228 E. 116 St.; Yetta Goldstein..	Slight
5:35	238 Henry St.; Sarah Goldberg..	Slight
5:55	69 Montgomery St.; Jacob Schovsky.....	Slight
6:45	95 1 St.; Bersard Ershowsky.....	Slight
7:00	452 W. 41 St.; Eugene King.....	Slight
8:30	80 Sheriff St.; Z. Essex.....	Slight
9:10	915 Jennings St.; Herman Doorman.....	Slight
9:10	341 E. 121 St.; David Kernan..	Slight
10:45	689 E. 224 St.; Henry D. Von Horskey.....	Slight
10:50	2,850 B'way; Samuel Beerman..	Slight
11:45	1,606 1st Av; Ernest Adler..not given	

SATURDAY SAIL

Str. "Albany" to Bear Mountain
WEST POINT $1 Round Trip
Newburgh and Return

Leaves Desbrosses St., 1:45; W. 42d St., 2:00; W. 129th St., 2:20 P. M. Ample time ashore at Bear Mountain or West Point. On return, due at W. 42d St., 9:20 P. M.

Restaurant. Music.
This trip made Saturdays, Oct. 2d and 9th.
Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses St. Pier. Tel. 4141 Spring, New York.

SPEND YOUR SUNDAYS SAILING ON THE HUDSON

To NEWBURGH or POUGHKEEPSIE & Return $1.00 Leave Pier 32 N. R., foot Canal St., 9:30 A. M.; W. 132d St., 10:00 A. M.
IN AUTUMN THE RIVER IS AT ITS BEST.

NEW YORK-ALBANY-TROY

Largest River Steamships in the World
SERVICE DAILY, INCLUDING SUNDAY.

CAPITAL CITY LINE—
Pier 32, N. R., ft. Canal St..5:30 P.M.
West 132d St. Pier.....6:00 P.M.
Fare, one way, $1; round trip, $1.50.
PEOPLES LINE—
Pier 32, North River.....6:00 P.M.
West 132d St.....6:30 P.M.
Fare, one way, $2; round trip, $3.50.
NIGHT EXPRESS—
Pier 32, North River.....9:00 P.M.
West 132d St.....10:00 P.M.
Fare, one way, $1.50; round trip, $2.50.
Special Daylight Service Sundays, leaving Pier 32, N. R., 9:30 A. M.; West 132d St., 10:00 A. M.
Tourist Auto Rates—$5.00 and $10.00 one way, $7.50 and $15 round trip.
TEL. SPRING 9400.

HUDSON NAVIGATION COMPANY

UP THE HUDSON BY DAYLIGHT

Eastern Steamship Lines
All-the-Way-by-Water

BOSTON Metropolitan Line Steamships
MASSACHUSETTS and BUNKER HILL
Lve. Pier 18, N. R., foot Murray St., every day 5 P. M. Due Boston about 8 A. M. Same service returning. Unsurpassed Express Passenger Service. Best facilities for handling Automobiles, Horses and Freight.
Passenger Service of the Metropolitan Line will be discontinued for the season as follows: Final Trip from Boston, Friday, Oct. 1; from New York, Saturday, Oct. 2.

Portland Maine Steamship Line Steamships
NORTH LAND and NORTH STAR
Lve. Pier 19, N. R., Tues., Thurs., and Sats. at 5 P. M. Time between cities about 22 hours.

Tkts. and information at Piers, also at all Tourist and N. Y. Transfer Co. Offices.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED.
BOSTON $2.80
Via Boat and Rail. ROUND TRIP $5.40.
PROVIDENCE Boat $1.75 Direct
ROUND TRIP $3.30.
COLONIAL LINE
First-class service, catering to the best people. Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 39, N. R., foot West Houston St. All Outside Rooms, $1.00 to $3.00. Wireless equipment. Uptown Office, Broadway and 23d St. Phone Spring 9491.

FALL RIVER LINE TO BOSTON $4.00
Lv. PIER 14, N. R., ft. Fulton St., Daily at 5:30 P. M. Music.
New London (Norwich) Line, Lv. Pier 40, N. R., ft. Houston St., week days only, 5:30 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., ft. E. 22d St., 6:00 P. M.

MANHATTAN LINE
To ALBANY
Fare $1.00 ROUND TRIP $1.50, GOOD 10 DAYS.
THROUGH TICKETS AND BAGGAGE CHECKED TO ALL POINTS.
Autos and Horses at Low Rates.
Steamers Lv. daily, Pier 39, North River, foot West Houston St., 5:30 P. M.; West 181st St., 6 P. M. Telephone 9226 Spring.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.25
Worcester, $2.00; Providence direct, $1.50. OUTSIDE STATEROOMS $1.00.
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M. From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman. City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y. Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway and 23d St.

50¢ 10:30 A.M. YACHT TRIP 2:30 P.M. 75¢
YACHT CLIFTON LEAVES FOOT WEST 42nd ST. Encircling City. Sight Seeing. Sat. & Sun. 25c add'l. Tel. Bryant 3638. Folders in all Hotels & Tkt. Offs.
Sight-Seeing Yachts
Lve. Battery Pier 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3373. To Sandy Hook and the Ocean, 1:30 P. M.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

ALEXANDER, MAX, (April 27, 1914;) net estate, $18,155; Mrs. Tlene Alexander, widow of decedent, was the beneficiary; assets, an equity, $7,875, in 1,620 Madison Av., appraised at $24,000; an equity, $1,853, in 1,729 Lexington Av., appraised at $9,000; deposits, $4,141; personalty, $25.

BAXTER, JOSEPHINE M., (July 18, 1914;) net estate, $9,594; May Miller Powers, stepsister, given $5,894; two nephews and a niece each received $1,000; assets, deposits, $2,530; mortgages, $4,300; stocks, $1,400; wearing apparel, $10; trust accounts, $2,892.

BIEDERMANN, Mrs. CAROLINE, (Nov. 8, 1914;) ne estate, $8,136; Katie H. Biedermann, daughter, given $8,986; Ernest Biedermann, husband, and two grandchildren each given $50; assets, equity, $2,500, in 427 E. 80 St., appraised at $18,000; equity, $4,000, in 564 W. 161 St., appraised at $11,500; deposits, $8,061; stocks, $16.

BOLEY, MORRIS, (Oct. 21, 1914;) net estate after deductions for debts and expenses, $15,279; Mrs. Bessie Boley, widow, beneficiary. Assets—Deposits, $8,203; insurance, $5,679; glove and hosiery business, 506 Broadway, $27,383.

BRANDT, ALBERT, (Feb. 20, 1914;) net estate, $31,306; Elizabeth Brandt, widow, beneficiary. Assets—Equities in five apartments of realty, $9,770; deposits, $611; notes and mortgages, $22,976.

BRANDT, WILHELMINA, (April 2, 1915;) net estate, $1,947; Anna Brandt, daughter, beneficiary. Asset—Deposits, $1,580; mortgages, $1,000.

BRENNAN, IDA F. P., (April 18, 1915;) net estate, $77,108; Samuel Lopez Pereira, step-father of decedent, $1,000 in cash and an annuity of $300; Williard Talson Ray, not related, $1,000; residuary estate to Erastus Hamilton, not related. Assets—Equity, $97,696 in Columbus Av., appraised at $98,500; deposits, $12,893; personalty, $628; mortgages, $12,177; stocks and bonds, $17,490.

BRIDGHAM, SAMUEL W., of East Providence, R. I., (Feb. 11, 1915.) Assets taxable in New York, 954 Fifth Av., appraised at $335,000, subject to deduction of $35,010 for dower; furniture and personal effects, $4,207, making gross New York estate $304,197; net New York estate after deductions for New York debts and administration expenses, $296,134. Mrs. Fanny Bridgham, widow, beneficiary.

BUBLA, JOSEPH, (Dec. 9, 1913;) net estate, $5,290. Mary Bubla, widow, and two sons, beneficiaries. Assets: Two lots at Jamaica, L. I., $2,000; deposits, $1,242; mortgages, $2,687.

CHARTRESS, CHARLES J., (Jan. 9, 1910;) net estate, $5,190. Estate passed to two children, shares unknown. Assets: Equity, $3,000, in 461-463 W. 150th St., appraised at $13,000; deposits and personalty, $1,382.

CLANCY, BRIDGET, (Feb. 14, 1915;) net estate, $8,800. Isabel Levers, niece, was given $8,528, and there were three other minor bequests. Assets: An equity, $7,325, in 70 W. 105th St., appraised at $19,500; lot on Staten Island, $25; deposits, $2,629, and personalty, $75.

CLARK, MARY JANE, (March 7, 1914;) net estate, $47,050. Mary Ellen Keys, daughter, given $10,326; Frances A. Merrifield, daughter, $10,326; Thomas B. Clarke, son, $10,230; William Addison Clarke, son, $5,952; Herman G. Clarke, son, $4,565; May Clarke, daughter-in-law, $1,460; Paul Irving Clarke, son, $4,837, and Eleanor Clarke, daughter-in-law, $1,293. Assets: Deposits, $100; notes, mortgages, and personalty, $15,552; stocks and bonds, $36,577.

COHEN, HARRIS, (Jan. 29, 1915;) assets, $1,957; no deductions. Mrs. Ida A. Cohen, widow, beneficiary. Assets: Interest, $1,435, in 362 Baltic St., Brooklyn, appraised at $11,000, and a junk business, 249 E. 56th St., $525.

CUMMINGS, PATRICK, (Oct. 6, 1913;) net estate, $1,443. Two nieces and a nephew beneficiaries. Assets: Two lots at Massapequa, L. I., $300, and deposits, $1,561.

DOODY, JOSEPH, (Jan. 15, 1915;) net estate, $4,113. Two grandchildren given $500 each and residuary estate passed to Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, 64th St. and Park Av.

DWYER, TIMOTHY, (March 18, 1914;) total assets, $11,410; net estate, $10,737. Mrs. Ada Dwyer, widow, given bulk of estate. Assets: Equity, $10,500, in 1,246 Second Av., appraised at $20,000; deposits, $385; personalty, $525.

FREEMAN, THOMAS B., of St. Louis, Mo., (Nov. 25, 1914;) value of entire estate not disclosed. Assets in New York State: A stock of wines and whiskies and furniture, $398; no deductions enumerated. Names of beneficiaries do not appear in report.

FOX, Mrs. HARRIOT, (March 19, 1915;) net estate, $46,417; George Henry Fox, husband, given $14,538; George Howard Fox, son, $7,363; Alanson G. Fox, son, $7,297; Adaline F. Russel, daughter, $7,337; Helen F. Trowbridge, daughter, $7,282; Charles L. Gibbs, brother, $2,000; small bequests to two cousins. Assets: Deposits, $99; notes and personalty, $1,444; stocks and bonds, $46,886.

GRIBBLE, JAMES, (Jan. 2, 1914;) net estate, $36,887. Mrs. Priscilla Gribble, widow, given furniture, $47, and a life estate in $13,000; William Gribble, son, given piano and $100; residuary estate and remainder estate of the widow to John Gribble and James Gribble, sons of decedent, and the five children of William Gribble. Assets: 352 East 87 St., appraised at $13,000; deposits, $3,841; personalty, $807; mortgages, $13,252.

HAMILTON, WILLIAM, of Pittsburgh, Penn., (Jan. 22, 1906;) value of entire estate not disclosed. Assets taxable in New York State: 100 shares American Locomotive Co. preferred, appraised at $11,900; 2,749 shares National Casket Co., $274,900, and 30 shares Colonial Assurance Co., $1,500; making gross New York assets $288,300; net New York estate, $279,081; Mrs. Mary Hamilton, widow, was given a life estate in the entire New York assets.

HAYS, MARY, (Feb. 17, 1914;) supplemental report.

HOFFMAN, EDWARD O., (Oct. 17, 1913;) debts and expenses $478, leaving no assets.

HULSEBUSCH, CHARLES F., (May 12, 1913;) net estate, $23,895; annuity of $300 provided for decedent's wife, Mrs. Victoria Hulsebusch, widow, given life estate in balance of estate. Assets

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Riverside Drive Purchase Near 152d Street—Edwin Gould Buys West Thirty-fifth Street Hotel—Bronx Apartment Sale—H. P. Whitney Leases Shore Front for Hydroplane Hangar.

The City Real Estate Company, evidently representing a builder or investor who contemplates an apartment house on upper Riverside Drive, purchased yesterday a large frontage on the easterly side of the Drive, between 152d and 153d Streets. The thoroughfare curves sharply toward the northwest from the former street and the property acquired begins 30 feet north of the 152d Street corner, fronting 137.7 feet on the Drive by 175 deep on the easterly line, running through to 153d Street, with a frontage of 100 feet there, and having a westerly line of about 81 feet.

The property was bought from the estate of C. R. Maltby and Miss Elizabeth R. Wellington, the latter being the daughter of Aaron H. Wellington, who formerly owned a large tract there. The 153d Street portion faces Trinity Cemetery, and the block below is improved with two six-story houses.

The deal was closed by David Stewart in conjunction with Bernard London.

Deal on West Thirty-fifth Street.

The Five Boroughs Realty Company, of which Edwin Gould is President, has added to its midtown realty holdings by the purchase of the six-story hotel at 147 to 151 West Thirty-fifth Street. The structure, which occupies a plot 66.8 by 100 by irregular, was sold by the Innovation Realty Company, M. S. Manness, President.

Harlem Tenement Sale.

G. Tuoti & Co. have sold for cash to a Staten Island investor for Isidor Brand the five-story tenement known as 229 East 107th Street, on a plot 25 by 100.11, between Second and Third Avenues.

Fifth Avenue Apartment House Loan Increased $100,000.

An additional loan of $100,000, at 6 per cent, to run until June, 1918, has been secured by the 907 Fifth Avenue Company from the M. S. C. Holding Corporation on the south corner of Fifth Avenue and Seventy-second Street, where a twelve-story apartment house is in process of erection on the former Cornelius Vanderbilt-James A. Burden properties.

They already carry two mortgages for $1,820,000, the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company having supplied $1,400,000 of this sum.

A Recent Buyer.

Herbert C. Gerlach of Ossining, N. Y., is the buyer of the private dwelling 36 East Seventieth Street, sold Wednesday by L. G. Frees.

1916 Tax Rolls Open Today.

The tax rolls, showing the valuations placed on real estate for the purpose of the 1916 tax levy, will be opened for inspection this morning. Application for reductions in assessments must be made to the Tax Commissioner before Nov. 1.

Bronx Apartment Deal.

Daniel H. Jackson of the D. H. Jackson Company has bought from William F. Gorman the five-story new law apartment house at 1,020 to 1,028 Simpson Street, about 200 feet from Westchester Avenue and the Simpson Street subway station, on plot 40x100. Ogden & Clarkson were the brokers.

This is the fourth apartment house that Mr. Jackson has purchased in that block within the past four weeks, among them being the Sinbar Court, at 906 to 914 Simpson Street, 150 by 105, and since resold to the Bronx Industrial Estates, a corporation formed by William Sussman and Edward Gibbs, to which title was passed yesterday.

Brooklyn.

The Jerome Property Corporation of Brooklyn sold 389 Fourth Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, a four-story single apartment house on a lot 28 by 100, for J. Stoerger to Mrs. E. Walker, who owns the adjoining property.

Louis Gold has sold the two-story and store brick building at the northeast corner of Flatbush and Parkside Avenues to Frederick Platt for investment.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for Henry Kettelhodt and others to the March Realty Corporation, a plot 160 by 100 on the southeast corner of Seventh Avenue and Fifty-fifth Street for immediate improvement with three-story brick stores and dwellings.

The Realty Association has sold a plot 200.6 by 131 on the north side of President Street, 100 feet west of Bedford Avenue, to Charles A. Chase, who will erect twelve one-family dwellings on the property. Mr. Chase recently purchased a similar plot adjoining on Union Street, which he has improved with high-class private houses, several of which have been sold.

The Realty Association also sold No. 1204 Union Street, between Rogers and Nostrand Avenue, a two-story brownstone dwelling, on lot 20 by 127.9, to Hobart W. Union, No. 1,208 Union Street, between Rogers and Nostrand Avenues, a two-story brownstone, 20 by 127.9, to Rebecca E. Theiss, and No. 330 Chester Street, near Dumont Avenue, a three-story single frame, on lot 20 by 100, to Hyman Krieger.

Meister Builders, Inc., have sold the one-family two-story stucco and hollow tile house, 1,135 Seventy-fifth Street, to a client for occupancy.

Long Island.

At North Richmond Hill, in the New Gardens section, Fire Commissioner Robert Adamson sold twenty-four lots to the Brooklyn Heights Land and Mortgage Company, which resold to Joseph and John Campbell and Loretta C. Cahill. The property fronts on Green and Gould Streets, Long Island Railroad, and Hillside Avenue.

In the Fourth Ward, Borough of Queens, the New York Suburban Land Company sold a plot 60 by 100 on Park Avenue to C. Betterley, and a plot 40 by 125 on Sterling Street to A. C. Young.

A client of Frederick Zittel & Sons has purchased from the Thompson Land and Water Company, 120 Fourteenth Street, Murray Hill, Flushing, a three-story dwelling and garage on a plot 75 by 200.

Whitney Lease for Hydroplane Hangar.

Cocks & Willets leased to H. P. Whitney five acres of land on Cow Bay, L. I., upon which he will erect a hangar for his new motor hydroplane. This property is near the Manhasset Bay Yacht Club and is admirably adapted for a hydroplane, having a marine railway running down to the water.

Bronxville Sale.

Fish & Marvin have sold for D. B. Lawrence the Stratford House at Lawrence Park West, Bronxville, to C. L. Reierson, formerly of St. Louis. It fronts on Sunny Brook and adjoins the Lawrence Park Country Club. The plot contains one large dwelling. It was held at $27,000.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for the Narrows Improvement Company, Inc., to W. Washington, the dwelling house, with lot 40 by 162, at Harbor View, Clifton, Staten Island.

New Jersey.

At Garwood, N. J., the New York Suburban Land Company has sold a plot 40 by 150 on Third Avenue to G. & A. Matarazzo and a plot 40 by 153 on North Washington Street to S. Rocca.

Sales in the Tuxedo Park tract, South Orange, have been made by the Crawley-O'Brien Company to Harry W. Barclay, Margaret C. Gray, Joseph I. Conlan and Anthony J. Mueller, who have acquired plots for residence improvement, and a new dwelling there has been bought by Robert W. Brown.

Famous Players Co. Lease Old Riding Academy.

As a moving-picture studio the Famous Players Film Company has leased the old Dickel Riding Academy building, 100 by 200, at 124 and 126 West Fifty-sixth Street, running through to 131 and 133 West Fifty-fifth Street. Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company negotiated the lease for William S. Mason, the owner of the property.

Commercial Leases.

Rice & Hill have leased for the Willard S. Burrows Company, as agents, to the Harry Blum Cigar Company the southerly store in the building at 1,204 to 1,210 Broadway for ten years.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., have leased for a term of years the store and basement at 24 and 26 West Twenty-fifth Street to the firm of Atlas & Bluhm, formerly of 105 Fifth Avenues, for the storage and sale of cotton goods.

Ogden & Clarkson have leased for the estate of David Frankenberg the entire building at 157 West Thirteenth Street, and for the Cross & Brown Company the store and basement at 1,875 Broadway to Senior Bros.

Private Dwellings Leased.

Worthington Whitehouse, Inc., has leased 37 East Fiftieth Street, a five-story dwelling, for S. A. Reed to Augustus Van Cortlandt; also the dwelling at 130 East Thirty-seventh Street for Grace T. Cumnock to Ross McPherson.

Douglas L. Elliman & Co. have leased for the Hanover Mortgage Company 124 East Thirtieth Street, a three-story house, to Mrs. G. Herring and Miss T. Saxon.

Pease & Elliman have rented for Mrs. E. L. Norton to Fernando Tanara the three-story residence at 216 West Seventy-fourth Street, and for Mrs. E. R. Osborne the four-story residence on the south corner of Riverside Drive and Eighty-third Street to Charles C. Deming.

Richmond Borough Wants a Subway.

The Staten Island Subway Conference, composed of the various civic organizations in the Borough of Richmond, has completed arrangements for a mass meeting in the interests of a subway to Staten Island to be held at Huguenot Park, Staten Island, on Thursday, Oct. 14.

Percival G. Ullman, Jr., a member of the Executive Committee of the conference, said yesterday: "The movement for a subway is rapidly engaging the public of this borough and outside people who have realty interest here. It has been rumored that private interests have inspected Staten Island and its connections with New Jersey for subway connections to and through the borough. I am also informed that banners in all towns throughout the borough will shortly be raised and that mass meetings are being formed for the purpose of presenting the subway matter to the people."

Real Estate Notes.

Shampan & Shampan have prepared plans for a high-class apartment house to be erected on the southwest corner of Avenue I and East Fourteenth Street, Flatbush, for Bernard Kempner, a Manhattan operator, who has entered the Brooklyn field with Jacob S. Glaser, under the name of the Rangeley Construction Company.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

5th Av, 324, w s, 25 ft n of 32d St, 15.11x100, five-story store and one-story extension; Livingston Phelps against Samuel Kurzman et al.; Stewart & S., attorneys; L. J. Conlan, referee; due, $130,813.08; taxes, &c., $1,571.10; J. Clendenning, for a party in interest, for $133,107.

By Joseph P. Day.

142d St, 312 West, s s, 175.8 ft w of 8th Av, 25x99.11, five-story flat; City Real Estate Co. against Rosa Kahl et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; A. G. Meyer, referee; due, $16,967.88; taxes, &c., $804.70; to the plaintiff, for $16,000.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Houston St, 249 East, s s, 37.6 ft e of Norfolk St, 18x75, three-story tenement and stores; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c., which Fishel Plancer had on Aug. 10, 1915, or since; Schlesinger & L., attorneys; to the plaintiff, Abraham Plancer, for $7,090.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By J. H. Mayers.

Bronx Park Place, s w corner of White Plains Road, 91.6x100x107.8x101.1; adjourned to Oct. 7.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

St. Nicholas Av, 691 and 693, for a one-story garage, 50x26; Barney Estate Co., 61 Broadway, owner; Kolb Portable Building Co., 30 Church St., architect; cost, $950.

Alteration.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

47th St, 243 and 245 West, to a five-story loft, Forty-seventh Street Realty Corporation, 232 West 25th St, owner; M. Muller, 115 Nassau St., architect; cost, $8,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, SEPT 30.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, s w corner 140th St, 99.11x100; Pauline D. Riggs et al to Surety Land Co., 2 Columbus Circle, (mtg $51,000,) June 15; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway.

AMSTERDAM AV, 2 and 4, n w corner of 59th St, 50.5x100; Edward Joyce to Edjoy Realty, Inc., 338 West 88th St, all liens, Sept. 29; attorney, John F. Joyce, 20 Vesey St. $100

ARDEN ST, 2, s w s, at n w s of Nagle Av, 129.6x50; W. S. Hill Realty Corporation to Sarah A. Pumdford, Fresco, N. J., (mtg $37,000,) Sept. 15; attorney, J. Harry Hill, 37 Liberty St. $100

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 180th St, 100x100; Howard N. Cole to White Cap Holding Co., in New York City; all liens, Sept. 29; attorneys, Menken Bros., 87 Nassau St. $100

HAVEN AV, w s, 362.10 ft s of 181st St, 50.8x102.2 to Riverside Terrace x 50 x 100.3, (foreclosure Sept. 17, 1915;) Richard C. Murphy, referee; to Carrie S. Weiss, 44 West 86th St, Sept. 29; attorneys, Goldsmith, C., C. & W., 61 Broadway. $15,000

LEXINGTON AV, 74, s e, 74 ft s of 20th St, 24.8x100; Annie E. Chase to Kate Blank, 1,219 Union Av, (mtg $32,000,) all liens, Sept. 28; attorneys, Elsman, L., C. & ..., 135 Broadway. $100

MACDOUGAL St, s e s, 115.8 ft n e of Spring St, 22x76.1; Zelick Feshkin to Goldie Feshkin, 8 Macdougal St, (mtg $13,000,) May 28. $1

WASHINGTON ST, e s, 48.11 ft n of Christopher St, 17.3x60; Betsy Rosenstein to George Wildung, 406 East 141st St, all liens, April 28; attorney, Abraham Wolff. $100

Lexington Av. $100

5TH AV, w s, 25.11 ft n of 118th St, 25x100; Hannah Friedman to Charwyn Realty Co., 135 Broadway, (mtg $23,000,) Sept. 27; attorney, Leo Schafran, 51 Chambers St. $100

5TH AV, 324, w s, 65.10 ft n of 3d St, 15.11x100, (foreclosure Sept. 30;) Lewis J. Conlon, referee, to John H. Aldenborg, 136 North Elliott Place, Brooklyn, Sept. 30; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St. $135,107

11TH AV, s e corner 37th St, 49.5x100; Edward Joyce to the Edjoy Realty Co., 338 West 88th St, all liens, Sept. 29; attorney, John F. Joyce, 20 Vesey St. $100

11TH AV, 670, e s, 50.2 ft n of 48th St, 25x100; Julia Bachrach to William Lustgarten & Co., Inc., 68 William St, all liens, Sept. 29; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co. $1

176 Broadway

7TH ST, n s, 225 ft e of 2d Av, 24.10x97.6; Federation of Bessarabian Organizations of United Bessarabian and Southern Russian Jews of America, 67 East 7th St, (mtg $22,500,) Sept. 29; attorney, Leo Lerner, 80 2d Av.

17TH ST, 180-34 West, s s, 425 ft w of 6th Av, 50x92; Max A. Singer to 130-134 West Seventeenth Street Co., Inc., 206 East 27th St, (mtg $90,000,) Sept. 25; attorney, Herman Goldstein, 36 Park Row. $12,000

70TH ST, 127 West, n s, 255 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x100.5; Sarah A. Punderford, Freneau, N. J., to the W. S. Hill Realty Corporation, 103 Park Av, (mtg $4,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, George H. Ittleman, 66 Graham Av, Brooklyn. $500

117TH ST, 121 West, n s, 250 ft w of Lenox Av, 18x100.11, (foreclosure Sept. 24;) Samuel S. Koenig, referee, to Margaret Kurzman, 604 5th Av, Sept. 30; attorneys, De Forest Bros., 30 Broad St. $5,000

152D ST, n s, 550 ft w of Broadway, 7.10 ft to n e s of Riverside Drive x70.2x irreg to 153d St x86.10; Hugh R. Kendall, Corning, N. Y., et al. to Edwin A. Walter, 67 Halleck Av, Brooklyn, all liens, Sept. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

153D ST, s s, 600 ft w of Broadway, 50x 98.3 to n e s of Riverside Drive x67.9x143.10; Elizabeth R. Wellington to Edwin A. Walter, 67 Halleck Av., Brooklyn, Aug. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

SAME PROPERTIES, 152d and 153d Sts; Edwin A. Walter to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, (mtg $61,000,) Sept. 29. $100

160TH ST, 546 West, s s, 419.11 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 14.6x99.11, (foreclosure;) Harold E. Lippincott, referee, to Jessie N. Stillman, 825 West 34th St, Sept. 29; attorneys, Beals & N., 1 Madison Av. $3,000

24.8x100; Annie E. Chase to Kate Blank, 1,219 Union Av, (mtg $32,000,) all liens, Sept. 28; attorneys, Elsman, L., C. & ..., 135 Broadway. $100

MACDOUGAL St, s e s, 115.8 ft n e of Spring St, 22x76.1; Zelick Feshkin to Goldie Feshkin, 8 Macdougal St, (mtg $13,000,) May 28. $1

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Lexington Av. $100

5TH AV, w s, 25.11 ft n of 118th St, 25x100; Hannah Friedman to Charwyn Realty Co., 135 Broadway, (mtg $23,000,) Sept. 27; attorney, Leo Schafran, 51 Chambers St. $100

5TH AV, 324, w s, 65.10 ft n of 3d St, 15.11x100, (foreclosure Sept. 30;) Lewis J. Conlon, referee, to John H. Aldenborg, 136 North Elliott Place, Brooklyn, Sept. 30; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St. $135,107

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176 Broadway

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70TH ST, 127 West, n s, 255 ft w of Columbus Av, 20x100.5; Sarah A. Punderford, Freneau, N. J., to the W. S. Hill Realty Corporation, 103 Park Av, (mtg $4,000,) Sept. 28; attorney, George H. Ittleman, 66 Graham Av, Brooklyn. $500

117TH ST, 121 West, n s, 250 ft w of Lenox Av, 18x100.11, (foreclosure Sept. 24;) Samuel S. Koenig, referee, to Margaret Kurzman, 604 5th Av, Sept. 30; attorneys, De Forest Bros., 30 Broad St. $5,000

152D ST, n s, 550 ft w of Broadway, 7.10 ft to n e s of Riverside Drive x70.2x irreg to 153d St x86.10; Hugh R. Kendall, Corning, N. Y., et al. to Edwin A. Walter, 67 Halleck Av, Brooklyn, all liens, Sept. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

153D ST, s s, 600 ft w of Broadway, 50x 98.3 to n e s of Riverside Drive x67.9x143.10; Elizabeth R. Wellington to Edwin A. Walter, 67 Halleck Av., Brooklyn, Aug. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

SAME PROPERTIES, 152d and 153d Sts; Edwin A. Walter to City Real Estate Co., 176 Broadway, (mtg $61,000,) Sept. 29. $100

160TH ST, 546 West, s s, 419.11 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 14.6x99.11, (foreclosure;) Harold E. Lippincott, referee, to Jessie N. Stillman, 825 West 34th St, Sept. 29; attorneys, Beals & N., 1 Madison Av. $3,000

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MORTGAGE LOANS.

2nd & 3rd

MORTGAGE MONEY

About $65,000 to Loan on MANHATTAN APARTMENTS. BERLE RENTING AGENCY, 3,883 B'way.

year; attorney, E. P. Orrell, Jr., 206 Broadway. $950

LOT 475, map of Van Nest Park; Sharry Goldberg to George Hauser, 1,678 Taylor Av, Sept. 29, due July 1-19, 5½ p. c.; attorney, C. H. Boschler, 1,120 Walker Av. $5,000

LOT 1,132, map of Wasserleid, s s, 20x100; Vito Arcelli to Giulia Vannocci, New Rochelle, N. Y., Sept. 15, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph L. Zocchi, 4,102 White Plains Av. $2,000

RYER AV, 2,004, e s, 15.9x104.2; Thomas Mulier et al. to Joaquin M. Aguero, 2,088 Valentine Av, Sept. 29, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $4,000

TIEBOUT AV, w s, 102.2 ft s of Fordham Road, two lots, each 50x100, two mtgs, each $6,000; Arden Construction Co. to Lockman & Podgur, 505 5th Av, prior mtg $38,000, Sept. 27, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway. $494

DE REIMER AV, e s, 457 ft n of Edenwald Av, 25x100; Mount Vernon Builders' Supply Co. against Alessandro Manro, owner; Frank d'Amore, contractor. $73

LIND AV, 956; Rudolph Kast against Highbridge Building Co., owner; Cusnman Candy Co., lessee and contractor. $127

TINTON AV, 1,116; Gustav Ernst against Adolphus Realty Corporation, owner and contractor. $614

VYSE AV, 2,125; Salvatore Perrotto against Simplex Improvement Corporation, owner; d'Amore & Lanzetta, contractors, (renewal) $947

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,592 to 1,596, and 7th Av, 782 to 790; Fleischmann Bros. Co. against Helen C. Juilliard et al., May 20, 1912, (cancelled). $10,979

55TH ST, s s, 80.6 ft w of Madison Av; Ernest A. Turner against Jeanette F. Parsons et al., May 6, 1915. $7,617

Bronx.

BRONXWOOD AV, e s, 89 ft n of 216th St, 25.1x103; John Tedeschi against Alfonso Rosati et al., Sept. 1, 1915. $66

142D ST, n w corner of Wales Av, 100x140; David Kraus against Ward Baking Co. et al., June 3, 1915. $900

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

Bronx.

FILLMORE ST, e s, 250 ft s of Morris Park Av, 25x95; George Hauser loans Sherry and Fannie Goldberg to erect one two-story dwelling. $5,000

TREMONT AV, s s, 123 ft e of Anthony Av, 66.6x100; Prospect Investing Co. loans Davidson Avenue Realty Co. to erect one five-story apartment. $46,000

166TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of Elton Av, 45x 99.9; Prospect Investing Co. loans Charles T. Streeter Construction Co. to erect one five-story apartment. $29,000

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

LAFAYETTE ST, s w corner of White St, 120.8x106.10x irregular; Borgia Brothers Co., Inc., against Hungerford Hallenbeck Realty Corp., (action to foreclose mechanic's lien;) attorney, Lyman Smith.

14TH ST, n e s, 231 ft n w of 2d Av, 20x 103.3; Myron L. Borg et al. against Equitable Realty Co. et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Leventritt, Cook & Nathan.

77TH ST, 133 and 135 East; Lorenzo Borriello against Terence J. Lynch et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Palmieri & Wechsler.

122D ST, n s, 180 ft e of 3d Av, 25x99.11; William H. Morgan against Morres Steinman et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. F. Stier.

140TH ST, 411 West; Mary Foley against Otto Mayer, (specific performance;) attorney, L. Schafran.

Bronx.

ANDREWS AV, 2,207; Emily Fowler et al., as executors and trustees, against Lillie E. Cleverdon et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. Kelly.

LOT 1,040, (westerly half,) Map of Village of Wakefield; also 197th St, n s, 226.2 ft e of Southern Boulevard, 12.5x100; Anna G. Doherty against James J. Doherty et al., (partition;) attorney, D. C. Broderick.

MORRIS AV, e s, 100 ft s of 179th St, 20x 100; Rudolf Seus against August Jacob et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Weschler & Kohn.

NORWOOD AV, e s, 144.8 ft s of 205th St, 50 x100; Alfred M. Bull against Marie M. Von der Linden et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. F. Schenck.

PUGSLEY AV, n w corner of Powell Av, 103.7x184.4; Magdalena Hess against Peter Handibode, Jr., et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wilson, Barker & Wager.

RAILROAD AV, e s, 275 ft s of Fletcher St, 25x150; Mary E. Duggan against Patrick J. Duggan et al., (partition;) attorney, F. J. Sullivan.

4TH ST, w s, 73.8 ft s of Ruskin St, 26.2x 99.8; Emma E. De Vinne et al. against Frank McGarry et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Quinde, Koch & Reidy.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On September 23, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above-named Court on behalf of the United States against thirteen thousand five hundred cases of canned vegetables and fruits upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court thereon, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares, and merchandise, or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on October 11, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

September 28, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal.

H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

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COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(c) This character means corpus or capias.

FEDERAL.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Naturalizations at 9:30 A. M.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Bankruptcy calendar at 2 P. M. in Room 328, P. O. Building, Brooklyn.

Subpoenas:

Re Raub Restaurant Co.

Discharges:

James A. Gilmour, Max Baldin, George Kaufman, Max Bronfman, Jean Brivaul, John C. Kluber, Philip C. Scherer, Eugene E. Petty, Lucien Knapp, Strysouer & Rosen et al.

Walter Des Rault, Muir C. Smyth, Jasper D. Burns, Gaulel Hoffeld, Joseph H. Garvey, John Carr.

Motions:

Brooklyn Consolidated Drug Co.

John Carr, Thomas Misiold, Simon Jeller, Morris Berkman and Isidor Miller, John C. Arthe, A. L. Kass, (2,) Harry A. Laeger, Bay Dredging and Contr Co., (2,) Charles Silverman, L. W. Schwenck, (2,) Max Kobre, Sarah Kobre, and Moses Ginsberg.

Steubenbord Bros., C. F. Fuchs, A. D. Matthews Sons, Inc., G. F. Stringer, (2,) W. J. England, Albert E. Levy, and Smithkin Brothers.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Re Holme, Neustadt (Jamaica Estates.
Re Griffin.
Re Hunt (Village of Otego.
Re Goodrich (Village of Otego.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Lehman, J.—Litigated motions.

Pescia (Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co.
Same (Ins Co of State of Pennsylvania.
Same (Prov-Wash Ins Co., (2.)
Same (Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co.
Same (Ins Co of State of Pennsylvania.
Weinstein (Rea.
Planten (Nat Nassau Bank, (2.)
Bezet (Bezet.
Re Underwood Computing Mach Co.
Re Putnam.
Re Met Realty Co.
Kaufman (Reich.
Re Fletcher.
Bernhard Eppig Brew Co (Board of Assessors.
Jacewicz (Jacewicz.
Yates (Philia & Rdg C & Iron Co.
Samsycka (same.
Schumosku (same.
Pavsvolsky (same.
Lukosewicz (same.
Krankoska (same.
Summon (Kimmel.
Magnus (U S Rubber Co.
Briegar (Travelstampe, Inc.
Hoisting Mach Co (Federal Terra Cotta Co.
Deserti (Deserti.
Rubenstein (Rubenstein.
Ruben (Standard Fur Dyeing Co.
Shepherd (Selbert.
Re Louis Bauer Co, Inc.
Sobel (Sobel.
Thompson (Thompson.
Rice (Star Co.
Kratochvil (Feigin.
Pappa (Wood.
Blauvelt (Blauvelt.
Veslie (Bush.
Link (Miller.
Helmel Const Co (Tacoma Const Co.
Buethe (Buckar.
White (White.
Cohn (Cohn.
Re Burns Bros. (Supt Banks.)
Haddad (Ruskid.
Herschaft (Bedford.
Davis (Davis.
Himowich (Moore.
Cunningham (Provid L Society.
Krotosky (Krotosky.
Lambert (Fisher.
Loberfeld (Loberfeld.
Pescia (Ins Co State of Penn.
Same (Prov-Wash Ins Co.
Same (Globe & Rutgers Fire Ins Co.

PART II.—Pendleton, J.—Ex parte business.

PART VI.—Recess.

PARTS III., IV., V., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Recess.

PARTS III., IV., V., VI., VII., VIII., IX., X., XI., XII., XIII., XIV., XV., XVI., XVII., and XVIII.—Adjourned for the term.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, Motion calendar:

James A. Nocton, George H. Dunham, Anna H Sparling, inf, Chas E Sparling, inf, Patrick J Downey, Robert S Blackburn, Teresa Calabrese, Martin Murray, Bridget A Mulvihill, Maurice Weinhausen, John Papacosta, Felix Armentero, Ellen Gilbert, Sarah W Kathan, Nathan Cohen, Edward Rafter, Ernest Kaufmann, Max Rechnitzer, (2,) Robert I Brown, (3,) Annie K Dale, Lilly Drake, &c, Mrs Reynolds, Ellen McCabe, Bally Cahen, Herman Freund, Julia Goldberg, Henry Klatte.

S.—At 10:30 A. M. Samuel Meyers, Max Flatauer, Julia C Brigham, Pauline Eberhardt, Thomas Manahan, Margaret E Manahan, Eliza Dwyer, Carl Hendrickson, Achille Vonderscheer, James Tee, Ann McGuirk, Raimund Rybicka, Anna Spelman, Nahum Hexter, Marjory Mill, Catherine Dowling, &c, Emily A Werch, Mauritz Lindbergh, Wills for probate: Ferdinand Suizberger, Kate Hasthkopf, Margaret T Rodney, A Jay Brunswig, Charles Hall, Edward D Farrell, Emaline Wickes, Harriet S Baines, Frances L Taylor, Joseph P Patenande.

TRIAL TERM—Adjourned for the term.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—Litigated motions.

Newman (Nuttrell.
Argnewich (Haimowits
Jarvis (Int Agents'
Dyer Assn.
Coopersmith (Maged.
Summergrade (McAdams.
Gordon (Fuss.
NY Produce Ex Bk (Stirn.
Spiegel (Mendlowich.
Eastman Machine Co (Balkon.
Berger (House.
McHale (Foster.
McKeown (Foster.
Harris (Foster.
Schuster (Netschert.
Schneider (Curric, (2.)
Gradus (2d Av Am Co.
Moore (Powers.
Schoendorf (Kurzrok.
Stopper (Rosenthal.
Graussman (Mardece Con Co.
Salver Music Roll Machine Co (S A B Mod Mfg Co.
Cohen (Sperling & S.
Salomons (Steinhardt.

Hopkins (New Era Producing Co.
Goldberg (S Mills Bldg Co.
Brownstein (Singer S Machine Co.
European Leather Goods Co (Gress.
Brinberg (Sherman.
Eitelberg (Success Cone Co.
La Camina (C Hensle Pty Co.
Vyne (Masson.
Galanos (Psaki & Co.
Melnick (Furman.
Security Bank (Schmidel, Jr.
Roberts (Yellow Taxi.
Troyon (O'Connell.
Forbes (Ward.
Schneider (Conway.
Lader (Savage.
Gibney Tire & Rubber Co (Watson.
Bimboni (McCormack.
MacNamara Feature Film Co (Feeley.
Kmeth (Witosky.

PART II.—Allan, J.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—PART I.—Ransom, J.—No day calendar.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to Trial Term, Part II., for trial, No day calendar.

PART II.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M.—No day calendar.

PART III.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar. No day calendar.

PART IV.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

PART V.—Lynch, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

PART VI.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

PART VII.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

PART VIII.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

Referee Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Weeks, J.—Hart (Sachs—Charles J McDermott.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Pendleton, J.—N Y Say Bank (Celia Schwartzreich, Jacob Katz, Maximilian Fischman Co (Hammerstein Opera Co—Stewart D Preston.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.

On September 24, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named Court on behalf of the United States against 612 Sacks of Horse Beans upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on October 11, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time said place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal.

September 24, 1915.

H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department.—Jenks, P. J.; Carr, Stapleton, Mills, Putnam, JJ. Enumerated day calendar at 10 A. M.

House (NY, W & B RR.
Eddery (I R T Co.
People (Martin.
Same (Anderson.
Same (Nucera.
Gates (Empire City R Association.
Reilly (Sulzback.
Flad (Woods.
Sanborn Map Co (Closer.
City of New Rochelle (N R Coal Co.
Stoddard (Kelly, (4.)
Re Kelly.
March (Lehigh Coal Co
Re Tournier.

Reilly (NY, NH & H RR.
Re Greifenstein.
Austin Nichols Co (McDowell.
Matthews (Twlsbridge.
Re Nager.
Dooley (Penn Pub Co.
Maguire (Edison Elec Co.
Theraason (Thompson.
Brasier (Steiner.
Cornell (Childs.
Colligan (CNY.
Decker (Vreslam.
Ebbesen (CNY.
Lavin (Cudlitzky.
Underhill (Phipps.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Clark, J.—Motions.

Carter (C I & B R R.
Price (same, (2.)
Peterson (same.
Mandelia (same.
Olsen (N E R R Co.
Delany (same.
Van Dyke (same.
Monahan (B H R R Co
Ingler (same.
Graham (same.
Forte (same.
Goldberg (same.
Olsen (Y M Y Jn Ry.
Maoli (Jacobs & Davies, Inc.
Olsen (same.
Kleinlein (S, Q Co & S R R Co.
Falke (Falke.
Thursby (Leeds.
Clarke (Faber.
Nat Nas

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A Magnificent City Residence

For Sale or To Let

Located at 45 WEST 74th STREET, between Central Park West and Columbus Avenue. Lot size 20' x 102' 2". House size 20' x 60'. Four stories and basement with four-story extension to rear line.

Large, light, cheerful dining and drawing rooms. Seven bedrooms, three baths, four dressing rooms, library. Decorations throughout in rare good taste. Commodious servants' quarters. Excellently arranged for entertaining. Den that can be used for library or office. Easily accessible to all transit lines. Inspection at any time. Caretaker on premises. Immediate possession.

A Dwelling
Near Riverside Drive
For Sale
At a Very Low Figure.
350 West 87th St.

A limestone and brick Dwelling of superior construction.
Size 20x60x102.2.
PRICE $35,000.
Full Particulars.
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72d St.

We Want a Cash Bid for 32 Greene St.

Size 24 feet 7 inches x 100; five-story and basement building, in good order; all rented. Owner will consider any reasonable offer. Full commission to brokers.
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$5,500 WITH GARAGE

Open Fireplace, Steam Heat (American Radiator Company's Ideal Boiler), Parquet Floors, Electric Lights, &c. Most artistic, best built homes in Greater New York for the money. Beautiful decorations. High-class, restricted community; only 2 minutes' walk from Kings Highway Station of new Sea Beach subway. NOW RUNNING from Municipal Building, N. Y. Fare, 5c.

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SCARSDALE, 5 Minutes of Station. Fine stucco dwelling; 11 rooms, 3 baths; every convenience. Fine shade. Rent $1,800, unfurnished. To desirable tenants owner would rent at same price furnished.
SCARSDALE, N. Y.
ANGELL AND CO. Office, Station Park. Tel. 300—Scarsdale.

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Above house for sale in Port Washington, 36 minutes Penn. Terminal. 10 large rooms, 2 baths, 4 toilets, open fireplaces, new hot water system. Electricity and gas. 200 feet frontage. Wide verandas. Fine views Manhasset Bay. Pure water. Eight minutes' walk to depot, less to beach. For accessibility and desirability cannot be surpassed. Convenient terms to desirable party, or might rent furnished.

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On 80-ft. Boulevard; all improvements; water, gas, electric lights; sidewalk, curb, shade trees, fire hydrants, electric and gas street lights; $30.00 per front foot, worth $75.00. OWNER, 243 West 34th Street, New York City, or 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opposite Flatbush Avenue Depot.

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All city improvements, from $2,750 to $500 on plots from 40 to 80 ft., less than 40 minutes from New York, on very easy terms. Call or write, Owner, 243 West 34th Street, New York City, or 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opposite Flatbush Avenue Depot.

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on 14th and 15th Streets, bet. Broadway and Fifth Av.
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133 WEST 72D STREET.
MODERN BUILDING FOR
PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS
Single and Double Suites.
Inquire Superintendent.

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.

On September 27, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named Court on behalf of the United States against One Carload of Horse Beans upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food & Drugs Act., June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on October 18, 1915, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned. THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.

September 27, 1915.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

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7 Rooms and Bath

Unfurnished, one block from subway, "L" and surface lines. $40 to $45 per month. Excellent appointments throughout. Hardwood floors, electric light in rooms and in clothes closets, etc. Meals served in rooms as desired. Apartment and valet service. Washing, mending, etc., at slight cost. Call, telephone, or write for booklet showing plans.

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New Fireproof
12-Story Apartments
6-7-8 Rooms
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$1400 $1900
Management of Owner
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MANHATTAN—West Side.

320 West 87th St.
High Class Fireproof Apartment,
8 rooms, 3 baths, $2,400.
10 rooms, 3 baths, $2,500 to $3,000.
Most refined and delightful Apartments, in high-class private house neighborhood.
749 West End Av.
High Class Apartment House,
7 rooms, foyer, 3 baths, $1,500 to $1,900;
5 rooms, foyer, 1 bath, $1,000 to $1,300.
Light on all four sides.
Frank L. Fisher Co.,
148 West 72d St.

498 West End Av.
Southeast Corner 84th St.
New Fireproof
12-Story Apartments
6-7-8 Rooms
$1,600 to $2,400
Management of Owner.
Superintendent on Premises.

36
Central Park South
Between 5th and 6th Aves.
Overlooking lake section of Central Park.
ALL CONVENIENCES OF A MODERN HOTEL AND APARTMENT HOUSE COMBINED
New 14-story high-class Apartment House; steel construction; absolutely fireproof; three high-speed elevators.
ONLY TWO APARTMENTS LEFT.
1-2 Rooms and 1 Bath,
1-3 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Dining Room on First Floor. Service in Rooms if Desired.
Geo. K. Rose, Treas. & Resident Mgr.

Robert Burns
254 West 98th St.,
bet. West End Ave. and Broadway.
HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS.
Two Front Apartments Left
8 Rooms & Bath, $1,400
All Large and Light.
Special terms to desirable tenants
Apply to Superintendent, on Premises.

West End Av. Apartments
7 and 8 rooms with bath.
$60 up.
841 West End Ave. Cor. 101st Street.
Apply on Premises, or
SLAWSON & HOBBS,
162 West 72d Street.

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59 WEST 89TH ST.
69 WEST 89TH ST.
RENT, $1,700 EACH.
Three-story brownstone houses; two-story extension; 11 rooms, 2 baths; very desirable.
331 WEST 88TH ST.
RENT, $2,500.
Four-story and basement whitestone dwelling; bay windows; 14 rooms, 3 baths; electric light; parquet floors; very desirable.
OTTO DENCKER,
503 5th Av. Tel. 8977 Murray Hill.

16 EAST 75TH STREET
Four-story brownstone Dwelling, 25x100, for rent, furnished or unfurnished, for a term of years. Electric light, open plumbing, hardwood floors. French doors between hall, drawing room and dining room. Usual commission to brokers.
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APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

166 West 72nd St.
AN APARTMENT OF FOUR ROOMS, all outside, consisting of large living room, 24x15.6; bedroom, 18.6x18.6, also dining room. Tiled kitchen with ice refrigeration, and particularly fine bathroom with alcove shower and needle bath. If two bedrooms are required, the living room can be utilized as a combination dining and living room. This apartment is sumptuously furnished and will be leased for the winter at $250 per month. Maid service if desired.
APPLY TO MANAGER ON PREMISES.
Telephone 7640 Columbus.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished

Golf at Your Door.

Owner whose business calls him to another city will rent choice residence, 15 rooms, 3 baths, every improvement, billiard room, etc., 13 miles from New York, one block from station; magnificent view; adjoining golf club; an excellent opportunity; references required. Rent $150 per month, or will rent partly furnished if desired. L 312 Times Downtown.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

Bachelor Apartments
THE BERWYCK
65-69 West 54th Street
TWO ROOMS & BATH
RENTS, $480-$720
CONVENIENT TO THE UNION AND UNIVERSITY CLUBS.
DOCTOR'S OFFICE, $900
APPLY TO
HERMAN L. R. EDGAR
81 Nassau Street

166W.72dSt.
Superb Apartments
3 Rooms and bath, $900 to $1400
4 Rooms and bath, $1400 to $2000
EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE
Unobstructed light. Particularly fine bathrooms with tiled alcove shower. Kitchens are tiled and exceptionally well appointed. Ice refrigeration. Service of highest standard. Location and accessibility unsurpassed. Maids' service if desired. MAID'S ROOM, $120 PER ANNUM.
MANAGER ON PREMISES.

AVONMORE
2,131 Broadway, at 74th Street
Beautifully Appointed Apartments,
7 & 8 Rooms, $1,100-$1,800
Southern Exposure.
Within 2 blocks of 72d St. Subway Station
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

RAYMORE
1 West 68th Street,
Corner Central Park West.
3 ROOMS AND BATH
$62.50 and $75
Apply on premises, or
BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

THE ANICO,
1690-1696 B'way (cor. 53d)
Two, three, five, eight rooms, extra large; high-class elevator building; parquet floors throughout; seven, eight rooms, have three master's baths; $50, $65 to $125.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 76th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath; 2 elevators; night and day passenger service; steam dryer; convenient all traction lines; $1,200-$1,500. Supt. on premises.

NEAR CENTRAL PARK
15 W. 108th St.
Large, light 6 rooms, bath; telephone, electricity, near "L," subway; all improvements; inducements; $35. Hall boy on premises.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
SPENCER ARMS
S. E. Cor. Broadway & 69th St.
2, 3 & 4 ROOMS
or larger combinations — maid service included, and meals served in apartments.
Every room with permanent outside light and large closet space.
Most convenient location in city.
RENTAL, $70 to $125.
Chas. F. de Casanova, Agt., on premises, or your own broker.
Tel. Columbus 3996.

THE MAJESTIC
St. Nicholas Ave., S. E. Cor. 145th St.
7 & 8 Rooms & Bath
Rental $720 to $1,000
Large, light rooms, complete elevator and telephone service.
All modern conveniences. Close to Subway and Elevated lines.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO. 299 Madison Ave.
Tel., Murray Hill—1481. Renting Agent on Premises.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE
=640-644=
141st-142d Sts.
12-Story Fireproof Apartment House. Something more than a mere apartment. Unexcelled location.
4, 5, 6 and 7 ROOMS
2 and 3 BATHS.
Every modern improvement.
Excellent elevator service.
Superior steam heating plant.
Private laundries.
Large, bright, airy rooms.
Efficient Day and Night Service.
Moderate Rentals
AGENT ON PREMISES.
Phone 6990 Audubon.

—THE CAMBRIA—
347-351 West 55th St.
2 Rooms, Bath and Kitchenette,
Unfurnished.
$50 to $67.50 per Month.
Furnished, $60 to $77.50.
J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.
299 Madison Ave.

DORILTON.

MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE
Unusual sunny exposure. Express subway station 100 feet away. Free electric light and refrigeration. Three vacancies only, 7 and 9 Rooms at $3,200 to $3,800. Write or telephone for leaflet.
BROADWAY & 71ST ST.

160 W. 95th St.
New 9-story fireproof apartments. Southern exposure.
5 Room Apartment 6 Rooms, Ground Floor, $1,025
JULIUS TISHMAN & SONS,
18 East 41st St. Tel., 7518—Murray Hill.

309 West 86th St.
NON-HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING.
1 ROOM and bath $540
2 ROOMS and bath $810 to $870
MAID SERVICE INCLUDED IN RENT.
RESTAURANT.
Manager, on premises. Tel., 8280—Schuyler.

The Sherwood
2790 Broadway—107-108 Sts.
Exceptionally Large, Light Rooms.
One Seven-Room Apartment.....$1,100
One Eight-Room Apartment.....$1,250
Inquire Superintendent.

14 to 20 W. 107th St.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
4 to 8 Extra Large, Light Rooms, $35 to $65
Best in New York at Price

73 WEST 92D ST.
PRIVATE HOUSE BLOCK.
8 Large Rooms, $60.00
Beautifully decorated; abundant closet space. Short walk to all transit lines and prettiest part of Central Park.
Agent on premises or
KEMPE & CO. 87th St.-Broadway. Schuyler 5610.

57 W. 57th Street
We offer a few small studio and living apartments, furnished or unfurnished; 2 or 3 rooms, bath and hall; elevator, steam heat, electric and gas lights, fireproof equipment, telephone and exceptional restaurant. Rates $75 and upwards. Includes maid and man service. Yearly lease and references required. Brokers recognized. H. T. GALPIN.

65 Central Park West
North Corner 66th St.
Exceptionally Fine Apartment,
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS
Overlooking park; large, light, airy rooms; modern elevator house; rent very reasonable to desirable tenant. Apply Supt.

9 LARGE ROOMS.
All outside corner, high-class, modern elevator; exceptionally refined; owner resides on premises; restricted avenue.
WESTWOOD & CLIFFEWOOD COURTS,
West 179th Street,
on Fort Washington Avenue.

THE ADRIAN,
58 West 72d.
Eight large, light rooms, bath; parquet floors, electric light; elevator service day and night; convenient subway, elevated, and surface lines. $1,100-$1,300. Inquire Superintendent.

The Sevillia
Apartment Hotel, 117 W. 58th St.
Apartment of 2 rooms and bath; also one 3 rooms and bath, unfurnished, from Oct. 1st.
51st St., 353 W., 8 Rooms, Bath.
Especially large, light, beautifully decorated, quiet, well kept, conveniently located house. Superintendent, premises, or
WALDRON & FREEMAN, 489 5th Av.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

288 WEST 92D ST. NEAR BROADWAY.
8 ROOMS, BATH | Large Pantry and Closets. Elevator, Phone | 2 Toilets, $900-$1,050.
THE MARION
2612 BROADWAY (98TH ST.)
5-6 Rooms & Bath, $570 to $930.
Fireproof elevator house, all improvements.
IRVINGTON 407 Central Park West
At 100th St., facing Park. Elevator house.
8 Rooms & Bath, 2 Toilets, $77.50 to $85.
200-202 WEST 78TH ST.
8 Rooms & Bath, $60.
Hall service, steam heat, hot water.
Broadway **REMCO** 98th Street.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

GLEN CAIRN
270 Riverside Drive,
Corner 99th St.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,600 to $1,700.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,100.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $2,300 to $2,500.
12-story fireproof; most complete housekeeping apartments on the Drive. Overlooking a magnificent part of Hudson and Palisades.

RAYMORE COURT
232-238 West 106th St.,
Near Riverside Drive.
6-7 Rooms.
All Outside Chambers.
An elevator apartment house of the highest class; the very newest in apartment house construction.

CHESBURNE
91 Fort Washington Ave.,
Corner 162d Street.
4-5-6 Rooms, Rents $540 to $840.
A magnificent new elevator apartment, on a tree-lined avenue, overlooking Hudson and Palisades. All outside, sunny apartments.

Orinda & Amazon
522 to 530 West 157th St.
5-6-7 Rooms.
Elevator. Subway Express corner. All large rooms; all latest improvements; at greatly reduced rentals.

Berlin Renting Agency
Broadway, Cor. 162d St.
'Phone, Audubon—7478.

A Good Place to Live
40 East 62nd Street
Between Park and Madison Avenues
7 rooms, 3 baths and extra servants' quarters if desired.
Rooms unusually large and light.
For particulars you are invited to apply on the premises or to
American Real Estate Company
Owners
527 Fifth Avenue Murray Hill 4480

Manhattan Av. & 123d St.
Near 125th St. "L" and Subway.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
2-3-4 & 5 Rooms
Kitchens and Kitchenettes,
$28 to $60 Per Month.
Large Rooms, Unusual Closet Space.
'PHONE 3927 MORNINGSIDE.

420 W. 119th St.
THE IRADELL
High-Class Elevator Apartments.
2, 3, 4 & 5 Rooms & Bath
KITCHENS AND KITCHENETTES.
$32 to $60.

See the Exceptional Values we offer in these ELEVATOR HOUSES
THE GARFIELD 200 Claremont Av. at 127th Street 5-6 Large, Light Rooms
THE SPENCER 523 West 121st St. near Broadway 4-5-7 Large, Light Rooms
Rentals $45 to $70
Representatives on premises, or
M. M. HAYWARD & CO.,
2640 Broadway. Phone River 9084

AMHERST
204 West 110th St.
8 ROOMS $1,700 PER ANNUM
3 BATHS
Apply on Premises, or
Bing & Bing, 119 W. 40th St.
Tel. Bryant—6410.

610 WEST 115TH ST.
Modern fireproof building, near Riverside Drive; large, bright rooms; every modern improvement; superior service; subway express station one block.
3 Rooms kitchenettes and bath $47.50 to $52.50
4 Rooms and bath $50.00
5 Rooms and bath $67.50 to $75.00
Representative on premises. Tel., 3835—Morn.

536 W. 111th St.
Modern fireproof building, adjacent to Broadway. Superb Apartments, large, light rooms. Appointments and service of highest standard.
7 Rooms and 2 baths, $1,100 to $1,250
APPLY MANAGER ON PREMISES.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
355 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside, light and air. Apply to janitor.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. | APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

NEW APARTMENTS
ONLY A FEW LEFT

993 PARK AVE.
Cor. 84th St.
10-11 Rooms, 3 Baths.....$2,800-$4,300

1,155 PARK AVE.
Cor. 92d St.
8 Rooms, 3 Baths.....$1,900
10 Rooms, 3 Baths.....$2,700-$3,100
12 Rooms, 4 Baths.....$3,200-$3,900
Larger Suites can be arranged.
An apartment furnished by Messrs. H. F. Huber & Co.
Open for inspection in each house.
ALSO
BRENTMORE
88 CENTRAL PARK WEST
Cor. 69th St.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths—Duplex.....$4,000
Apply on premises or at the Office of Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St. Tel. 6410—Bryant.

161 East 79th Street
Near Lexington Avenue
New Building Now Ready for Occupancy
Two apartments on a floor, each occupying whole width of plot.
Large sunny rooms.
7 and 8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $1,900 to $2,500
Two Doctors' Apartments,
3 and 4 Rooms, $1,000-$1,200
PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents
340 Madison Avenue
'Phone, Murray Hill—6200.

West Side, Above 110th Street.

521-3W.112
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDINGS
ATTRACTIVE RENTS.
UNUSUAL ARRANGEMENT.
NO LONG HALLS.
5 Rooms, 1 Bath.....$65
6 Rooms, 1 Bath.....$75
7 Rooms, 2 Baths....$90, $100
Representative on Premises.
Or
CHARLES P. L. HUSTON CO.
Tel. 6860 M. H. 15 E. 40th St.

WARREN HALL
404 West 115th St.,
Charming location, overlooking Morningside Park and near Columbia University.
High Class Elevator Apartments.
Mail Chute and all improvements.
One 7-room Apartment, $70
One 6-room Apartment, $60
AGENT ON PREMISES.

THE HYPERION
320 West 84th St.,
Bet. West End Ave. and Riverside Drive.
Beautiful 8-room and 2-bath Apts. in the choicest locality on the upper west side.
Rents, $1,100 to $1,200.
Liberal Concessions.
Agent on premises or
Louis Kempner & Son,
2,443 Broadway, at 90th St.

8 Rooms and Bath
RENTALS $65 & $70
Extra Maid's Lavatory.
Modern Elevator.
All Improvements.
42 West 120th Street
Overlooking Mt. Morris Park.
Houghton Company,
200 West 72d St. Col. 280.
or Superintendent on Premises.

Axton Court
622 West 141st St.,
RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Modern Fireproof Elevator Apartment; Excellent Service.
Only One Apartment Left 5 Rooms $65
Agent on Premises.

VELASQUEZ-GOYA
605-611 WEST 156TH ST.
New High Class Elevator Apartments, directly opposite Spanish Museum grounds.
6 & 7 Rooms, 2 Baths
RENTS VERY REASONABLE.

THE OSTEND
N. E. Cor. Broadway & 112th St.
9 and 10 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS
High-Class Elevator House $1200-$1600
EXCEPTIONAL VALUE
Apply SUPT. ON PREMISES.

123d ST., 510-518 & 543 West.
COLUMBIA COURT
TRANQUILLITY, DIGNITY & COMFORT.
3, 4, 5, 6 rooms; modern elevator apartments; all conveniences; rents $32 to $45.

Parthenon and Hesperus
117th to 118th St. and Manhattan Ave.
Most convenient location in city; elevated express trains two blocks; 2, 4, and 6 rooms; rents, $30 to $65; restaurant.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

Very Attractive Apartment
Entire Floor, Consisting of
3 LARGE ROOMS, BATH, &c.
Large Closets. Apply to
GEO. R. READ & CO.,
3 EAST 35TH ST.

MON BIJOU
210 East 17th St.
5 rooms, all improvements, electric light, hell service, telephone; $38.

CORONADO
Northwest corner Park Av., 81st St.; high-class elevator apartment, 7 and 8 rooms. Rents $900, $1,200 yearly.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

587 Riverside Drive
Corner 136th St.
7 and 8 Rooms.
Rental $960 to $1,380.

1,100 Park Ave.
Corner 89th St.
9 Rooms.
Rental $1,600.
EDGAR A. LEVY,
505 Fifth Ave.
Telephone 6960—Murray Hill.

Non-Housekeeping Apartments
A few Apartments available for fall renting, 1, 2 and 3 large, airy, outside rooms with bath; modern in detail. Day and night attendance. Vacuum cleaning system, maid service, mail chute, open fireplaces, ample closet room. Meals served in apartments. Agent always on premises. 'Phone, Plaza—6070.
Rents, $600 to $1,320.
507 Madison Avenue. At 53d St.

114East84thSt.
Near Park Av.
New Fireproof Apartments
Two Apartments
7 Rooms, 3 Baths, $1600
Service Elevator, Individual Storage Rooms, etc.
Apply
DOUGLAS ELLIMAN, 421 Madison Av., or S. A. HERZOG, 299 Madison Av.

122 E. 76th St.
Near Park Av.
New 9-Story Fireproof Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms
Rentals $1,950 to $2,200.
Douglas L. Elliman & Co., Inc.,
AGENTS,
421 Madison Avenue, at 48th Street.
Telephone, Murray Hill—6600.

27 East 62d St.
Unusual
4-Room Housekeeping Apartments.
Rentals $1,000-$1,200.
Only 2 left.
Apply on Premises, or
HARRIS & VAUGHAN, Inc.
569 5th Avenue.
Tel. 31 Murray Hill.

515 Madison Ave. CORNER 53RD ST.
7 Rooms and two baths $2500 per annum
11 Rooms and three baths $3800 per annum
Also furnished, 11 rooms and 3 baths, $3,500 for season.
MARSTON & CO.,
30 East 42d St. Tel. Murray Hill 540.

PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Av. Tel. Murray Hill 6200.

109-111 East 56th St.,
2 Rooms and Bath.
Large, light rooms, elevator, room service; 1 Studio Apartment with skylight, fireplace and balcony.

61-69 EAST 86TH ST.
Choice apartments, 5, 6, 7 rooms; most accessible location in Yorkville; elevator service.

BROOKLYN.

MOST CONVENIENT
and
EXCLUSIVE APARTMENTS
IN BROOKLYN.
2 Rooms and Kitchenette.....$35.00
3 Rooms and Bath..... 50.00
Large rooms, ample closets; southern exposure; service, electricity, and gas included in rent.
Resident Manager on Premises.
POUCH MANSION, 345 Clinton Avenue.

City Property

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Real Estate.

Clifford B. Harmon & Co., Real Estate, Vanderbilt Avenue Bldg., opposite Grand Central.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
Real Estate. 149th St. and 3d Ave.

JERE JOHNSON, JR., CO., AUCTIONEERS, 187 B'way, N. Y., 193 Montague St., B'klyn.

LOTON H. SLAWSON COMPANY,
171 Madison Avenue, New York.

ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, 14 WALL ST.
MORTGAGE LOANS.

MARK RAFALSKY & CO.,
56 West 45th Street. Tel. Bryant 7343.

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

Twelve-room dwelling and garage, block from "L," fine neighborhood; lot, 80x112; great chance; owner must sell 10 days. Call Edward Polak, Inc., 587 Tremont Av., near 3d Av.

Real Estate For Sale.

For Sale or To Rent—The valuable properties No. 56 Park Avenue, N. Y. Brick dwelling, Boston basement, 5 stories, 26'x80'. Furnished or Unfurnished.

Nos. 303 to 319 West 139th St., N. Y. Eight Dwelling Houses. Brick, 3 stories high, stoop; 18'x100'. One for rent and all for sale. Unfurnished.

Katonah Farm, Westchester Co., N. Y.; 73 acres; fine location; Colonial dwelling. Furnished; stable, garage, and farm dwellings; electric light and water. Estate of James C. Fargo. Apply 56 Park Ave. or your own broker.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

No. 344 Madison St., Brooklyn, between Marcy and Tompkins Avs.—Two-story and basement brownstone dwelling; thoroughly renovated; new plumbing; ready Oct. 15th; go and see it now; open for inspection all day. Owner, Tredwell, 336 Madison St.

No. 344 Madison St., Brooklyn, between Marcy and Tompkins Avs.—Two-story and basement brownstone dwelling; thoroughly renovated; new plumbing; ready Oct. 15; go and see it now; open for inspection all day. Owner, Tredwell, 336 Madison St.

Craftsman Homes in the heart of Flatbush; only $4,250; send for booklet. Otto Singer, on premises, East 13th St. and Av. K, Brooklyn. Avenue J station, Brighton Beach "L."

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

House at Jamaica; garden plot; variety of vegetables and fruit trees; grape arbor; hedge and chicken house; easy terms. C. Bischoff, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opp. Flatbush Av. L. I. R. R. depot.

Jamaica.—Sacrifice, six rooms, bath, $2,900; eight rooms and bath, $5,900; all improvements. Piquet, 354 Fulton St., Jamaica.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let

GREAT BARGAIN.
Modern cottage at New Dorp, Staten Island, just completed; 6 rooms and bath, steam heated, electric fixtures, decorated throughout; $250 cash, balance on easy terms. J. W. Hughes, owner, 45 Broadway, N. Y. C.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 865.—Extra wide three-story and basement dwelling; steam heat; river view from Yonkers to Hoboken; rent reduced to $1,200. Apply Phillips, 3,787 Broadway, at 157th.

City Houses to Let—Furnished

Well-furnished house on West End Av.; modern improvements, 10 rooms, 2 baths, $2,500. Telephone 5086 Gramercy.

Real Estate Wanted.

Client will rent or purchase factory with railroad siding, (seventy to one hundred thousand square feet on one or two floors) along N. Y., N. H. & H. preferred. Might consider nearby New York or New Jersey location. Replies with full particulars only can be considered.
BURTON THOMPSON & COMPANY, INC.,
7 Wall Street, New York.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Would like to sell or exchange a three-family brick house on Pulaski St., Brooklyn; $4,000 first mortgage. S. Aronson, 220 5th Av.

To Let For Business Purposes

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

To let, 30,000 sq. ft. floor space in Passaic, N. J., with power; may be cut up to suit tenant; Erie Railroad siding on premises; 12,000 sq. ft. floor space and throwing plant for sale cheap; ready to operate; cheap power; capacity, 600 organs and 600 tram per week. Apply to S. U. M., 158 Ellison St., Paterson, N. J.

412 EIGHTH AV., N. Y. C., BETWEEN 30th and 31st Sts., 50 ft. south of Penna. R. R. Sta. and new Post Office; large store and basement; offices and lofts, perfect light, high ceilings, elevator, heat, &c.; good shipping facilities; rents reasonable. ESTATE OF S. NIEWENHOUS, owner, or your broker.

Studio for Rent.—Third floor, middle studio, bedroom and bath; 114 East 66th St.; rental, $900. Apply to Caretaker, on premises, or Reynolds & Goodwin, 2 Wall St.

19th St., 441 East.—Stable 30x88, five story and basement; 100 stalls; room for 90 wagons; will give long lease; rent reasonable. ASHFORTH & CO., 11 EAST 42D ST.

LOFTS to let, 75x100, with power; concrete building. Spindler & Deringer, Colgate and Mercer Sts., Jersey City.

Sublet attractive furnished, outside office; telephone and stenographer. 1,208, 110 West 40th St.

80th, 119 West.—Well-furnished parlor to be used during the day.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

BELMAR, N. J.
12-ROOM COTTAGE, WELL FURNISHED, electric lights, gas and heater, also garage, 150 feet from ocean on Tenth Avenue; lot 50x150. Easy terms, price $6,500. Address 718 DeKalb St., Norristown, Penn.

Ho Hokus, N. J.—Cottage, practically new, six rooms and bath, all improvements; 5 minutes from station. Apply Ho Hokus postoffice or Sherwood, Room 5, 52 Beaver St. Tel. Broad 3098.

Builder forced to take eight-room house, all improvements, hot water heat, best section, will sell $4,250, value $5,500. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

For Rent—Small farm, one acre, nice five-room house; lavatory and bath; steam heat; five minutes' walk from station; poultry house. Room 1,701, 141 Broadway.

Factory, 4-story, brick, 54x100, on plot 54x200; every improvement. ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 42d St.

We specialize in Bergen County real estate. Write for Booklet A. N. J. Title Ins. Co., Hackensack, N. J.

Woodcliff-on-Hudson.—Homes, modern improvements; little cash. Thomson, 330 23d St.

Bargain.—$6,500; easy terms; 10 rooms, 2 baths; 50 minutes to city. Box M 355 Times Downtown.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.; Property My Specialty. Harvey R. Linbarger, 197 North Av.

Commuters' farms, 1 to 5 acres, $10 monthly. Room 1,701, 141 Broadway.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT.
NEW YORK COUNTY.
Augusta Allen, Plaintiff, against Albert Allen, Defendant.
Action to Annul Marriage.
To the Above Named Defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.
Dated, New York, August 24th, 1914.
LEON FORST,
Attorney for Plaintiff, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
To the Defendant Albert Allen:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of Hon. Edward G. Whitaker, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 4th day of September, 1915, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
Dated, New York, September 7th, 1915.
LEON FORST,
Attorney for Plaintiff, 135 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

PRYER, CATHARINE JANE.—In pursuance of an order of Honorable Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Catharine Jane Pryer, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber at his place of transacting business, No. 115 Fulton Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the twenty-eighth day of February, 1916.
Dated, New York, the 19th day of August, 1915. CHARLES STEWART PHILLIPS,
Executor.

Property Out of the City

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Beautiful house; nine rooms, alcove study, bath; corner lot, 70x149; landscape improvements; everything in excellent condition; best section New Rochelle; very low price. X 289 Times Annex.

New Rochelle Properties.—Sale, rent, exchange. Jas. D. McCann, 221 Huguenot St.

Hudson River.

KENNETH IVES & CO., Westchester, T 8, 42.

ARCHITECT, Country Houses Exclusively. Rousseau Company, 2 E. 23d St., N. Y. City.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

SEMI-BUNGALOW, $5,950.

25 minutes from Manhattan; 100 trains daily, five minutes from express station, restricted, refined neighborhood, garden, shade trees, schools, churches, library; 7 fine rooms and tile bath, glass sun parlor, sleeping porch and conservatory, hardwood trim, parquet floors, gas, electricity, all city improvements; built by day's labor and guaranteed; easy terms. J. MEAD BRIGGS, 200 Broadway, N. Y. City. Phone 8876 Cortlandt.

P. S.—This house nearing completion is a home of quality, built on merit.

Not everybody can tell when to buy a home, but there are at least 12 people in all New York who CAN and WILL; there's a chance to make $1,800 for yourself on a home in Jamaica.

$5,950 for a $7,250 New Brick 8-Room House.

Man on premises every day, 61 Middletown St., Jamaica, 2 blocks north of Long Island R. R. Station, or 'phone or write.

Suite 1,902, 220 West 42d St.
Phone Bryant 6044.

BUILDER forced to sell beautiful new artistic home; 7 rooms, bath, gas, electric light, steam heat, interior finish white enamel, mahogany, and golden oak; only 3 blocks from station and trolley; 30 minutes out; price $5,450; small amount down, balance like rent; title guaranteed. BROWER, 715 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

$10 A MONTH buys my fine, well located chicken farm; just the place for a laborer or mechanic to make a good living; nice house, and enough land for chickens and vegetables. Further information, C, Farm, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opposite Flatbush Av. L. I. R. R. Depot.

WATER-FRONT LOTS AND BUNGALOWS.

$10 secures plot 40x100, 20 minutes from Flatbush Av. station; shade trees, water, sidewalks, asphalt streets; no assessments; write and make appointment to visit property. Callow, 51 Chambers St., Suite 1,111.

CAN YOU SPARE 50c a week? If so, that amount will purchase 4 full size lots at $55 each at Huntington, L. I., near trolley, town and harbor; high and dry. Call or for free tickets. C. Estate, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opposite Flatbush Av. L. I. R. R. Depot.

Near Sound and Harbor.—Six-room house on plot of ground suitable for poultry raising; near trolley and depot; about one hour from city; terms, $100 down, $12 monthly. Tickets, &c., from C. Winn, 1,211 Broadway, corner Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

House, 6 rooms, tiled bath, steam heat, gas, electricity; coal and gas ranges; plot 50x100, in Mineola; 35 minutes out; near station; $2,750; easy terms; wonderful bargain. Archie Smith, Builder, Roosevelt, L. I.

FREEPORT, L. I.

Opportunity to purchase at sacrifice figure beautiful all-year country home, with stable-garage. White, 28 South Bergen Place.

$1.00 PER WEEK.

Must dispose, splendid plots viewing N. Y., $175. SAMUEL KRAFT, 30 Church, N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

BARGAIN!—Beautiful half acre, Greenwich; small bungalow, furnished; barn; commutation; only $4,000; $2,000 cash. Harry Snead, Noroton, Conn.

Real Estate—Out of City.

IF YOU ARE looking for a little house and large plot of ground near station and trolley, churches and stores, $675 for all; $50 down, $7 monthly; answer at once. C. Store, 5 Hanson Place, Brooklyn, opposite Flatbush Av., L. I. R. R. Depot.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

Apartments to rent, furnished and unfurnished, full hotel service; restaurant; cheapest rates in New York; 2 rooms and bath, furnished, $12 weekly and upward. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St. Hotel Oxford, 35 East 27th St.

AN EXCLUSIVE apartment, 8 rooms and bath, for bachelor; very exceptional. 28 East 52d St.

Two rooms, bath; excellently furnished; $65; lease. T 116 Times.

Madison Av., 1,200.—Corner apartment to rent, furnished.

West Side

We offer hotel conveniences at apartment house rates. You are invited to inspect our specially attractive apartments.

CATHEDRAL PLAZA,
100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY,
110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV.
We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments
$30, $40, $50, $60 UP MONTHLY.
Completely furnished, including dishes, silver, cooking utensils. Maid service optional. Every apartment has private bath and kitchenette. Concessions on term lease and unfurnished. Near subway and "L." Must be seen to be appreciated. Phone Riverside 9070. 5th Av. bus lines stops at our door.

THE WILSONIA.

225 West 60th St., near Broadway.
1 Room and Bath, $25 up;
rooms, bath and kitchenette, $45 up;
rooms, bath and kitchenette, $50 up.

SPOTLESSLY FRESH AND CLEAN.

No questionable or objectionable tenants. Phone, elevator service; maid service optional. Near Subway, "L," 5th Av. bus, street cars. REFERENCES ABSOLUTELY ESSENTIAL.

66th St., 305-307 West.—Schuyler Arms Hotel; between Riverside and Broadway; strictly high-class house; beautifully furnished apartments; shower baths; 2, 3, 4, and 5 rooms, with or without kitchen, fully equipped for housekeeping; all-night elevator; telephone; bellboy and maid service; restaurant in building. Phone 3964 River.

Most beautifully furnished 7 extra large, light rooms, with two baths, in new 8-story building; near 72d St. subway; bedrooms have twin beds; pianola, &c.; must be seen to be appreciated. Hayward. Tel. 9084 Riverside.

7 ALL LIGHT ROOM APARTMENT, FACING PARK; ORIENTAL RUGS, MAHOGANY FURNITURE, STEINWAY GRAND, SILVER, LINEN; FRESHLY DECORATED; IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY; $300 MONTHLY. 1 WEST 85TH.

2,050 Broadway, (cor. 70th St.)—Magnificent apartment, beautifully furnished, 10 rooms, 3 baths; free light and ice; 10th floor, corner; October, 1916, $250 per month; to June, $300. Tel. 6814 Columbus.

Housekeeping apartments, 5, 6, and 8 rooms, baths; high-class elevator house; will spend $5,000 on new furnishings and rent reasonable. Telephone 873 Riverside.

Handsomely furnished apartments, all sizes, best localities; long, short leases. R. de Flores, Circle Building, 1,834 Broadway, Columbus 4560.

Beautifully furnished six-room apartment; west side; new building; two baths; $175 monthly; other similar apartments. Wickliffe Gray, 269 West 72d St. Columbus 8974.

Attractive, three, two, large outside rooms; bath, kitchen, kitchenette; antique furniture; rugs; southern exposure; references. 140 West 34th.

Near 96th subway.—Magnificently furnished apartment, 8 rooms, 2 baths; new building; immediate possession. Phone Murray Hill 8423.

CENSORED LIST HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENTS; $100 UPWARD. WICKLIFFE GRAY, 269 WEST 72D. COLUMBUS 3974.

52 WEST 39TH ST.

Suites of two rooms and bath; also four rooms and two baths, charmingly furnished; sunny; electricity; phone.

Three-room, high-class housekeeping apartment; complete; off Riverside; subway one block; excellent value, $55.= 619 West 127th.

Two-room, kitchenette, bath, apartment; cosey, suitable couple, bachelor. Smith, Cathedral 8080.

High-class apartment, 3, 4, 7 rooms, bath; handsomely furnished. Coyle, 157 West 42d St.

BEAUTIFUL seven-room apartment to sublet; large rooms, lots of closets. A, Apartment One, 559 West 164th.

Apartment hunting unnecessary; inspected lists obtainable. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 176 West 72d.

76th, 100 West.—High-class furnished 8-room apartment, elevator, steam, moderate. Baird.

Well-furnished 7-room, attractive, light, modern house; $150. 288 West 106th St.

148TH, 601 WEST, (Broadway.)—Seven rooms, 2 baths, $125. Ellsworth, Aud. 8515.

113th, 507 West.—Delightful 4 rooms, beautifully furnished; high-class elevator house.

Immediate occupancy, fully furnished; $100 monthly. Apartment 52, 401 W. 118th St.

154, Riverside Drive, Chatsworth; 6 rooms, all outside; beautifully furnished; Apt. 7 G.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
Frederick L. Hurt, 30 East 42d St.

176th St., near Broadway; five-room corner; couple or adults; $65. P. O. Box 1,401.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

STUDIO,
51ST ST., NEAR LEX. AV.
Large studio on first floor, suitable for sculptor workroom, 20x50; reception room, 15x18; bathroom.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 E. 42D ST.

111 EAST 84TH ST.,
Near Park Av.
Two and three rooms, bath and kitchenette; beautiful rooms, extremely large and light; parquet floors; all improvements; one apartment to a floor.

1,186 MADISON AV., COR. 87TH ST.
Corner apartment, elevator; 7 rooms; parquet floors, electric light, &c.; real value; other apartments, too, $65 to $100. Agents on premises.

A.—A.—102 East 81st.—Elegant apartment, containing seven light rooms and bath, all improvements; moderate rent. Inquire Superintendent.

Two-room kitchenette studio apartment, furnished or unfurnished. 747 Madison Av.

19th, (284 East.)—Five rooms, bath; modern heating; electricity; private house; $50.

West Side.

CHISELHURST, 155 Fort Washington Av., between 180th and 181st Streets.
Very attractive apts...4 rooms, bath, $38, up
All-night elevator.....5 rooms, bath, $45, up
Telephone, &c.....6 rooms, bath, $50, up
Apply on premises, or
GEO. R. READ & CO., 30 NASSAU ST.

EMPIRE COURT, 311 WEST 95TH ST.
Only Two Left.
7 rooms, bath, $65. Very light rooms.
7 rooms, bath, $70. All night elevator.
Telephone, &c.
GEO. R. READ & CO., 30 NASSAU ST.

FINEST NINE-ROOM APARTMENT IN NEW YORK, facing south, east, and west; 4 master's bedrooms, 3 baths; balconies on Central Park and 66th St.; real fireplace. Harperly Hall, 41 Central Park West.

THE LANGHAM,
73d to 74th St. and Central Park West.
10-11 room apartments, $4,000-$6,000.
Apply Superintendent or phone Col. 4020.

57th, 329 West.—Three beautiful, large, light rooms and bath; all improvements; rents, $50 to $60. Apply on premises.

Apartment to Sublet.—Five rooms; new and attractive; $900. Call 6 to 7, 252 West 85th St. Tileston.

84th St., 15 West.—Seven large rooms and bath, newly decorated; immediate possession; rent moderate.

55TH ST., 236 WEST.
5-6 large rooms, elevator, electricity, telephone; overlooking Broadway; rents $55-$75.

Broadway, 2,708, (103d.)—Three rooms, bath; housekeeping; non-housekeeping; restaurant service; $36.

ARTIST'S studio apartment; size studio, 25x17 ft.; bedroom, 11x10 ft., and bath. Miss Elflain, Hotel Chelsea, West 23d St.

10th, 60 West.—Four rooms; high-class elevator housekeeping apartments; $45, $55, $60. Supt.

Grand Concourse Apartments.—See H. A. Douglas Co., 187th St. and Grand Concourse.

540 West 122d St.—Desirable five-room apartment; modern improvements. See Janitor.

Apartments to sublet on the upper west side, 4 to 10 rooms. Write Z., Box T 25 Times.

FOR HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS,
A. L. Mordecai & Son, 30 East 42d St.

8 rooms, 2 baths, elevator, Broadway, 71st St. Address Bargain, L 50 Times.

156th, 601 West.—Elevator apartments, 4, 6, 7, 8 rooms; $38 to $100.

Lenox Av., 344-346.—5 large, light rooms, bath, hot water, $20.

Brooklyn.

ST. JAMES PLACE, NEAR FULTON ST.—Delightful 6-room apt., $42; 7-room, $45; electricity, steam; parquet floors; near subway and L. Booklet. GOLDEN REALTY, 288 St. James Place.

New Jersey.

MONTCLAIR, N. J.—HADDON HALL.
Finest apartments in State; 8-story elevator; fireproof; strictly high class; 6 and 7 rooms; decorations to suit. Any broker, or on the premises, 57 and 59 Union St.

Apartments Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Wanted—By married couple, furnished apartment, two or three rooms, kitchenette, near "L," 35 minutes from Battery; front exposure, elevator service or one flight; state price; references exchanged. Box E Times, 3 Rector St.

Business couple desires 3 or 4 room furnished apartment with kitchenette, centrally located; price $60-$75; references exchanged. Address R, L., 69 Times Downtown.

Apartments wanted, furnished; have exceptional clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 176 West 72d St.

Bachelor wants two rooms, bath, and kitchenette, furnished, below 57th Av., 8th to 59th. W 1 Times.

Unfurnished.

One or two rooms, bath, 10th to 30th, near 5th Av. W 11 Times, 2 Rector St.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

5TH AV., 47.—Comfortable family house; modern conveniences; transients; permanent; table board.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; excellent table. Stuyvesant 4275

10TH, 116 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Large connecting and small rooms; southern exposure; sunny dining room; block subway; references.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Unusually large rooms; ample closets; steam heat; private baths; electricity; 'phone; references.

34TH, 117-119 EAST, (Near Park Av.)—Large and single rooms, with board.

West Side

7TH AV., 2,053, (128d.)—Unusual opportunity secure attractive rooms; steam; home cooking.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private baths; unexcelled board; telephone.

51ST, 341 WEST.—Pleasant room, breakfast, private family, $7; references exchanged. Hemenway.

35TH, 20 EAST.—Desirable large room; all conveniences; gentleman; also front parlor suitable doctor.

53D, 57 WEST.—Attractive suite, facing south; suitable three; excellent cuisine; service; genteel Christian home; rates for permanency; references.

54TH, 54 WEST.—First-class single, double rooms, suites; private baths; electricity, references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms, with board; suite; private bath; references.

58TH, 146 WEST, (just opened.)—New, handsomely furnished large room, with bath; also small; doctor's office; table board; references.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Attractive large, single rooms; parlor dining room; references.

61ST, 159 EAST.—Beautiful, large, small rooms; steam, hot water, excellent table.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room; running water; suitable one, two; moderate.

68TH, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

70TH, 127 WEST.—Attractive, newly furnished, redecorated rooms, with and without bath; exceptional table and service; table guests.

70TH, 132 WEST.—Comfortable room; single, double; conveniences; moderate; table guests; references.

71ST, 30 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, large room, bathroom; electricity; excellent cuisine.

72D, 157 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large rooms, bath; southern exposure; well-appointed house; excellent board; references.

72D ST., 52 WEST.—Superior location and surroundings for those desiring a Winter home.

79D, 122, 181 WEST.—Large parlor, bedroom, bath; other rooms; electricity; excellent board.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath, and electricity; parlor dining room.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful second floor; other rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

76TH, 127-129 WEST.—Pleasant rooms; excellent table; homelike; parlor dining; table guests.

76TH, 105 WEST.—Desirable rooms; single, en suite; refined surroundings; central location; conveniences.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Large front room, attractively furnished; back room; excellent table.

Country Board

Thirty cents an agate line.

Westchester.

EDGEHILL INN,
SPUYTEN DUYVIL-ON-HUDSON.
Exclusive home for few guests; broad verandas, beautiful country; near country club; accessible to train and subway. Tel. 360 Kingsbridge.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-heated house; river view. W. E. Robinson, Phone 2161 Yonkers.

ROCKLEDGE MANOR, 124 Bruce Av.—Refined, delightful home; moderate prices. Telephone 4136 Yonkers.

Long Island.

Private family have beautiful home; best location in Far Rockaway; want couple or small family. X 254 Times Annex.

New Jersey.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
East Orange, N. J.,
Corner Arlington Av. and William St.
30 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY.
Why stay in a crowded apartment when you can come to Beautiful East Orange, with its oiled streets, beautiful lawns, sunshine and flowers? A cool, airy apartment of parlor, bedroom, and private bath, together with delicious meals for two persons, for only $25 per week, take the Lackawanna at Hoboken; hotel one block from the East Orange Station. Phone Orange 2620; write for booklet.

W. T. READE, Prop.

Montclair, N. J.—Three-room suite and bath, in private family, suitable for two gentlemen or man and wife; select neighborhood; exclusive. X 224 Times Annex.

Boarders Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

76TH, 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms, adjoining bath; table guests. Telephone 9725 Schuyler.

76TH, 237-239 WEST.—Large room; bath; single room; excellent table; fine location.

76TH, 151 WEST.—Large, attractive rooms; private baths; table guests; reference.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH, 301 WEST, (344 West End Av.)—Select pension; few more exquisite large rooms, private baths; suite, single room; electricity; parlors; best home table.

78TH, 256 WEST.—An unusual house for unusual people at usual prices; conveniences; references exchanged. Phone Schuyler 4852.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Single and large rooms, connecting shower baths; gentlemen; private family.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Large and single rooms; excellent board; table board.

78TH, 155 WEST.—Newly renovated large, small rooms; private bath; excellent board.

79TH, 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pansions," with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones; booklet on request.

79TH, 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; every convenience; high grade.

79TH, 128 WEST.—Newly furnished; electric lights; open Oct. 1; meals optional; references.

80TH, 106, 108, 110 WEST.—A satisfactory home for refined people; all new high-type furnishings; pure food, wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; table guests.

80TH, 121-123 WEST.—Well furnished, newly decorated large, small rooms, private baths; continuous hot water; parlor dining; exclusive.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; electricity; good table; parlor dining.

81ST, 151 WEST.—Different from ordinary; large, small rooms, bath; electricity; phone.

82D, 27 WEST.—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent cuisine; private house; all conveniences.

82d, 124 West, (Graycourt.)—New and attractively decorated; modern; table guests; booklet.

82D, 68 WEST.—Large, small adjoining rooms; second floor; home cooking; reasonable.

82D, 55 WEST.—Handsomely furnished second floor front; private bath; smaller rooms; moderate.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable room; two gentlemen, couple; superior table; homelike. Blumenfeld.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Large room, bath; one single room; private house; references.

84TH, 53 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; private bath; Jewish; table guests accommodated; references.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large and small rooms, suitable for gentlemen appreciating fine home.

87TH, 352 WEST.—With owner; large room, with or without bath; elegant, refined surroundings.

87TH, 138 WEST.—Refined home; rooms with private bath; excellent table; reference.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish home, accommodate few people; private baths; excellent table.

91ST, 56 WEST. — Handsomely furnished rooms; en suite or singly; private bath; select neighborhood; near Park; house just opened; newly decorated; electricity, telephone; excellent cuisine.

91ST, 51 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without private bath; board.

93D, 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms; well appointed house; excellent board; references.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Newly renovated rooms, electricity; table guests; excellent meals; reference.

102D, 253 WEST.—Saloon floor, elegantly furnished; private bath; one room for couple or gentlemen; Jewish family. R. Aarons.

103D ST., 246 WEST.—Large, small rooms; single; table guests; New Englanders.

107TH, 322 WEST.—Unusual opportunity for bachelor or family to live in luxurious economy; 3 large rooms and bath; also single room; between Riverside and Broadway.

118TH, 525 WEST.—Single rooms; table guests accommodated; private boarding house; home cooking.

113TH, 500 WEST.—Two large rooms; private bath; single or en suite; excellent cuisine.

121ST, 148 WEST.—Handsome large room, southern exposure; excellent board; American family.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished rooms; excellent Southern cooking; convenient location; west side. X 288 Times Annex.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Will rent handsomely furnished studio, 86 feet long, open fireplace, six windows, facing Hudson, and large bedroom facing Riverside, with private bath and exceptional cuisine to gentleman or gentlemen looking for exclusive accommodations. Telephone 8926 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE, DRIVE, 587.—Room and board; high-class accommodations; hotel service. Apt. 4D.

WEST END AV., 531, (86TH ST.)
Table guests especially catered to.
Phone Schuyler 8955.

WEST END AV., 790.—Handsomely furnished rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone Riverside 8689.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT HOUSE, 76 Pierrepont St.—Attractive rooms; electricity; table board. Phone 1159W.

Board Wanted

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

BOARD WANTED.—Single room, heated, between 3d and 5th Avs., 46th to 60th Sts.; private family or small hotel; business woman. Box 142 Times.

FURNISHED LARGE ROOM and board by young couple, observing dietary laws. A 219 Times Downtown.

REFINED Jewish lady wants home in congenial family. Home, 442 Columbus Av.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

11TH ST., 10 EAST, (NEAR 5TH AV.)
Pleasant large rooms; breakfast optional.

23D ST., 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms and bath.

80TH, 123 EAST.—Neatly furnished rooms; southern exposure; telephone.

80TH ST., 119 EAST.—Newly furnished room, modern conveniences; gentleman.

84TH ST., 46 EAST.—Elegant room, bath; electricity; $6.50; another $4; telephone.

88TH ST., 10 EAST.—Rooms, also suites, with baths; elevator; fine home.

43D, 16 EAST.—GENTLEMAN TIRED OF HOTEL LIFE MAY FIND SUITABLE ACCOMMODATION, WITH OR WITHOUT PRIVATE BATH.

43D, 4 EAST — Furnished rooms; all conveniences; gentlemen only; references.

55TH ST., 71 EAST.—Large, newly decorated room, electric light, private bath; reference.

50TH ST., 83 EAST.—Elegant modern south front rooms overlooking Park Av.; baths adjoining.

68TH, 250 EAST.—Attractive, medium-sized room; private residence; references. Plaza 1330.

82D, 130 EAST.—Extra large, steam-heated front room, suitable two; permanent; Ackerman.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,872, (90th.)—Large or medium first-floor room; every convenience; bath adjoining; physician's residence; $5 and $3.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

East Side.

LEXINGTON AV., 175.—Large, sunny room; private family; gentlemen preferred. M. F.

MADISON AV., 230.—Attractive rooms, furnished, unfurnished; resident studios subrented by day, month.

MADISON AV., 302, (near 42d.)—Double, single rooms; all conveniences; telephone.

PARK AV.—Attractive room in a private apartment on Park Av.; home privileges; $9. C 246 Times Downtown.

West Side

9TH, 17 WEST.—Private house; charming accommodations for bachelors; hot-water plant, electricity; references.

11TH ST., 142 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms, $4 to $6; basement for catering.

12TH ST., 217 WEST.—Quiet, refined people desiring convenient location, Greenwich Village neighborhood; newest, best furnished house. Phone Stuyvesant 849 or call.

22D ST., 441 WEST.—Clean comfort; better than other rooms; handsome house; worth being visited; no housekeeping; telephone.

32D ST. AND BROADWAY.—Permanent rates; rooms, with and without private baths, 1 or 2 persons, $9 to $12 per week; single room, $7 per week; parlor bedroom and bath, 1 or 2 persons, $15 per week. Hotel New Strand.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; electricity; exclusive house; references; bachelors.

47TH, 31-41 WEST.—Elegant rooms, large, small; private baths; electricity; elevator.

49TH, 59 WEST.
Exceptionally desirable rooms; private house; (gentlemen.)

52D ST., (between Broadway and 5th Av.)—Rooms with private bath, $9 to $12 per week; parlor, bedroom, bath, $15 to $21 per week; same rate for one or two persons; rooms with running water and use of bath, $7 per week. Hotel Aberdeen. Telephone 3400 Madison Square.

51ST, 30 WEST.—Large room with bath; single rooms with running water.

53D, 60 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with or without bath; breakfast optional. Plaza 7295.

53D, 62 WEST.—Large, sunny rooms, with bath and electricity; also single rooms.

55TH, 49 WEST.—Exceptionally large, well-furnished rooms; private bath; gentlemen; references.

55TH, 326 WEST.—Exceptionally clean, large and small room; conveniences; private house; telephone.

56TH, 49 WEST.—Two large, comfortably furnished rooms; gentlemen; ballroom; references.

57TH, 183 WEST.—Handsome large rooms; electricity; $7, $10, $12; telephone; reference.

58TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelors; perfectly appointed; splendidly kept house, rooms, $10, $11.

64TH, 119 WEST.—Large, bright, warm room; twin beds; hot, cold water; $6.

118 WEST 69TH ST.
WEST HALL.
Medium size room, with private bath; southern exposure; also large room, suitable for two; men only.

69TH ST., 111 WEST.—Attractive rooms, single, suites; baths, electricity, steam; reference; telephone.

69TH, 108 WEST.—Attractive, large sunny room; bath; steam; also smaller rooms.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; gentlemen; modern in every particular; must be seen to be appreciated; references; telephone.

70TH, 145 WEST.—Newly, elegantly furnished suites; also rooms; strictly private house; references.

70TH, 307 WEST.—Large rooms, suitable for 2 or 3 gentlemen; private residence; all conveniences. Telephone Columbus 2087.

71ST, 106 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive large rooms, board optional; all conveniences; homelike atmosphere.

71ST, 110 WEST.—Large, sunny room, private bath; subway, "L"; all conveniences.

72D, 122-131 WEST.—Large parlor, suite, and bath; other rooms; excellent board.

73D, (between Broadway-West End Av.)—Two attractive rooms and bath on one floor; private house; gentlemen. X 244 Times Annex.

73D, 132 WEST.—Two rooms, bath; entire third floor; electricity; private house.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large front room, with private bath; board; near Riverside.

74TH, 134 WEST.—Private family; large and small room; gentleman; high-class; references. Owner.

75TH, 111 WEST.—New, Large, Small suites; continuous hot water, electricity, telephone; references.

75TH, 159 WEST.—Attractively furnished rooms for rent; all conveniences. Phone Schuyler 9206.

75TH, 54 WEST.—Just opened, newly furnished residence; rooms en suite, with baths, electricity; or single; $5-$8-$14.

75TH, 147 WEST.—Beautiful second floor; other rooms; board optional; references exchanged.

75TH, (825 Amsterdam Av.)—Attractive furnished rooms, suites; also single; elevator; references. Apt. 4, south.

76TH ST., 235 WEST.—Desirable single room; elevator apartment; references.

76TH, 125 WEST. — Attractive front rooms; handsome back parlor, with private bath.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.
Very attractive, pleasant rooms; home comforts.

77TH, 158 WEST.—Attractive, large room; private house; suitable one, two; references.

77TH, 64 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, facing museum; board optional. MacGregor.

78TH, 204 WEST.—Modern suite, 3 or 4 rooms; block subway; references; see door boy. Greeley.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; shower baths, phone; select.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large and small beautiful rooms; private bath; steam heat, electric lights, telephone, continuous hot water; reference.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Bachelor home, pleasant single rooms, adjoining bath, electricity; references.

80TH, 126 WEST.—Large room, private bath; also small room; every convenience; references.

81ST, 251 WEST.—Sunny, immaculate, handsomely furnished double room, adjoining bath; elevator, electricity; near subway, elevated; gentlemen. Barney.

82D, 152 WEST.—Moderate rates; handsomely furnished large room; all conveniences; "El.," subway.

82D, 80 WEST.—Desirable front room; large, single, $8.50; electricity; telephone. Anderson.

82D, 134 WEST.—Handsome large room, 2d floor; single room; reasonable rates.

82D, 56 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; private bath; electric light; references.

84TH, 154 WEST. — Exceptionally desirable suite, well furnished bath adjoining; one, two gentlemen; $40 monthly; references exchanged. Simpson.

84TH, 56 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive, sunny rooms; exclusive house; parlors for guests' use.

84TH, 124 WEST.—Newly furnished front and rear parlor; running water; single, en suite. Phone Kennedy, 6408 Schuyler.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large second-story front room; convenience; reference.

85TH, 138 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; private bath; electric light. Phone 8725 Schuyler.

85TH, 154 WEST.—Parlor floor, baths; second floor, baths; hot water. 6721 Schuyler.

87TH, 100 WEST. — Comfortably furnished outside room, heat, bath, $3.50; gentleman. Gillespie.

87TH, 319 WEST.—Elegant large room, newly furnished; gentlemen; private family; references.

88TH, 121 WEST.—Nicely furnished large front room; private bath; private family; all conveniences. Riverside 8064.

88TH, 181 WEST.—Sunny front parlor, plain bedroom; medium room; select house; breakfast.

88TH, 173 WEST.—Exclusive house; parlor, back parlor, bath; second floor, 2 rooms, bath; en suite, single; electricity; telephone.

90TH, 58 WEST.—Exceptional, desirable room, private bath; single or en suite; reference.

91ST, 64 WEST. — Exceptionally desirable rooms; shower baths; refined private house; references.

91ST, 66 WEST.—Suite, two rooms, bath, kitchenette, maid service; other rooms.

91ST, 46 WEST.—Clean, well-kept room, private bath; private house; references.

93D, 253 WEST, (Broadway.)—Handsomely furnished, large, small rooms; baths; private residence.

94TH, 153 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; single, double; running water; private house; bachelors.

94TH, 34 WEST.—Large, desirable front room; quiet, refined surroundings; owner; reference.

94TH, 163 WEST.—Entire floor; sitting room, bedroom, bath; owner; references.

94TH, 161 WEST.—Rooms; private house; all conveniences; gentlemen.

96TH, 88 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable for doctor or dentist; reasonable; board optional.

97TH, 316 WEST.—Door from Riverside Drive; en suite or single; gentleman; references.

97TH, 145 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, well-furnished room; bath; telephone.

102D, 802 WEST.—Private house; Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room, bath; phone.

Automobile Exchange

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

80 H. P. Flat limousine, 1914; in appearance and condition practically a new car; has not been used more than a month, in city only; completely equipped in storage at Brewster's, L. I. C. S. Niewenhous, Inc., 412 6th Av.

Hupmobiles, 1913, 1914, 1915 touring cars and roadsters; all in excellent condition throughout and guaranteed same as new; no reasonable offers refused. Hupmobile Agency, 1,285 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

Flat landaulet 30 H. P., foreign; excellent condition; bargain for $800; also Buick, one-ton delivery, $100. See those cars, Bord, 114 West 50th. Circle 1420.

For sale, 1913 Cadillac, 7-passenger; driven myself; taken good care of; with plenty of extras; come and take a look at it; make me an offer. Ferry, 224 State St., Brooklyn.

Packard 6-48 limousine; had only Winter usage; excellent mechanical condition; bargain. Stearns Company, 417 West 55th St. Telephone 7600 Columbus.

Rauch & Lang 4-pass. brougham; just overhauled, painted; new battery; $900. Baker R. & L. New York Corporation, 17-19 Central Park West. Coll. 2830.

Rauch & Lang worm-drive brougham; owner leaving city; must sell at once. S 12 Times.

LIMOUSINE bodies for Packards, $100, $150, $250. 301 West 59th, near Broadway.

Automobiles for Rent.

Renault and Packard cars for hire, hour, day, or month; classy and up to date; reliable chauffeurs. Lewis, Hotchkiss Garage, 20 West 60th St. Phone 1556 Columbus.

Seven-passenger Packard touring car, with chauffeur, $2.50 per hour. Garage, 15 East 30th St. Telephone 883 Madison Square.

Beautiful Garford Six, seven-passenger touring; like new; wire wheels; hour, week, or month; owner drives. Lenox 8767.

For Rent, season, Renault landaulet, seven passengers; will upholster and paint same suit client. Latour, 32 West 58th.

18 Packard Limousine, newly painted, to hire monthly; owner drives. Tel. Schuyler 4380. Greene, 211 West 82d St.

Elegant touring limousine, day, week, monthly preferred; reasonable; references. Jones, Columbus 9021.

Practically new Packard, $2.50 hourly, $300 monthly; owner drives; references. Harlem 6818.

Packard seven-passenger touring; hour, $2.50 up; owner drives. Curran, Lenox 8176.

Large five-passenger touring car for races or trips. Phone 429 Madison.

For Rent—High-class automobiles. Schmaltz, 882 East 67th. Telephone Plaza 6217.

For Hire—4 and 7 passenger touring cars; very reasonable. Phone Prospect 9178.

Automobile Repairing.

Electric Starting—Lighting Systems.
Installed. Repaired. Delco Specialists.
Jesco Company, 245 W. 55th St Circle 1558.

Automobile Instruction.

Largest and Best School in WEST SIDE U. S. Send for Booklet and Y. M. C. A. Pass to Visit School. Tel. 7920 302 W. 57th St. Col. Special class for women.

Furnished Rooms

Twenty-five cents an agate line.

West Side

105TH, 248 WEST.—Single rooms; gentlemen; references; adjoining bath; elevator, telephone. Clark.

105TH, 248, (Broadway.) — Pleasing sunny front room; private family; select; elevator. Phillips

107TH, (Broadway,) 239 WEST.—Attractive suite, also single room; modern elevator apartment; excellent location; refined private family; references; meals optional; homelike. Apt. 17.

112TH, 504 WEST. — Scrupulously clean, bright, cheerful rooms; sixth floor, west.

112TH, 511 WEST.—Single room or private suite; refined private family. Woodland.

114TH, 528 WEST. — Attractive, homelike rooms; private house; near Columbia University; convenient transportation.

114TH, 411 WEST.—Handsome, newly furnished rooms; modern conveniences; near Columbia. Apartment B1.

116TH, 616 WEST.—Outside, light room, bath; breakfast, laundry optional. Apt. 93.

118TH, 425 WEST.—Large corner room; southern exposure; fair size and small, separately or en suite; western exposure; all outside, facing Columbia campus; transportation; gentlemen only; concession if permanent. Apt. 51, Lawrence.

119TH, WEST, (Claremont Av., 49.)—Large outside room, beautifully furnished; opposite Columbia.

120TH, 417 WEST.—Two delightful single rooms; large closet, large radiator, large windows, and lovely bathroom, in the Marquette Apartment House, Apartment 1 N. E., suitable for ladies and gentlemen. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

120TH ST., 423 WEST.—Beautiful front rooms; southern exposure; first-class board; all night phone and elevator service; references. Apt. 2S.

121ST ST., 420 WEST.—Cheerful, homelike rooms; double, single; modern apartment. Apartment 2B.

122D, 514 WEST.—Exceptional room; two windows; every convenience; private family. Ogden.

126TH, 113 WEST.—Large, small front rooms; electricity, telephone, hot water; subway, elevated.

144TH, 513 WEST.—Handsome room, 16x16; alcove; running water; bath, shower; telephone; private house; clean, quiet; gentleman; permanent.

152D, 511 WEST.—Strictly private family will rent front room, floor with kitchenette; all home comforts; refinement. Audubon 8049.

156TH, 611 WEST.—Desirable room; improvements; privacy; breakfast optional; subway. Apartment 3.

172D, 575 WEST.—Room, adjoining bathroom; elevator, electricity; one, two roomers. Ap

BROKER A SUICIDE ON WOMAN'S GRAVE

Maximilian Schmitz, Young Cotton Dealer, Kills Himself in Hastings Cemetery.

MOURNED MRS. SIMMONDS

His Attachment a Surprise to Her Relatives—Notes Indicated Unsettled Mind.

Several men who were working in Mount Hope Cemetery, just outside of Hastings on Hudson, heard a revolver shot at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The sound came from the direction of the monument erected to the memory of Confederate soldiers. Near the base of the monument, in what is known as the Caskin burial plot, they found a tall, well-dressed man lying dead across a grave, with an automatic revolver in his hand. Beside him on the grave lay a bunch of white carnations and a note. It read:

"I am Maximilian Schmitz, Swiss citizen, born in Havre, France, July 21, 1887. Notify William S. Moore, 56 Beaver Street, New York City. Telephone 6240 Broad."

The body was lying across the grave of Mrs. Lucy A. Simmonds, which is beside the graves of her parents, Theodore Clark Caskin and Lida Pickett Caskin.

In the man's coat pocket was found a memorandum book in which were many notations written in a fine hand. Some of these were written in French, others in Spanish, and others in English. In the middle of the book was found the following memorandum written in English:

"Died at Polyclinic Hospital, New York, Room 656."

The date of the memorandum on the next page was Jan. 15, 1915, indicating that the death memorandum had been written early in January. A search of Superintendent Haskell's cemetery record showed that Mrs. Simmonds, aged 27 years, died on Jan. 13, 1915, in Polyclinic Hospital, Room 656.

News of the suicide was telephoned to Mr. Moore at the telephone number given in the note. Mr. Moore said that he would go to Hastings as soon as possible. The telephone number was at the office of Robert Moore & Co., 56 Beaver Street. Mr. Moore is an employe there. Later it was learned from Henry Shanz of Robert Moore & Co. that Schmitz was a member of the New York Cotton Exchange and had had desk room in the Moore office for about a year. Mr. Shanz said that Schmitz was what is known as a "floor member," and that, while his dealings were never large, he was considered successful for a young man, and that he had impressed other members as being unusually clever.

When Mr. Moore arrived at the cemetery he said Schmitz had a brother living in Norfolk, Va., with his mother, and that he would notify them to take charge of the body. He would give no further information. It was learned that Mrs. Simmonds had a sister, Mrs. J. O. Williams, living at 9 Highland Avenue, Madison, N. J.

Mrs. Williams was amazed when she heard of Schmitz's suicide late last night.

"I am at a loss to understand it," she said. "I knew that Mr. Schmitz was very fond of my sister before she died, but we always regarded him merely as a dear friend. He came to this country about six years ago and met my sister when she was Lucy Caskin of Virginia. She married G. Watson Simmonds, who is in the insurance business in Manhattan, and Schmitz went abroad for about two years. She was married about four years ago. She was ill a long while before her death, and was very ill when Schmitz returned to America. We knew that he was greatly grieved when she died."

J. O. Williams said that he knew Schmitz well. Schmitz was the son of Paul Schmitz, one of the largest cotton factors of Bremen, Germany, he said, and the young man received an excellent education abroad before coming to this country. On returning to America the second time he became interested in the cotton business himself.

A thorough search of the suicide's clothing was made last night by Coroner Dunn. Some money was found in his pockets and a check book on the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company of New York. The stubs represented checks for several thousands of dollars.

On the last page of the memorandum book were found a few lines scrawled in pencil. It is believed that he wrote these last lines while beside Mrs. Simmonds's grave. As the authorities can find no clear meaning in the lines they believe that he was slightly deranged when he committed suicide.

Several persons in Hastings recalled having seen Schmitz on Wednesday night and yesterday morning. They had taken particular notice of him, they said, because of his distinguished appearance and excellent clothing. He was tall, clean-cut and light haired. Schmitz went to Hastings on Wednesday and engaged a room at Doner's Hotel for the night. He sent down to the office for writing materials, and when he left the hotel yesterday morning he mailed several letters he had written. It was noticed that he carried a large bundle with him when he went to the hotel, and it is believed that this contained the carnations which he left on Mrs. Simmonds's grave.

Word was received in Hastings last night from Pierre Schmitz, the brother, who is in the spot cotton business in Norfolk, that he probably would arrive tonight to take charge of the body. The suicide, is was learned, had made his home at the Hotel Earle, at 103 Waverly Place, Manhattan, until about nine months ago, when he moved and left the mailing address 154 West Seventy-second Street. During the Summer he made his home at Sewaren, N. J.

Theodore Clarke Caskin, father of Mrs. Lucy A. Simmonds, was born in South Carolina, and was for a long time a member of the Palmetto Guards, the crack military organization of Charleston. He was a Confederate veteran.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Caskin were members of distinguished Southern families. Superintendent Haskell recalled last night that Mr. Caskin died in 1911 and Mrs. Caskin in 1909, and that Mrs. Simmonds often went to Mount Hope Cemetery to decorate their graves before she died. She was an unusually handsome woman, he said.

G. Watson Simmonds, husband of the late Mrs. Lucy A. Simmonds, is a member of the insurance firm of Simmonds, Flowers & Smith.

Passaic Keeps Pro-German Papers.

Special to The New York Times.

PASSAIC, N. J., Sept. 30.—Following a meeting at the City Hall last night at which 150 or more citizens of German and Irish extraction vehemently protested against the removal of the Fatherland and the Gaelic-American from the files of the library, the trustees today unanimously voted to put them back on the files. About two weeks ago the trustees passed a resolution to exclude from the libraries of the city all "controversial literature," with the result that the Librarian, Miss Elizabeth White, took from the files all copies of the Fatherland and the Gaelic-American. Immediately there was a storm of protest from German and Irish Americans.

Hotel and restaurant advertisements on Page 12.

AMUSEMENTS.

Best Play in New York

What Charles Henry Meltzer of The New York American Says About Triangle Plays:

"Two years ago it would have seemed impossible that leaders of society would flock to the opening of motion picture plays as they would to a 'premiere' at the opera. Yet that is just what did take place Thursday night.

"The piece de resistance was an exciting and romantic play of adventure called 'The Lamb.' THE FIGHTS BETWEEN THE YAQUIS AND THE LAMB AND THE RESCUE BY THE UNITED STATES CAVALRY WERE QUITE AS THRILLING AS THE BEST EPISODES IN 'THE BIRTH OF A NATION!'"

at the Knickerbocker Now

Afternoons at Two—Best Seats $1.00; 500 GOOD SEATS 50c. Evenings at Eight—50c, 75c, $1, $1.50 and $2. Saturday Matinees same prices.

HIPPODROME
Management CHARLES DILLINGHAM
Every Ev. 8:15. Mat. Daily 2:15
First Matinee Today
"HIP, HIP" AT THE HIP IS A HIT
"Hip-Hip-Hooray"
TEN MUSICAL COMEDIES IN ONE.
SOUSA'S BAND Conducted by The March King Himself.
EVERY NIGHT and Sat. Mat. Best Seats $1.50 — The Biggest Show in The World at the Lowest Price — MATINEE DAILY BEST SEATS $1.00
The New Craze—Dancing on Skates
FLIRTING AT ST. MORITZ
The Greatest Ballet Novelty Ever Seen in America.
150 MUSICIANS—600 PEOPLE
In the House of a Thousand Wonders
Staged by R. H. BURNSIDE.
SUNDAY NIGHT—FIRST HIP CONCERT
SOUSA
AND HIS BAND and SOLOISTS
SEATS READY. HIGHEST PRICE $1.00

CORT West 48th Street. Phone Bryant 46. Evs. 8.15. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15
"BEST COMIC OPERA IN YEARS." —Charles Darnton, Eve. World.
THE Princess Pat
WITH ELEANOR PAINTER.
By HENRY BLOSSOM & VICTOR HERBERT.

LEXINGTON 51st & Lex. Av. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow 25c & 50c.
A. H. Woods Presents "The Song of Songs"
With Irene Fenwick, Thos. A. Wise & Star Cast.
Next Week—"UNDER COVER."

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tomorrow 25c to 75c.
Arthur Hammerstein Offers "HIGH JINKS"
Next Week—"THE SONG OF SONGS."
NEXT SUNDAY AT 3 and 8:30 P. M.
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c and $1. Seats Now.
CREATORE AND HIS BAND OF 50

YORK 116 St., nr. Lenox Av. Phone 1354 Morn. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Tom'w 25c to 75c.
Messrs. Shubert Present LOUIS MANN in "THE BUBBLE"
Next Week, MME. PETROVA in "The Revolt."

THE CENTURY Phone Columbus 8800. CENTRAL PARK W., 62d-63dST.
Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. 2:15.
THE ONLY CONTINENTAL MUSIC HALL IN AMERICA.
Ned Wayburn's Town Topics
Prices Evs. 25c to $2. Sat. Mat. & Sun. Nights 25c to $1.50. Tues. Thurs. Mats. 25c to $1. No Higher.

ASTOR Broadway, 45th St. Bryant 287. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Tomorrow 2:20.
GEO. M. COHAN'S GREAT AMERICAN FARCE, HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY
BIGGEST Box Office SUCCESS SINCE "LITTLE JOHNNY JONES"
with FRED NIBLO as "BILLY HOLLIDAY."

THE BATTLE CRY of PEACE
VITAGRAPH, B'way & 44 St. TWICE DAILY, 2:30 & 8:30. Mats. (except Sat.), 25c, 50c and $1.00. Evs. & Sat. Mats., 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $2.00.
—Featuring— CHARLES RICHMAN.
School Children's Mat. Sat. morning at 11. Special children's prices, 25c and 50c.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY 47 ST. FRITZI SCHEFF Ralph Herz, Frank Fogarty, Muriel Worth & D'ly Mat. 25c to $1. Law Brice, Fred V. Bowers. ALEXANDER CARR
During Subway excavations on Broadway, patrons in autos may be driven to 47th St. entrance.
COLONIAL MAT. DAILY, 25c. MR. WILTON LACKAYE, Farber Girls, Ryan & Tierney, others

Silhouette Room, Hotel Martinique
BROADWAY and 32nd Street
"THE CUT-UPS"
A Musical Entertainment During Dinner & Supper.

Loew's American Roof 42d St. & 8th Av. Every Eve. at 8:15. ALL SEATS RESERVED 25c, 35c, 50c.
12-Act Vaudeville Show
DELIGHTFUL PROMENADE.

YORKVILLE 86th St. at 2d Ave. Burlesque "HELLO PARIS!" Mat. Today 15c to 50c. Smoking Permitted.

ASTOR B'way, 45th Street. Bryant 287. Evs 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:20
GEO. M. COHAN'S GREAT AMERICAN FARCE, HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY
FIVE THOUSAND AMERICAN LAUGHS.
with FRED NIBLO as "BILLY HOLLIDAY."

CANDLER West 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Sharp. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
"The House of Glass"
Best Dramatic Offering New York Has Seen.
with MARY RYAN
And the Great All-American Cast.
ORCHESTRA SEATS $1.50 & $2
500 GOOD SEATS First Balcony 50, 75c, $1

LONGACRE West 48th St. Bryant 23. Evenings 8:20, $2 to 50c. Mats. Wednesday & Saturday $1.50 to 50c.
THE SEASON'S MUSICAL HIT.
The Girl Who Smiles
by the authors of "ALMA," "ADELE," etc., with Natalie Alt, Geo. Baldwin, Wm. Danforth.

GOTHIC THE NEW ARROW 2 for 25c COLLAR
IT FITS THE CRAVAT

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO., INC., MAKERS

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way and 40th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. at 2:15
MR. CYRIL MAUDE in GRUMPY LAST 2 WEEKS

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evenings, 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Thurs. 2:15.
MARIE TEMPEST In the Double Comedy Bill J. M. BARRIE'S ROSALIND and THE DUKE OF KILLICRANKIE.

NEW AMSTERDAM WEST 42D Street. Tel. 3093 Bryant. Evs. 8:15 Sharp. Mats. Tom'w & Wed. 2:15.
HOLBROOK BLINN'S SUPERB CO. in MOLOCH "It is better than the best war play ever written."—Ev. Sun.
After the Play Visit DANSE DE FOLLIES. "THE MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD."
NEW ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC Atop This Theatre.

"A JOY FOREVER!" SEE YOUNG AMERICA FIRST
BETTER THAN "PEG O' MY HEART" OR "DADDY LONG-LEGS"

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. NOW
ASTOR Broadway, 45th Street. Bryant 287. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20
GEO. M. COHAN'S Great American Farce, HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY
FUNNIER THAN "WALLINGFORD," "BALDPATE" and "BROADWAY JONES" ALL ROLLED INTO ONE.
with FRED NIBLO as "BILLY HOLLIDAY."

HUDSON West 44th St. Evenings at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. at 2:15.
Without noise or horror —but with— thrills, comedy, romance.
UNDER FIRE
With WM. COURTENAY.

HARRIS WEST 42D ST. Evgs. at 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
Rolling Stones
FULTON 46th St., nr. B'way. Evs., 8:25. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:25.
SOME BABY! "A Laughing Triumph." —American.

GEO. M. COHAN'S Thea., B'y & 43d St. Evs. 8:20. Last Mat. Tomorrow 2.20.
JULIAN ELTINGE in "COUSIN LUCY." LAST 3 TIMES.
TUESDAY, OCT. 5TH—SEATS NOW.
ELSIE JANIS in a New Play, "MISS INFORMATION"

GEO. M. COHAN'S THEATRE SPECIAL
$100,000 WORTH OF GOWNS
The greatest collection ever seen in this country
$200,000 worth of specially designed JEWELS
MRS. WHITNEY'S FASHION SHOW
TODAY AT 2:30 (Last Time)
First Complete and Authentic Style Show in America. The Supreme Achievement of the Style Creators of Paris and New York Exhibited on
STUNNING LIVING MODELS.
PLENTY OF GOOD SEATS AT $1.00.

THE BIRTH OF A NATION
AT THE LIBERTY W. 42d St. 2:15 & 8:15.
TWICE Daily, includ. Sunday. Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25-50-75-$1-$2
Other Mats..... 25c, 50c & $1.
D. W. GRIFFITH'S
GIGANTIC SPECTACLE.
Symphony Orchestra of Forty.

PARK Thea., 59th & Col. Circle. Evs., 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Wednesday 2:30.
MAY IRWIN "33 WASHINGTON SQUARE."
Suffrage Benefit This Week

CANDLER W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Sharp. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:15.
"The House of Glass"
The Biggest Drama of Modern Times.
A BIGGER SUCCESS THAN "ON TRIAL"
With MARY RYAN
AND THE GREAT ALL-AMERICAN CAST.
ORCHESTRA $1.50 and $2.00
500 GOOD SEATS FIRST BALC. 50, 75c, $1

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. 2:20.
COMMON CLAY with JOHN MASON and JANE COWL
SEATS SELLING 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings at 8:30 Mats. Tomorrow & Thurs. 2:20.
THE BOOMERANG

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Wed. at 2:15.
MONTGOMERY & STONE CHIN CHIN

ASTOR Broadway, 45th St. Bryant 287. Evs. 8:20. Matinee Tomorrow 2:20.
GEO. M. COHAN'S GREAT AMERICAN FARCE, HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY
THE BIGGEST LAUGHING HIT EVER WRITTEN
with FRED NIBLO as "BILLY HOLLIDAY."

STRAND B'way & 47th St. Noon to 11:30. 10c to 50c.
Donald Brian, "The Voice in the Fog." Strand Orch. & Soloists
Next Week, Pauline Frederick in "ZAZA."

IRVING PLACE THEATRE
EVERY EVENING at 8:15 DAS WEITE LAND

The Lily Cup
a nice round paper glass, white & translucent, safe to handle, pleasant to drink from & inexpensive enough to use once & throw away.
the Lily Cup co. 120 b'way 8318 rector

Special—Fibre Silk Sox
18c
6 pairs, $1
Regularly 25c per pair
Friday and Saturday only
Made of fine quality fibre silk—lisle lined for greater wearing quality. Double soles; reinforced heels and toes, with extra high spliced heels.
Here is real hose value—particularly attractive in view of the recently advanced price on socks of this texture.
Wallach Bros.
Broadway, Cor. 29th St.
Broadway, below Chambers St.
Third Ave., Cor. 122d St. 246-248 West 125th St. 647 Eighth Ave. } Open Evenings
Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Browning, King & Company
No one has more models in Men's Suits than we, from the most conservative to the extremes of youthful taste:—
$15 & $20 to $40.
And a like range in top coats.
We want you to see them.
The patterns and fabrics are certainly very attractive.
How about the new Shirtings, Underwear, Gloves and Scarfs?
We guarantee you Full Satisfaction.
B&K Broadway at 32d St. Cooper Square at 5th St. Manhattan
Fulton St. at De Kalb Av. Brooklyn.

VINCENT says
I HAVE a Fall model for young men built on a style which is adapted to trim, lithe figures.
It is my own manufacture, which I retail myself, and it is therefore priced moderately, because it is direct from the maker.
Drop into my store and look over these varied patterns made from the best weave of woolen cloth. Tell the salesman you wish to see *THE ENGLISH-GIBSON.*
G. N. VINCENT 524-526 6th Ave., of Herald Square. at 31st St.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
MAJESTIC Evenings 25c to $1-Sat. Mat. Wed. Mats. 25 and 50 cts.
A FULL HOUSE The Funniest Farce in 20 Years.
Next Week—LOUIS MANN in "THE BUBBLE."

—LOUIS H. CHALIF—
Graduate, Russian Imperial Ballet School
Personally teaches teachers, in daily normal classes for interpretive, simplified classic, racial and ballroom dancing, at 7 West 42nd St., N. Y.

28 Years at This Address MEANS Something.
REMEY SCHOOL FOR DANCING,
917 Eighth Ave. (54th St.) 'Phone Col. 4557.
All Modern Dances Quickly Taught.
One Hour's Private Lesson, $1; 9 Lessons, $5.

LILLIAN LANG ST. JOHN DANSE STUDIO
ALL MODERN DANCES TAUGHT.
30 E. 34th St. Mur. Hill 2010.
Mansfield Studios, 32 West 44th.—All dances taught, absolute privacy. Terms reasonable.
John A. Ross. Miss Mabelle C. Joyce.
Studio closed for the summer.

Humor and Pathos.
The war pictures in The Mid-Week Pictorial of The New York Times give both the serious and humorous aspects of the war. On one page we have a cartoon picturing Austria complaining to Uncle Sam about the sale of war munitions to the Allies, and on another a picture of the capture of an Austrian spy and sniper in his hut by Italian Bersaglieri, with the little daughter of the prisoner weeping in terror at the fate in store for her father. Filled with pictures of great and little happenings of the war. Every issue is a treasure in itself. Mid-Week Pictorial, 10c. a copy. On all news stands. Bound volume, containing ten early numbers, $1; postpaid. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

The most stylish top-coat
for the Fall season
YOUNG MEN especially—and all others—will like this coat; it has lots of swing. These things give it extra style: the box back, three-button-through, stitching around bottom.
A 38-inch coat, inlaid velvet or cloth collar, yoke lined. Made also full lined, no stitching around bottom.
Ask to see our label in it; a small thing to look for, a big thing to find
Hart Schaffner & Marx
You will like to see yourself in one of the many new models of these smart Hart Schaffner & Marx Fall Overcoats—now waiting in our stores for you to try on.
Wallach Bros.
Broadway, cor. 29th St
Broadway, Below Chambers St.
Third Av., cor. 122d St. 246-248 West 125th St. } Open Evenings.